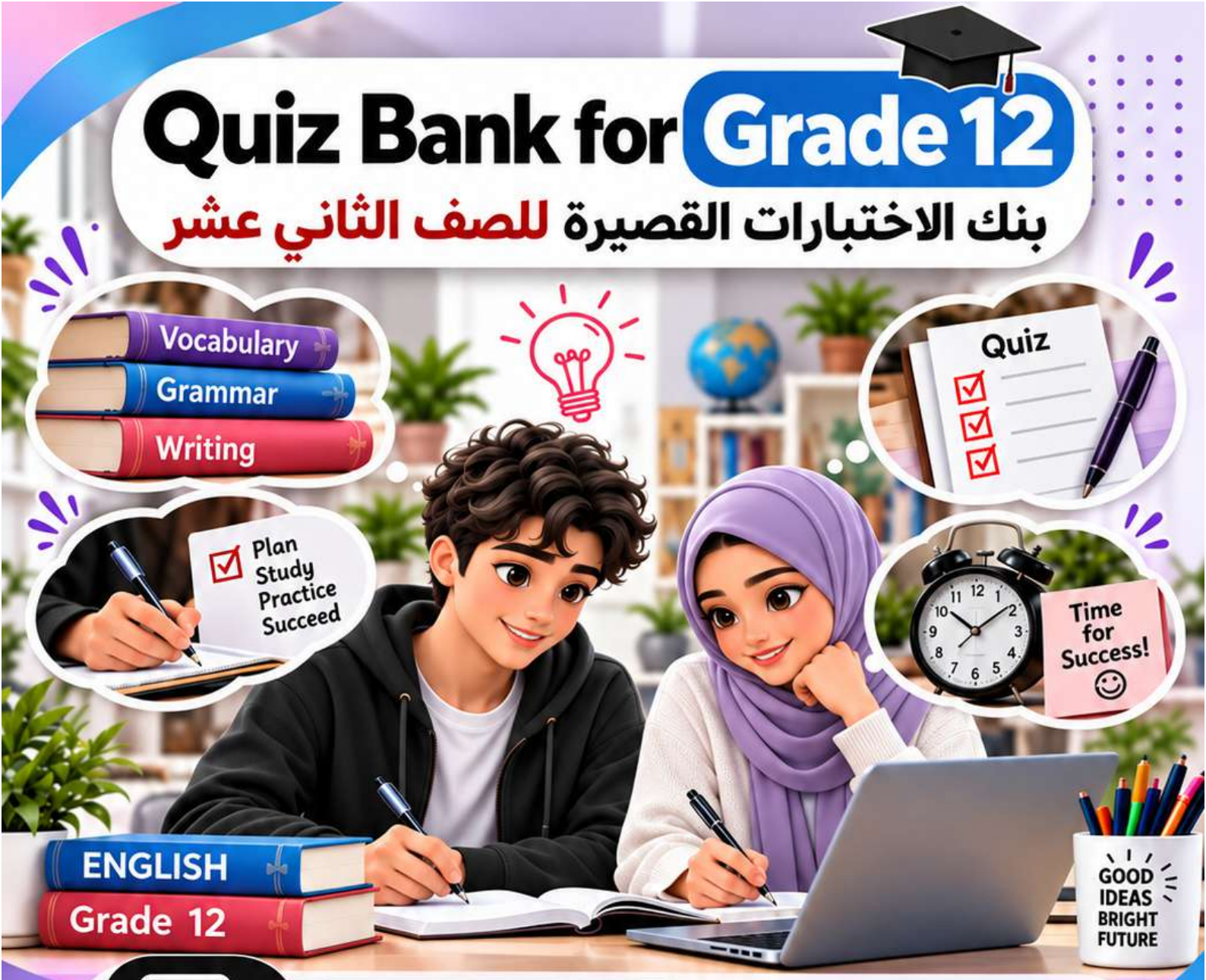
Quiz Bank for Grade 12

بنك الاختبارات القصيرة للصف الثاني عشر



Includes يحتوي على

1. محتوى الاختبار القصير
2. تفصيل كل جزء في الاختبار
3. سبع نماذج لاختبارات قصيرة

Prepared by
Mr. Mohamed Omran

Quiz Bank for Grade 12

بنك الاختبارات القصيرة للصف الثاني عشر

Quiz

Time: 40 minutes

No	Branch	Types of Questions	Item	Mark	Total
I.	Vocabulary	- **Gap Filling** (5 words / 2 parts of speech)	4	1	4
II.	Grammar	- **Transformational** (Do as required) Multiple choice question (a, b & c)	3	1	3
III.	Writing	- **A paragraph of 6 sentences** *(Within students' experience)* **Grade 12: 1st Term: Expository** **2nd Term: Expository & Argumentative**			8
Total			**7**		**15**

محتوى الاختبار القصير

محتوى الاختبار القصير			
الصف	الوحدة	الدرس	رقم الصفحة
الحادي عشر (الفصل الدراسي الأول)	الأولى (كاملة)		15 - 10
الحادي عشر (الفصل الدراسي الثاني)	السابعة (كاملة)		61 - 56
الثاني عشر (الفصل الدراسي الأول)	الأولى (كاملة)		19 - 14
الثاني عشر (الفصل الدراسي الثاني)	السابعة (كاملة)		61 - 56

- التعبير من محتوى الوحدة الأولى لجميع الصفوف

صفوف معلمي الكويت

Prepared by
Mr. Mohamed Omran



1 الكلمات المقررة في الاختبار القصير

على طلاب الصف الثاني عشر



No.	Words	Part of Speech	Lesson	Arabic Meanings
1.	adoption	n.	1&2	التبني
2.	civil	adj.	1&2	مدني
3.	code of law	n.	1&2	قانون / مجموعة القوانين
4.	consultation	n.	1&2	استشارة
5.	define	v.	1&2	يعرف
6.	enforce	v.	1&2	ينفذ / بطبق بالقوة
7.	govern	v.	1&2	يحكم / يدير
8.	guilty	adj.	1&2	مذنب
9.	impose	v.	1&2	يفرض
10.	innocent	adj.	1&2	بريء
11.	judiciary	n.	1&2	السلطة القضائية
12.	jury	n.	1&2	هيئة المحلفين
13.	legal	adj.	1&2	قانوني
14.	penalty	n.	1&2	عقوبة
15.	persuasion	n.	1&2	اقناع / معتقد
16.	principle	n.	1&2	مبدأ / قاعدة
17.	property	n.	1&2	ملكية
18.	prove	v.	1&2	يثبت / ببرهن
19.	tolerant	adj.	1&2	متسامح
20.	violence	n.	1&2	عنف
21.	welfare	n.	1&2	رفاهية / رعاية اجتماعية
22.	bench	n.	4&5	مقعد خشبي / منصة القضاء
23.	brief (n.)	n.	4&5	مذكرة قانونية / موجز
24.	brief (adj.)	adj.	4&5	قصير
25.	case	n.	4&5	قضية
26.	defence	n.	4&5	دفاع
27.	handcuffs	n.	4&5	أصفاد
28.	note	n.	4&5	ملاحظة / نوتة موسيقية / ورقة مالية
29.	prosecute	v.	4&5	يلاحق قانونياً / يقاضي
30.	row (n.)	n.	4&5	شجار / صف
31.	row (v.)	v.	4&5	يجدف
32.	spring (n.)	n.	4&5	ربيع / نابض (زنبرك)
33.	spring (v.)	v.	4&5	يقفز / ينطلق
34.	claim	v.	7&8	يدعي
35.	clog up	v.	7&8	يسد / يعيق المرور
36.	contend	v.	7&8	يجادل / يدعي
37.	grievance	n.	7&8	شكوي / مظلمة
38.	in favour of	phrase	7&8	في صالح / مؤيد لـ
39.	intended	v.	7&8	ينوي
40.	litigation	n.	7&8	تقاض / اجراءات قانونية
41.	petty	adj.	7&8	بسيط / تافه
42.	regardless	adv.	7&8	بغض النظر عن
43.	residential area	n.	7&8	منطقة سكنية
44.	speed limit	n.	7&8	حد السرعة
45.	sue	v.	7&8	يرفع دعوي قضائية
46.	supporter	n.	7&8	مؤيد / داعم
47.	ultimately	adv.	7&8	في النهاية / في المجمل

صفوة معلمي الكويت



Mr. Mohamed Omran



2 الدروس المقررة في القواعد للاختبار القصير

دروس الوحدة الأولى

1 Present Perfect Simple Tense
المضارع التام البسيط

(formation – Negative – Question – Tag question – Passive – Key words)

Form:	have / has + past participle
Negative:	haven't / hasn't + past participle
Question:	Have / Has + subject + past participle?
Tag question:	…, haven't / hasn't + subject?
Passive:	has / have been + past participle
Key words:	already – yet – ever – never – just – for – since – recently – so far – up to now

Examples:

- He has finished his homework.
- She hasn't visited London.
- Have you ever been to France?
- She has finished her homework, hasn't she?
- The project has been completed.
- I have already seen this film.
- They haven't arrived yet.

2 Present Perfect Continuous Tense
المضارع التام المستمر

(formation – Negative – Question – Tag question – Passive – Key words)

Form:	have / has been + verb + ing
Negative:	haven't / hasn't been + verb + ing
Question:	Have / Has + subject + been + verb + ing?
Tag question:	…, haven't / hasn't + subject?
Passive:	has / have been + past participle
Key words:	for – since – all day – recently – lately – how long – these days

Examples:

- He has been studying for two hours.
- She hasn't been working recently.
- Have you been waiting for a long time?
- They have been working hard, haven't they?
- The bridge has been repaired.
- I have been living here since 2018.

3 Comparative and Contrastive Connectors
روابط المقارنة والتباين

Used to compare and show contrast between ideas.

but	shows a contrast	He is rich but he isn't happy.
whereas	shows a stronger contrast	I prefer reading, whereas my brother likes sports.
in comparison with	used to compare	In comparison with other cities, Kuwait is safer.
instead of	shows a replacement	We went by train instead of by car.
on the other hand	shows an opposite point	The plan is expensive. On the other hand, it is very effective.

4 Conditional Sentences – First Conditional
الجمل الشرطية – الحالة الأولى

Used for real and possible situations in the future.

Form:	If + present simple, will + base verb.
Negative:	If + present simple (negative), won't + base verb.
Question:	If + present simple, will + subject + base verb?
Example:	If it rains, I will stay at home.
Negative example:	If he doesn't study, he won't pass the exam.
Question example:	If you see him, will you tell him?

Notes:

- Use the present simple after if.
- Use will / won't in the main clause.
- We can also use: can / may / might instead of will.
- Used for future possibilities.

Mr. Mohamed Omran

Grade: 12

مواضيع مقترحة للتعبير في الاختبار القصير
Suggested Writing Topics

1 Importance of law — أهمية القانون

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- maintaining order and security
- protecting people's rights
- reducing crimes
- creating a fair society
- building trust in the community

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- Law is essential for a safe and stable society.
- It protects people's rights and freedoms.
- It helps to reduce crime and maintain order.
- A strong legal system builds trust among citizens.
- Without law, there would be chaos and injustice.



2 What might happen in the absence of law? — ماذا قد يحدث في غياب القانون؟

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- increase in crime and violence
- lack of safety and stability
- people taking the law into their own hands
- chaos and disorder
- loss of people's rights

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- In the absence of law, crime rates would increase.
- People might take the law into their own hands.
- There would be chaos and no sense of security.
- People's rights could be violated easily.
- Society would become unsafe and unstable.



3 Importance of speed limits in residential areas — أهمية تحديد السرعة في المناطق السكنية

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- keeping residents safe
- reducing accidents
- protecting children and the elderly
- creating a quiet and peaceful environment
- preserving the quality of life

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- Speed limits help to keep residential areas safe.
- They reduce the risk of traffic accidents.
- They protect children and the elderly.
- They create a quieter and more peaceful environment.
- Following speed limits improves the quality of life.



4 What should happen to those breaking speed limits? — ماذا يجب أن يحدث لمن يخالف حدود السرعة؟

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- paying fines
- getting penalty points
- suspension of the driving licence
- attending awareness programs
- stricter punishment for repeated offences

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- Drivers who break speed limits should pay fines.
- They should also get penalty points on their licence.
- Repeated offenders may have their driving licence suspended.
- They could be required to attend awareness programs.
- Strict punishment will discourage others from breaking the rules.



5 Advantages of solving problems in courts — مزايا حل المشكلات في المحاكم

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- fair and unbiased decisions
- protection of people's rights
- following legal procedures
- resolving conflicts peacefully
- building trust in the justice system

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- Courts provide fair and unbiased decisions.
- They protect people's rights and ensure justice.
- Legal procedures help to solve conflicts peacefully.
- Courts give both sides a chance to present their evidence.
- This builds trust in the legal system.



6 Disadvantages of solving problems in courts — عيوب حل المشكلات في المحاكم

Key ideas (أفكار مساعدة)
- time-consuming
- expensive
- stressful for people involved
- complicated legal procedures
- may not always satisfy both sides

Useful sentences (عبارات مفيدة)
- Going to court can be time-consuming.
- It is often expensive.
- The legal process can be stressful for everyone involved.
- Court procedures are sometimes complicated.
- This final decision may not always satisfy both parties.



Mr. Mohamed Omran

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.1)

15

(I) Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

consultation - sue - judiciary - impose - welfare

1. The injured worker decided to ..... his employer over unsafe conditions.
2. The patient requested a/an ..... before agreeing to the proposed surgery.
3. The independent ..... protects people's rights and ensures fair trials.
4. Several charities promote children's ..... through education and healthcare.

(II) Grammar (3 Marks)

B) From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3 × 1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **The students have completed their homework, ...?** **(Add a question tag)**
   - a) The students have completed their homework, don't they?
   - b) The students have completed their homework, haven't they?
   - c) The students have completed their homework, hasn't they?

6. **The new law is stricter ..... the previous one.** **(Complete)**
   - a) The new law is stricter instead of the previous one.
   - b) The new law is stricter, whereas the previous one.
   - c) The new law is stricter in comparison with the previous one.

7. **If drivers obey traffic laws, they (avoid) serious accidents.** **(Correct the verb)**
   - a) If drivers obey traffic laws, they will avoid serious accidents.
   - b) If drivers obey traffic laws, they would avoid serious accidents.
   - c) If drivers obey traffic laws, they would have avoided serious accidents.

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

8

Expository Paragraph:

Respecting the law is everyone's responsibility." Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing ; **the importance of law in our societies.**

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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صفوة معلمي الكويت

Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة وعدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.2)

15

(I) Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

tolerant - principle - innocent - violence - civil

1. The school encourages ..... attitudes towards different cultures and beliefs.
2. The witness confirmed that the ..... man had committed no crime.
3. The campaign aims to reduce ..... and encourage peaceful dialogue.
4. Honesty is a fundamental ..... that strengthens trust within communities.

(II) Grammar (3 Marks)

B) From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3X 1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **The children (play) in the garden for two hours.** **(Correct the verb)**
   - a) The children have playing in the garden for two hours.
   - b) The children have been played in the garden for two hours.
   - c) The children have been playing in the garden for two hours.

6. **Ahmed decided to walk to school. He didn't take the bus.** **(Join with: instead of)**
   - a) Ahmed decided to walk to school instead of take the bus.
   - b) Ahmed decided to walk to school instead of taking the bus.
   - c) Ahmed decided to walk to school instead of took the bus.

7. **If it rains tomorrow, ...** **(Complete)**
   - a) If it rains tomorrow, we will cancel the school trip
   - b) If it rains tomorrow, we cancelled the school trip
   - c) If it rains tomorrow, we have cancelled the school trip

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

Expository Paragraph:

A society without laws is a society without safety. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing ; **What might happen in the absence of law?**

8

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة و عدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.3)

15

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

(define / govern / property / note /prove)

1- Kings and Presidents ..... their countries according to the country's laws.

2- The teacher wrote an important ..... on the classroom board..

3- The police helped the businessman recover his stolen ..... yesterday.

4- Students must ..... new words before using them in sentences.

B) ***GRAMMAR***

From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3X1 = 3 Marks)**

5. My father (work) in this company since 2020. **(Correct the verb)**

a. My father has working in this company since 2020.
b. My father has been worked in this company since 2020.
c. My father has been working in this company since 2020.

6. The city is noisy. The countryside is peaceful. **(Join with: on the other hand)**

a. The city is noisy. On the other hand, the countryside is peaceful.
b. The city is noisy on the other hand the countryside peaceful.
c. The city is noisy, on the other hand. The countryside peaceful.

7. Follow the doctor's advice. You will recover quickly. **(Use: If)**

a. If you follow the doctor's advice, you will recover quickly.
b. If you will follow the doctor's advice, you recover quickly.
c. If you followed the doctor's advice, you will recover quickly.

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

Expository Paragraph:

A few seconds saved are not worth a human life. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing; **the importance of speed limits in residential areas.**

8

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة وعدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

صفوف معلم الكويت

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.4)

15

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

adoption / clog up / note / prove / defence

1. The soldiers received special training in national ..... and security.
2. Too many vehicles can ..... roads during the morning rush.
3. Many childless couples choose ..... to raise children in need.
4. The lawyer presented clear evidence to ..... his client's innocence.

GRAMMAR

B) From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3X 1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **The workers have repaired the damaged road.** **(Make passive)**
   - a) The damaged road has repaired by the workers.
   - b) The damaged road has been repaired by the workers.
   - c) The damaged road had been repaired by the workers.

6. **The new school is large. The old school is small.** **(Join with: in comparison with)**
   - a) The new school is large in comparison with the old school which is small.
   - b) The new school is large in comparison with the old school is small.
   - c) The new school is large, the old school in comparison with.

7. **It (rain) heavily all day, so the streets are flooded.** **(Correct the verb)**
   - a) It has rained heavily all day, so the streets are flooded.
   - b) It will be raining heavily all day, so the streets are flooded.
   - c) It has been raining heavily all day, so the streets are flooded.

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

Expository Paragraph:

Speeding drivers should face fair and appropriate penalties. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing; **what should we do with those breaking speed limits.**

8

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة و عدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.5)

15

(A) Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

residential area / speed limit / petty / guilty / persuasion

1. Motorists must observe the ..... to ensure safety near schools.
2. The charity supports families of every religious ..... without discrimination.
3. The brothers had a ..... argument over a small misunderstanding.
4. The court found the businessman ..... of breaking financial regulations.

(II) Grammar (3 Marks)

B) From **a, b** and **c**, choose the correct answers as required: **(3X1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **Ali has been reading for two hours.** **(Ask a question)**
   - a) How long Ali has been reading?
   - b) How long will Ali be reading?
   - c) How long has Ali been reading?

6. **My father prefers driving. My mother enjoys walking.** **(Join with: whereas)**
   - a) My father prefers driving. Whereas my mother enjoys walking.
   - b) My father prefers driving, my mother enjoying walking whereas.
   - c) My father prefers driving, whereas my mother enjoy walking.

7. **The company has already opened three new branches.** **(Make negative)**
   - a) The company hasn't opened three new branches already.
   - b) The company hasn't opened three new branches yet.
   - c) The company hasn't been opening three new branches.

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

Expository Paragraph:

Going to court gives everyone a chance to seek justice. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing; **the advantages of solving our everyday problems in courts.**

8

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة وعدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.6)

15

(I) Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

contend / grievance / spring / bench / prosecute

1. The judge remained seated on the ..... throughout the trial.
2. Environmentalists ..... that planting trees can reduce air pollution significantly.
3. The employee reported a serious ..... about unfair working conditions.
4. The weather becomes warmer, and colourful flowers appear in ..... .

(II) Grammar (3 Marks)

B) From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3X1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **The police (just arrest) the suspect.** **(Correct the verb)**
   - a) The police just have arrested the suspect.
   - b) The police have just been arrested the suspect.
   - c) The police have arrest the suspect just.

6. **Kuwait has modern cities. ....., it also preserves its traditional culture.** **(Complete)**
   - a) Kuwait has modern cities. Instead of it also preserves its traditional culture
   - b) Kuwait has modern cities. On the other hand it also preserves its traditional culture
   - c) Kuwait has modern cities. In comparison with it also preserves its traditional culture

7. **Fatima has never travelled abroad,..... ?** **(Question tag)**
   - a) Fatima has never travelled abroad, hasn't she?
   - b) Fatima has never travelled abroad, has she?
   - c) Fatima has never travelled abroad, isn't she?

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

8

Expository Paragraph:

Court cases can have negative effects on our relations. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing ; **the advantages of solving our everyday problems in courts.**

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

.....

Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة و عدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark

Ministry of Education
Ahmadi Educational Area

1st Period Quiz | Grade: 12 | Scholastic year: 2027 – 2026 | Time: 40 minutes

Student's Name: ..... Class: .....

First Period Quiz (No.7)

15

(I) Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A) Fill in the spaces with the most suitable words from the list below: **(4 × 1 = 4 Marks)**

regardless - sue - impose - ultimately - intend

1. After several difficult attempts, the team ..... achieved its goal.
2. Many students ..... to continue their education at university abroad.
3. The government decided to ..... heavy fines on careless drivers.
4. Students should respect one another, ... of their personal differences.

(II) Grammar (3 Marks)

B) From **a, b** and c, choose the correct answers as required: **(3 × 1 = 3 Marks)**

5. **Your brother hasn't finished his homework, ...?** **(Add a question tag)**
   - a) Your brother hasn't finished his homework, hasn't he?
   - b) Your brother hasn't finished his homework, has he?
   - c) Your brother hasn't finished his homework, does he?

6. **The new car is faster (whereas) the old one.** **(Correct the connector)**
   - a) The new car is faster in comparison with the old one.
   - b) The new car is faster instead of the old one.
   - c) The new car is faster, but the old one.

7. **The baby (sleep) peacefully for three hours.** **(Correct the verb)**
   - a) The baby has sleeping peacefully for three hours.
   - b) The baby will be sleeping peacefully for three hours.
   - c) The baby has been sleeping peacefully for three hours.

صفوة معلمي الكويت

C) WRITING (8 Marks)

8

Expository Paragraph:

Tolerance is the key to peace and understanding. Plan and write a well-structured paragraph of (6 sentences) discussing; **How can we create a tolerant society?**

Outlining (1Mark)

Introductory sentence:

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Supporting details:

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Concluding sentence:

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Your Writing (7 Marks)

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Outlining	Exposition of ideas and Coherence	Paragraphing and number of sentences	Spelling, Grammar and Punctuation
إعداد المخطط	عرض الأفكار وترابطها	تقسيم الفقرة و عدد الجمل	الإملاء والقواعد وعلامات الترقيم
1 Mark	5 Marks	1 Mark	1 Mark