

COOL STUDY

5A

الصف الخامس الابتدائي
الفصل الدراسي الأول



عرض شيق

تدريبات
متنوعة

مراجعة
شاملة

اختبارات
تقويم



Stickers



Scan me



صِفْوَةُ مَعَالِي الْكَوَائِدِ

الفهرس Contents



Pages

Unit 1

Treasures from Our Past

2-34

Unit 2

From Our Heritage to
Our Future

35-58

مراجعة

مراجعة على الوجدتين ٢ + ١
اختبارات على الوجدتين ٢ + ١

59-65

Unit 3

Exploring the Weather

66-93

Unit 4

Read to Explore

94-113

مراجعة

مراجعة على الوجدتين ٤ + ٣
اختبارات على الوجدتين ٤ + ٣

114-120



Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
peace	(n.)	Everyone wants to live in <u>peace</u> .	سلام
battle	(n.)	We have studied a lesson about the <u>Battle</u> of Al-Jahra.	معركة
fight/fought	(v.)	We shouldn't <u>fight</u> with our friends in class. Mum was angry when the boys <u>fought</u> over the toys.	يقاتل / يتعارك قاتل / تعارك
protect/protected	(v.)	Washing hands <u>protects</u> us from bad bacteria. The helmet <u>protected</u> my head when I fell off the bike.	يحمي / حمى
pride	(n.)	Kuwaitis take <u>pride</u> in their country.	فخر
symbol	(n.)	A flag is a <u>symbol</u> of a country.	رمز
centre	(n.)	There is a big park in the <u>centre</u> of this city.	مركز / وسط
spice	(n.)	Hamad adds a lot of <u>spice</u> to his food.	توابل
society	(n.)	The police protect <u>society</u> from bad people.	مجتمع
historical	(adj.)	I like visiting <u>historical</u> places like Failaka Island.	تاريخي
guest	(n.)	They cleaned the house before the <u>guests</u> arrived.	ضيف
care	(n.)	Old people need special <u>care</u> .	رعاية / عناية
courage	(n.)	He showed <u>courage</u> when he saved the boy from the fire.	شجاعة

Unit 1

Treasures from Our Past

Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
palace	(n.)	The king lives in that beautiful <u>palace</u> .	قصر
bravery	(n.)	They fought in the battle with great <u>bravery</u> .	شجاعة
ancient	(adj.)	In <u>ancient</u> times, clothes were made by hand.	قديم
ruins	(n.)	They visited the old <u>ruins</u> in the city.	أطلال (بقايا مباني)
temple	(n.)	There are some ancient <u>temples</u> on Failaka Island.	معبد
Greek	(n.)	The Ancient <u>Greeks</u> lived on Failaka Island.	يوناني
heritage	(n.)	Fishing is a part of the Kuwaiti <u>heritage</u> .	تراث
touristic	(adj.)	Dickson House is a <u>touristic</u> place in Kuwait.	سياحي
education	(n.)	Good <u>education</u> is important for a good future.	تعليم
recite	(v.)	I like listening to Ali when he <u>recites</u> the Quran.	يتلو/ يقرأ
teach taught	(v.)	Stories <u>teach</u> us a lot of life lessons. Grandma <u>taught</u> Haya how to cook Kuwaiti food.	يُعلم / يُدرّس علم / درّس
honour	(v.)	We should <u>honour</u> our parents and teachers.	يُكرم / يحترم

معاني الكلمات إضافية



Word	المعنى
dress	يلبس
brave	شجاع
traditional	تقليدي
visitor	زائر
power	قوة

Word	المعنى
kindness	طيبة
value	قيمة
famous	مشهور
protect	يحمي
culture	ثقافة



Mind map



تساعد الخريطة الذهنية على تذكر الأفكار الرئيسية
وأسئلة الكتاب كما تساعد في كتابة موضوع التعبير



Ancient Touristic places

الأماكن التاريخية السياحية



Souq Al-Mubarkiyah
سوق المباركية

- oldest market in Kuwait
- centre of buying/selling
- food, spices, clothes, gold



Kushk Mubarak
كشك مبارك

- small historical building by the sea
- Sheikh Mubarak met guests there



Bayt Abdullah
بيت عبدالله

- traditional Kuwaiti house
- Now: helps sick children



The Red Palace
القصر الأحمر

- old building in Al-Jahra
- built to protect Kuwait
- symbol of courage and pride

Mind map



Education in Kuwait

التعليم في الكويت



In the past

- small rooms (Al-Katateeb)
- one teacher (Mutawa)
- the Quran and reading
- boards/chalk



Nowadays

- big modern schools
- many teachers
- many subjects
- PCs/ iPads/ smart boards



Mutawa Halima Al-Saqer

المطوعة حليلة الصقر

Who

- teacher in old Kuwait
- taught the Quran
- in a small room in her house
- mostly girls, sometimes boys

More about her

- is still remembered
- stories and books written about her
- a school is named after her
- honoured for her great work



تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير



1. What did Kuwait's flag look like in 1961?

It was red and plain.

كوب

2. What does Kuwait's flag look like now?

It has green, white, and red stripes and a black shape.



3. What do the colours of the Kuwaiti flag show?

Black for battles, white for peace, green for land and red for brave people.

4. Name four historical places in Kuwait.

- a. Souk Al-Mubarakiyah b. Kushk Mubarak
c. Bayt Abdullah d. The Red Palace

5. Why is Souk Al-Mubarakiyah an important place?

- a. It is one of the oldest touristic markets in Kuwait.
b. It was the centre of buying and selling in old Kuwait.



6. What can you buy from Souk Al-Mubarakiyah?

We can buy everything, like food, spices, clothes, and gold.

7. What do you know about Kushk Mubarak?

It was a place where Sheikh Mubarak met guests.



8. Why is Kushk Mubarak important?

It shows the power and pride of old Kuwait.

9. How is Bayt Abdullah used now?

It is an old house that helps sick children.



10. Why was the Red Palace built?

It was built to protect Kuwait and its people.

11. What is the Red Palace a symbol of?

It is a symbol of courage and pride.



12. What do you know about Failaka Island?

- a. It is a touristic place. b. It is known for its ruins.
c. The Greeks lived on it in the past.

13. What was education like in old Kuwait?

- a. It was simple. b. Children went to Al-Katateeb.
c. Children learned the Quran and how to read and write.

14. What tools did students use to study in the past?

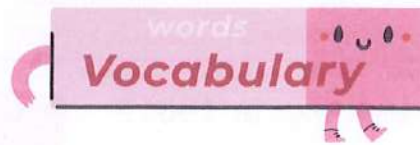
They used boards and chalk to study.



15. Who was Mutawa Halima Al-Saqer ?

She was a teacher in old Kuwait who taught children the Quran in her house.

Unit 1



Choose the right answer :



1- Al-Khiran is a place in Kuwait.

- a) historical b) touristic

2- Fishing is a part of the Kuwaiti

- a) heritage b) spice

3- An antivirus a computer from viruses.

- a) teaches b) protects

4- The king's house is a large

- a) palace b) battle

5- Our school is in the city

- a) courage b) centre

14- This chicken needs some more

- a) spice b) pride

15- They showed great in the fire.

- a) ruins b) bravery

16- My sister wants to English.

- a) teach b) honour

17- We should for our country.

- a) fight b) recite

18- Mr Ali will the top students tomorrow.

- a) honour b) fight

6- Kuwait Towers are a of Kuwait.

- a) symbol b) guest

7- Ali was full of after winning the match.

- a) pride b) education

8- The ancient built nice temples.

- a) ruins b) Greeks

9- We visited a Greek yesterday.

- a) temple b) spice

10- People should live together in

- a) peace b) spice

11- I invited a special for dinner.

- a) guest b) bravery

12- Good helps children learn better.

- a) spice b) education

13- Old buildings are part of our

- a) heritage b) guest

19- We walked near oldby the sea.

- a) spices b) ruins

20- Mum was angry when I with my sister.

- a) fought b) taught

21- Hospitals give..... to sick people.

- a) bravery b) care

22- We should respect people to live in

- a) peace b) education

23- The policemen's work needs

- a) courage b) heritage

24- Everyone should help their

- a) spice b) society

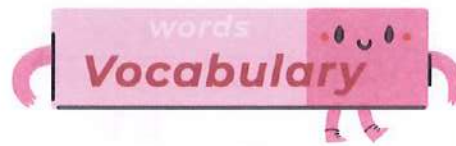
25- Stories children life lessons.

- a) fight b) teach

26- He showed when he helped others.

- a) society b) courage

Unit 1



Choose the right answer :

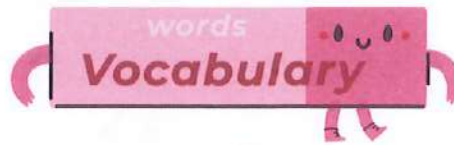


اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



1. Kuwaitis meet their _____ in the Diwaniya.
a) temples b) guests c) spices d) ruins
 2. We are proud of Kuwait's rich _____.
a) spice b) Greek c) heritage d) symbol
 3. Our teacher always _____ us why reading is useful.
a) protects b) fights c) honours d) teaches
 4. People must stop fighting and live in _____.
a) heritage b) education c) peace d) pride
 5. The Avenues is a modern, _____ place in Kuwait.
a) touristic b) ancient c) historical
 6. Good _____ helps children learn and grow.
a) education b) symbol c) palace d) spice
 7. You need a lot of _____ to try a dangerous sport.
a) heritage b) courage c) pride d) peace
-
8. They saw old _____ on their school trip.
a) ruins b) guests c) battles d) symbols
 9. People must _____ animals and birds.
a) teach b) recite c) fight d) protect
 10. We learned about the _____ that happened in old Kuwait.
a) battles b) palaces c) guests d) temples
 11. The _____ of the city has many shops and cafés.
a) battle b) guest c) centre d) society
 12. Grandma _____ me fun games last summer.
a) protected b) fought c) honoured d) taught
 13. He showed _____ when he helped the boy.
a) education b) bravery c) peace d) heritage
 14. Our parents tell us to show _____ to others.
a) care b) heritage c) education d) spice

Unit 1



Choose the right answer :



اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



15. The Olympic Games are a _____ of peace and friendship.
a) society b) temple c) symbol d) spice
 16. These guards _____ the museum at night.
a) recite b) protect c) teach d) fight
 17. Grandpa told us stories about the _____ of our people.
a) palace b) Greek c) temple d) heritage
 18. Souq Al-Mubarakiyah is a _____ for spices and perfumes.
a) centre b) guest c) Greek d) battle
 19. We saw a big _____ where a king lived.
a) symbol b) society c) palace d) temple
 20. It is important to _____ all people and cultures.
a) recite b) honour c) fight d) teach
 21. We felt _____ when Kuwait won the cup.
a) courage b) education c) pride d) bravery
-
22. Long ago, people _____ wild animals.
a) protected b) fought c) taught d) honoured
 23. We should take _____ of our old parents.
a) care b) heritage c) peace d) education
 24. The new mall is a _____ for shopping and food.
a) palace b) temple c) battle d) centre
 25. Mum puts hot _____ in the food.
a) battles b) spices c) ruins d) temples
 26. I listen when my brother _____ the Quran.
a) fights b) protects c) recites d) honours
 27. We _____ clever people with medals.
a) fight b) honour c) recite d) teach
 28. Good people help their _____.
a) spices b) ruins c) battles d) societies



Unit 1

شاهد الشرح



أنماط أسئلة قطعة الاستيعاب والفهم



تأتي أسئلة القطعة كما يلي:

The best title for the passage is:	ما هو أفضل عنوان للقطعة ؟	السؤال الأول:
The main idea of the 1 st / 2 nd paragraph is:	ما هي الفكرة الرئيسية للفقرة (الأولي / الثانية)	
The underlined word "....." means:	ما معني الكلمة التي تحتها خط.	السؤال الثاني:
The opposite of the underlined word "....." is:	ما مضاد / عكس الكلمة التي تحتها خط؟	
The underlined word "....." refers to:	ما الذي تشير إليه الكلمة التي تحتها خط ؟	السؤال الثالث:
The boy was sad because :	سؤال مباشر من القطعة.	السؤال الرابع:

What / Where / When	سؤال إجابته مباشرة من القطعة	السؤال الخامس:
How / Why / What	سؤال إجابته غير مباشرة (يحتاج لاستنتاج)	السؤال السادس:



لاحظ: لاستخراج إجابة سؤال الـ Wh من القطعة

ابحث عن ▼	إذا بدأ السؤال بـ ▼
Dad / Mum / Ali / sister	شخص ◀ Who من
in Salmiya/ on the beach / at home / in a hotel	مكان ◀ Where أين
last week / in the morning / on Friday/ at sunset / at 6:30	زمان ◀ When متى
a necklace/ a bag / a book / a car / fruit	شيء ◀ What ما / ماذا
by car/ by bus/ by taxi/ by plane	وسيلة مواصلات ◀ How كيف
two / three / 7 / nine/ ten/ twenty	عدد / رقم ◀ How many كم عدد
for a week / for 2 days / for 5 years / for 10 minutes	رقم ◀ How long كم المدة
because / for helping / to play / that's why	سبب ◀ Why لماذا

Unit 1



نموذج محلول للقطعة



Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Ali loses so many things that he is sure that they just get up and walk away. Ali is jealous of people who are so orderly that they never lose anything. Pens and pencils are never there when he needs them.

Ali tries to keep a pen by the telephone so that he will use it when the phone rings. But it is never there when he needs it. The situation was getting so awful that he determined to do something about it. Ali's sister, Mona, attempted to help him. Consequently, she bought him a large cupboard. It has a number of shelves. Ali then **placed** ten boxes on them. He put a label on each box: one he labelled "Pens and Pencils," another he labelled "Tools," another "Needles and Pins." He also got an address book and put it in the corner of the cupboard. Before this, he always lost all the addresses and phone numbers he needed.

Now Ali felt very proud of himself, but things did not change. Pens and other things began to disappear again. There was only one solution. He locked the cupboard and put the key on top of **it**. The cupboard was always locked, and he was the only one who knew where the key was. Then, he lost it.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1. What is the best title for this passage ?
a. An Old Cupboard b. An Organised Sister
c. A Forgetful Person d. Leaves of Trees
2. The underlined word "**placed**" in the 2nd paragraph means:
a. phoned b. felt c. wrote d. **put**
3. The underlined pronoun "**it**" in the 3rd paragraph refers to:
a. the label b. the key **c. the cupboard** d. the top
4. Where did Ali keep his pen?
a. In his pocket b. On the desk **c. By the telephone** d. In the cupboard

B) Answer the following questions :

5. How did Ali's sister help him ?

She bought him a new cupboard where he could put his things in one place.

6. Why did Ali label the boxes ?

To organise everything, he has and find them quickly. / To put everything in order and find them easily.

Unit 1



هذا التدريب يساعد على حل ثلاثة أسئلة في القطعة وهي:

تدريب على سؤال الكلمات الدالة

	The sentence	The underlined word refers to:	
1.	This is an old coin. I saw <u>it</u> in the museum.	a. the museum	b. the coin
2.	Mr Nasser phoned Dad and left <u>him</u> a message.	a. Mr Nasser	b. Dad
3.	The ship sailed in the sea and no one saw <u>it</u> again.	a. the ship	b. the sea
4.	When babies are hungry, mothers feed <u>them</u> .	a. mothers	b. babies
5.	The monkey climbed the tree and slept in <u>it</u> .	a. the monkey	b. the tree
6.	This boy has a nice bike. I'll buy <u>one</u> .	a. the bike	b. the boy
7.	Ms Mona met Sara, but she couldn't remember <u>her</u> name.	a. Sara's	b. Ms Mona's
8.	Animals live in zoos. <u>They</u> are safe there.	a. Zoos	b. Animals



تدريب على سؤال معنى الكلمة

	The sentence	The underlined word means:	
1.	This game is so <u>exciting</u> . I like playing it.	a. interesting	b. huge
2.	Hospitals are open <u>around the clock</u> .	a. 12 hours	b. 24 hours
3.	I know a lot about a scientist when I read his <u>biography</u> .	a. store	b. life story
4.	Listen! The children are singing <u>joyfully</u> in the party.	a. happily	b. sadly
5.	My brother is a <u>skillful</u> footballer. He scores wonderful goals.	a. easy	b. excellent
6.	The car was old, but it won the race. I'm <u>amazed</u> .	a. very big	b. greatly surprised
7.	The Sadu House tells us a lot about the Kuwaiti <u>heritage</u> .	a. traditions	b. voyages
8.	A good friend should be clever and <u>co-operative</u> .	a. tiny	b. helpful



تدريب على سؤال عكس الكلمة

	The sentence	The opposite of the underlined word	
1.	My schoolbag is <u>light</u> . I can carry it with one hand.	a. clean	b. heavy
2.	Kuwaitis live in <u>modern</u> houses.	a. ancient	b. young
3.	We should keep our money in a <u>safe</u> place.	a. unhealthy	b. dangerous
4.	In the <u>past</u> , people didn't have electricity.	a. trip	b. future
5.	Football is an <u>outdoor</u> sport.	a. outdoor	b. expensive
6.	<u>Put on</u> your jacket. It's cold outside.	a. Relax	b. Take off
7.	Water is life. We should <u>save</u> it.	a. waste	b. leave
8.	It's bedtime. Please, <u>turn off</u> the light.	a. take off	b. turn on

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

1

People from all countries like the taste of chocolate. Some people like dark chocolate; others like white chocolate and some others like nuts or cream inside. Milton Hershey first made chocolate for Hershey's Candy. He was working with his father in a candy factory. When he was 29 years, he opened a chocolate factory and in four years his business was very successful. Milton Hershey built houses and schools for poor people. He also gave money for them. Milton died in 1945, but the world remembers him for not only making chocolate, but for helping people get jobs, building a school for children who didn't have families, a centre to help sick people and for the yummy chocolate that most of us throughout the world enjoy.



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1- The main idea of the paragraph is :

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|
| a. White Chocolate | b. Making Candy |
| c. History of Chocolate | d. Kinds of Nuts |

2- The opposite of the word "inside" is:

- | | | | |
|---------|------------|----------|-------|
| a. over | b. outside | c. under | d. up |
|---------|------------|----------|-------|

3- The underlined word "them" refers to :

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|---------|----------|
| a. poor people | b. countries | c. nuts | d. years |
|----------------|--------------|---------|----------|

4- Milton's business was successful when he was years old.

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| a. 29 | b. 20 | c. 39 | d. 33 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|

B Answer the following questions:

5- Where did Milton and his father work ?

.....

6- Why can't people around the world forget Milton Hershey?

.....

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

2

Sara and Suzan are twins. They were born on August 5th. They are ten now. They are in the fifth grade. Sara and Suzan do everything together. They are in the same class. They dress alike and look the same. They have the same friends. People always mix them up, even their father and their brother, Sami, don't know which is Sara and which is Suzan. Only Mum knows. This makes them laugh. One day, Mum decided to change their haircut, so they would look different. The twin sisters were upset, but all people were happy. They could finally know which is Sara and which is Suzan.



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1 - The best title for the passage is:

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| a. Sara's Sister | b. Mum and Sami |
| c. The Twin Sisters | d. Sara and Mum |

2 - The underlined word "upset" means:

- | | | | |
|--------|----------|--------|----------|
| a. bad | b. tired | c. sad | d. bored |
|--------|----------|--------|----------|

3 - The underlined pronoun "They" refers to:

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| a. The father and brother | b. All people |
| c. Sara's friends | d. The twin sisters |

4- Last year, the twin sisters were in grade:

- | | | | |
|----------|---------|---------|--------|
| a. three | b. four | c. five | d. six |
|----------|---------|---------|--------|

B Answer the following questions:

5- How old are the twin sisters?

.....

6- Why did Mum decide to change the twin's haircut?

.....

Punctuation



انتبه!

يجب استخدام علامات الترقيم أثناء الكتابة سواء في الإجابة على الأسئلة أو كتابة موضوع التعبير



أ- الأحرف الكبيرة Capital Letters : تستخدم الأحرف الكبيرة مع :

He studies English.	١- أول حرف في بداية الجملة / أو السؤال.
My brother and I are going to visit Ali tomorrow.	٢- ضمير الفاعل (I)، دائما يكتب بحرف كبير.
Omar , Kuwait , Doha	٣- أسماء الناس والبلاد و المدن و العواصم دائما تبدأ بحرف كبير.
We visit grandma on Friday.	٤- أيام الأسبوع وشهور السنة.
My best friend is Omani.	٥ - الصفات التي تدل على (الجنسية).
The Red Sea / The River Nile / Everest / The Atlantic.	٦- البحار والمحيطات والأنهار والجبال.
USA / GCC / UAE / KSA / UK / ARE	٧- اختصارات الدول .
Uncle Salem / Baby Maha / Mr. Tom - Dr. Bader	٨- الألقاب (بشرط أن يأتي بعدها اسم).
The four seasons are summer, winter, autumn and spring.	ملاحظة : فصول السنة لا تبدأ بحرف كبير.

ب- استخدام Full stop : تستخدم النقطة (.)



I like walking on the beach.	١ - في نهاية جملة خبرية (ليست استفهامية أو تعجبية)
------------------------------	--



ج- استخدام Question Mark : تستخدم علامة الاستفهام (?)

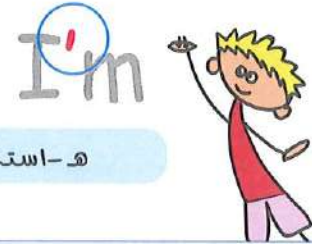
What are you going to do after school?	في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بكلمة استفهام
Are you going to play tennis with us?	في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بفعل مساعد
Can you play hockey?	في نهاية جملة استفهامية تبدأ بفعل ناقص

Unit 1



د - استخدام ال Comma : تستخدم الفاصلة (,)

Yes, I'm Kuwaiti. / No, I don't like fast food.	١ - بعد كلمة Yes, و No
Can you open the door, please?	٢ - قبل كلمة please
I can swim, but I can't dive.	٣ - قبل كلمات الربط مثل: but - so
Mona bought a pen, a pencil, a ruler and an eraser.	٤ - عند تعداد أكثر من شيء من نفس النوع.
Hi Sami, / Dear Bader, / Hello Omar,	٥ - عند كتابة الرسائل الخاصة
Sami, / Bader, / Omar,	٦ - مع النداء علي شخص
At the weekend, I .. / Yesterday, we / At the park, he	٧ - إذا بدأت الجملة بزمان أو مكان ثم فاعل.



هـ - استخدام ال Apostrophe : تستخدم الفاصلة العليا (')

I'm - She's - We're - aren't - don't - haven't	في الأشكال المختصرة للأفعال المساعدة
can't - won't	في الأشكال المختصرة للأفعال الناقصة

Punctuate the following sentences:

1. nada s birthday is on july 1st

2. where do you spend your weekends

3. hady went to bahrain by plane

4. at the park there are flowers trees and birds

نموذج محلول لكتابة التعبير



- اقرأ رأس الموضوع جيداً.
- اقرأ الأسئلة المرتبطة بالصورة ثم أكتب إجابة الأسئلة الموجودة بالمخطط **Graphic Organiser** مستخدماً الكلمات المساعدة

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Souq Al- Mubarakiyah". The following guide words may help you:

Souq - family - shops - spices - proud - excited

1- Where did you go last week?

Souq Al-Mubarakiyah



2- Who did you go with?

with my family

3- What did you see there?

many shops

4- What did you buy?

some spices

5- How did you feel?

proud and excited

❖ ثم اكتب الموضوع مسترشداً بالإجابات التي تم كتابتها في المخطط.

ضع عنوان الموضوع هنا

Title :

Souq Al-Mubarakiyah

Last week, I went to Souq Al-Mubarakiyah. I went with my family. I saw many shops there. I bought some spices. I felt proud and excited.

1

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A Trip to the Red Palace". The following guide words may help you:

Red Palace - friends - car - protect - learn - history

1- Where did you go?

2- Who did you go with?

3- How did you go there?



4- What was it built for?

5- Why do people visit it now?

Title : _____

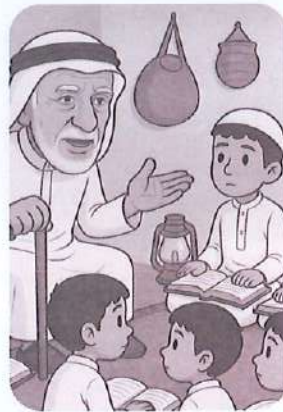
صِفُونَا مَعَالِكُویت

2

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Education in the past". The following guide words may help you:

simple - room - mutawa - use - boards - Quran

1- How was education in the past?



2- Where did students learn?

3- Who taught the students?

4- What did they use for teaching?

5- What did the students learn about?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَالِكِي

3

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A holiday on Failaka Island". The following guide words may help you:

last holiday - go - boat - family - ruins - excited

1- Where did you go?

2- How did you go there?

3- Who did you go with?



4- What did you see there?

5- How did you feel?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَ الْكَلِمَاتِ

4

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Souq Al- Mubarakiyah". The following guide words may help you:

souq - family - shops - spices - proud - excited

1- Where did you go last week?

2- Who did you go with?

3- What did you see there?



4- What did you buy?

5- How did you feel?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ: مَعَالِكِيَّتْ

5

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "**Mutawa Halima**". The following guide words may help you:

teacher - teach - small - reading - named - school

1- Who was Mutawa Halima?



2- What did she do?

3- What did she teach?

4- Where did she teach?

5- How was she honoured?

Title : _____

صِفْوَةٌ مَعَالِكِيَّةٌ

Unit 1



اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



Write the missing words with the help of the pictures:

1

Old Kuwaiti people built the Red
to protect Kuwait and its people.



2

Mum likes to add a lot of
to the food.



3

Pet animals need much



4

You should
you enter.



at the door before

5

We visited Failaka Island and saw
ancient and ruins.



6

On Friday, we
the Quran and pray in the mosque.



7

The ancient.....
Island a long time ago.



lived on Failaka

Unit 1



Combine



أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة ولاحظ التغيير



لاحظ إضافة اللاحقة **ness** لنهاية الكلمة.

kind + **ness** =

kind**ness**

lazy + **ness** =

laziness

Combine the following:

أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة



fit + **ness** =

.....

sad + **ness** =

.....

happy + **ness** =

.....

sick + **ness** =

.....

dark + **ness** =

.....

good + **ness** =

.....

kind + **ness** =

.....



يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن شيء حدث في الماضي
I **played** a match **yesterday**.
Last week, we **went** shopping.



Past

Present

Future

كلمات تدل على الماضي البسيط

Yesterday – in the past – this morning – ago
last (week – Friday – year ...) – in (1919)

نستخدم الشكل الثاني للفعل مع زمن الماضي البسيط.
أ- هناك أفعال منتظمة تنتهي بـ ed مثل :

راجع الأفعال ص ١٢٤ - ١٢٥

إضافة d		إضافة ed		إضافة ied	
1	2	1	2	1	2
live	lived	clean	cleaned	carry	carried
use	used	travel	travelled	try	tried

ضع الفعل في الشكل الثاني:

work

study

ب- هناك أفعال غير منتظمة لا تنتهي بـ ed مثل :

راجع الأفعال ص ١٢٦

الفعل لا يتغير		الفعل يتغير		الفعل يتغير	
1	2	1	2	1	2
read	read	have	had	go	went
cut	cut	buy	bought	weave	wove

ضع الفعل في الشكل الثاني:

sleep

go

Choose the correct answer:

- We (see - saw) Mona at the park yesterday.
- The bus (arrived - arrive) an hour ago.
- In the past, they (live - lived) in small houses.
- Dad (take - took) that photo in 2010.
- Last night, I (sleep - slept) early.
- I (stayed - stay) in that hotel last summer.
- Haya (study - studied) English this morning.
- Yesterday, Mum (made - make) us a cake.

لاحظ: لنفي فعل ماضي نستخدم: الشكل الأول للفعل + didn't

إثبات	نفي
played	didn't play
bought	didn't buy

Yesterday, we didn't play tennis.I went shopping, but I didn't buy anything.

Choose the correct answer:

- I (don't - didn't) feel well yesterday.
- Yesterday, we didn't (go - went) swimming.
- In the past, they didn't (have - had) computers.
- We (didn't - don't) visit grandma last week.
- He didn't (played - play) the piano yesterday.
- No, I didn't (found - find) my lost book.

لاحظ: في الماضي البسيط verb to be يصبح (was / were)

The weather was cold yesterday.The children were late for school this morning.

و في حالة النفي تصبح wasn't / weren't

The weather wasn't hot yesterday.The children weren't early for school this morning.

Choose the correct answer:

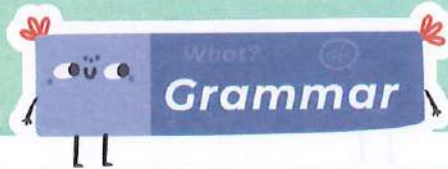
- I (am - was) born in 2010.
- The books (are - were) here yesterday.

Verbs:

ate
carried
played
built
wrote
bought
went
worked

Fill in using the correct verb:

- I _____ tennis last Friday.
- We _____ to the gym yesterday.
- Yesterday, we _____ fish.
- Salem _____ a car last week.
- People _____ in the sea in Old Kuwait.
- He _____ my bag and I thanked him.
- Haya _____ an e-mail an hour ago.
- Dad _____ this house in 1999.



2 Present Simple

المضارع البسيط

شاهد الشرح



يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن حقائق وعادات
It rains in Kuwait in winter.
I get up at 6 o'clock every morning.



Past

Present

Future

كلمات تدل على المضارع البسيط

usually/ often/always /sometimes/every (week)

شكل أو تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع البسيط

I, you, we, they	help	نستخدم الشكل الأول للفعل
he, she, it	helps	نستخدم الشكل الأول للفعل ثم نضيف عليه S

ملاحظة: قد يتغير شكل الفعل عند إضافة S كما في الجدول

إضافة s	إضافة es	إضافة ies
read reads	watch watches	carry carries
come comes	cross crosses	try tries



ضع (s - es - ies) للأفعال التالية:

work study
cross start

Choose the correct answer:

1. Tom (travel - travels) to Dubai in summer.
2. We (listen - listens) to music every day.
3. Girls often (plays - play) with dolls.
4. I sometimes (use - uses) that camera.
5. Sara always (come - comes) early.

Rewrite the sentences with the new subject:

6. Kate lives in Salmiya. (I)
7. We study science in London. (Sam)
8. The boys help Mum at home. (Tom)
9. My sister cooks very well. (They)

Verbs:

flies
gets up
watches
rides
plays
reads
washes
listens

Fill in using the correct verb:

10. Omar _____ TV in the evening.
11. A falcon _____ high in the sky.
12. My brother _____ at 6 a.m.
13. Ali often _____ his bike to work.
14. He _____ his car every day.
15. She usually _____ to English songs.
16. He always _____ football with us.
17. Dad _____ a new book every week.

Choose the correct answer:

18. My pet cat (drink - drinks) milk.
19. People in Japan (eat - eats) sushi.
20. We (buy - buys) bread at the bakery.
21. Pilots always (travels - travel) a lot.
22. This factory (make - makes) chocolate.
23. They (have - has) breakfast at 6 o'clock.

لاحظ: لنفي فعل مضارع نستخدم:

الشكل الأول للفعل + don't/ doesn't

إثبات	نفي
play	don't play
studies	doesn't study



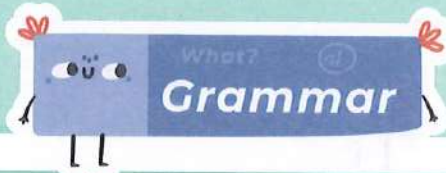
I play football, but I don't play tennis.
Mai studies Arabic, but she doesn't study English.

Fill in don't or doesn't:

24. We _____ go to the park on Saturday.
25. My brother _____ eat fish.
26. Tim _____ grow flowers in the garden.
27. They _____ get up early on Friday.
28. It _____ rain in Kuwait in July.

Choose the correct answer:

29. This machine (don't - doesn't) work.
30. I (don't - doesn't) like fast food.
31. The new shop doesn't (sell - sells) pots.



يستخدم للتعبير عن حدث في الماضي دون ذكر وقت حدوثه
Sami **has watched** that film.
I **have visited** Failaka Island.



شكل أو تكوين الفعل في زمن المضارع التام

I, you, we, they	have	الشكل الثالث للفعل
he, she, it	has	



نستخدم المضارع التام في عدم وجود كلمة دالة على الماضي كما في المثال
I **have visited** Dubai.

لاحظ الاختصارات التالية:

Long form	Short form	Long form	Short form
have	've	has	's
I have	I've	he has	he's
have not	haven't	has not	hasn't
We have not	We haven't	She has not	She hasn't

أمثلة للفعل في الشكل 3 :

1	2	3	1	2	3
skate	skated	skated	talk	talked	talked
read	read	read	find	found	found
cut	cut	cut	buy	bought	bought
see	saw	seen	weave	wove	woven

راجع الأفعال ص ١٢٦

Fill in using **has** or **have**:

- We _____ played golf.
- Omar _____ seen my new car.
- Sami and Ali _____ bought new books.
- She _____ cut the meat into pieces.
- I _____ found an old coin on Failaka.

Verbs:

played
written
watched
eaten
read
drawn
carried
washed

Fill in using the correct verb:

- Omar has _____ that film.
- I have _____ sushi.
- They have _____ badminton.
- I have _____ our car.
- Mona has _____ a cat.
- She has _____ the letter.
- He has _____ my bag.
- We have _____ this book 3 times.

لاحظ: لنفي فعل في زمن المضارع التام نستخدم:

إثبات	نفي
has played	has not played
have been	have not been

He **has come**, but he **has not talked** to us.
I **have bought** the book, but I **have not read** it.

لاحظ: استخدام (ever - never) مع زمن المضارع التام

أ - تأتي ever في السؤال

Have you **ever** visited Failaka Island?

ب - تأتي never في النفي

No, I have **never** visited Failaka Island.



Fill in **ever** or **never**:

- Have you _____ visited Dickson House?
- Sami has _____ made a cake.
- Has Bader _____ played Fortnite?
- Have they _____ ridden bikes?
- I have _____ flown a kite.

Choose the correct answer:

- The dog has (find - found) a bone.
- We have never (seen - see) Ali's friend.
- (Has - Have) Omar eaten his dinner?
- Have you ever (be - been) to Dubai?
- Has the school bus (arrive - arrived) ?

Unit 1



Choose the correct answer :

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. Omar always _____ his father on the farm.
a) help b) helps c) helping
2. We have _____ Kushk Mubarak in Kuwait City.
a) visited b) visit c) visiting
3. Have you ever _____ to Souq Al-Mubarakiyah?
a) be b) being c) been
4. Kuwaitis _____ the Red Palace in Al-Jahra in 1897.
a) build b) built c) building
5. My brother doesn't _____ up late at weekends.
a) stays b) stayed c) stay
6. They _____ to Paris for shopping every year.
a) travels b) travel c) travelling
7. Salem _____ the Sadu House last Friday.
a) visited b) visit c) visiting
8. Trees _____ us food and fresh air.
a) give b) giving c) gives
9. I _____ fishing this morning.
a) went b) going c) has gone
10. Children _____ go to schools in the past.
a) don't b) didn't c) weren't

Unit 1



Choose the correct answer :

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



11. Ali always _____ up early. It is a good habit.
a) get b) getting c) gets
12. They have _____ Japan. It's a nice country.
a) visited b) visiting c) visit
13. The bag was heavy, but Sara _____ it.
a) carry b) carried c) carries
14. Hamad has _____ some photos at the beach.
a) taken b) take c) took
15. Last night, grandpa _____ us about his sea trips.
a) tell b) told c) has told
16. The ancient Greeks _____ on Failaka a long time ago.
a) live b) lived c) will live
17. Has Ali _____ a kite before?
a) fly b) flew c) flown
18. Have they ever _____ a tiger?
a) seen b) see c) saw
19. In the past, people _____ mud houses.
a) have b) has c) had
20. Ali _____ never eaten sushi.
a) have b) has c) is



Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الأولى

I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- Rich people like to live in villas or
 a) Greeks b) palaces
 c) spices d) guests
- 2- All Kuwaitis are ready to for their land.
 a) recite b) teach
 c) fight d) protect
- 3- We should show and love for poor people.
 a) battle b) temple
 c) palace d) care
- 4- Kushk Mubarak shows the power and of old Kuwait.
 a) pride b) spice
 c) guest d) battle

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

There are many kinds of birds. We can see them everywhere. Parrots are beautiful birds. Some are big, and others are very small. People like them because they have beautiful colours and they can talk. "They" like to keep them at home in cages. Parrots have got short beaks and long tails. They eat fruits and nuts. Some people say that parrots can talk because they are very "smart". Most parrots come from hot countries, but they can live anywhere.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

- 5- The best title for the passage is:
 a) Hot Countries b) Beautiful Colours
 c) Beautiful Birds d) Long Tails
- 6- The underlined word "smart" means:
 a) sad b) large c) happy d) clever
- 7- The underlined word "They" refers to:
 a) Parrots b) People c) Colours d) Beaks
- 8- The of the parrots are long and colourful.
 a) beaks b) countries c) birds d) tails

B) Answer the following questions:

- 9- Why do people like parrots?

-
- 10- Where can parrots live?

Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الأولى

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- Liverpool Football Team against Real Madrid last week.
a. play b. playing c. played
- 2- Adel has to Paris for holiday.
a. travelled b. travel c. travelling
- 3- Dad coffee every morning.
a. drink b. drinks c. drinking
- 4- We didn't science at school yesterday.
a. study b. studied c. studies

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "**Mutawa Halima**" with the help of the picture and guide words.

teacher - teach - small - reading - named - school

1- Who was Mutawa Halima?



3- What did she teach?

2- What did she do?

4- Where did she teach?

5- How was she honoured?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. Pet animals need much



2. You should at the door



before you enter.

Combine the following:

3- dark + ness = 4- happy + ness =

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الأولى



Vocabulary – Choose – (10 - 9)

1- guests	2- heritage	3- teaches	4- peace	5- touristic
6- education	7- courage	8- ruins	9- protect	10- battles
11- centre	12- taught	13- bravery	14- care	15- symbol
16- protect	17- heritage	18- centre	19- palace	20- honour
21- pride	22- fought	23- care	24- centre	25- spices
26- recites	27- honour	28- societies		

Reading Comprehension إجابة سؤال قطعة الاستيعاب

Passage: 1 – 14 ص				Passage : 2 – 15 ص			
1- c	2- b	3- a	4- d	1- c	2- c	3- b	4- b
5- They worked in a candy factory.				5- They are ten now.			
6- Because he helped people get jobs. He built a school for children who didn't have families. He built a centre to help sick people.				6- Mum decided to change their haircut, so they would look different.			



Writing - إجابة سؤال التعبير - ص 19 : 23

1	I went on a trip to the Red Palace. I went with my friends. We went there by car. It was built to protect Kuwait and its people. People visit it now to learn about the history of Kuwait.
2	In the past, education was simple. Students learned in a small room. Mutawa taught the students. They used boards for teaching. Students learned about the Quran.
3	Last holiday, I went to Failaka Island. I went there by boat. I went with my family. We saw old ruins there. I felt so excited.
4	Last week, I went to Souq Al-Mubarakiyah. I went with my family. I saw many shops there. I bought some spices. I felt proud and excited.
5	Mutawa Halima was a teacher in old Kuwait. She taught children. She taught them the Quran. She taught them in a small room in her house. A school in Kuwait was named after her to honour her.

Spelling - إجابة سؤال التهجئة - ص 24

1- palace	2- spices	3- care	4- knock	5- temples	6- recite	7- Greeks
-----------	-----------	---------	----------	------------	-----------	-----------

Grammar - إجابة التمرين الأول علي القواعد - ص 26

1- played	2- went	3- ate	4- bought	5- worked	6- carried
7- wrote	8- built	9- saw	10- arrived	11- lived	12- took
13- slept	14- stayed	15- studied	16- made	17- didn't	18- go
19- have	20- didn't	21- play	22- find	23- was	24- were

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الأولى



إجابة التمرين الثاني على القواعد - ص 27 - Grammar

1- travels	2- listen	3- play	4- use	5- comes	6- I live in Salmiya.
7- Sam studies science in London.	8- Tom helps Mum at home.	9- They cook very well.	10- watches		
11- flies	12- gets up	13- rides	14- washes	15- listens	16- plays
17- reads					
18- drinks	19- eat	20- buy	21- travel	22- makes	23- have
24- don't					
25- doesn't	26- doesn't	27- don't	28- doesn't	29- doesn't	30- don't
31- sell					

إجابة التمرين الثالث على القواعد - ص 28 - Grammar

1- have	2- has	3- have	4- has	5- have	6- watched	7- eaten	8- played
9- washed	10- drawn	11- written	12- carried	13- read	14- ever	15- never	16- ever
17- ever	18- never	19- found	20- seen	21- Has	22- been	23- arrived	

إجابة سؤال القواعد - ص 29 - 30 - Grammar - (Choose)

1- helps	2- visited	3- been	4- built	5- stay
6- travel	7- visited	8- give	9- went	10- didn't
11- gets	12- visited	13- carried	14- taken	15- told
16- lived	17- flown	18- seen	19- had	20- has



إجابة الاختبار على الوحدة الأولى - ص 31 - 32 - Quiz

Reading	Vocabulary	1. palaces	2. fight	3. care	4. pride
		5. c	6. d	7. b	8. d
	R. Compr	9. Because they have pretty colours and they can talk.			
		10. They can live everywhere.			
Writing	Grammar	1. played	2. travelled	3. drinks	4. study
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة - 33			
	Spelling	1. care	2. knock	3. darkness	4. happiness



صَفْوَةُ مَعْلَمِ الْكُوَيْتِ

Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
necklace	(n.)	Yesterday, we bought Mum a nice necklace .	عُقْد / قلادة
something	(pron.)	Ali is hungry. He needs something to eat.	شيء ما
thoub	(n.)	Haya bought a new thoub from Souq Al-Mubarakiyah.	ثوب
everything	(pron.)	Everything in this shop is made in China.	كل شيء
anything	(pron.)	The room was dark; I couldn't see anything .	أي شيء
busy	(adj.)	We were late for school because the streets were busy . We couldn't meet Mr Ali because he was busy .	مزدحم مشغول
market	(n.)	We buy everything we need from this market .	سوق
weaving	(n.)	Women worked in weaving in old Kuwait.	نسيج (الملابس)
artist	(n.)	Omar likes painting. He wants to be an artist .	رسام / فنان
share	(v.)	People share photos and videos on Instagram.	يشارك / يتشارك
information	(n.)	This book gives a lot of information about Kuwait.	معلومات
train	(v.)	Our team is training hard to win the next match.	يتدرب / يُدرب
library	(n.)	We read books at the school library .	مكتبة

Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
sure	(adj.)	I'm sure Ali will win the tennis match.	متأكد
mud	(n.)	The houses in old Kuwait were made of mud .	طين
Al-Katateeb	(n.)	In the past, children learned at Al-Katateeb .	الكتاتيب
bright	(adj.)	The bright student finished the exam quickly. I like bright colours such as red and yellow.	ذكي لامع
plan	(v.)	We are planning to spend the weekend with Grandma.	يخطط
activity	(n.)	The boys did nice activities on the summer holiday.	نشاط
village	(n.)	Some people move from the city to live in a village .	قرية
remember	(v.)	People keep photos to remember the past.	يتذكر
knock	(v.)	Listen! Someone is knocking on the door.	يطرق (الباب)
knit	(v.)	In the past, people used to knit their clothes.	يحيك (يخيط)
joyfully	(adv.)	The children played joyfully at the park.	بسرور
happily	(adv.)	Haya's friends sang happily at her birthday party.	بسعادة

Mind map

1

تساعد الخريطة الذهنية على تذكر الأفكار الرئيسية
وأسئلة الكتاب كما تساعد في كتابة موضوع التعبير



Al-Sadu House

بيت السدو

Facts

حقائق

- When: built in 1936 & opened in 2006
- Where: on the Arabian Gulf St.
- Why: teach about weaving

What artists do

أعمال الفنانين

- share information with people and tourists
- talk about weaving traditions
- work with schools and groups everywhere
- train teachers to teach weaving

Goal

الهدف

- has a museum showing how people worked hard in the past
- saves Kuwait's weaving heritage

Mind map



2



A tour to nice places in Kuwait

جولة إلى أماكن جميلة في الكويت

Stop 1 The Avenues Mall

- shopping
- eat traditional Kuwaiti food



Sheikh Jaber Al-Ahmed Cultural Centre

Stop 2 JACC

- enjoy music, movies, fun activities
- learn new things



Stop 3 Alblajat Beach

- watch the sunset
- do sea sports



Stop 4 Youm Al-Bahhar Village

- see mud houses and old shops
- remember old Kuwait

Mind map



3



The Green Island

الجزيرة الخضراء

Facts

حقائق

- What: man-made island
- When: built in 1985, opened in 1988
- Where: in Kuwait City

What you can see there

ماذا يمكن أن تری هناك

- parks and picnic areas
- view of Kuwait Towers





Ask Answer

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير



1. What is Sadu?

It is an old weaving art.

2. What is Sadu House ?

It is a place that teaches about Kuwait's weaving art.



3. What can you do at the Avenues Mall?

- a. We can go shop there.
- b. We can eat traditional Kuwaiti food there.



4. What is the Green Island?

It is a man-made island in Kuwait City with parks and picnic areas.

5. How can you enjoy your time at Youm Al-Bahhar Village?

- a. I can enjoy walking on the beach.
- b. I can visit mud houses and old shops there.

6. What is Sheikh Abdallah Al-Salem Cultural Centre?

It is a new museum on the Arabian Gulf Street.

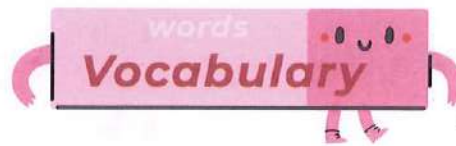
7. How is Sheikh Abdallah Al-Salem Cultural Centre a lovely place?

It has 4 museums:

- a. The Space Museum
- b. The Science Museum
- c. The Natural History Museum
- d. The Arabic Islamic Science Museum



Unit 2



Choose the right answer :

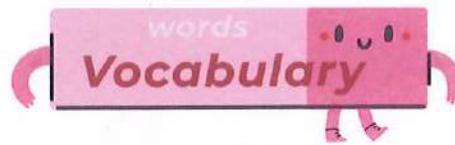


1. Grandpa learned the Quran at
a) Al-Katateeb b) information
2. We're to travel to Dubai soon.
a) knocking b) planning
3. Mum asked Ali to his toys with Sami.
a) share b) knock
4. His hand is dirty. He has played with
a) Al-Katateeb b) mud
5. We enjoy doing sports at school.
a) necklaces b) activities
6. We planned special for the birthday.
a) something b) anything
7. I'm with homework now.
a) bright b) busy
8. Do you your friend's phone number?
a) train b) remember
9. Please, tell me ... you know about this car.
a) everything b) thoub
10. A car hit Ali and he couldn't anything.
a) remeber b) train
11. A Kuwaiti painted this picture.
a) necklace b) artist
12. The sun is very today.
a) bright b) busy
13. This horse is fast. I'm ... it will win.
a) busy b) sure

14. This fisherman lives in a ... near the sea.
a) village b) thoub
15. Did you hear someone on the door?
a) knock b) remember
16. There are a lot of shops in this
a) necklace b) market
17. Dad bought a nice for Mum.
a) artist b) necklace
18. The shops are in the city centre today.
a) sure b) busy

19. We go to the to read books.
a) library b) market
20. Ali hard for the swimming race.
a) trains b) shares
21. Sara got a new for Eid.
a) mud b) thoub
22. Don't talk to Tom. He is so now.
a) bright b) busy
23. She learned at Bayt Al-Sadu.
a) weaving b) mud
24. We get useful from books.
a) village b) information
25. I don't have to do today.
a) everything b) anything
26. Grandma can sweaters so fast.
a) knit b) knock

Unit 2



Choose the right answer :



اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



1. She wears a pearl _____ around her neck.
a) necklace b) village c) library d) artist
 2. Ali and his friends went to the _____ to read books.
a) information b) weaving c) library d) thoub
 3. In old Kuwait, people used to build houses from _____.
a) artist b) mud c) activity d) necklace
 4. She wants to be a/an _____ when she grows up.
a) artist b) library c) necklace d) mud
 5. We go to the _____ to buy fruits and vegetables.
a) weaving b) artist c) mud d) market
 6. Dogs are clever animals. It's easy to _____ them.
a) plan b) remember c) train d) knit
-
7. Our class has a fun _____ today; we are making paper boats.
a) activity b) thoub c) necklace d) artist
 8. Can you _____ your plans about the project with us?
a) train b) share c) knock d) fight
 9. The teacher gave us some _____ about the trip.
a) mud b) weaving c) information d) peace
 10. Salma is a _____ girl who gets full marks in her exams.
a) sure b) bright c) touristic d) historical
 11. Grandma lives in a small _____.
a) artist b) necklace c) thoub d) village
 12. Travellers should _____ carefully before travelling.
a) knock b) plan c) knit d) remember

Unit 2

words Vocabulary

Choose the right answer :



اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



13. Huda is always _____ helping Mum at home.
a) busy b) bright c) touristic d) historical
 14. Children must _____ on the door before entering.
a) knit b) share c) remember d) knock
 15. Let's go home now. We've already bought _____ we need.
a) something b) everything c) anything
 16. The old woman is _____ a hat for her grandson.
a) knitting b) knocking c) planning d) remembering
 17. We need to _____ for our trip to the beach next week.
a) remember b) plan c) share d) knit
 18. In the past, children went to _____ to learn.
a) thoubes b) mud c) Al-Katateeb d) markets
-
19. I'm _____ that I locked the door before going out.
a) sure b) bright c) busy d) ancient
 20. The sports _____ in the park were fun for the kids.
a) activities b) villages c) libraries d) thoubes
 21. I use a mobile app to _____ important dates.
a) train b) fight c) knock d) remember
 22. The man at the _____ desk was helpful.
a) information b) Al-Katateeb c) weaving d) necklace
 23. We _____ nice times with our friends.
a) train b) knock c) share d) knit
 24. You can learn the art of _____ at the Sadu House.
a) Al-Katateeb b) weaving c) activity d) village
 25. She bought a white _____ for the party.
a) village b) market c) activity d) thoub

Good!

Job!

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

1

Red pandas are rare animals that live in the mountains of Nepal and China. They are as big as a house cat but with a longer and heavier body. The red panda has reddish-brown fur, a long tail, and its front legs are shorter than the back ones. Red pandas have large round heads. They use their big tails to get warm in the cold mountains. They also help them to climb trees easily.

Red pandas have excellent eyesight, hearing, and sense of smell. These senses help them search for food during night because during the day they usually rest. Red pandas chew about four pounds of bamboo leaves daily. Sometimes, they eat eggs, insects and birds. Red pandas are not bears. They are raccoons. Other names for red panda are lesser panda, Himalayan raccoon, and fire fox.



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1- What is the best title of the text?

- a- The Bamboo Leaves b- The Sense of Smell
c- The Giant Bear d- The Red Panda

2- The underlined word "chew" means:

- a- rest b- study c- eat d- meet

3- The underlined word "They" refers to: The

- a- tails b- trees c- mountains d- red pandas

4- The writer wrote this passage to tell us information about:

- a- some bears. b- rare animals.
c- the mountains of Nepal d- insects and birds.

B Answer the following questions:

5- Where do red pandas live?

.....

6- Why is a red panda heavier than a house cat?

.....

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

2

Rola Hoteit is a Lebanese woman. She is the first female pilot in the Middle East Airlines. She was a student at the American University in Beirut. She studied Mathematics there. One day, she and her friends read in a newspaper about an airline calling for males and females to apply to become pilots. One of her friends laughed. He said, "Women can hardly drive a car, how come they fly a plane!". Rola was angry. She and her friend entered the exam. She passed it but her friend didn't. She entered another exam with 2000 students. Only 9 passed it and Rola Hoteit was one of them. Rola was 18 when she travelled to Scotland to train there. Now, she is 40 years old. She has become a pilot on the Middle East Airlines. Rola Hoteit likes her job very much. She enjoys travelling around the world.



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1- What is the best title of the text?

a- The American University

b- A Clever English Teacher

c- A Clever Female Pilot

d- The Angry Friend

2- The underlined word "train" means:

a- study

b- suggest

c- respect

d- laugh

3- The underlined word "it" refers to the:

a- car

b- exam

c- newspaper

d- plane

4- Rola Hoteit is from:

a- Kuwait

b- Bahrain

c- Syria

d- Lebanon

B Answer the following questions:

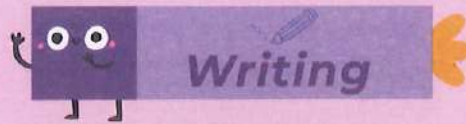
5- What did Rola study at university?

.....

6- Why does Rola like her job?

.....

Unit 2

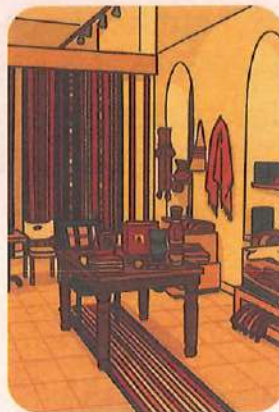


1

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Al- Sadu House". The following guide words may help you:

Arabian Gulf Street - bus - teacher - museum - weaving - traditions

1- Where is Al-Sadu House?



2- How did you go there?

3- Who did you go with?

4- What did you see there?

5- What did you learn?

Title : _____

صِفْوَةٌ مَعَالِكِيَّةٌ



2

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Old and New Schools". The following guide words may help you:

Al-Katateeb - read - Quran - modern - schools - computer science

1- Where did children learn in the past?



2- What did they learn?

3- Where do children learn nowadays?

4- What do children learn in schools now?

5- What is your favourite subject?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَالِمَ الْكُوَيْتِ

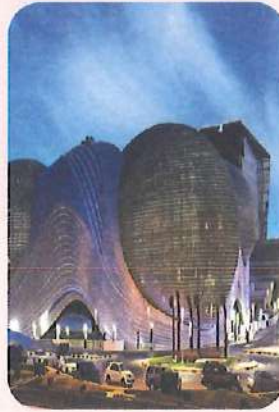


3

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "The Avenues Mall". The following guide words may help you:

shopping - next week - car - mother - clothes - iPad

1- Where are you going to go?



2- When are you going to go?

3- How are you going to go?

4- Who are you going with?

5- What are you going to buy?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ: مَعَالِكِي



4

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Yum Al-Bahhar Village". The following guide words may help you:

visit - family - playground - old - boats - fun

1- What did you do last Friday?



2- Who did you go with?

3- What did you see there?

4- What was your favourite part in the village?

5- How was your day there?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَ الْكَلِمَاتِ

Unit 2



اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



Write the missing words with the help of the pictures:

1

We bought Mum a nice
on Mother's Day.



2

Al-Sadu House teaches people
the art of



3

I like to photos and videos with
my friends on Instagram.



4

On Wednesday, we visit our school
to read books.



5

In old Kuwait, houses were made of



6

Uncle Saad is a farmer and he lives
in a small



7

Mum likes to
for us.



wool clothes

Unit 2



Combine



أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة ولاحظ التغيير



لاحظ إضافة النهاية **ly** للكلمة.

quiet + ly =	quiet ly	careful + ly =	careful ly
---------------------	-----------------	-----------------------	-------------------

لاحظ الحالات الخاصة عند إضافة **ly**

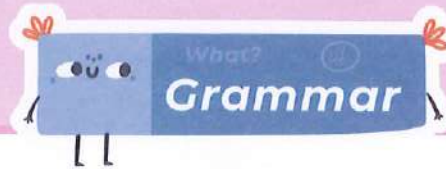
gentle + ly =	gent ly	easy + ly =	easy ly
----------------------	----------------	--------------------	----------------

Combine the following:

أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة



joyful + ly =	.....
safe + ly =	.....
simple + ly =	.....
wonderful + ly =	.....
amazing + ly =	.....
special + ly =	.....
excited + ly =	.....
happy + ly =	.....



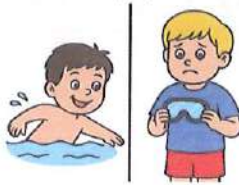
and | but

and تعني (و) وتستخدم في التوافق.



Mum cooked dinner **and** washed the dishes.

but تعني (لكن) وتستخدم في التناقض.



I can swim, **but** I can't dive.

Choose the correct answer:

1. He was ill, (but - and) he went to work.
2. Mary likes cats (and - but) dogs.
3. She held the pen (but - and) did her homework.
4. They were hungry, (but - and) they didn't eat.
5. The test was hard, (and - but) I answered it.
6. We played well, (but - and) we didn't win.
7. The film was nice, (or - but) we left early.

Fill in using: (but / and)

8. The bag was heavy, Ali carried it.
9. My name is Jim, I'm your new teacher.
10. It was cold, they went diving.
11. He wasn't hungry, he ate all the cake.
12. He studied hard passed the test.
13. Salma likes reading drawing.
14. The glass fell down, it didn't break.

something | anything

تستخدم **something** في حالة الإثبات

I want **something** to eat.

تستخدم **anything** في حالة السؤال

Did you buy **anything** from the market?

تستخدم **anything** أيضا في حالة النفي

I don't want **anything** to eat.

Choose the correct answer:

- 15- Ouch! I have (something - anything) in my eye.
- 16- I'm bored. I don't have (something - anything) to do.
- 17- This car has (anything - something) wrong. It's noisy.
- 18- Is there (anything - something) amusing on TV?
- 19- Adel showed us (something - anything) interesting.
- 20- He was silent. He didn't say (something - anything).
- 21- There is (anything - something) moving in this box.
- 22- He is weak. He can't do (something - anything).
- 23- Don't touch or break (something - anything) here.

Fill in using: (something / anything)

24. We would like to buy for my dad.
25. I gave Mai beautiful for her birthday.
26. He said , but I didn't understand him.
27. This bag is empty. There isn't in it.
28. Stop! There's moving on your head.
29. You still haven't told me
30. I have in my hand. Guess what it is.
31. That man is poor. He can't give you
32. I'm full. I don't want to eat.



2

Prepositions of place

أحرف الجر الدالة على المكان

				
next to	behind	near	in front of	on
بجانب	خلف	بالقرب من	أمام	في / على

Choose the correct answer:

1. The man is the tree.

- a) on
b) behind
c) in front of



2. The ball is the box.

- a) in front of
b) next to
c) behind



3. The dog is the box.

- a) next to
b) behind
c) under



4. The hat is the chair.

- a) next to
b) behind
c) on



5. My house is Qatar Street.

- a) behind
b) on
c) under



6. The bird is the box.

- a) next to
b) behind
c) in front of



7. The pen is the book.

- a) next
b) near
c) in



8. The bird is the box.

- a) between
b) behind
c) in front of



17. He cooks

- a) bad
b) badly
c) badness



18. Omar drives

- a) care
b) careful
c) carefully



19. They are playing

- a) happy
b) happiness
c) happily



20. She's talking so ...

- a) angrily
b) anger
c) angry



Adverbs

❖ يأتي الظرف بعد الفعل ليصف طريقة القيام بالفعل.

❖ يمكن تكوين الظرف بإضافة **ly** للصفة.She is **slow**. She walks **slowly**.

Choose the correct answer:

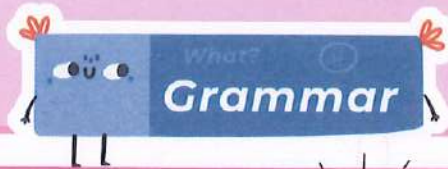
Choose the correct answer:

9. There is a cinema (next - in front of) the park.
10. My bedroom is (in front - next) to the bathroom.
11. The garage is (behind - next) the villa.
12. The café is (next to - in front) the bookshop.
13. There's a park (next - in front) of our school.
14. Sami usually sits (next - near) the window.
15. My friend lives (on - next) Bahrain Street.
16. Sitting (next - in front of) TV for a long time is bad.

Choose the correct answer:

21. A turtle moves very (slow - slowly).
22. The kids are running (joyful - joyfully).
23. She plays the piano (wonderfully - wonderful).
24. Look! It is raining (heavy - heavily).
25. I can (easily - easy) answer this question.
26. The boys sat (quiet - quietly) in the library.
27. We listen (careful - carefully) to our teachers.
28. My uncle can speak English (fluently - fluent).

Unit 2



3

going to

شاهد الشرح



للتعبير عن أشياء نفوي القيام بها نستخدم **going to** وتعني سوف.
I'm **going to** study tonight.



كلمات تدل على المستقبل
tomorrow - soon - next - tonight



أ- نستخدم الفعل في الشكل الأول بعد **going to**.

I	am			
He				tonight.
She	is			
It		going to	arrive	tomorrow.
We				
You	are			next (week).
They				

ضع الفعل في المستقبل القريب:

I sleep

We leave

ب- في حالة النفي نضع **not** بعد am / is / are

Dad **is not** going to travel tomorrow.

Fill in the spaces using: (am / is / are)

- I _____ going to watch a new film tonight.
- Nasser _____ going to win the running race.
- Tomorrow, we _____ going to tidy our rooms.
- The ship _____ going to arrive next Friday.
- You _____ going to go to the park tomorrow.
- Tonight, Sara _____ going to send the e-mails.

Verbs: Fill in using the correct verb:

- | | |
|-------|--|
| eat | 7. I'm going to _____ tennis tomorrow. |
| visit | 8. We are going to _____ to the gym tonight. |
| play | 9. Tomorrow, we are going to _____ fish. |
| bake | 10. Dad is going to _____ a car next week. |
| buy | 11. Tonight, Mum is going to _____ a cake. |
| go | 12. Next week, I'm going to _____ grandma. |
| sleep | 13. Ali is going to _____ early tonight. |

Choose the correct answer:

- Tomorrow, I'm (go - going to) meet Sami.
- We (are going - going) to finish work early.
- Ali is going to (playing - play) the next match.
- They (are going - are going to) rest here.
- Tonight, we are (going - going to) do shopping.
- The bus is (going - going to) leave.
- Mai (are going - is going) to buy a new scarf.
- Oh! It's going to (rain - rained).



The past simple tense الماضي البسيط

يستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن شيء حدث في الماضي

I **played** a match **yesterday**.

Last week, we **went** shopping.



كلمات تدل على الماضي البسيط
Yesterday - in the past - this morning - ago
last (week - Friday - year ...) - in (1919)

يمكن مراجعة الماضي البسيط ص ٢٦

Choose the correct answer:

- We (visited - visit) grandma two days ago.
- Sara (is - was) born in 2010.
- Yesterday, Dad (take - took) us to the gym.
- Last week, we (had - have) a bike race.
- Dad (fly - flew) to Dubai last night.
- I left work, but I (don't - didn't) go home.
- My friend (felt - feel) ill last week.
- He got up, but he didn't (has - have) breakfast.
- In the past, people (worked - work) hard.

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. Yesterday, we visited Al-Shaheed Park _____ had fun there.
a) and b) but c) or
 2. We are _____ to Turkey next week.
a) will travel b) travel c) going to travel
 3. Stop here! I want to buy _____ from this store.
a) something b) nothing c) anything
 4. The boys ran fast, _____ they missed the bus.
a) and b) so c) but
 5. Al-Sadu House is _____ the Arabian Gulf Street.
a) on b) next c) in
-
6. Did Sara buy _____ from the market?
a) something b) anything c) nothing
 7. The girl speaks _____ because she is shy.
a) quiet b) quietness c) quietly
 8. Don't stand _____ the television. I can't see.
a) next b) in front of c) behind
 9. The boys are playing _____ in the garden now.
a) happily b) happiness c) happy
 10. He is going to _____ his grandma at the weekend.
a) visited b) visiting c) visit



Unit 2



Choose the correct answer :

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



11. My laptop isn't working. There's _____ wrong with it.
a) something b) anything c) everything
12. Our villa has a garden, _____ it doesn't have a swimming pool.
a) or b) but c) and
13. I go to school on foot as it is _____ my house.
a) next b) near c) in front
14. Messi is a clever footballer, _____ people like watching his matches.
a) and b) but c) or
15. It's too dark here. I can't see _____.
a) something b) nothing c) anything
16. You look tired. You need to rest _____ get some sleep.
a) because b) and c) but
17. We're playing a game. I'm hiding _____ the door!
a) in front b) behind c) between
18. The girl didn't write _____ in her new book.
a) something b) nothing c) anything
19. Dad usually parks his car _____ our house.
a) in front b) next c) near
20. Ali plays the piano _____. He is clever.
a) wonderful b) wonderfully c) wonder



Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الثانية

I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The school is a good place to build reading habits.

- a) thoub
- b) necklace
- c) library
- d) mud

2- I my breakfast with my classmate today.

- a) trained
- b) shared
- c) knocked
- d) knitted

3- My sister likes wearing colourful clothes.

- a) busy
- b) bright
- c) sure
- d) touristic

4- They live in a small by the sea.

- a) necklace
- b) artist
- c) village
- d) activity

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Have you ever built a snowman? I'm Tom, and I love building snowmen. I get so excited when the snow starts. I wait until the place is full of snow, and then I run outside to make a big snowman. The first thing I do is make a big snowball from the bottom of the snowman. Next, I make another snowball. "It" is smaller than the bottom one. My brother usually helps me do the second snowball. The last snowball that I made is the smallest. I give my snowman a face, arms, ears and a scarf. He looks very "pretty".

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

5- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Body Parts
- b) A Big Ball
- c) Playing With Snow
- d) A Cold Winter

6- The underlined word "pretty" means:

- a) old
- b) fast
- c) busy
- d) beautiful

7- The underlined word "It" refers to:

- a) Snowball
- b) Snowman
- c) Snow
- d) Snowwoman

8- Tom's brother helps him do the snowball.

- a) first
- b) second
- c) third
- d) fourth

B) Answer the following questions:

9- When does Tom make a snowman?

.....

10- What does Tom's snowman look like?

.....

Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الثانية

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- We to a new house next week.
a. moved b. moving c. are going to move
- 2- They went shopping bought new clothes.
a. and b. but c. or
- 3- I'm not hungry. I will not eat
a. something b. anything c. nothing
- 4- Mona sits to her best friend in the class.
a. in front b. next c. behind

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "Al-Sadu House" with the help of the picture and guide words.

Arabian Gulf Street - bus - teacher - museum - weaving - traditions



1- Where is Al-Sadu House?

3- Who did you go with?

2- How did you go there?

4- What did you see there?

5- What did you learn?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:



1. Al-Sadu House teaches people the art of



2. We bought Mum a nice on Mother's Day.

Combine the following:

3- amazing + ly = 4- simple + ly =

مراجعة على الوجدتين ١ + ٢



- قائمة مفردات الوجدتين
- تدريبات على أسئلة المفردات
- تدريبات على أسئلة القواعد



Unit: 1					
الكلمة	المعني	الكلمة	المعني	الكلمة	المعني
peace	السلام	society	مجتمع	Greek	يوناني
battle	معركة	historical	تاريخي	heritage	تراث
fight	يقاقل / يتعارك	guest	ضيف	touristic	سياحي
fought	قاتل / تعارك	care	رعاية / عناية	education	تعليم
protect	يحمي	courage	شجاعة	recite	يتلو/ يقرأ
protected	حمى	palace	قصر	teach	يُعلم / يُدرّس
pride	فخر	bravery	شجاعة	taught	عَلَّمَ / دَرَّسَ
symbol	رمز	ancient	قديم	honour	يُكرم / يحترم
centre	مركز / وسط	ruins	أطلال (بقايا مباني)		
spice	توابل	temple	معبد		
Unit: 2					
necklace	عُقْد / قلادة	share	يشارك/ يتشارك	activity	نشاط
something	شيئ ما	information	معلومات	village	قرية
thoub	ثوب	train	يتدرب/ يُدرب	remember	يتذكر
everything	كل شيء	library	مكتبة	knock	يطرق (الباب)
anything	أي شيء	sure	متأكد	knit	يحيك (يخيط)
busy	مزدحم/ مشغول	mud	طين	joyfully	بسُرور
market	سوق	Al-Katateeb	الكتاتيب	happily	بسعادة
weaving	نسيج (الملابس)	bright	ذكي / لامع		
artist	رسام / فنان	plan	يخطط		

Choose the correct answer :

تدريبات على المفردات



1. We are proud of Kuwait's rich _____.
a) spice b) Greek c) heritage d) symbol
2. People must stop fighting and live in _____.
a) heritage b) peace c) education d) pride
3. Good _____ helps children learn and grow.
a) education b) symbol c) palace d) spice
4. You need a lot of _____ to go diving.
a) heritage b) courage c) pride d) peace
5. We must _____ animals and birds.
a) plan b) recite c) fight d) protect
6. We learned about the _____ that happened in old Kuwait.
a) battles b) palaces c) guests d) temples
7. The Olympic Games are a _____ of peace and friendship.
a) society b) temple c) symbol d) spice
8. These guards _____ the museum at night.
a) recite b) protect c) teach d) fight
9. We should take _____ of our old parents.
a) care b) heritage c) peace d) education
10. Good people help their _____.
a) spices b) ruins c) battles d) societies
11. Ali and his friends went to the _____ to read books.
a) information b) weaving c) library d) thoub
12. In old Kuwait, people used to build houses from _____.
a) artist b) mud c) activity d) necklace
13. She wants to be a/an _____ when she grows up.
a) artist b) library c) necklace d) mud
14. Dogs are clever animals. It's easy to _____ them.
a) plan b) remember c) train d) knit
15. Can you _____ your plans about the project with us?
a) train b) share c) knock d) fight
16. Salma is a _____ girl who gets full marks in her exams.
a) sure b) bright c) touristic d) historical
17. Travellers should _____ carefully before travelling.
a) knock b) knit c) plan d) remember
18. Let's go home now. We've already bought _____ we need.
a) something b) everything c) anything
19. In the past, children went to _____ to learn.
a) thoub b) mud c) Al-Katateeb d) markets
20. The _____ in the park were fun for the kids.
a) activities b) villages c) libraries d) thoub



- 
- A pink oval sticker with the words "WELL DONE" in bold, yellow, capital letters.



I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- In the past, Kuwait was a for selling and buying pearls.

- a) necklace
- b) centre
- c) thoub
- d) guest

2- I always the day when I first met my best friend.

- a) train
- b) teach
- c) fight
- d) remember

3- We didn't go out last weekend because Dad was

- a) busy
- b) touristic
- c) historical
- d) ancient

4- The internet helps people to get fast.

- a) mud
- b) weaving
- c) information
- d) care

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Coffee is a very famous drink all over the world. It can be made in different ways. Brazil is famous for producing coffee. "It" exports coffee to Arabia and other countries. A lot of people like to drink black coffee. They usually drink it in the morning or when they visit their friends. People in Kuwait enjoy drinking coffee a lot. They like the Arabian yellow coffee. They usually "have" it with dates. Doctors say that a lot of coffee is not good for health.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

5- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Health
- b) Coffee
- c) Arabian Coffee
- d) The World

6- The underlined verb "have" means to:

- a) eat
- b) drink
- c) own
- d) spend

7- The underlined word "It" refers to:

- a) Coffee
- b) Kuwait
- c) Brazil
- d) Arabia

8- A lot of coffee is for our health.

- a) good
- b) useful
- c) famous
- d) bad

B) Answer the following questions:

9- When do people drink black coffee?

.....

10- Which type of coffee do Kuwaitis like to drink?

.....

.....

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- They this factory in 1995.
a. open b. opening c. opened
- 2- The room was dark, so I couldn't see there.
a. something b. anything c. nothing
- 3- My sister has just us a delicious pizza.
a. made b. make c. making
- 4- The team played well, they didn't win the match.
a. so b. but c. and

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "A holiday on Failaka Island" with the help of the picture and guide words.

last holiday - go - boat - family - ruins - excited

Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph about "A holiday on Failaka Island". The following guide words may help you:

last holiday - go - boat - family - ruins - excited

1- Where did you go?



2- How did you go there?

3- Who did you go with?

4- What did you see there?

5- How did you feel?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:



1. On Friday, we the Quran and pray in the mosque.

2. Uncle Saad is a farmer and he lives in a small



Combine the following:

3- kind + ness = 4- happy + ly =



I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Grandma bought Huda a nice last week.

- a. artist
- b. village
- c. symbol
- d. necklace

2- We should the Earth and save water.

- a. recite
- b. protect
- c. knit
- d. teach

3- Tom is a clever mechanic. I'm he can fix your car.

- a. sure
- b. touristic
- c. historical
- d. busy

4- We did nice sports in the summer club.

- a. guests
- b. activities
- c. temples
- d. palaces

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Cats are one of the most famous pets in the world. A cat can see six times better than you at night. In hot countries, cats sleep up to 18 hours a day. A cat can be a **skillful** swimmer. An adult cat has 30 teeth. Kittens have 26 teeth. **They** are called "milk teeth". Cats can make more than 100 different sounds. Adult cats only meow to talk to humans. The oldest cat in the world lived to be 34 years old. Cats usually eat salmon, tuna and chicken. They cannot taste sweetness.

Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

- 5- The best title for the passage is :
a) Nice Pets b) Old Cats
c) Cats' Food d) Cats' Language
- 6- The underlined "**skillful**" in line (3) means:
a) kind b) busy c) bad d) good
- 7- The underlined pronoun "**They**" refers to :
a) Hours b) Countries c) Teeth d) Times
- 8- The number of teeth an adult cat has is:
a) 34 b) 30 c) 26 d) 18

B) Answer the following questions:

- 9- Why don't cats eat chocolate or sweets?
.....
- 10- How many hours do cats sleep in hot countries?
.....

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- Our parents us to the park on Fridays.
a. take b. taking c. takes
- What a lovely surprise! Dad has just me a bike.
a. buy b. bought c. buying
- Yum Al-Bahhar Village is the Arabian Gulf Street.
a. in front b. next c. on
- Look! The boys are playing on the beach.
a. happily b. happy c. happiness

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "Old and New Schools" with the help of the picture and guide words.

Al-Kataateb - read - Quran - modern - schools - computer science

Al-Kataateb - read - Quran - modern - schools - computer science



1- Where did children learn in the past?

3- Where do children learn nowadays?

2- What did they learn?

4- What do children learn in schools now?

5- What is your favourite subject?

Title :

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. I like to photos and videos with my friends on Instagram.



2. We visited Failaka Island and saw ancient and ruins.



Combine the following: Combine the following:

3- joyful + ly = 4- fit + ness =

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثانية



إجابة سؤال المفردات - ص (42 - 43) Vocabulary - Choose -

1- necklace	2- library	3- mud	4- artist	5- market
6- train	7- activity	8- share	9- information	10- bright
11- village	12- plan	13- busy	14- knock	15- everything
16- knitting	17- plan	18- Al-Katateeb	19- sure	20- activities
21- remember	22- information	23- share	24- weaving	25- thoub

إجابة سؤال قطعة الاستيعاب Reading Comprehension

Passage: 1 - 44 ص				Passage : 2 - 45 ص			
1- d	2- c	3- a	4- b	1- c	2- a	3- b	4- d
5- They live in the mountains of Nepal and China.				5- She studied mathematics at university.			
6- Because they eat a lot of bamboo leaves daily.				6- She likes travelling around the world.			

إجابة سؤال التعبير - ص 46 : 49 Writing -

1	Al-Sadu House is on The Arabian Gulf Street. I went there by bus. I went with my teacher. I saw a museum there. I learned about Kuwait's weaving traditions.
2	Children learned at Al-Katateeb in the past. They learned how to read the Quran. Children learn in modern schools nowadays. Children learn many subjects now. Computer science is my favourite subject.
3	I'm going to go to the Avenues Mall for shopping. I'm going to go there next week. I'm going to go by car. I'm going to go with my mother. I'm going to buy an iPad and some clothes.
4	Last Friday, I visited Youm Al-Bahhar Village. I went with my family. I saw a playground and old houses there. My favourite part in the village was the boats. I had a fun day there.

إجابة سؤال التهجئة - ص 50 Spelling -

1- necklace	2- weaving	3- share	4- library	5- mud	6- village	7- knit
-------------	------------	----------	------------	--------	------------	---------

إجابة التمرين الأول على القواعد - ص 52 Grammar -

1- but	2- and	3- and	4- but	5- but	6- but
7- but	8- but	9- and	10- but	11- but	12- and
13- and	14- but	15- something	16- anything	17- something	18- anything
19- something	20- anything	21- something	22- anything	23- anything	24- something
25- something	26- something	27- anything	28- something	29- anything	30- something
31- anything	32- anything				

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثانية



إجابة التمرين الثاني علي القواعد - ص 53 - Grammar

1- behind	2- in front of	3- next to	4- on	5- on	6- in front of	7- near
8- behind	9- in front of	10- next	11- behind	12- next to	13- in front	14- near
15- on	16- in front of	17- badly	18- carefully	19- happily	20- angrily	21- slowly
22- joyfully	23- wonderfully	24- heavily	25- easily	26- quietly	27- carefully	28- fluently

إجابة التمرين الثالث علي القواعد - ص 54 - Grammar

1- am	2- is	3- are	4- is	5- are	6- is	7- play
8- go	9- eat	10- buy	11- bake	12- visit	13- sleep	14- going to
15- are going	16- play	17- are going to	18- going to	19- going to	20- is going	21- rain
22- visited	23- was	24- took	25- had	26- flew	27- didn't	28- felt
29- have	30- worked					

إجابة سؤال القواعد - ص 55 - 56 - Grammar - (Choose)

1- and	2- going to travel	3- something	4- but	5- on
6- anything	7- quietly	8- in front of	9- happily	10- visit
11- something	12- but	13- near	14- and	15- anything
16- and	17- behind	18- anything	19- near	20- wonderfully

إجابة الإختبار على الوحدة الثانية - ص 57 - 58 - Quiz

Reading	Vocabulary	1. library	2. shared	3. bright	4. village
		5. c	6. d	7. a	8. b
	R. Compr	9. He makes it in winter when the snow starts.			
		10. It looks big and pretty.			
Writing	Grammar	1. are going to move	2. and	3. anything	4. next
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 66			
	Spelling	1. weaving	2. necklace	3. amazingly	4. simply



إجابة أسئلة المراجعة على الوحدات 1 + 2



إجابة مراجعات المفردات و القواعد على الوحدات 1 & 2

إجابة سؤال مراجعة مفردات الوحدات 1-2 - ص 60 Vocabulary Revision				
1- heritage	2- peace	3- education	4- courage	5- protect
6- battles	7- symbol	8- protect	9- care	10- societies
11- library	12- mud	13- artist	14- train	15- share
16- bright	17- plan	18- everything	19- Al-Katateeb	20- activities

إجابة سؤال مراجعة قواعد الوحدات 1-2 - ص 61 Grammar Revision				
1- been	2- built	3- stay	4- travel	5- visited
6- didn't	7- gets	8- taken	9- had	10- has
11- going to travel	12- something	13- on	14- anything	15- quietly
16- in front of	17- visit	18- but	19- and	20- behind

إجابة نموذجي الإختبار علي الوحدات 1 & 2

إجابة نموذج الإختبار الأول - ص 62 - 63

Reading	Vocabulary	1. centre	2. remember	3. busy	4. information
		5. b	6. b	7. c	8. d
	R. Compr	9. They usually drink it in the morning or when they visit their friends. 10. They like the Arabian yellow coffee.			
Writing	Grammar	1. opened	2. anything	3. made	4. but
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 66			
	Spelling	1. recite	2. village	3. kindness	4. happily

إجابة نموذج الإختبار الثاني - ص 64 - 65

Reading	Vocabulary	1. necklace	2. protect	3. sure	4. activities
		5. a	6. d	7. c	8. b
	R. Compr	9. Because they cannot taste sweetness. 10. They sleep up to 18 hours a day.			
Writing	Grammar	1. take	2. bought	3. on	4. happily
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 66			
	Spelling	1. share	2. temples	3. joyfully	4. fitness

Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
forecast	(n.)	I watch the weather <u>forecast</u> on TV every day.	النشرة الجوية
clear	(adj.)	I'm sure it won't rain today. The sky is <u>clear</u> . He wrote <u>clear</u> answers and got the full mark.	صافي / واضح
humid	(adj.)	It's hot and <u>humid</u> in summer in Kuwait.	رطب
sunscreen	(n.)	<u>Sunscreen</u> protects our bodies from the sun.	كريم واقى من الشمس
fishing rod	(n.)	They will buy new <u>fishing rods</u> for the fishing trip.	صنارة صيد السمك
hurry up	(Phr v.)	We are late for school. We should <u>hurry up</u> .	يسرع
Meteorological Department	(n.)	Dad works at Kuwait <u>Meteorological Department</u> .	إدارة الأرصاد الجوية
provide	(v.)	The internet <u>provides</u> us with information.	يمد / يعطي
satellite	(n.)	We use <u>satellites</u> to study the weather.	قمر صناعي
sailor	(n.)	<u>Sailors</u> used the stars to find their way on the sea.	بحار
manage	(v.)	We should <u>manage</u> our time and money well.	يدير
application	(n.)	Mobile phones have useful <u>applications</u> .	تطبيق

Unit 3

Exploring the Weather

Word List



للاستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
packing	(n.) (Gerund)	They finished packing the clothes quickly.	حزم / تعبئة
dust storm	(n.)	Dust storms arrive suddenly.	عاصفة ترابية
breathe	(v.)	You can't breathe easily in a dust storm.	يتنفس
indoors	(adv.)	We should stay indoors when it is dusty.	داخل المنزل
careful	(adj)	You must be careful when you drive a car.	حريص / حذر
dusty	(adj)	Don't go out. It's dusty outside.	مليئ بالغبار
carefully	(adv.)	I always think carefully before I answer questions.	بحرص / بحذر
humidity	(n.)	The humidity in the air makes it hard to breathe.	رطوبة
raincoat	(n.)	We should wear raincoats on rainy days.	معطف مطر
type	(n.)	Many types of animals live in the desert.	نوع
fall fell	(v.)	The leaves of trees fall in autumn. Ahmed fell off the bike and broke his leg.	يسقط سقط
soft	(adj.)	Soft clothes keep the body warm.	ناعم
slippery	(adj.)	It's dangerous to drive on slippery roads.	زلق
affect	(v.)	Smoking affects health badly.	يؤثر في

Mind map



1

تساعد الخريطة الذهنية على تذكر الأفكار الرئيسية
وأسئلة الكتاب كما تساعد في كتابة موضوع التعبير



Kuwait Meteorological Department
إدارة الأرصاد الجوية

Facts

الحقائق

- was built in 1953
- has 27 stations
- works day and night

What it does

ال مهام

- gives weather forecasts for TV, radio and apps

Tools

الأدوات

- satellites, robots & AI

Importance

الأهمية

For workers:

- sailors, pilots, farmers
- helps them with their work

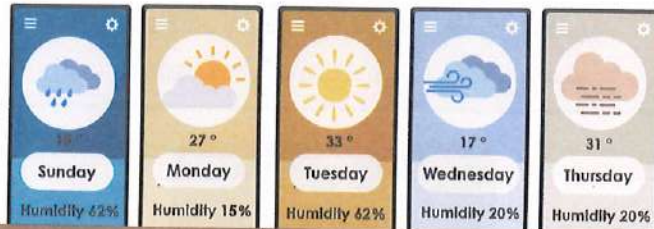
For people:

- helps them stay safe

Mind map



2



Weather Around the World

الطقس حول العالم

Types of Weather

أنواع الطقس

- hot
- sunny
- cold
- snowy
- rainy
- windy

Effects of Weather

تأثير الطقس

- **Weather:** affects our daily life
- **Rain:** helps plants grow
- **Snow:** roads become slippery
- **Wind:** can be strong or soft

What people should do

ما يجب عمله

- **in cold places:** Wear warm clothes
- **in hot places:** Wear light clothes
Drink more water
- **when it rains:** Use umbrellas and raincoats

Daily Activities

الأنشطة اليومية

- **Sunny days** Play outside
- **Rainy days** Stay indoors

Mind map



3



Camping التخييه

- Where: in the desert
- When: in winter

Preparation

الاستعداد

- take enough water
- pack snacks & sandwiches
- bring sunscreen

Activities

الأنشطة

Daytime

- play games
- ride bikes
- take photos

Evening

- sit around the fire
- have drinks, hot chocolate
- talk



Ask Answer

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير



1. How would you know about the weather forecast?

I would check a weather app, the news or the Net.

2. What was the weather like yesterday?

It was dusty yesterday.

3. What is the weather like today?

It's hot today.



4. What would you do before you go on a trip?

I would check the weather forecast and pack everything I need.

5. What problems can dust storms cause?

They can cause health problems and accidents.

6. What should you do in a dust storm? / What should you do when the weather is dusty?

We should close the windows and check the weather forecast.

7. What shouldn't you do in a dust storm?

We shouldn't go outside, use fans or drive fast.

8. What should people do when it rains?

They should use umbrellas and raincoats.

9. What are the types of weather?

They are hot, sunny, cold, snowy, rainy and windy.

10. Why is Kuwait Meteorological Department important?

It gives weather forecasts for TV, the radio and apps.



11. Why is the weather forecast important?

Because it helps pilots and sailors with their work.

It helps people stay safe.

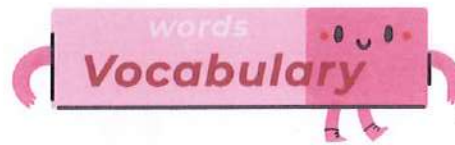
12. Where do you go camping?

I go camping in the desert.

13. What should you do before you go camping?

- We should check the weather.
- We should take water and food.
- We should pack heavy clothes.

Unit 3



Choose the right answer :



1. Be careful or you'll down the stairs.
a) fall b) provide
2. A helps us know more about space.
a) satellite b) fishing rod
3. We stayed because it was raining.
a) indoors b) carefully
4. The tells us about the weather.
a) type b) meteorological department
5. Smoke from cars the air badly.
a) breathes b) affects

14. Which of food do you like?
a) type b) sailor
15. There's high near the sea.
a) humidity b) raincoat
16. The sky is very today.
a) clear b) humid
17. Trees us with oxygen.
a) manage b) provide
18. It's difficult to in a dusty place.
a) affect b) breathe

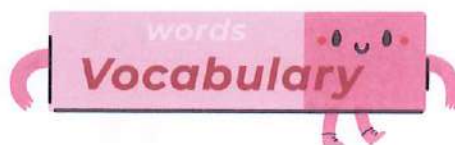
6. Today, the weather is hot and
a) humid b) slippery
7. A works and travels by sea.
a) dust storm b) sailor
8. A covered the city yesterday.
a) dust storm b) type
9. She finished her bags for the trip.
a) forecast b) packing
10. Please, ! We're late for school.
a) fell b) hurry up

19. Take your because it's rainy today.
a) raincoat b) satellite
20. We need to clean the house as it's
a) dusty b) careful
21. Adel uses this to look for a new job.
a) sunscreen b) application
22. The floor of the room is wet and
a) careful b) slippery
23. He's clever enough to ...this work alone.
a) manage b) fall

11. Be when you cross the street.
a) dusty b) careful
12. He caught fish using a
a) raincoat b) fishing rod
13. She off her bicycle yesterday.
a) affected b) fell

24. The weather ... helps us plan holidays.
a) packing b) forecast
25. Her coat is made of wool.
a) soft b) careful
26. She walked by the swimming pool.
a) carefully b) indoors

Unit 3



Choose the right answer :



إختر الإجابة الصحيحة



1. I wear _____ on the beach to protect my skin.
a) humidity b) packing c) sunscreen d) dust storm
 2. We check the weather _____ when we go to the sea.
a) forecast b) sailor c) raincoat d) fishing rod
 3. If you _____ on the floor, you might hurt yourself.
a) provide b) affect c) manage d) fall
 4. He wears a _____ when there is heavy rain outside.
a) dust storm b) raincoat c) type d) satellite
 5. A _____ is used by fishermen to catch fish.
a) fishing rod b) raincoat c) sailor d) dust storm
 6. Trees _____ animals and birds with food.
a) breathe b) fall c) provide d) plan
-
7. Take care! The bathroom floor is _____ after a shower.
a) careful b) slippery c) dusty d) sure
 8. After the _____, all the rooms were full of dust.
a) raincoat b) sunscreen c) satellite d) dust storm
 9. We need to _____ to finish our homework on time.
a) affect b) provide c) hurry up d) fall
 10. The food we eat _____ our health.
a) affects b) hurries up c) falls d) plans
 11. This cream keeps the skin _____ and healthy.
a) careful b) soft c) dusty d) busy
 12. Salem has a bad cold; he can't _____ easily.
a) provide b) fall c) affect d) breathe

Unit 3



Choose the right answer :



اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



13. Be _____ when you walk on slippery floors.
a) clear b) dusty c) humid d) careful
14. The _____ gives us the latest weather updates.
a) meteorological department b) dust storm
c) fishing rod d) packing
15. The weather is _____ and hot in Kuwait in August.
a) slippery b) careful c) soft d) humid
16. _____ move around the Earth and take pictures of it.
a) Sailors b) Satellites c) Fishing rods d) Dust storms
17. A _____ works on a boat and travels on the sea.
a) forecast b) satellite c) sailor d) sunscreen
18. The bad _____ caused many car accidents.
a) dust storm b) fishing rod c) raincoat d) sunscreen
19. The _____ near the sea is high in summer.
a) raincoat b) packing c) humidity d) sunscreen
20. We should drive _____ in bad weather.
a) happily b) carefully c) joyfully d) indoors
21. The sky is _____ today; it is not going to rain.
a) clear b) soft c) careful d) sure
22. My new camera _____ on the ground, but it didn't break.
a) provided b) affected c) breathed d) fell
23. The weather report is shown every morning on the _____.
a) sunscreen b) forecast c) sailor d) type
24. _____ ! The bus is leaving soon!
a) Hurry up b) Provide c) Affect d) Fall
25. There are many _____ of bacteria ; some are dangerous.
a) sailors b) raincoats c) types d) satellites
26. The new coach is young, but he can _____ the team well.
a) breathe b) fall c) hurry up d) manage



Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

1

When you travel, you need to rest in a hotel. Usually there are friendly people who write your name and address, carry your bags to your room and present meals. In Japan, there are modern hotels where there are no people working at all. They are huge buildings and all the work there is done by robots. When you first arrive at the hotel to check in, a robot tells you what to do. You should insert information about yourself on a computer. You don't need a key for your room because a computer in the door will recognise you. There is even a robot in each room which is able to turn lights on or off and reply to simple questions.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :



1- The best title for the passage is :

- a. Great Meals b. Simple Questions
c. Friendly People d. Robots in Hotels

2- The underlined word "insert" means:

- a. enter b. study c. respect d. buy

3- The underlined word "They" refers to The:

- a. people b. meals c. hotels d. bags

4- You don't need a key for your room in modern hotels because:

- a. a robot will present you meals. b. a robot will carry your bags.
c. a robot will write your address. d. a robot will recognise you.

B Answer the following questions:

5 - What can a robot do in each room?

.....

6 - Where can you see hotels with robots?

.....

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

2

There are four seasons in the year: winter, spring, summer and autumn. Autumn is the season that falls between summer and winter. There are many changes that begin in this beautiful season. Days become shorter and it starts to get dark earlier. Trees turn from green to red, yellow and orange. Trees need sunshine to keep their green colour. Without sunshine, trees will not be strong and their leaves may fall down. The weather becomes cooler and sometimes windy or cloudy. Animals start to look for food and save it to go through winter months. These changes happen as we move from the hot weather in summer to the cold weather in winter.

A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :



1- The best title for the passage is :

- a. Autumn b. Sunshine
c. Four Seasons d. Animals' Food

2- The **opposite** of the underlined word "shorter" is:

- a. bigger b. smaller c. longer d. higher

3- The underlined word "their" refers to The:

- a. seasons b. days c. changes d. trees

4- Animals save food in autumn because they:

- a. change colour b. hide in winter
c. may fall down d. keep their green colour

B Answer the following questions:

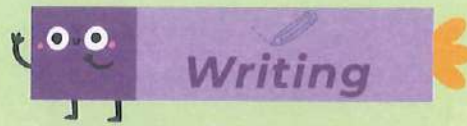
5 - Which season comes before autumn?

.....

6 - Why do trees change colour?

.....

Unit 3



1

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Your Fishing Trip". The following guide words may help you:

weekend - family - check - forecast - snacks - sunscreen - happy

1- When did you go fishing?



2- Who did you go with?

3- What did you do before you go?

4- What did you take?

5- How did you feel ?

Title : _____

2

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A Dusty Day". The following guide words may help you:

dusty - close - outside - wear - mask - breathe

1- How is the weather in a dust storm?



2- What should you do in a dust storm?

3- What shouldn't you do in a dust storm?

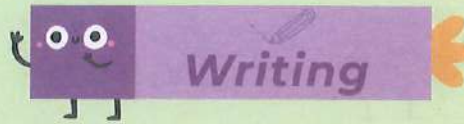
4- How can you protect yourself during it?

5- Why are dust storms dangerous?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَ الْكَلِمَاتِ

Unit 3



3

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A Day on the Beach". The following guide words may help you:

went - family - sunny - wore - sunscreen - boat

1- Where did you go yesterday?



2- Who did you go with?

3- What was the weather like?

4- What did you do to protect yourself from the sun?

5- How did you enjoy your time?

Title : _____

صِفْ يَوْمَكَ مَعَ الْكُتُبِ

4

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "Camping". The following guide words may help you:

desert - winter - check - weather - food - heavy

1- Where do you go camping?

2- When do you go camping?

3- What should you do before you go camping?

4- What should you take with you?



5- What should you wear when you go camping?

Title : _____

صِفُونَا مَعَالِكِي

5

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "The Dust Storm". The following guide words may help you:

dusty - morning - close - windows - indoors - forecast

1- How was the weather yesterday?



2- When did the dust storm start?

3- What did you do?

4- Where did you stay?

5- What did you do to check that the dust storm was over?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ: مَعَالِكِي

Unit 3



اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



Write the missing words with the help of the pictures:

1

It's important to check the weather
before we travel.



2

On sunny days, it's safe to wear



3

To catch fish, you need to buy a



4

Now, we use a
weather.



to know the

5

Drivers should drive slowly in a



6

It's raining heavily; let's take our



7

It's dangerous to walk on
roads.



Unit 3



Combine



أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة ولاحظ التغيير



لاحظ إضافة النهاية **ed** للكلمة.

ed

d

ied

walk + ed = walked

live + ed = lived

carry + ed = carried

Combine the following:

أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة



walk + ed =	.....
need + ed =	.....
jump + ed =	.....
cry + ed =	.....
open + ed =	.....
live + ed =	.....
like + ed =	.....

carry + ed =	.....
study + ed =	.....
tidy + ed =	.....
help + ed =	.....
enjoy + ed =	.....
play + ed =	.....



should / shouldn't

1

تستخدم **should** و **shouldn't** لإعطاء النصيحة.



We **should** eat healthy food.

We **shouldn't** eat fast food.

ملاحظة:

استخدم الشكل الأول للفعل بعد : **should - shouldn't**

Choose the correct answer:

1. This is a good book. You (should - shouldn't) read it.
2. Drivers (should - shouldn't) drive so fast.
3. We (should - shouldn't) keep our city clean.
4. We shouldn't (watching - watch) too much TV.

Fill in using: (should / shouldn't)

5. We help Mum at home.
6. Dad is asleep. You make noise.
7. People cut down trees.
8. You brush your teeth daily.

or / so

so تعني (لذلك) وتستخدم في التعبير عن النتيجة.

The tea was hot, **so** I didn't drink it.

or تعني (أو) وتستخدم في التخيير والنفي.

You can eat fish **or** chicken.

I **don't** drink tea **or** coffee.

Choose the correct answer:

9. Sami doesn't play tennis (or - so) football.
10. I was thirsty, (or - so) I drank a glass of water.
11. They were tired, (or - so) they slept early.
12. Is Ali going to help us (or - so) not?
13. The phone was expensive, (or - so) I didn't buy it.

Fill in using: (so / or)

14. Give me a pen a pencil, please?
15. My little sister can't read write.
16. The fridge was empty, I went shopping.
17. Who's older, Tom Mary?
18. The lion is outside. No one can get in out.
19. Mum gave Ali a present, he was happy.

might / have to

نستخدم **might** للتعبير عن الاحتمال (شيء قد يحدث، ولكن لسنا متأكدين)

Ali **might** win the match. I'm not sure.

It **might** rain tomorrow.

نستخدم **have to** للتعبير عن الضرورة و النصيحة القوية.

It's dusty outside. I **have to** stay indoors.

You **have to** see a doctor. You look sick.

Choose the correct answer:

20. I'm too late. I (might - have to) leave soon.
21. He might (playing - play) well. Who knows?
22. They (have to - might) visit us. I'm not sure.
23. Policemen have to (wear - wearing) a uniform.
24. We (have to - might) go to the park if it is sunny.

Fill in using: (might / have to)

25. You wear a jacket. It's cold outside.
26. We watch the match. I'm not sure.
27. I go to the dentist. My tooth hurts.
28. You listen to the teacher. It is a rule.
29. Dad change his car. It's possible.

Unit 3



Choose the correct answer :

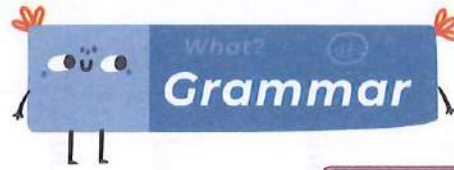
أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



1. I didn't sleep well last night, _____ I'm tired.
a) or b) but c) so
2. This Sunday, we can go for a picnic _____ visit our uncle.
a) but b) or c) so
3. In a dust storm, you _____ cover your nose and mouth.
a) should b) shouldn't c) might
4. Sara _____ her last story about the ancient world.
a) written b) write c) wrote
5. The floor is wet. You _____ be careful.
a) have to b) shouldn't c) might
6. My cat was hungry, _____ it ate the fish.
a) so b) but c) or
7. You _____ leave the front door open at night. It's not safe.
a) should b) shouldn't c) might
8. They will watch the match at home _____ at the stadium.
a) or b) but c) so
9. My dad _____ travel tomorrow. I am not sure.
a) should b) shouldn't c) might
10. Would you like to have tea _____ coffee?
a) but b) so c) or



Unit 3



Choose the correct answer :

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



11. I'm fat. I _____ go to the gym to keep fit.
a) have to b) don't have to c) shouldn't
12. The weather _____ be sunny tomorrow. I don't know.
a) shouldn't b) should c) might
13. We can travel to Bahrain by car _____ by plane.
a) so b) or c) but
14. It's dusty outside. We have to _____ indoors.
a) stay b) stayed c) staying
15. We _____ grandpa to the hospital because he was sick.
a) take b) taking c) took
16. The road was slippery, _____ they drove carefully.
a) or b) because c) so
17. You _____ eat or drink in the library.
a) shouldn't b) might c) should
18. Ali likes reading, _____ he buys a lot of books.
a) or b) so c) but
19. This bag _____ be Ali's. I don't know.
a) should b) shouldn't c) might
20. Students _____ study hard for exams.
a) should b) shouldn't c) don't have to



Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الثالثة

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

When you visit London, one of the first things you will see is Big Ben. It is the famous clock that can be heard all over the world on the BBC. Big Ben "got" its name from Sir Benjamin Hall, who made the clock. We can hear the clock striking, and it has never gone wrong. Another place you should visit is Madame Tussaud's. It is a museum where you can see statues of famous people from all over the world. The statues are made of wax. "They" have real size and clothes.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

5- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Sir Benjamin Hall b) Nice Places in London
c) A Visit to the USA d) Famous People

6- The underlined verb "got" means :

- a) wrote b) studied c) took d) read

7- The underlined word "They" refers to:

- a) Statues b) People c) Places d) Clothes

8- Big Ben is a famous in London.

- a) clock b) shop c) statue d) park

B) Answer the following questions:

9- What places can people visit in London?

.....
.....

10- Who made Big Ben?

.....
.....

I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- All the questions of the exam were and easy.

- a) clear b) humid
c) soft d) dusty

2- Trees animals with food and homes.

- a) breathe b) provide
c) fall d) manage

3- I caught a big fish with my new

- a) sunscreen b) dust storm
c) forecast d) fishing rod

4- In 2020, the UAE sent a into space.

- a) raincoat b) type
c) satellite d) sailor

Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الثالثة

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- Children use iPads for a long time.
a. should b. shouldn't c. have to
- 2- Dad's car doesn't work, he will buy a new one.
a. so b. because c. or
- 3- Grandma visit us this week. I'm not sure.
a. have to b. might c. shouldn't
- 4- Mum is sick. I have to lunch today.
a. cook b. cooked c. cooking

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "Your Fishing Trip" with the help of the picture and guide words.

weekend - family - check - forecast - snacks - sunscreen - happy

1- When did you go fishing?

3- What did you do before you go?



2- Who did you go with?

4- What did you take?

5- How did you feel?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. On sunny days, it's safe to wear



2. Now, we use a to know the weather.



Combine the following:

3- like + ed = 4- tidy + ed =

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثالثة



Vocabulary – Choose – (76 - 77)

1- sunscreen	2- forecast	3- fall	4- raincoat	5- fishing rod
6- provide	7- slippery	8- dust storm	9- hurry up	10- affects
11- soft	12- breathe	13- careful	14- meteorological department	
15- humid	16- satellites	17- sailor	18- dust storm	19- humidity
20- carefully	21- clear	22- fell	23- forecast	24- Hurry up
25- types	26- manage			



Reading Comprehension إجابة سؤال قطعة الاستيعاب

Passage: 1 – 78 ص				Passage : 2 – 79 ص			
1- d	2- a	3- c	4- d	1- a	2- c	3- d	4- b
5- A robot in each room can turn lights on or off and answer simple questions.				5- Summer comes before autumn.			
6- I can see hotels with robots in Japan.				6- Because there is not enough sunshine. / Days are shorter. /It gets dark earlier.			

Writing - إجابة سؤال التعبير - ص 80 : 84

1	I went fishing last weekend. I went with my family. We checked the weather forecast before we went. We took some snacks and sunscreen. We felt happy.
2	The weather is dusty in a dust storm. I should close the windows. I shouldn't go outside in a dust storm. I can wear a mask to protect myself during it. Dust storms are dangerous because we can't breathe well.
3	I went to the beach yesterday. I went with my family. The weather was sunny. I wore sunscreen to protect myself from the sun. I enjoyed my time sailing a boat.
4	I go camping in the desert. I go camping in winter. I should check the weather forecast before I go camping. I should take food and water. I should wear heavy clothes when I go camping.
5	The weather was dusty yesterday. The dust storm started in the morning. I closed the windows. I stayed indoors. I watched the weather forecast to check that the dust storm was over.

Spelling - إجابة سؤال التهجئة - ص 85

1- forecast	2- sunscreen	3- fishing rod	4- satellite	5- dust storm	6- raincoats	7- slippery
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إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الثالثة



إجابة التمرين الأول على القواعد - ص 87 - Grammar

1- should	2- shouldn't	3- should	4- watch	5- should	6- shouldn't
7- shouldn't	8- should	9- or	10- so	11- so	12- or
13- so	14- or	15- or	16- so	17- or	18- or
19- so	20- have to	21- play	22- might	23- wear	24- might
25- have to	26- might	27- have to	28- have to	29- might	



إجابة سؤال القواعد - ص 88 - 89 - Grammar - (Choose)

1- so	2- or	3- should	4- wrote	5- have to
6- so	7- shouldn't	8- or	9- might	10- or
11- have to	12- might	13- or	14- stay	15- took
16- so	17- shouldn't	18- so	19- might	20- should

إجابة الاختبار على الوحدة الثالثة - ص 90 - 91 - Quiz

Reading	Vocabulary	1. clear	2. provide	3. fishing rod	4. satellite
		5. b	6. c	7. a	8. a
	R. Compr	9. They can visit Big Ben and Madame Tussaud's in London.			
		10. Sir Benjamin Hall made Big Ben.			
Writing	Grammar	1. shouldn't	2. so	3. might	4. cook
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة - 92			
	Spelling	1. sunscreen	2. satellite	3. liked	4. tidied

صَفْوَةُ مَعْلَمِ الْكُوَيْتِ



Word List



للاستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
book fair	(n.)	We go to the <u>book fair</u> to buy new books.	معرض الكتاب
booth	(n.)	Reem bought this ice cream from that <u>booth</u> .	كُشْك
author	(n.)	I met my favourite <u>author</u> at the book fair.	مؤلف
imagination	(n.)	Reading stories helps us have good <u>imagination</u> .	خيال
dictionary	(n.)	A <u>dictionary</u> is a very useful book.	قاموس
adventure	(n.)	We enjoy watching <u>adventure</u> films.	مغامرة
join	(v.)	My brother will <u>join</u> the school football team.	ينضم إلي / يلتحق بـ
scary	(adj.)	Children shouldn't watch <u>scary</u> films.	مخيف / مرعب
too	(adv.)	This tea is <u>too</u> hot. I can't drink it.	بدرجة كبيرة
enough	(adv.)	Ali is short. He is not tall <u>enough</u> to play basketball.	بشكل كافٍ
reader	(n.)	Books provide <u>readers</u> with information.	قارئ
understand	(v.)	Our teachers help us <u>understand</u> our lessons.	يفهم
fluently	(adv.)	My sister speaks English <u>fluently</u> .	بطلاقة
expression	(n.)	You should use clear <u>expressions</u> in your writing.	تعبير

Word List



للإستماع



Word	part of speech	The word in a sentence	المعنى
curious	(adj.)	Haya is a <u>curious</u> girl. She always asks questions.	فضولي
calm	(adj.)	We usually go swimming when the sea is <u>calm</u> .	هادئ
shy	(adj.)	This girl is too <u>shy</u> to speak in front of people.	خجول
clearly	(adv.)	After wearing the glasses, Adel could see <u>clearly</u> .	بوضوح
cover	(n.) (v.)	The <u>cover</u> of the new book is blue. I <u>cover</u> my nose with a cloth when it is dusty.	غلاف يغطي
page	(n.)	There are 100 <u>pages</u> in the Arabic book.	صفحة
glad	(adj.)	The boy was <u>glad</u> when he got the present.	مسرور / سعيد
discuss	(v.)	The family will <u>discuss</u> their holiday plan tonight.	يناقش
traveller	(n.)	Nowadays, a <u>traveller</u> must have a passport.	مسافر
surprise	(v.)	I <u>surprised</u> my brother with his favourite video game.	يفاجيء
kindness	(n.)	We all love grandpa for his <u>kindness</u> .	طيبة / عطف
cough	(v.) (n.)	The baby is <u>coughing</u> . Let's take him to the doctor. He has a bad <u>cough</u> . He should take medicine.	يكح (يسعل) كحة (سعال)
tough	(adj.)	We shouldn't be <u>tough</u> with our friends.	فظ (قاسي) / خشن

Mind map



تساعد الخريطة الذهنية على تذكر الأفكار الرئيسية
وأسئلة الكتاب كما تساعد في كتابة موضوع التعبير



Reading القراءة

Why reading is important

أهمية القراءة

- learn new things
- become smarter
- grow imagination
- understand the world
- feel calm and happy

A good reader can

القارئ الجيد يستطيع

- speak fluently with expressions
- enjoy stories and learn from them
- ask questions
- read every day

How to be a good reader

كيف يمكن أن تكون قارئ جيد

- go to library
- find a book you enjoy



Ask Answer

تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة
والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير



1. What is the difference between a book fair and a book shop?

A book fair is an event with many books and fun.

A bookshop sells books year-round.

2. What's your favourite hobby?

Reading is my favourite hobby.



3. Why do we read?

a. To learn new things

b. To relax and have fun

c. To grow imagination

d. To understand life

4. What can you do to become a good reader?

I can find a book I like and make reading a habit.

5. Mention some types of books.

There are scary books, science books, history books, storybooks and adventure books.

6. What are your favourite books?

I like storybooks.

7. What can you do at the library?

I can read and borrow books there.

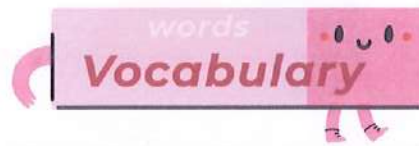


8. Why are dictionaries important?

a. They help us find the meaning of words.

b. They show us how to spell words.

Unit 4



Choose the right answer :



1. We planned to ... Mum on her birthday.

- a) surprise b) understand

2. Her showed she was happy.

- a) cough b) expression

3. It took me years to speak English

- a) fluently b) happily

4. Use your when you write a story.

- a) imagination b) booth

5. The teacher will... the story with the class.

- a) discuss b) cough

14. The of this book is red.

- a) cover b) adventure

15. I buy books from that over there.

- a) reader b) booth

16. Always show to your friends.

- a) cough b) kindness

17. Cover your mouth when you

- a) join b) cough

18. It's cold outside today.

- a) too b) enough

6. It's ... for me to stay in a dark place alone.

- a) glad b) scary

7. Do you want to our club?

- a) discuss b) join

8. The sea is Let's go for a swim.

- a) tough b) calm

9. I use a/an to find new words.

- a) author b) dictionary

10. Our trip to India was a great

- a) adventure b) cough

19. We visited the yesterday.

- a) book fair b) dictionary

20. I don't have money to buy an iPad.

- a) enough b) too

21. She has a bad today.

- a) cough b) cover

22. I'm about the new game.

- a) dusty b) curious

23. I don't this math problem.

- a) cough b) understand

11. The new student is very

- a) slippery b) shy

12. My favourite wrote a new story.

- a) cover b) author

13. Open your book to 10.

- a) kindness b) page

24. He is a very fast

- a) imagination b) reader

25. I'm to meet my friend again.

- a) glad b) curious

26. The homework was very today.

- a) tough b) shy

Unit 4

words Vocabulary

Choose the right answer :



اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



1. We buy fruit from that small _____.
a) dictionary b) book fair c) booth d) author
 2. Children use their _____ to draw nice pictures.
a) cover b) imagination c) kindness d) cough
 3. The little girl was too _____ to talk to the guests.
a) shy b) slippery c) glad d) dusty
 4. To know what a word means, look it up in a/an _____.
a) author b) cover c) cough d) dictionary
 5. Swimming with dolphins is a nice _____.
a) adventure b) reader c) page d) booth
 6. We will _____ the problem together in class.
a) surprise b) cough c) discuss d) join
 7. A smile is a happy _____ on the face.
a) cough b) expression c) dictionary d) page
-
8. I can't finish reading this book. It has too many _____.
a) travellers b) book fairs c) pages d) coughs
 9. A _____ likes visiting new places around the world.
a) booth b) page c) dictionary d) traveller
 10. Last night, my family _____ me with a party.
a) discussed b) surprised c) breathed d) coughed
 11. Helping a person in need is a sign of _____.
a) adventure b) imagination c) kindness d) humidity
 12. If you have a cold, you might _____ a lot.
a) cough b) join c) understand d) surprise
 13. I use this app to help me speak English _____.
a) fluently b) joyfully c) cheerfully d) happily
 14. My friend was _____ about why I left school early.
a) dusty b) curious c) humid d) slippery

Unit 4

words Vocabulary

اختر الإجابة الصحيحة



Choose the right answer :

Yes You
Can!

15. Our new friend asked to _____ our game.
a) surprise b) cough c) join d) breathe
16. The _____ of children books are bright and colourful.
a) coughs b) covers c) travellers d) book fairs
17. They met to _____ their plans for the next holiday.
a) discuss b) join c) cough d) surprise
18. I was _____ that all my friends came to my party.
a) scary b) glad c) curious d) shy
19. Dad took us to the _____ to buy new books.
a) imagination b) cough c) book fair d) expression
20. Do we have _____ cookies for everyone?
a) enough b) too c) fluently d) clearly
21. I speak clearly to make everyone _____ what I say.
a) surprise b) cough c) fall d) understand
22. If you read _____ books, you will learn and have fun.
a) cough b) adventure c) humidity d) page
23. When I eat _____ much candy, I feel sick.
a) too b) enough c) clearly d) fluently
24. I missed my friend, so I was _____ to see him again.
a) tough b) scary c) glad d) slippery
25. Miss Huda writes _____ on the board.
a) clearly b) too c) indoors d) enough
26. There is a small _____ at the end of the English book.
a) booth b) book fair c) dictionary d) author
27. I have _____ water in my bottle for the trip.
a) enough b) too c) fluently d) carefully
28. We couldn't watch the film to the end. It was so _____.
a) shy b) calm c) glad d) scary
29. Some _____ visit new places to write about them.
a) book fairs b) authors c) covers d) pages
30. Camels can live in the _____ weather of the desert.
a) curious b) glad c) shy d) tough

Good
Job!

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

1

Dear Mona,

I want to write to you about the book I bought at the book fair. It's about birds. I wanted to know more information about different kinds of birds. My book was about "The Bee Hummingbird". The bee hummingbird is the smallest bird in the world. This bird comes from Cuba. It is an island near America. All hummingbirds are small, but this one is tiny. It is as long as your little finger. It is called a bee hummingbird because it is not much bigger than a bee. Hummingbirds are different from other birds in the way they fly. They move their wings so fast that you can't see them. The hummingbird can stay in one place in the air. It is really an amazing bird.

Looking forward for your next e-mail.

Yours,

Rana



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1- The best title for the email is:

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| a. Amazing Birds | b. Kinds of Bees |
| c. Giant Birds | d. Birds in Cuba |

2- The underlined word "tiny" means:

- | | | | |
|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|
| a. very high | b. so tall | c. very small | d. so fast |
|--------------|------------|---------------|------------|

3 - The underlined pronoun "It" refers to:

- | | |
|--------------|--------------------|
| a. The air | b. The hummingbird |
| c. One place | d. The way |

4 - Humming birds are different from other birds in:

- | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| a. the way they fly. | b. the way they move. |
| c. the place they come from. | d. the way they stay in the air. |

B Answer the following questions:

5 - How did Rana get information about bee hummingbirds?

.....

6 - Why is the bee hummingbird called in that name?

.....

Unit 4



Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

2

Abdurrahman Al-Sumait is a Muslim Kuwaiti doctor. He studied at the university of Baghdad. When he was young, Al-Sumait saw some poor workers waiting for the bus to take them home. He and his friends saved up money and bought a car to drive these workers for free. That was the start. At the age of 35, Al-Sumait moved to Africa and gave 29 years of his life to help millions of poor Africans. He built schools, mosques and universities for them. Over 11 million Africans became Muslims. Al-Sumait died in 2013, but no one will ever forget him.



A Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d :

1- The best title for the passage is:

- a. Baghdad University
- c. Poor Workers

- b) African People
- d. A Great Man

2- The underlined word "them" refers to:

- a. Africans
- b. universities

- c. schools

- d. mosques

3- The opposite of the underlined word "saved" is:

- a. kept

- b. gave

- c. wasted

- d. helped

4- In this paragraph the writer wants to:

- a. tell us about Muslims in Africa.

- b. tell us about Al-Sumait's life.

- c. travel to Africa.

- d. study in universities in Africa.

B Answer the following questions:

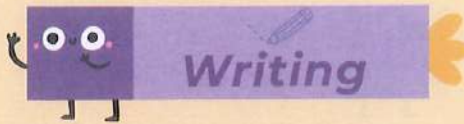
5- How old was Al-Sumait when he went to Africa?

.....

6- How can we help poor countries?

.....

Unit 4



1

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A Day at the Book Fair". The following guide words may help you:

book fair - met - adventure books - help - information - happy

1- Where did you go last Monday?

2- What did you do there?

3- What kind of books did you buy?



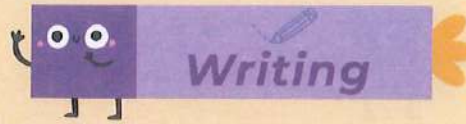
4- Why do you think reading is important?

5- How did you feel at the end of the day?

Title : _____

صِفْ يَوْمَكَ مَعَ الْكِتَابِ

Unit 4



2

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "My Favourite Book". The following guide words may help you:

Quran - every day - teacher - teach - kindness - relaxed

1- What is your favourite book?



2- When do you read it?

3- Who helps you to understand it?

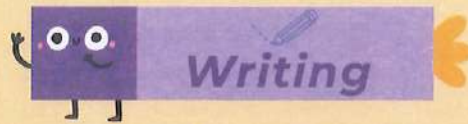
4- What does the Quran teach you?

5- How do you feel after reading the Quran?

Title : _____

صِفْهُ مَعَالِكِي

Unit 4



3

Fill in the graphic organiser, then use it to write a paragraph about "A Visit to Kuwait National Library". The following guide words may help you:

Thursday - friend - books - Kuwait's history - proud

1- When did you go to the National Library?



2- Who did you go with?

3- What did you see there?

4- Which book did you read?

5- How did you feel?

Title : _____

صِفُونَا مَعَالِكُوَيْتْ

Unit 4



اكتب الكلمات الناقصة



Write the missing words with the help of the pictures:

1

We go to the
books.



to buy new

2

A



helps us know the meaning

of difficult words.

3

Children shouldn't watch



films.

4

You can find our family photos on



25 .

5

I felt
birthday presents.



when I got the

Unit 4



Combine



أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة ولاحظ التغيير



لاحظ إضافة النهايات التالية للكلمة.

combin <u>e</u> + <u>tion</u> =	combination
control <u>l</u> + <u>er</u> =	controller
quick + <u>ly</u> =	quickly

Combine the following:

أضف النهاية إلى الكلمة



imagine + tion =	.....
travel + er =	.....
clear + ly =	.....
fluent + ly =	.....

صِفْوَةٌ مَعَ الْكَلِمَاتِ



1



Adverbs of Sequence ظروف التسلسل



تُستخدم هذه الظروف لترتيب الأشياء - ترتيب أحداث القصة - ترتيب الخطوات

			
First,	Next,	After that,	Finally,

ضع ظروف التسلسل المناسبة

			
-----,	-----,	-----,	-----,

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- I do my homework. (First - After that) I watch TV.
- 2- (Next - First), I wrote the e-mail. After that, I sent it.
- 3- I take a shower. (Next - First), I get dressed.
- 4- She trained hard. (First - Finally), she won the cup.

Choose the correct answer:

- 5- (After that - First), I read the question. Next, I answered it.
- 6- He waited for an hour. (Finally - First), the bus came.
- 7- I pack my bag. (First - After that), I leave the house.
- 8- I lost my pen. (Finally - First), I found it.



would - wouldn't like to



نستخدم: مصدر + **would like** للتعبير عن الرغبة.

I **would like** to buy this story. It's exciting.

نستخدم: مصدر + **wouldn't like** للتعبير عن عدم الرغبة.

I **wouldn't like** to watch this film. It's scary.

Choose the correct answer:

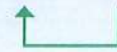
- 9- I would (like - likes) to have a cup of tea.
- 10- What would you (like - liked) to eat?
- 11- Tom would like to (buy - buying) a villa?
- 12- He's thirsty. He (would - wouldn't) like to drink water.
- 13- We are tired. We (would - wouldn't) like to rest.
- 14- She would like to (helping - help) Mum.
- 15- This laptop is bad. I (would - wouldn't) like to buy it.



too / enough



نستخدم **too** لوصف شيء غير مناسب وتستخدم قبل الصفة
I can't carry this box. It's **too** heavy.



وتعني أن الصندوق ثقيل جداً



تستخدم **enough** لتعني بدرجة كافية وتستخدم بعد الصفة



I can't score. I am not **tall enough**.

Choose the correct answer:

1. He wasn't fast (**too** - **enough**) to catch the mouse.
2. Children are (**too** - **enough**) young to drive cars.
3. Are you tall (**enough** - **too**) to reach that shelf?
4. Those shelves are (**too** - **enough**) high to reach.
5. Mai is clever (**enough** - **too**) to answer this question.
6. The house isn't cheap (**too** - **enough**) for us to buy.
7. It's (**too** - **enough**) dangerous to climb up this tree.

Fill in using: (too / enough)

8. Your hands are dirty.
They aren't clean
9. This jacket isn't big It is small.
10. The streets are narrow.
They aren't wide
11. This story isn't interesting
It is boring.
12. Mr. Jack is angry.
He isn't calm

راجع زمن الماضي البسيط من الكتاب ص ٢٦



أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



- [illegible]



Unit 4



Choose the correct answer :

أسئلة متنوعة على القواعد



11. _____ , Noura read the question well. Then, she answered it.
a) First b) Finally c) Then
12. The writer _____ this book in 2022.
a) writing b) writes c) wrote
13. Sara _____ like to have bad friends.
a) wouldn't b) should c) would
14. I waited for the package for a week. _____ , it arrived today.
a) After b) First c) Finally
15. Jassim would like to _____ in Google.
a) work b) working c) worked
-
16. Reem _____ to us about her last summer holiday.
a) talked b) talk c) talking
17. I would _____ to be a doctor in the future.
a) likes b) like c) liked
18. The blue shirt is _____ small to wear.
a) enough b) to c) too
19. Yesterday, Ali didn't _____ us.
a) phoned b) phone c) phones
20. Grandpa would like to _____ chicken for dinner.
a) eat b) ate c) eating



Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الرابعة

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Taking photos is a wonderful hobby. Many people like taking photos of their families and friends. They want to keep their photos to remember the old days. It will be nice to watch these photos after a long time. Other people like to take photos of trees, flowers and young children. It's difficult to take photos of children because "they" move very quickly, and they never stop. To be excellent at taking photos, you should have a modern camera. You should also choose "amazing" places with clear light and fantastic views. Always ask people to smile.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

5- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Lovely Places b) A Nice Hobby
c) Wonderful Views d) Modern Cameras

6- The underlined word "amazing" means very :

- a) scary b) dusty c) beautiful d) shy

7- The underlined word "they" refers to:

- a) children b) trees c) photos d) flowers

8- People keep photos to the old days.

- a) stop b) remember c) fight d) surprise

B) Answer the following questions:

9- Why is it difficult to take photos of children?

.....
.....

10- How can you be good at taking photos?

.....
.....

I. Reading

A) Vocabulary (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- This is useful. It helps me learn English.

- a) cover b) cough
c) traveller d) dictionary

2- When I have a problem, I it with Mum.

- a) discuss b) surprise
c) cough d) fall

3- We all like Miss Hessa. She is and kind.

- a) tough b) calm
c) scary d) dusty

4- Tomorrow, I'm going to visit the in Meshrif.

- a) cover b) page
c) book fair d) imagination

Quiz اختبار على الوحدة الرابعة

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- He will buy a car that is big for all the family.
a. enough b. too c. to
- 2- We camping in Al-Khiran last week.
a. go b. will go c. went
- 3- Bader would to join a sports club to play tennis.
a. liked b. like c. likes
- 4-, I brushed my teeth. After that, I went to bed.
a. Finally b. Next c. First

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "My Favourite Book" with the help of the picture and guide words.

Quran - every day - teacher - teach - kindness - relaxed

1- What is your favourite book?

2- When do you read it?

3- Who helps you to understand it?

4- What does the Quran teach you?

5- How do you feel after reading the Quran?



Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. I felt when I got the birthday presents.



2. Children shouldn't watch films.



Combine the following:

3- clear + ly = 4- fluent + ly =

مراجعة على الوجدتين ٣ + ٤



- قائمة مفردات الوجدتين
- تدريبات على أسئلة المفردات
- تدريبات على أسئلة القواعد



Unit: 3					
الكلمة	المعنى	الكلمة	المعنى	الكلمة	المعنى
forecast	النشرة الجوية	sailor	بحار	humidity	رطوبة
clear	صافي / واضح	manage	يدير	raincoat	معطف مطر
humid	رطب	application	تطبيق	type	نوع
sunscreen	كريم واقى من الشمس	packing	حزم / تعبئة	fall	يسقط
fishing rod	صنارة صيد السمك	dust storm	عاصفة ترابية	fell	سقط
hurry up	يسرع	breathe	يتنفس	soft	ناعم
meteorological department	إدارة الأرصاد الجوية	indoors	داخل المنزل	slippery	زلق
provide	يبد / يعطي	careful	حريص / حذر	affect	يؤثر في
satellite	قمر صناعي	dusty	مليء بالغبار		
		carefully	بحرص / بحذر		
Unit: 4					
book fair	معرض الكتاب	enough	بشكل كاف	cover	غلاف / يغطي
booth	كُشك	reader	قارئ	page	صفحة
author	مؤلف	understand	يفهم	glad	مسرور / سعيد
imagination	خيال	fluently	بطلاقة	discuss	يناقش
dictionary	قاموس	expression	تعبير	traveller	مسافر
adventure	مغامرة	curious	فضولي	surprise	يفاجيء
join	ينضم الى / يلتحق بـ	calm	هادئ	kindness	طيبة / عطف
scary	مخيف / مرعب	shy	خجول	cough	يكح / كحة (سعال)
too	بدرجة كبيرة	clearly	بوضوح	tough	قاسي / خشن

Choose the correct answer :

تدريبات على المفردات



1. I wear _____ on the beach to protect my skin.
a) humidity b) packing c) sunscreen d) dust storm
2. If you _____ on the floor, you might hurt yourself.
a) provide b) affect c) manage d) fall
3. Take care! The bathroom floor is _____ after a shower.
a) careful b) slippery c) dusty d) sure
4. We need to _____ to finish our homework on time.
a) affect b) provide c) hurry up d) fall
5. Salem has a bad cold; he can't _____ easily.
a) provide b) fall c) affect d) breathe
6. Be _____ when you walk on slippery floors.
a) clear b) dusty c) humid d) careful
7. A _____ works on a boat and travels on the sea.
a) forecast b) satellite c) sailor d) sunscreen
8. The _____ near the sea is high in summer.
a) raincoat b) packing c) humidity d) sunscreen
9. The weather report is shown every morning on the _____.
a) sunscreen b) forecast c) sailor d) type
10. There are many _____ of bacteria. Some are dangerous.
a) sailors b) raincoats c) types d) satellites
11. The little girl was too _____ to talk to the guests.
a) shy b) slippery c) humid d) historical
12. To know what a word means, look it up in a/an _____.
a) author b) cover c) cough d) dictionary
13. We will _____ the problem together in class.
a) surprise b) cough c) discuss d) join
14. Helping a person in need is a sign of _____.
a) adventure b) imagination c) kindness d) humidity
15. I use this app to help me speak English _____.
a) fluently b) joyfully c) cheerfully d) happily
16. The _____ of children books are bright and colourful.
a) coughs b) covers c) travellers d) book fairs
17. I was _____ that all my friends came to my party.
a) scary b) curious c) glad d) shy
18. If you read _____ books, you will learn and have fun.
a) cough b) adventure c) humidity d) page
19. Miss Huda writes _____ on the board.
a) clearly b) too c) indoors d) enough
20. Camels can live in the _____ weather of the desert.
a) curious b) glad c) shy d) tough



تدريبات على القواعد



- 
- A pink circular sticker with the words "WELL DONE" in bold, yellow, sans-serif capital letters.



B. Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the question below:

People like going on holidays. Holidays give us a lot of "pleasure". Old people like holidays because they don't have to work, but children enjoy them because they don't have to go to school. There are a lot of places that you can go to during the holidays. Some people like going to a river or a lake to fish. Others like to travel to visit their friends and see new places. Some people like going to the beach to swim "there", play games or sit in the sun. Others go to the mountains to ski when there is snow.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

- 5- The best title for this passage could be :
a) Going to School b) Holidays
c) Going Fishing d) Playing on the Beach
- 6- The underlined word "pleasure" in line (2) means :
a) fun b) sadness c) study d) work
- 7- The underlined word "there" refers to the :
a) school b) snow c) lake d) beach
- 8- Some people like to travel during holidays to:
a) play sports b) see new places
c) help their friends d) sit in the sun

B) Answer the following questions:

- 9- Why do old people like holidays?
.....
- 10- When do people go skiing on the mountains?
.....

I. Reading

A. Vocabulary (8 Marks)

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d:

- 1- Modern mobile phones have useful
a- fishing rods b- applications
c- dust storms d- travellers
- 2- My sister helps me hard math lessons.
a- understand b- breathe
c- fall d- cough
- 3- I like to stay in winter to keep warm.
a- clearly b- fluently
c- enough d- indoors
- 4- Ahmed is a boy. He likes to learn new things.
a- humid b- dusty
c- curious d- slippery

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- I'm late. I have to to catch the school bus.
a. leaving b. leaves c. leave
- 2- This car is expensive to buy.
a. too b. enough c. to
- 3- Ali was sick, he didn't come to the party.
a. or b. so c. because
- 4- You make noise in the library.
a. should b. don't have to c. shouldn't

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about "The Dust Storm" with the help of the picture and guide words.

dusty - morning - close - windows - indoors - forecast

dusty - morning - close - windows - indoors - forecast

1- How was the weather yesterday?



2- When did the dust storm start?

3- What did you do?

4- Where did you stay?

5- What did you do to check that the dust storm was over?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. It's raining heavily, let's take our



2. A helps us know



the meaning of the difficult words.

Combine the following: Combine the following:

3- travel + er = 4- joyful + ly =



I. Reading

A. Vocabulary (8 Marks)

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d:

- 1- I bought a snack from the school
a- dictionary b- raincoat
c- booth d- sailor
- 2- It's hard for some people to when it is dusty.
a- surprise b- understand
c- discuss d- breathe
- 3- After the rain, the streets became wet and
a- shy b- glad
c- slippery d- careful
- 4- Before we go camping, we check the weather
a- book fair b- kindness
c- packing d- forecast

B) Reading Comprehension (12 Marks)

Read the passage carefully, then answer the question below:

Last Friday was Mother's Day and Ali wanted to buy a present for his mother. He saved his pocket money. Ali went to the shopping mall. He looked for a nice present for her. He saw a beautiful necklace in the shape of a ladybird, his favourite. He said to himself, "My mother will love this present." So, he bought the necklace. He put "it" in a small box on his mum's bed. He waited to see happiness on her face. When his mother opened the present, she was so **happy** and then shouted aloud because she saw the ladybird.

A) Choose the best answer from a, b, c and d:

- 5- The best title for this passage is:
a. A Nice Holiday b. Saving Money
c. A Beautiful Mall d. A Surprise For Mum
- 6- The opposite of the word "**happy**" is:
a. sad b. ancient c. fantastic d. excited
- 7- The underlined word "**it**" refers to the:
a. mall b. ring c. necklace d. shape
- 8- Ali's Mum shouted because:
a. the present was big. b. she felt afraid.
c. she was happy. d. Ali fell down.

B) Answer the following questions:

- 9- How did Ali get the money?
.....
- 10- When did Ali go to the shopping mall?
.....

II. Writing

A) Grammar (8 Marks)

Choose the correct answer from a, b and c:

- 1- Would you to join us with lunch?
a. like b. liked c. likes
- 2- You sleep early to get up early.
a. shouldn't b. should c. has to
- 3- The football match at 6:30 yesterday.
a. start b. started c. is going to start
- 4- Mum doesn't like to drink tea coffee.
a. so b. but c. or

B) Writing (8 Marks)

a) Fill in the graphic organizer and write a paragraph of not less than 5 sentences about **"A Day at the Book Fair"** with the help of the picture and guide words.

book fair - met - adventure books - help - information - happy

book fair - met - adventure books - help - information - happy

1- Where did you go last Monday?



3- What kind of books did you buy?

2- What did you do there?

4- Why do you think reading is important?

5- How did you feel at the end of the day?

Title : _____

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

b) Spelling (4 Marks)

Write the missing words to complete the sentences:

1. We go to the
to buy new books.



2. It's dangerous to walk on
roads.



Combine the following: Combine the following:

3- carry + ed = 4- imagine + tion =

إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الرابعة



Vocabulary – Choose – (100 - 99) ص

1- booth	2- imagination	3- shy	4- dictionary	5- adventure
6- discuss	7- expression	8- pages	9- traveller	10- surprised
11- kindness	12- cough	13- fluently	14- curious	15- join
16- covers	17- discuss	18- glad	19- book fair	20- enough
21- understand	22- adventure	23- too	24- glad	25- clearly
26- dictionary	27- enough	28- scary	29- authors	30- tough



Reading Comprehension إجابة سؤال قطعة الاستيعاب

Passage: 1 – 101 ص				Passage : 2 – 102 ص			
1- a	2- c	3- b	4- a	1- d	2- a	3- c	4- b
5- She bought a book at the book fair.				5- He was 35 years old.			
6- Because it is not much bigger than a bee.				6- We can help them by giving money and building schools and universities.			

Writing - 105 : 103 ص إجابة سؤال التعبير

1	I went to the book fair last Monday. I met my favourite author there. I bought some adventure books. Reading is important because it helps us to get information. I felt happy at the end of the day.
2	My favourite book is the Quran. I read it every day. My Islamic teacher helps me to understand it. The Quran teaches us kindness. I feel relaxed after reading the Quran.
3	I went to the National Library last Thursday. I went with my friend. We saw different books there. I read a book about Kuwait's history. I felt proud.

Spelling - 106 - إجابة سؤال التهجئة - ص

1- book fair	2- dictionary	3- scary	4- page	5- glad
--------------	---------------	----------	---------	---------

Grammar - 108 - إجابة التمرين الأول على القواعد - ص

1- After that	2- First	3- Next	4- Finally	5- First	6- Finally
7- After that	8- Finally	9- like	10- like	11- buy	12- would
13- would	14- help	15- wouldn't			



إجابة أسئلة الوحدة الرابعة



إجابة التمرين الثاني على القواعد - ص 109 - Grammar

1- enough	2- too	3- enough	4- too	5- enough	6- enough	7- too
8- too / enough	9- enough / too	10- too / enough				
11- enough / too	12- too / enough					

إجابة سؤال القواعد - ص 110 - 111 - Grammar - (Choose)

1- too	2- enough	3- too	4- enough	5- would
6- joined	7- too	8- would	9- Next	10- too
11- First	12- wrote	13- wouldn't	14- Finally	15- work
16- talked	17- like	18- too	19- phone	20- eat

إجابة الاختبار على الوحدة الرابعة - ص 112 - 113 - Quiz

Reading	Vocabulary	1. dictionary	2. discuss	3. calm	4. book fair
	R. Compr	5. b	6. c	7. a	8. b
		9. Because they move very quickly, and they never stop. 10. You should have a modern camera. You should choose amazing places with clear light and fantastic views. Ask people to smile.			
Writing	Grammar	1. enough	2. went	3. like	4. First
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 121			
	Spelling	1. glad	2. scary	3. clearly	4. fluently

صَفْوَةُ مَعْلَمِ الْكُوَيْتِ



إجابة أسئلة المراجعة على الوجدتين ٣ + ٤



إجابة مراجعات المفردات و القواعد على الوجدتين 3 & 4

إجابة سؤال مراجعة مفردات الوجدتين 3-4 - ص 115 Vocabulary Revision				
1- sunscreen	2- fall	3- slippery	4- hurry up	5- breathe
6- careful	7- sailor	8- humidity	9- forecast	10- types
11- shy	12- dictionary	13- discuss	14- kindness	15- fluently
16- covers	17- glad	18- adventure	19- clearly	20- tough

إجابة سؤال مراجعة قواعد الوجدتين 3-4 - ص 116 Grammar Revision				
1- or	2- wrote	3- so	4- shouldn't	5- or
6- might	7- have to	8- stayed	9- might	10- should
11- enough	12- too	13- would	14- would	15- Next
16- too	17- First	18- wouldn't	19- Finally	20- talked

إجابة نموذجي الإختبار علي الوجدتين 3 & 4

إجابة نموذج الإختبار الأول - ص 117 - 118

Reading	Vocabulary	1. applications	2. understand	3. indoors	4. curious
	R. Compr	5. b	6. a	7. d	8. b
		9. Because they don't have to work.			
		10. When there is snow.			
Writing	Grammar	1. leave	2. too	3. so	4. shouldn't
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 121			
	Spelling	1. raincoats	2. dictionary	3. traveller	4. joyfully

إجابة نموذج الإختبار الثاني - ص 119 - 120

Reading	Vocabulary	1. booth	2. breathe	3. slippery	4. forecast
	R. Compr	5. d	6. a	7. c	8. c
		9. He saved his pocket money.			
		10. He went there last Friday.			
Writing	Grammar	1. like	2. should	3. started	4. or
	Writing	راجع إجابة الموضوع من صفحة 121			
	Spelling	1. book fair	2. slippery	3. carried	4. imagination

تصريفات الأفعال



تصريفات الافعال المنتظمة

المعني	1	2	3
يصل	arrive	arrived	arrived
يساعد	assist	assisted	assisted
يتجنب	avoid	avoided	avoided
يستعير	borrow	borrowed	borrowed
يتصل / ينادي	call	called	called
يحمل	carry	carried	carried
يزيل	clear	cleared	cleared
يتواصل	communicate	communicated	communicated
يتنافس	compete	competed	competed
يكمل	complete	completed	completed
ينشئ	compose	composed	composed
يفكر / يعتبر	consider	considered	considered
يغطي	cover	covered	covered
يقرر	decide	decided	decided
يطور	develop	developed	developed
يتبرع	donate	donated	donated
يوسع / يتوسع	expand	expanded	expanded
يفغم عليه / يفقد الوعي	faint	fainted	fainted
يقب / ينقر بخفة	flip	flipped	flipped
يساعد	help	helped	helped
يكرم	honour	honoured	honoured
يستورد	import	imported	imported
يزيد / يزداد	increase	increased	increased
ينظر	look	looked	looked
يحفظ عن ظهر قلب	memorise	memorised	memorised

تصريفات الأفعال



تصريفات الافعال المنتظمة

المعني	1	2	3
يحتاج	need	needed	needed
يلاحظ	notice	noticed	noticed
يطيع	obey	obeyed	obeyed
يلاحظ	observe	observed	observed
يأمر / يطلب	order	ordered	ordered
يموت	pass away	passed away	passed away
يتنبأ بـ	predict	predicted	predicted
يزود / يمد بـ	provide	provided	provided
ينشر (كتاب)	publish	published	published
يعكس	reflect	reflected	reflected
يحترم	respect	respected	respected
يحفظ / يوفر	save	saved	saved
يظهر	show	showed	showed
يحل	solve	solved	solved
يتهجى	spell	spelled	spelled
يمكث / يبقى	stay	stayed	stayed
يوقف	stop	stopped	stopped
يدرس	study	studied	studied
يقترح	suggest	suggested	suggested
يحبس / يصطاد	trap	trapped	trapped
يسافر	travel	travelled	travelled
يشغل (جهاز)	turn on	turned on	turned on
يزور	visit	visited	visited
ينتظر	wait	waited	waited
يريد	want	wanted	wanted



تصريفات الافعال الغير المنتظمة

1

بدون تغيير

أفعال لا تتغير في الأشكال الثلاثة								
	V.1 (inf.)	V.2	V.3			V.1 (inf.)	V.2	V.3
المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	التصريف الثالث
	مضارع بسيط	ماضي بسيط	ماضي الثالث		مضارع بسيط	ماضي بسيط	ماضي الثالث	
يقطع	cut	cut	cut	يصدم	hit	hit	hit	
يغلق	shut	shut	shut	يجرح	hurt	hurt	hurt	
يرتدي	put on	put on	put on	يقرأ	read	read	read	

2

تشابه الماضي مع اسم المفعول

أفعال تتشابه بالشكل الثاني والثالث								
	Present	Past	P.P			Present	Past	P.P
المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	
يبني	build	built	built	يشعر	feel	felt	felt	
يرسل	send	sent	sent	ينام	sleep	slept	slept	
يقضي	spend	spent	spent	يتعلم	learn	learned	learned	
يترك	leave	left	left	يحرق	burn	burned	burned	
يقابل	meet	met	met	يحفر	dig	dug	dug	
يخسر	lose	lost	lost	يفوز بـ	win	won	won	
يبيع	sell	sold	sold	يجلس	sit	sat	sat	
يشترى	buy	bought	bought	يجد	find	found	found	
يعتقد/ يفكر	think	thought	thought	يسمع	hear	heard	heard	
يعلم	teach	taught	taught	يخرج	get out	got out	got out	
يمسك	catch	caught	caught	يصنع	make	made	made	

3

اختلاف جميع الأشكال

اختلاف جميع أشكال الفعل								
	Present	Past	P.P			Present	Past	P.P
المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	المعنى	Present	Past	P.P	
يغني	sing	sang	sung	يكتب	write	wrote	written	
يشرب	drink	drank	drunk	يقود	drive	drove	driven	
يسبح	swim	swam	swum	يركب	ride	rode	ridden	
يأكل	eat	ate	eaten	يأتي	come	came	come	
يسقط	fall	fell	fallen	يتكلم	speak	spoke	spoken	
يأخذ	take	took	taken	يكسر	break	broke	broken	
يضرب/ يهزم	beat	beat	beaten	يختار	choose	chose	chosen	
يذهب	go	went	gone	يعرف	know	knew	known	
يفعل	do	did	done	يكبر	grow up	grew up	grown up	
يعطي	give	gave	given	تهب	blow	blew	blown	
يري	see	saw	seen	يطير	fly	flew	flown	
ينسج	weave	wove	woven	يرسم	draw	drew	drawn	

Notes

Date / /

☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐

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