

Ministry of Education

Al-Tamayouz Model  
School

2026-2027



Private Education

Department of English

Grade 8

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Al-Tamayouz Model School



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First Term 2026/2027

## Work Sheet on Unit one

- Vocabulary
- Grammar
- Composition
- Key Answer



## Unit1

| Word            | Meaning         | Word             | Meaning             |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|
| rich (adj)      | غني             | nowadays (adv)   | في الوقت الحاضر     |
| wonderful (adj) | رائع            | almost (adv)     | تقريباً - حوالي     |
| landmark (n)    | معلم بارز       | social (adj)     | اجتماعي             |
| recently (adv)  | حديثاً - مؤخراً | fond of (adj.)   | مُغرم بـ - متعلق بـ |
| digital (adj)   | رقمي            | communicate (v)  | يتواصل              |
| become (v)      | يُصبح           | deliver (v)      | يُسلم               |
| museum (n)      | متحف            | convenient (adj) | ملائم - مناسب       |
| locate (v)      | يُحدد موقع      | previously (adv) | سابقاً              |
| provide (v)     | يمد بـ - يزود   | instant (adj)    | فوري                |
| receive (v)     | يستلم - يستقبل  | tutorial (n)     | درس تعليمي          |

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

- 1- Sphinx is a famous ..... that millions of tourists visit every year.  
a- tutorial      b- landmark      c- museum      d- communication
- 2- Yesterday we visited the new art ..... in the city.  
a- museum      b- landmark      c- tutorial      d) communication
- 3- Many young people ..... with their friends on social media.  
a- become      b- provide      c- communicate      d) locate
- 4- This website is very .....because it gives students fast and easy access to information.  
a- convenient      b- rich      c- fond of      d- previous.
- 5- Many young people .....with friends and family through social media.  
a- become      b- provide      c- communicate      d- locate
- 6- Technology has .....an important part of our lives.  
a- become      b- located      c- provided      d- delivered
- 7- The new hospital is .....in the north part of the town.  
a- delivered      b- provided      c- become      d- located



8- parents should guide children on using..... media safely.

a- rich      b- instant      c- social      d- wonderful

9- Sara is .....of cooking new recipes she finds online.

a- instant      b- fond      c- rich      d- digital

10- The hotel is .....because it is near the airport.

a- digital      b- rich      c- social      d- fond of

11- I like apps that give.....access to files and videos.

a- rich      b- instant      c- social      d- convenient

12- Mr. Ali ..... good news about his job application.

a- received      b- became      c- located      d- communicated

13- The movie was .....; it showed beautiful scenes and had a great story.

a- social      b- wonderful      c- recent      d- previous

14- The poor family was happy to .....food and clothes from the charity.

a- become      b- locate      c- receive      d- deliver

15- Egypt is known for its .....history and ancient monuments.

a- digital      b- rich      c- instant      d- convenient

16- The flight is .....three hours from London to Paris.

a- almost      b- recently      c- nowadays      d- previously

\* Fill in the gaps using words from the list:

(wonderful – communicate – recently – fond of – museum)

1- The company has ..... launched a new product.

2- It was a .....experience to visit the science center.

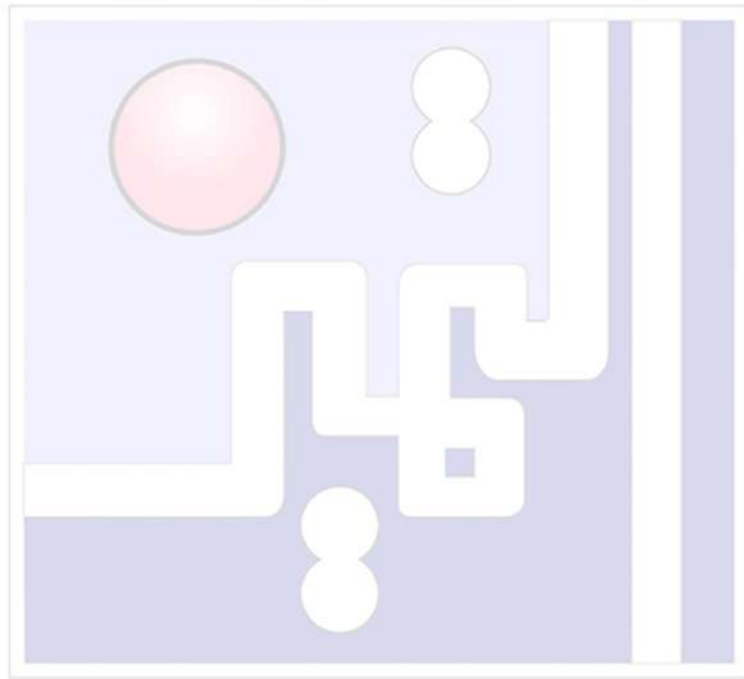
3- The .....has many old paintings and beautiful sculptures.

4- Students are ..... using email and messages with their teachers.



(landmark – delivers – social – previously – tutorial)

- 1- The restaurant was ..... owned by another family.
- 2- The company ..... goods to different parts of the country.
- 3- My sister followed an online .....to learn cooking.
- 4- The Eiffel Tower is a famous .....in Paris.



مدرسة التميز النموذجية

(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

صَفْوَةُ مَعَالِكُوتِ



## (Grammar)

### Unit1

## SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

### Positive

He  
She  
It

+

starts

« 1st form of verb + '-s, -es, -ies' »

I  
You  
We  
You  
They

+

start

« 1st form of verb »

Example: She **starts** new diet.

Example: You **start** new diet.

### Negative

He  
She  
It

+

does not  
doesn't

+

start

« 1st form of verb »

I  
You  
We  
You  
They

+

do not  
don't

+

start

« 1st form of verb »

Example: She **does not** ( **doesn't** ) start new diet.

Example: You **do not** ( **don't** ) start new diet.

### Question

Does

+

He  
She  
It

+

start

« 1st form of verb »

Do

+

I  
You  
We  
You  
They

+

start

« 1st form of verb »

Ex: She **starts** new diet.

Ex: You **start** new diet.

Does she **start** new diet?

Do you **start** new diet?



# PRESENT SIMPLE

| POSITIVE                                                                                    | NEGATIVE                                                                                                                                       | INTERROGATIVE                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I walk<br>You walk<br>She walks<br>He walks<br>It walks<br>We walk<br>You walk<br>They walk | I don't walk<br>You don't walk<br>She doesn't walk<br>He doesn't walk<br>It doesn't walk<br>We don't walk<br>You don't walk<br>They don't walk | Do I walk?<br>Do you walk?<br>Does she walk?<br>Does he walk?<br>Does it walk?<br>Do we walk?<br>Do you walk?<br>Do they walk? |

# SPELLING RULES

| I, We, You, They               | He, She, It<br>(third person singular) |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| I love music.                  | She loves music.                       |
| My friends play tennis         | Dan plays basketball.                  |
| Ben and I watch MTV every day. | My dad watches CNN.                    |
| You study English.             | Jane studies French.                   |



In the present simple third person singular (he, she, it) we add **s / es / ies** to the verb:

## es

We add **es** to verbs ending with **ch, sh, ss, x, o**

teach → teaches  
 wash → washes  
 kiss → kisses  
 fix → fixes  
 go → goes

## ies

When the verb ends with consonant+y, we drop the y and add **ies**

fly → flies  
 try → tries  
 cry → cries  
 study → studies  
 carry → carries

## s

We add **s** to all the other verbs

walk → walks  
 love → loves  
 swim → swims  
 play → plays  
 sit → sits



## المضارع المستمر 4. Present Continuous Tense

يستخدم هذا الزمن للتعبير عن حدث يقع الآن فقط .

يتكون هذا الزمن من :

am / is / are + فعل + ing

I → am + verb + ing

He, she, it → is + verb + ing

They, we, you → are + verb + ing

يأتي هذا الزمن عادة مع كلمات مثل :

|        |       |                     |                 |      |      |
|--------|-------|---------------------|-----------------|------|------|
| now    | الآن  | at the moment       | في هذه اللحظة   | look | انظر |
| listen | استمع | at the present time | في الوقت الحاضر |      |      |

1. I am reading a story at the moment.
2. They are watching television now.
3. Look! the bus is coming.

بعض الأفعال لا يمكن أن تقع في الاستمرار سواء المضارع المستمر أو الماضي المستمر وهذه الأفعال تعبر عن الشعور والأذى والإحساس ومن هذه الأفعال :

|         |      |       |      |            |       |        |       |
|---------|------|-------|------|------------|-------|--------|-------|
| like    | يحب  | love  | يحب  | want       | يريد  | prefer | يفضل  |
| wish    | يريد | hate  | يكره | dislike    | يكره  | feel   | يشعر  |
| hope    | يأمل | hear  | يسمع | think      | يعتقد | seem   | يبدو  |
| appear  | يظهر | fear  | يخشى | consider   | يعتبر | fit    | يناسب |
| believe | يصدق | trust | يثق  | understand | يفهم  |        |       |



### 3. The Present Continuous Tense زمن المضارع المستمر

1) Formation:- التكوين (كيف نصوغ الفعل في زمن المضارع المستمر؟)

• يكون شكل الفعل في زمن المضارع المستمر كما يلي:-

| الضمير □      | شكل الفعل             |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| I             | am                    |
| He, She, It   | is + مصدر الفعل + ing |
| They, You, We | are                   |

|                                |                     |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. I am watching TV now.       | أشاهد التلفاز الآن. |
| 2. Samy is eating an apple.    | يأكل سامي تفاحة.    |
| 3. We are doing our home work. | نقوم بعمل واجبنا.   |

2) Usage: الاستخدام (متى نصوغ الفعل في زمن المضارع المستمر؟)

• نصوغ فعل الجملة في زمن المضارع المستمر في الحالات الآتية:-

1. إذا كان الحدث مستمر في الوقوع وقت التكلم، مثل:-

|                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| I am writing now. | أنا أكتب الآن. |
|-------------------|----------------|

2. إذا كان الحدث مستمر في الوقوع مع حدث آخر في الحاضر، مثل:-

|                                                     |                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| While she is making tea, I am reading her new book. | بينما هي تعمل الشاي، أقرأ كتابها الجديد. |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|

3. إذا كان الحدث يستغرق بطبيعته وقتاً طويلاً عند حدوثه في الحاضر، مثل:-

|                                                  |                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. They are building a new school in our street. | إنهم يبنون مدرسة جديدة في شارعنا. |
| 2. The sun is shining this morning.              | تسطع الشمس هذا الصباح.            |

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- He ..... to the park every week.

- a) go      b) goes      c) going      d) gone

2- The sun ..... in the east every morning.

- a) rise      b) rises      c) rising      d) rose

3- My uncle usually .....TV in the evening.

- a) watch      b) watches      c) watching      d) watched

4- The baby ..... when he is hungry.

- a) cries      b) cry      c) crying      d) cried

5- Ahmed sometimes ..... his homework late at night.

- a) does      b) do      c) doing      d) did

6- Listen! The birds..... beautifully.

- a) sing      b) sings      c) are singing      d) singing

7- The man ..... the wall at the moment.

- a) build      b) builds      c) is building      d) building

8- My sister..... dinner at the moment.

- a) cooks      b) is cooking      c) cooking      d) cooked

9- The children ..... in the garden now.

- a) are playing      b) play      c) plays      d) played

10- They.....geography at the moment.

- a) study      b) studied      c) are studying      d) studies



Do as shown between brackets:

1- she goes to school every day. (make negative)

.....

2- They play football every Friday. (Form a question)

.....

3-Listen! The birds(sing). (correct the verb)

.....

4- She is reading a book now. (Make negative)

.....

5- Sara usually (go) to school by bus. (correct the verb)

.....

6- It rains a lot in summer. (make negative)

.....

7- I am going to the party tonight. (make negative)

.....

8- My friends and I (watch) a documentary now. (Correct the verb)

.....

9- Watch out! Speeding car (come). (correct the verb)

.....

10- She is cooking the food at the moment. (Ask a question)

.....



## Writing

“Life in the past was different from life nowadays.”

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs of not less than (10 sentences) comparing life in Kuwait in the past and nowadays.

\* Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

### Paragraph (1) Life in Kuwait in the past

Topic sentence: .....

Supporting details:

.....  
.....  
.....

Concluding sentence: .....

### Paragraph (2) Life in Kuwait nowadays

Topic sentence: .....

Supporting details:

.....  
.....  
.....

Concluding Sentence: .....



## Model Answer

### Vocabulary

#### Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Sphinx is a famous ..... that millions of tourists visit every year.

- a- tutorial      b- landmark      c- museum      d- communication

2- Yesterday we visited the new art ..... in the city.

- a- museum      b- landmark      c- tutorial      d) communication

3- Many young people ..... with their friends on social media.

- a- become      b- provide      c- communicate      d) locate

4- This website is very .....because it gives students fast and easy access to information.

- a- convenient      b- rich      c- fond of      d- previous.

5- Many young people .....with friends and family through social media.

- a- become      b- provide      c- communicate      d- locate

6- Technology has .....an important part of our lives.

- a- become      b- located      c- provided      d- delivered

7- The new hospital is .....in the north part of the town.

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8- parents should guide children on using..... media safely.

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9- Sara is .....of cooking new recipes she finds online.

- a- instant      b- fond      c- rich      d- digital

10- The hotel is .....because it is near the airport.

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\* Fill in the gaps using words from the list:

(wonderful – communicate – recently – fond of – museum)

- 1- The company has ...recently ..... launched a new product.
- 2- It was a ...wonderful.....experience to visit the science center.
- 3- The museum .....has many old paintings and beautiful sculptures.
- 4- Students are...fond of ..... using email and messages with their teachers.

(landmark – delivers – social – previously – tutorial)

- 1- The restaurant was previously..... owned by another family.
- 2- The company ...delivers..... goods to different parts of the country.
- 3- My sister followed an online ...tutorial.....to learn cooking.
- 4- The Eiffel Tower is a famous landmark.....in Paris.

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(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

صِفْوَةٌ مَعَ الْكُويْتِ



## Model Answer

### Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- He ..... to the park every week.

- a) go      b) goes      c) going      d) gone

2- The sun ..... in the east every morning.

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- a) watch      b) watches      c) watching      d) watched

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10- They .....geography at the moment.

- a) study      b) studied      c) are studying      d) studies



Do as shown between brackets:

1- she goes to school every day. (make negative)

**She doesn't go to school every day.**

2- They play football every Friday. (Form a question)

**When do they play football?**

3- Listen! The birds(sing). (correct the verb)

**Listen! The birds are singing.**

4- She is reading a book now. (Make negative)

**She is not (isn't) reading a book now.**

5- Sara usually (go) to school by bus. (correct the verb)

**Sara usually goes to school by bus.**

6- It rains a lot in summer. (make negative)

**It doesn't rain a lot in summer.**

7- I am going to the party tonight. (make negative)

**I am not going to the party tonight.**

8- My friends and I (watch) a documentary now. (Correct the verb)

**My friends and I are watching a documentary now.**

9- Watch out! Speeding car (come). (correct the verb)

**Watch out! Speeding car is coming.**

10- She is cooking the food at the moment. (Ask a question)

**What is she cooking at the moment?**



## Model Answer

### Writing

“Life in the past was different from life nowadays.”

Plan and write a report of two paragraphs of not less than (10 sentences) comparing life in Kuwait in the past and nowadays.

\* Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion.

#### Paragraph (1) Life in Kuwait in the past

Topic sentence: Life in the past was simple.

Supporting details:

- . Mud homes
- . Eating healthy and fresh food
- . Fishing and pearl diving

Concluding sentence: Life in the past was simple but enjoyable

#### Paragraph (2) Life in Kuwait nowadays

Topic sentence: Nowadays, life is completely different.

Supporting details:

- . Easier and more comfortable
- . Modern schools
- . Depending on modern technology

Concluding Sentence: Finally, life nowadays is better than life in the past.



### “Life in the past and nowadays”

Life in the past was simple. People lived in mud homes. They ate healthy and fresh food. There were no schools. There were simple jobs like fishing and pearl diving. People used to send letters to communicate. Life in the past was simple but not enjoyable.

Nowadays, life is completely different. It is easier and more comfortable. There are modern schools. People depend on modern technology. They can travel faster. They use smart phones and surf the internet. Finally, life nowadays is better than life in the past.

3



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(ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي)

صَفْوَةُ مَعَالِكُوت



عندما يكون تعليم أبنائكم  
اهتمامكم الأول في الحياة



مدرسة التميز النموذجية  
ابتدائي - متوسط - ثانوي

## قنواتنا على تليجرام



الصف الأول



الصف الثاني



الصف الثالث



الصف الرابع



الصف الخامس



الصف السادس



الصف السابع



الصف الثامن



الصف التاسع



الصف العاشر



الصف الحادي عشر



الصف الثاني عشر



الصف الحادي عشر



الصف الثاني عشر

