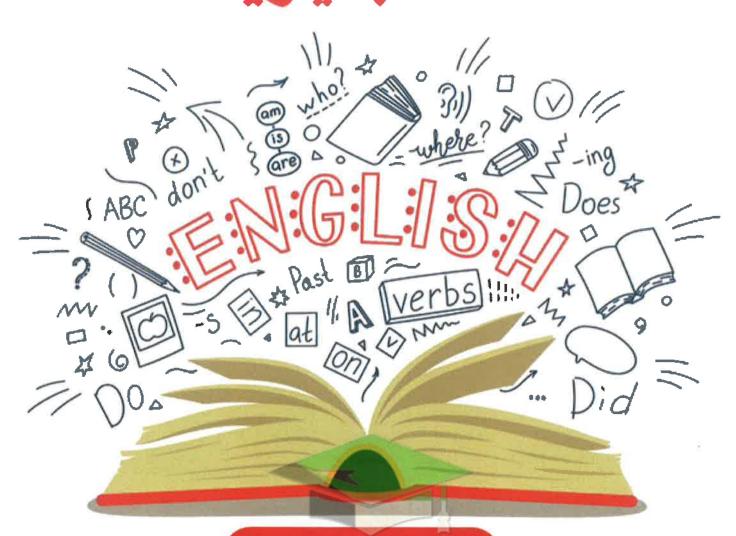




اللغة الانحا



الصف السادس

الفصل الدراسي الأول العام الدراسي ۲۰۲۵ - ۲۰۲۱

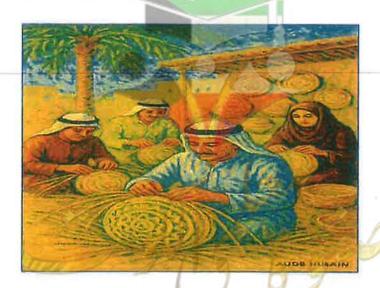
مذكرات بو محمد الأصلية





Grade 6 Unit 1 Art and Expression





انجليزي سادس

مذكرات أبو محمد الأصلية (الفهرس) التواصل فقط من خلال الرقم التالي 🍯 (66176078) ليس لدينا ارقام أخرى

	<u>Unit 1</u> 1					
	Art and E	xpression	ىكىرەن ئو مىنىد 66176078			
	VOCAB	ULARY				
support (v)	يدعم- يعزز-يساند	official (adj)	زسمي			
cheerful (adj)	Serv	broadcasting (n)	بِثْ — ارسال اذاعي			
moment (n)	لحظة	channel (n)	745			
trader (n)	تاجر	programme (n)	برنامج			
wooden (adj)	خشبي	daily (adj)	يومي			
goods (n)	بضائع	documentary (n)	وثائقي			
craft (n)	حرفة	series (n)	مسلسل — سلسلة			
palm leaf (n)	ورق نخيل	allow (v)	يسمح			
express (v)	يمير	clearly (adv)	بوضوح			
poetry (n)	شعر	choice (n)	اختيار			
value (n)	قيمة	content (n)	محتوي			
A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: 1- Whichdo you use to watch the news?						
a) craft b) channel c) value d) content						
2- Have you seen the newon Netflix, it is a comedy one.						
a) series b	o) trader c)	choice d) mo	oment			
3- The baskets and	the fans are made o	of				
a) value	b) palm leaves	c) programme	d) content			
-	_	us to leave e				
		c) express d)				

B) Fill in the spaces with the suitable word from the list.

(express – palm leaves – made of –trader– poetry)

1-He is so talented that and famous for writing.....

2-People used to..... their feelings by songs.

3-Thatchair is made in Egypt.

4- A person who buys and sells goods is called a

الاجابسة

ı			Answers		
	A	1.b	2.a	3.b	4 . d
T	В	1. poetry	2. express	3. wooden	4. trader

66176078

Used to

اعتاد أن

اعتاد أن يفعل شيئ ما في الماضي ولا يفعله الآن

Used to

used to + inf

يأتي بعدها الفعل في المصدر

- ➤ Ali <u>used to sleep</u> early when he was young.
- > We used to go to the cinema.
- > Salma used to draw pictures.

النفي (negative)

لنفي جملة بها فعل used to نستخدم didn't use to

EX: - My uncle used to live in America. (make negative)

My uncle didn't use to live in America.

EX: - I used to go to the gym. (make negative)

I didn't use to go to the gym.

لاحظ أن بعد didn't نكتب use وليس used

d) using

Ask question السؤال

? المصدر + use to + الفاعل + did + اداة الاستفهام

EX: The baby used to sleep in the cot soundly. (ask question)

Where did the baby use to sleep soundly?

Ex: Nasser used to play football in Fridays. (ask question)

When did Nasser use to play football?

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: -

1- The boy used to milk.

a) use

b) used

- a) drinks b) drinking c) drink d) drunk
- 2- When I was young, Ito visit my grandmother.
- 3- I didn'tto go to the beach when I was young .
- a)use b) used to c) use to d) using
- 4- Our teacher used us rewards.
- a) give b) given c) to give d) gave

مذكرات أبو محمد الأصلية (الفهرس) التواصل فقط من خلال الرقم القالي 🕡 (66176078) ليس لدينا ارقاء أخرى انجليزي سادس

c) uses

	Do as shown betwee A new baby used to		(Correct the verb)
2- N	My sister didn't (use	ed) to clean the roo	m. (Correct the verb)
3- I	used to go to schoo	l by bus.	(1	make negative)
4- \$	She used to buy scie	nce books.	. (ask question)
		Answers		
A	1.e	2.b	3.a	4.c
В	1.sleep 2. use 3. I didn't use to go 4. What did she use			الاجابة



The past simple tense

الماضي البسيط يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء تم في الماضي وانتهى وليس له الر

الكلمات الدائج على الماضي

(yesterday اعس - Last العضي In the past - العضي)

Irregular Verbs

٢- الأفعال غير المنتظم

أفعال يتغير شكلها عند تحويلها للماضي (أفعال شاذه)

Regular verbs الأفعال المنتظمة

يتحول الفعل المنتظم للماضي بإضافة d/ed على الفعل

1- go	went
2- see	saw
3- buy	Bought
4- have	had
5- find	Found

ed क्यांक प्रतिक			
play Played			
visit	Visited		

ط عال لاشاطة received receive اضافة d فقط لأنه انتهى ب

Examples: -

- Yesterday, I went to the zoo. Last month, my mother bought a necklace

Examples:

Yesterday, I played tennis Last Sunday, I received a letter from my friend.

النفي Negation

عند النفي في الماضي نضع (didn't) قبل الفعل وبرد الفعل للمصدر

المصدر + didn't

Examples:

1- Haya cleaned her room yesterday.

Haya didn't clean her room yesterday.

2- I saw a bright star last night.

I didn't see a bright star last night

لعمل السؤال عن جملة في زمن الماضي البسيط

? المسلس + الفاعل + did + أداة استفهام

Examples: -

1-Mona visited her friends last Friday.

When did Mona visit her friend?

2. I ate an ice-cream yesterday.

What did you eat yesterday?

Exercises:-

- A) Choose the correct answer from a ,b,c and d.
- 1- In the past, people didn't electricity.
 - a) had
- b) has
- c) have
- d) are

- 2- Last week, I..... a new car.
 - a) bought
- b) buy
- c) buys
- d) buying
- 3- My father his car yesterday.

 - a) washes b) washing c)washed
- d)wash

B) Do as shown between brackets: -

1- Scientists invented a cure for cancer. (make negative)

(ask question) 2- They played tennis in the club.

3- He didn't (found) his pen last night.

(correct the verb)

		Answers	
A	1-c	2-a	3-с
	1. Scientists did not in	ent a cure for cancer.	
В	2. Where did they play	tennis?	الاجابسة
	3, find	1 00 00 A	

Reading comprehension



Read the following text carefully, then answer the questions below: -

Octopuses are very intelligent sea animals. They are fast swimmers. They can learn new things just like people. They've even learned to get away from dangerous things. If any octopus sees a dangerous animal like a shark, it can easily escape. Octopuses don't have sharp teeth to protect themselves. They use other way to do that. They like to hide themselves in the sand in the bottom of the ocean. Octopuses can change their colour, to be like the sand, so other animals can't see them. Some of them like to hide between rocks and coral reefs. Similar to squids, octopus can hide by spraying ink. The ink makes a cloud that hides the octopus. It's like magic.

Octopuses have flexible bodies; they are usually small in size. An octopus has eight arms, two eyes, three hearts, and a large head. They like to eat worms, fish, shrimps, and crabs. What a strange sea animal!

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:-

- 1- Which of the following is the best title for the passage?
- a) An amazing sea animal

b) Hiding from dangerous

c) Different sea animals

- d) Beautiful coral reefs
- 2- What is the meaning of the underlined word "escape" in the 1ST paragraph?
- a) smile to
- b) play
- c) changed
- d) run away
- 3- The underlined pronoun (themselves) in the lost paragraph refers to: -
- a) swimmers
- b) octopuses
- c) people
- d) teeth
- 4- Octopuses are usually small in size because....::
- a) they are good swimmers
- b) they have a large head
- c) they hide in the sand

- d) they have flexible bodies
- 5-According to the text, which of the following statements is <u>True</u>?
- a) Octopuses have three arms.
- b) Octopuses can't protect themselves.
- c) Octopuses use different ways to hide themselves.
- d) Octopuses are foolish animals.

6- What is the purpose of the text?

7 66176078

- a) To advise us to buy an octopus.
- b) To compare between octopuses and squids.
- c) To give us information about octopuses.
- d) To warn us from dangerous sea animals.

B) Answer the following questions.

1- Describe the body of the octopus.

2- How can the octopuses protect themselves?

			A	nswers		
A	1-a	2-d	3-ь	4-d	5-с	6-с
В	1- Octopus has an flexible body. It has 8 arms, 2 eyes, 3 hearts, and a big head. 2- They can hide in the sand in the bottom of the ocean, they can hide between					
	coral reefs,	and they car	n change the	ir colour.		



"Life in the past was simple"

Plan and write a paragraph describing "Life in old Kuwait and how people spent their time"

The plan Life in Old Kuwait

Topic Sentence:

Life in old Kuwait was simple.

Detail 1:

Men went fishing, pearl diving, and trading to help their families.

Detail 2:

Women cooked and took care of the children.

Detail 3:

Children played games outside and listened to stories from their grandparents.

Concluding Sentence:

Although life was hard, people in old Kuwait were happy and lived together like one family.

Write Your topic

Life in old Kuwait was simple. Men went fishing and pearl diving. They also went trading to help their families. Women cooked and took care of the children. Children played games outside. They listened to stories from their grandparents. Although life was hard, people in old Kuwait were happy and lived together like one family.

الترجمة

كانت الحياة في الكويت القديمة بسيطة. كان الرجال يذهبون للصيد والغوص بحثًا عن اللؤلؤ. كما كانوا يسافرون للتجارة من أجل مساعدة أسرهم. أما النساء فكن يطبخن ويعتنين بالأطفال. وكان الأطفال يلعبون الألعاب في المخارج ويستمعون إلى القصص من أجدادهم. وعلى الرغم من أن الحياة كانت صعبة، إلا أن الناس في الكويت القديمة كانوا سعداء ويعيشون معًا كعائلة واحدة

<u>Unit 2</u> <u>Landmarks and Tourism</u>







- > Three towers.
- > Main touristic place in Kwait.
- > Have restraunts, cafes, and halls.



انجليزي سادس

ليس لدينا ارقام أخرى

التواصل فقط من خلال الرقم التالي ت (66176078)

مثكرات أبومحمد الأصلية (القهرس

Unit 2 Landmarks and tourism

VOCABIILAV

VUCABULAY					
chance (n)	الرصة	international (adj)	دولي		
gallery (n)	معرض فني لعرض الصور	cruise (n)	رحلة بحرية		
pleasant (adj)	سار—ممتع	incredible (adj)	لا يصدق		
unique (adj)	مميز – فريد	uniquely (adv)	بشكل فريد		
attract (v)	يجذب	guide (v)	يرشد – يوجهه		
exhibition (n)	معرض	tour (n)	جولة		
contrast (n)	تباین	stunning (adj)	مدهش		
design (n)	تصميم	recommend (v)	يوصى ب		
event (n)	حدث				
especially (adv)	خمنومياً	1			
surely (adv)	بالتاكيد				

The Common time controlly with a little controlly and the controlly	Choose	Choose the correct	word from	a, b,	c and	d:
---	--------	--------------------	-----------	-------	-------	----

- 1-, we can win the match if we all work together as a team.
- a) especially
- b) clearly
- c) surely
- d) uniquely
- 2- The weather istoday, and we can go outside to play football.
- a) pleasant
- b) unique
- c) incredible
- d) international
- 3- We visited an art....., and it had many beautiful paintings on the walls.
 - a) event
- b) gallery
- c) tour

- d) cruise
- 4-Please give me a secondto do my homework because I forgot it yesterday.
- a) chance
- b) tour
- c) design
- d) event

B) Fill in the spaces with the suitable word from the list: -							
int	international – gallery – stunning – recommend – tour 66176078						
1. We we	1. We went on a city and saw many famous places.						
2. The ar	t		was full of beauti	ful paintings.			
3. The su	inset at the be	ach was so	that	we took many	photos.		
4. I	4. Ithis book because it is very interesting.						
C) Fill in the spaces with the suitable word from the list: -							
unique – attract – guide – exhibition – surely							
1. The teacher will us around the museum.							
2. Bright flowersbees in the garden.							
3. The science showed many interesting projects.							
4. This idea is because no one has thought of it before.							
Answers							
A	1. c	2.a	3.b	4.a			
В	1- tour	2-gallery	3-stunning	4- recom	mend		

1-guide

 \mathbf{C}

2-atract

3-exhibition



4-unique



Grammar Present Simple (Preference Verbs)

Use preference verbs to talk about what you or other people like or don't like doing.

You don't like / enjoy They We + like / enjoy +verb-ing

He She doesn't like /enjoy lt +likes / enjoys +verb-ing

Examples:

- I enjoy swimming every day.
- They don't like going to the club.
- Ahmed enjoys reading every day.
- Tom doesn't like going to the park.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

- 1- She likes.....tennis with her friends.
- a) plays
- b) playing
- c) played
- d) play
- 2- Theyswimming, they prefer diving.
- a) don't enjoy b) enjoys
- c) doesn't enjoy
 - d) enjoyed

- 3- Abdullahreading story books.
- a) enjoy
- b) don't enjoy
- c) enjoys
- d) enjoyed
- 4- Yousef enjoys.....to the cinema every month.
- b) go
- c) went
- d) going
- 5- Ahmed.....painting, but he likes playing the piano.
- a) don't like
- b) like
- c) liked
- d) doesn't like

The answers 3-c 4-d 5-d 1-b 2-a

First Conditional (If)

الحالة الأولى قاعدة [1]

الشرطية If إذا/ لو شرط حدوث شيء آخر حدوثه للتعبير عن شيء يمكن

Will + Harry مضارع بسيط أأ if سيط والم Will + Market

Ex:

- > If you study hard, you will pass the exam.
- She will buy a new dress if she earns money.
- If they have time, they'll play tennis.

المصدر + will not / won't , مضارع بسيط منفي _ (don't / doesn't + inf)

Ex: -

- If you don't study, you won't pass the exam.
- He will not play football if he doesn't finish his work.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d.

- 1- If he well, we will win the match.
- a- play b- played
- c- plays d- playing
- 2-I to hospital if I am sick
- a- go
- b- will go
- c- went
- d-going
- 3- I will you if I need help.
- a- ask
- b- will ask
- c- asks
- d- asked
- 4- If she time, she'll go shopping.
- a- have
- b- had
- c- has
- 🧆 d- is

B) Do as shown between brackets: - 1- I do more exercises. I will be fit.	(join)	14 66176078
2- If she plays a sport, she (be) fit.	(correct)	
3- If he (went) to the USA, he'll see new places.	(correct)	
4- Ali studies hard. He gets high marks.	(If)	

الاجابسية

		A	nswers			
A	1-e	2-b	3-a	4-е		
В	1. If I do more exercises, I will be fit. 2. will be					
	3. goes4. If Ali studies	hard, he will ge	t high marks.			



انجليزي سادس

ليس لدينا ارقام أخرى

منكرات أبو محمد الأصلية (الفهرس)

Read the following text carefully, then answer the questions below:

If you like snow and ice, maybe you should stay at the Ice Hotel in Quebec, Canada. But you can only check in to the Ice Hotel during the winter. Why? Because this hotel is made entirely of ice.

This amazing hotel is built in December. It has 32 rooms, and 80 people can stay there each night. The hotel has a movie theater and an art gallery. Of course, all of these parts of the hotel are made of ice. In fact, all the furniture, art, lights, and even plates and drinking glasses are made of ice.

Because this hotel is unusual, it has become very famous. People from all over the world come to the Ice Hotel to look at the fantastic ice arts, enjoy drinks and delicious foods from designer ice dishes. They also enjoy a lovely time.

Because of all the ice, the temperature inside the hotel is always between -2 and -5C. In the freezing cold hotel rooms, sleeping is not a problem. Every guest gets a special cold-weather sleeping bag and some fur blankets. These keep them warm until morning.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d:

A) Choose the	e correct answer	irom a, d, c, and	<u>r u:</u>
1- The best title	for the passage is .	************	
a) Skiing	b) Canada	c) Ice Arts	d) The Ice Hotel
2- The under li	ned pronoun (<u>They</u>	refers to	
a) rooms	b) people	c) dishes	d)arts
3- The under li	ned word (<u>entirely</u>)	means	0-6 ± 5
a) completely	b) easily	c) lovely	d) slowly
4- The hotel car	n receive	within a wee	k
a) 160 people	b) 420 people	c) 260 people	d) 430 people
		120	

~~~~~	~~~~			~~~
5- The writer's p	ourpose of writing	g this text is to	****	10
a) explain how or	ne can sleep well.			66176
b) show how peop	ple enjoy the time	in winter.		
c) discuss probler	ns of cold winter.			
d) describe how i	ce-glasses are mad	le.		
6- The temperat	ure inside the hot	tel is between	C.	
a) 3 and 5	b) 2 and 6	c) -2 and-5	d) 2and 5	
1- Why has the I	the following qualice Hotel become as not problem at	very famous?		

<b>F</b>	The	40.00	an of societies	na this tout	ia to	~~~~	16
	a) explain how one can sleep well.						
	_			•			
		w people en					
	_	problems of					
d	l) describe	how ice-gla	isses are ma	ade.			
6	- The tem	perature ir	iside the h	otel is betw	een	С.	
a)	) 3 and 5	b) 2	2 and 6	c) -2	and-5	d) 2and 5	
8		wer the fo					
1	- Why ha	s the Ice Ho	otel becom	e very famo	ous?		
2	- Why is	sleeping no	t problem	at the Ice H	lotel?		
	•••••		•••••				
				Answ	ers		الاجابــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
A		1.d	2- b	3- a	4-b	5- b	6- c
B					tic arts and o	_	
3		2. because e blankets	very guest g	ets a special	cold hotel ro	oms, sleeping	bag and fur
	يزي سادس	قامراخری انجا	) ليس لدينا ار	66176078) 🛎 (	قط من خلال الرقم التالي	( القهرس ) التواصل ﴿	تكرات أبو محمد الأصلية



#### Writing

17 66176078

"Kuwait has many interesting places to visit."

Plan and write a paragraph describing a place in Kuwait and the activities atourist can do there:

### The plan

#### **Topic Sentence:**

Kuwait Towers are a famous place in Kuwait.

#### Detail 1:

Tourists can take many photos of the towers.

#### Detail 2:

Visitors can go to the top and look at the city.

#### Detail 3:

There is also a restaurant in the tower.

#### **Concluding Sentence:**

Kuwait Towers are a nice place to visit for everyone.

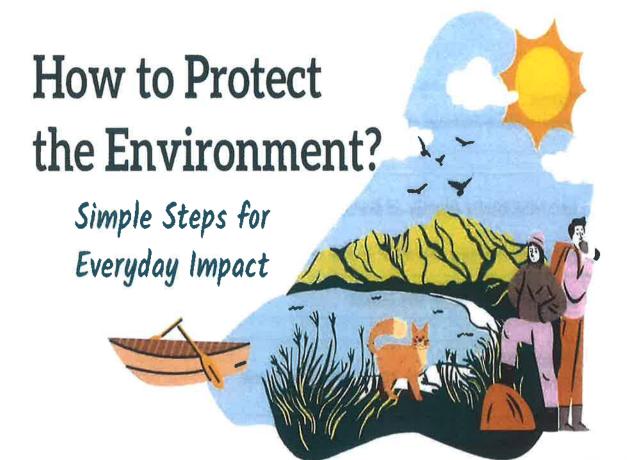
# A Famous place in Kuwait

Kuwait Towers are a famous place in Kuwait. Tourists can take many photos of the towers. They are very beautiful. Visitors can go to the top and look at the city. There is also a restaurant in the tower. People can enjoy delicious food there. Kuwait Towers are a nice place to visit for everyone.

#### الترجمة

أبراج الكويت هي مكان مشهور في دولت الكويت. يمكن للسياح التقاط العديد من الصور للأبراج الأنها جميلة جدًا. يمكن للزوار الصعود إلى الأعلى لمشاهدة المدينة من هناك. كما يوجد مطعم داخل البرج يمكن للناس الاستمتاع فيه بتناول طعام لذيذ أبراج الكويت مكان جميل يستحق الزيارة من الجميع.

# Our Environment, Our Choice



#### SAVE OUR EARTH















BRING YOUR OWN SHOPPING BAG



SECOND HAND SHOPPING

Vocabulary			
Meaning	Word	Meaning	
البيئة	wisely (adv)	بحكمة	
يؤذي	natural resources (n)	مصادرطبيعية	
قثر	reduce (v)	يقلل	
غابة	reuse (v)	يعيد استخدام	
معرض للانقراض	recycle ( v)	يعيدتدوير	
مزدحم	neatly (adv)	بشكل منظم	
نفایات	plastic (n)	بلاستيك	
بإهمال	routine (n)	روتين	
يلاحظ	container (n)	حاويةوعام	
تلوث	metal (n/ adj)	معدن — معدني	
مناخ	creative (adj)	مبدع	
ينكر	impress (v)	مؤثر	
بلطف	campaign (n)	حملة	
	Meaning         البيئة         قنر         غابة         معرض للانقراض         مغرجم         منایات         بإهمال         یلاحظ         تلوث         مناخ         ینکر         ینکر	البيئة wisely (adv) البيئة natural resources (n) البيئة reduce (v) البيئة reuse (n) البيئة plastic (n) البيئة routine (n) البيئة container (n) البيئة routine (n) البيئة routine (adj) البيئة reuse (v)	

# A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c, and d:

1-Smoking	can	your	health.
-----------	-----	------	---------

- a) notice b) harm c) remind
- d) reuse
- 2- Pandas are ..... animals.
- a) wooden
- b) metal c) crowded
- d) endangered
- 3-People must protect the ......from pollution.
- a) environment
- b) container c) routine
- d) campaign
- 4- Ahmed did his homework.....so he got low marks.
- a) clearly
- b) neatly c) carelessly
- d) gently

B)	F	ill	in	the	snaces	with	the	suitable	word	from	the	list: -	
_,				PAR W.	0 10000	77 2422		D 112 010 10 2 0					

# wisely - recycle - plastic - campaign - container

1. We must ...... bottles and cans to keep the environment clean.

2. The teacher started a school ...... to protect the environment.

3. He kept his lunch in a .....

4. She spent her pocket money.....

c) Fill in the spaces with the suitable word from the list: -

natural resources - reduce - neatly - metal - routine

1. Oil and water are important .....

2. We must ...... the use of plastic bags.

3. He writes his homework .....

4. The spoon is made of .....

		Answers		الاجابــة
A	1.b	2.d	3.a	4.c
В	1- recycle	2- campaign	3- container	4- wisely
С	1-natural resources	2-reduce	3-neatly	4-metal



#### Grammar

#### The present Continuous Tense

المضارع المستمر:-

I	Am	
He, She, It	Is	Verb +ing
We, They, You	Are	

#### الكلمات الدالة على الزمن kev words

now- at the moment – right now – today

- Ex: He is playing tennis with his friends now.
  - We are visiting the museum today.
  - I am writing at the moment.

## Negative النقي

am\is\ are + not + النمل + ing

Ex-He isn't playing tennis with his friends.

- We are not visiting the museum today.
- I am not writing at the moment.

# • السؤال Question

يتكون من !ing + الفعل + الفاعل + (is \ are ) + أداة الاستفهام

- Ex :- When is he playing tennis with friends?
  - Which place are you visiting today?
  - What are you doing at the moment?

#### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d.

- 1- They ..... to London right now.
- a- travelling b- are travelling
  - d- travelled c- travel
- 2- We..... to Kuwait Towers tonight.
- b- go a- are going

- c- going
- d- goes

- 3- I'm ..... a book now.
- a- read
- b- am reading
- c- reading
- d- reads
- 4- I ..... on the school project today.
- a- am working
- b- working
- c- work
- d-worked

B) Do a	s shown between brac	ckets: -		22 
1- Look! I	My sister (study) in Engl	(correct the verb)		
2- My mo	ther is cooking now.	(ask question	1)	
3- We (wa	atch) a nice movie at the		(correct the verb)	
4- I'm flyi	ing a kite now.		(make negat	ive)
		Answers		¥
A	1-b	2-a	3-с	4-a
1. is studying  2. When is your mother doing now?  3. are watching  4. I am not flying a kite now.				



انجليزي سادس

### The future simple Tense

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زمن المستقبل البسيط

We use the future simple to talk about things that will happen later or in the future.

- We use will to talk about things we plan to do in the future.
- We use won't to talk about things we promise not to do.

#### The form:-

I, We, They, You,	Will	Infinitive	مصلرالقعل
He, She, It			

Will = 'II

### Example: -

#### **Affirmative**

- 1- I will go to the club tonight.
- 2- They will travel to London next week.
- 3- Ahmed will plant a tree soon.

#### **Negative**

I, We, They, You,	Will not	Infinitive	مصدر القعل
He, She, It			

Will not = won't

- 1- I will not go to the club tonight.
- 2- They won't travel to London next week.
- 3- Ahmed won't plant a tree soon.

#### Questions: -

أداة استفهام	Will	subject فاعل	مصدر الفعل	inf?
Wh - word	Will	subject فاعل	مصدر القعل	inf?

- 1- What will you do tonight?
- 2- When will you travel?
- 3- What will Ahmed do?

#### A-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:-1- Mr. Ahmed...... Paddle with his friends next week. a) will play b) played c) playing d) play 2- John ..... come to the party, he is so busy tonight. c) must d) should a) Will b) won't 3-What ...... you do if he comes late? a) Won't b) doesn't c) don't d) will 4- Fahed won't .....out because of the bad weather. c) going d) went b) go a) goes 5- I'll .....early tonight. a) Sleeps b) sleeping c) sleep d) slept B) Do as shown between brackets: 6- She (go) to the park for a walk after school tomorrow. (correct the verb) 7- ..... 8- He'll come to the party tonight. (change into negative) 9- ..... 10- Yes, they will travel to London next summer. (Ask a question) 12- The boys will have lunch together next Friday. (Ask a question) 13- ..... 14- I'll (doing) my homework at 6 o'clock this evening. (correct the verb) Answers 1- a 2-b 3-d 4-b 5-c Α 1- Will go R 2- He won't come to the party tonight. 3- Will they travel to London next summer? 4- When will the boys have lunch together? 5- do

### Reading comprehension

Read the following passage and then answer the questions below:

Once upon time, a king decided to give a great <u>reward</u> to the man who had served his country most. A lot of people went to the king's palace to watch that. A man brought the king a gold gun, another brought a box of jewelry and a third brought an Arab horse. But the king liked other three men the best. The first man was a clever doctor, the second was a successful teacher and the third was a great scientist who made useful discovers.

While the king was thinking about which of the three men would get the reward, a woman came near him. He asked her, "Have you got anything to show us?" She answered, "No, but these men are my sons and I have come to see who will win the reward." The king at once called out, "Give this great present to this old lady who has given birth to these men." It was a big real diamond.

It was a big real diamond		
A) Choose the correct a	nswer from a, b, c and	l d: -
1- The best title of the stor	y is	
a) A great mother	b) A gold	gun
c) A big palace	d) A real	diamond
2- The underlined pronou	n ' <u>'It'</u> ' refers to	
a) box b) pre	esent c) palace	d) gun
3-The underlined word "	reward" means	
a) country b) pal	ace c) king	d) prize
4- The woman went to the	king's palace to see who	will
a) be a king b) be a c	ueen c) get the prize	d) the country
5- The purpose of the writ	er is to	
a) make a big palace.	b) show how	w to be a doctor.
c) persuade us to be a king.	d) tell us wo	man can be great.
c) A big palace  2- The underlined pronoun "It" refers to		
Except: -		
a) There are two other men	the best.	
b) The king gave the prize t	o the woman.	
c) The woman is the mother	of the three men.	<b>*</b>
	4 H / ANA A	

d) The king is a kind person.

B) Answer the following question:

1- What was the present?

2- Why did the woman get the award?

Answers

A 1-a 2-b 3-a 4-c 5-d 6-a

B 1. a big real diamond.
2. because she had given birth to the best three men (doctor, teacher, and

scientist)



#### Writing

The Earth is our home. We should take care of it. Plan and write a paragraph about "How to Protect the Earth." Explain what actions we can take to protect the environment and why they are important.

#### The plan

#### **Topic Sentence:**

We should protect the Earth because it is our home.

#### Detail 1:

I will recycle paper, plastic, and cans because it keeps the Earth clean.

#### Detail 2:

We should plant more trees to give us fresh air.

#### Detail 3:

I will save water and electricity because they are important resources.

#### **Concluding Sentence:**

These actions help the Earth stay safe and beautiful for everyone.

We should protect the Earth because it is our home. I will recycle paper, plastic, and cans because it keeps the Earth clean. We should plant more trees to give us fresh air. I will save water and electricity because they are important resources. This helps the Earth by keeping nature safe and healthy. These actions help the Earth stay safe and beautiful for everyone.

#### الأرجمة

يجب أن نحمى الأرض لأنها منزلنا. سأقوم بإعادة تدوير الورق والبلاستيك والعلب لأنها تساعد في إيقاء الأرض نظيفة. يجب أن نزرع المزيد من الأشجار لأنها تمنحنا هواءً نقيًا. سأعمل على توفير الماء والكهرباء لأنهما من الموارد المهمة. هذا يساعد الأرض في الحفاظ على الطبيعة آمنة وصحبة. هذه الأفعال تساعد الأرض على البقاء آمنة وجميلة للجميع What Stories Teach us

STORY READING

Today's
Reader
tomorrow's
leader.





	VOCABULA	RY	29 ans y cipit
generation (n)	جيل	wood cutter (n)	66176078 قاطع الخشب
attentively (adv)	بانتباه	iron (n /adj)	حديد/حديدي
tale (n)	حكاية	axe (n)	mia
explain (v)	يشرح	slip (v)	ينزلق
storyteller (n)	راوي قصص	deep (adj)	عميق
expression (n)	تعبير	nervously (adv)	بعصبيه -ب توتر
admire (v)	नं पंज्य	worried (adj)	قاق
fair (adj)	مادل	earn (v)	يكسب-يربح
heroic (adj)	بطولي	silver (n/adj)	فضه / فضي
character (n)	شخصية	lit up (ph v)	يشعل
stranger (n)	غريب	honest (adj)	أمين
situation (n)	موقف	reward (n)	مكافاة
connect (v)	يتصل		
A) Choose the corr  1. The main	ect word from a, b in the story was a p	_	
a) character b)	storyteller c) ge	eneration d) stran	ger
2. Please listen	while I read this	s magical tale.	
a) fairly b) her	roically c) attenti	vely d) nervously	y
3. The wood cutter v	vas when h	is axe fell into the dee	ep river.
a) worried b) l	neroic c) fair	d) honest	
4. Can you	why the spirit rewa	rded the wood cutter	?
a) admire b) co	onnect c) explair	d) earn	
5. The firefighter ma	de arescu	e that everyone admi	red.
	c c) attentive		
6. The wood cutter _		AND DOC	
		ned d) connected	

	mportant to be $_$	and ret	urn things that a	ren't yours.	30			
a) fai	r b) heroic	c) deep	d) honest	le le	66176078			
8. The children listened to the with fascinated expressions.								
a) str	ranger b) stor	ryteller c) s	ituation d) re	ward				
B) Fill i	in the spaces w	ith the suitable	e word from the	e list: -				
	honest -	nervously - re	eward - explain	– heroic				
1. The f	firefighter made	a resc	ue to save the fam	ily from danger	.			
2. Pleas	se how	you solved this	difficult math pro	blem.				
3. The	wood cutter was	waitin	ig for the spirit to	appear.				
	use the boy was				- 1			
	_							
			- attentively - e					
			to chop wood	i.				
6. The	children listened	to the	teacher's story.					
7. The main in the tale was a brave knight.								
7. The 1	maini	the tale was a	brave knight.					
			brave knight. money for his fan	nily.				
			money for his fan	nily.	tı			
		ed to	money for his fan		n			
8. The v	1. a 5. b	Answer  2. c 6. b	money for his fan ers 3. a 7.d	اجابـــة 4.c 8. b	<b>81</b>			
8. The	1. a 5. b 1- heroic	Answe 2. c 6. b 2- explain	money for his fan  2. a  7.d  3. nervously	4.c 8. b 4- honest	tı			
8. The v	1. a 5. b	Answer  2. c 6. b	money for his fan ers 3. a 7.d	اجابـــة 4.c 8. b	i i			

4-The poli	ce need details	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	help iden	tify the ro	bber.	32
a- who	b- that	c- where	d- w	hen		66176078
5- Summe	r is the season	people	go to the se	ea.		
a-when	b-where	c- who	d- which	5		
6-This is t	he house	my aunt liv	es.			
	b-where	•				
	DEC 1988 (A1)					
B) Do as	shown between	brackets: -				
   1-This is a	hat (who) you we	ear on vour he	ad.		(correc	et)
	***************************************	•			(334433	,
					(join)	
2- WIY DIO	ther is clever. He	speaks many i	anguages		(Join)	
	*****************	************		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	
3- Those a	re the cats. They	always sleep ii	n my garden	l <b>.</b>	(join)	
************	***************			• • • • • • • • • • • • •		
4- My mui	m made a cake. I	t was too delic	ious.		(that)	
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		Answers				
A	1-b	2-a	3-е	4- b	5-a	6-b
В	1. which					
	2. My brother who 3. Those are the ca	The second secon			مابسة	18
	4. My mum made			ar welle		
		200	10			

#### Grammar

#### The past Continuous Tense

زمن الماضي المستمر

يعبر عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث اخر .

للقاعل المقرد Was

Verb + ing +

للفاعل الجمع Were

Examples: - I was studying when my father arrived.



* النفي

not + v.ing

يتكون من

Example: - The boys were playing football. The boys were not playing football.

* السؤال * Ask question

+ Verb + ing ؟ الفاعل + (was\were) + الداة الاستفهام

Example: - She was cooking meat when her father came.

What was she cooking when her father came?

# Usage of present continuous with "when"

When

عندما

ماضي مستمر When ماضي بسيط was/were+v+ing V+ed /V2

- When the teacher came, I was writing the lesson. Examples: -

She was cleaning the house when I saw her.

-		answer fron			34 hear of electric 66126078		
	•	I was			00170070		
a- cleanir	ng	b- cleaned	c- clea	ıns	d- clean		
2- The b	oys	play	ing football o	n the beac	h.		
a- is	b- a	um	c- was		d- were		
3- I		the movie w	hen you calle	ed me.			
a- watche	es b-w	vas watching	c- watche	d	d- watch		
4- The b	aby was sleep	ing when I		home.			
a-was arr	riving b- a	arrives	c- arrived	1	d-was arrived		
B) Do as s	shown betwe	een brackets:	_				
1- When n	ny mother arı	rived home, I (	watch) TV.	(cor	rect the verb)		
2- For 3 hours, Nasser was sleeping. (make negative)							
1	,	<b>F-</b>		,			
3- Sara wa	s studying M		he had an exa	(As			
3- Sara wa	s studying M	aths because s	he had an exa	(As	k a question)		
3- Sara wa	udying my les	aths because s	he had an exa	(Us	k a question) se: When)		
3- Sara wa 4- I was st	udying my les	aths because s	he had an exa	(As	k a question)		
3- Sara wa 4- I was st	udying my les	aths because s	he had an exa e visited us.	(Us	k a question) se: When)		
3- Sara wa 4- I was st	udying my les  1-a 1.was watchin 2. For 3 hours	aths because s ssons. My uncl Ans 2 g s, Nasser wasn't	he had an exace visited us.	(Us	k a question) se: When)		
3- Sara wa 4- I was st	1-a 1.was watchin 2. For 3 hours 3 What was	aths because s ssons. My uncl  Ans 2 g s, Nasser wasn't Sara studying as	he had an exact evisited us.  wers  d  sleeping. she had an exact	(Us	k a question) se: When) 4.c		
3- Sara wa 4- I was st	1-a 1.was watchin 2. For 3 hours 3 What was - Why was Sa	aths because s ssons. My uncl Ans 2 g s, Nasser wasn't	he had an exame visited us.  wers d sleeping. she had an example of the had an example o	(Us	k a question) se: When) 4.c		

#### Grammar

# Usage of "While"

While (ماضي مستمر) was/were+ v.ing ,

(ماضى بسيط) V2

# While

#### Examples:

- ➤ While I was walking, I met Nora.
- > I heard scream while I was reading.
- > My sister was cooking when I called her.

# A) Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d:

- 1. While they ..... football, their father came.
- a. plays
- b. was playing c. we're playing
- d. played
- 2. The light ..... while he was studying for his exam.
- a. went
- b. was going
- c. goes
- 3. It was raining ......they opened the window.
- a. when
- b. while
- c. because
- 4. ..... I was walking in the street; I met my friend.
- a. When
- b. While
- c. As
- d. During

#### B) Do as shown between brackets: -

- 1- While she (made) a cake, her brother knocked the door. (correct the verb)
- 2- Fahed was fixing the car yesterday morning.
- (ask question)
- 3- Nasser and Hamad were eating chocolate.
- (make negative)
- 4- My brother slept. I was watching TV.
- (use: While)

#### Answers

A	1-c	2-a	3-a	4- b

- B
- 1. was making
- 2. When was Fahed fixing his car?
- 3. Nasser and Hamad weren't eating chocolate.
- 4. While I was watching TV, my brother slept.

#### Reading comprehension

# Read the following passage and answer the questions below :-

People all over the world like travelling. They travel to see other countries, modern cities, and ancient towns. Also, they travel to learn about other cultures and different ways of life.

People who live in the village often enjoy going to 'a big city to visit museums and big shopping malls, things they do not have in their hometown. People from the city often like a quiet holiday by the sea or in the mountains because they are tired of the noise of the city and they need to have a rest.

People travel by train, plane, ship or boat and by car. The fastest way of travelling is travelling by plane, but the most comfortable is travelling by ship and the cheapest is travelling by bus or car.

If we travel, we'll see and learn many things that we can never see or learn at home. The best way to study geography is to travel and the best way to know people is to meet them at their homes.

# A)- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d:-

1-	The	best	title	for	the	passage	could	be:
----	-----	------	-------	-----	-----	---------	-------	-----

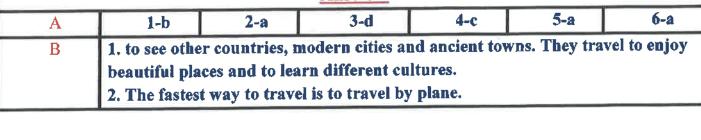
a) beautiful countries

b) All about travelling

c) A quiet holiday

- d) Other cultures
- 2- The under lined word hometown in the 2nd paragraph means:
- a) birthplace
- b) small town c) near place
- d) far away
- 3- The pronoun "they" in the 1st paragraph refers to:
  - a) towns
- b) cities
- c) countries
- d) people
- 4- People from cities like to spend a holiday by the sea because they:
- a) need to study Geography
- b) like to learn about other cultures
- c) need to have a rest in a quiet place
- d) like to visit museum and shopping malls

		~~~	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	~~~~	~~~	~~~~
5- The mo	st comforta	ible way to	travel is to	travel by		37
a) plane	b) b	us	c) ship	C	l) car	6617607
6- The wri	iter wrote t	he text to .	• • • • • • • •			
a) inform u	ıs about trav	elling.				
b) describe	life in the v	illage.				
· /			eans of trans life in the cit			
B) Answe	r the follo	wing que	stions: -			
1- Why do	people tra	vel?				
*****			••			
2- What t	he fastest w	ay of trave	elling?			
******	• • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • •			الاجابسة
			Answers			
A	1-b	2-a	3-d	4-c	5-a	6-a
В	1. to see other	er countries, 1	modern cities a	nd ancient tov	vns. They tra	vel to enjoy





Read the following passage and then answer the question below:

Tea is prepared from the leaves of a tea plant. It is a popular drink in the world. The plant grows as bushes. They grow on highlands in India, China, Japan, and Sri Lanka. They need sunshine and rain to grow.

The tea plants are planted by the farmers in rows with gaps of four to six feet from one another. They grow about five or six feet tall. The leaves are one or two inches long, green in cooler, and oval in shape. The leaves turn to either green tea or black tea.

The tea leaves are pulled three or four times a year. After pulling, the leaves are put in the sun to dry for some hours, and then heated over coal fire. After heating, the leaves become dry, hard and fit for drinking. They are then packed in airtight wooden boxes and sent to the market for sale. In India, there are many tea gardens in Darjeeling. Darjeeling tea is the famous for its fine flavour and nice taste.

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: -

- 1- What is the best title for the passage: -
- a) Chinese Tea

b) Tea Plants

c) Lands in India

- d) Afternoon Tea
- 2- The pronoun "They" refers to: -
- a) leaves

- b) bushes
- c) gaps
- d) rows

- 3- The under lined word "fine" means
- a) smart

- b) poor
- c) cheap
- d) good
- 4- Why are the tea leaves heated over coal fire?
- a) To turn it into green tea
- b) To pack it in wooden boxes

c) To have a flavor

- d) To become dry, hard and fit for drinking
- 5- Tea leaves are pulled every...
- a) two months

b) three to four months

c) six months

- d) seven to eight months.
- 6- What's the writer's purpose in this text?
- a) explain the health benefits of drinking tea
- b) Show the difference between the tea plants
- c) list the reasons why many people like to drink tea in the morning
- d) give information about the steps of planting, making and storing tea.

C) Answer the following questions: -

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1- Where do tea plants grow?

2- Why can't we grow tea plants in Kuwait?

الاجابسة

			Answers				
A	1-b	2-b	3-d	4-d	5-b	6-d	
В	1. On high	1. On high lands in India, China, Japan, and Sri Lanka.					
	2. Because	1-b 2-b 3-d 4-d 5-b	ait.				



انحلب عرسادس

ليس للسنا ارقام أخرى

الرقم الثالي 🕒 👛 (6176078

كرات أبو محمد الأصلية (الفهرس) التواصل فقط من خلال إل

Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage and answer the questions below:-

A zoo is a place where animals are housed, cared for, and shown to the people. Zoos usually have animals that are from other countries and natures. They are used to teach people about animals around the world. Zoos give the chance for animals to be cared for and protected. The first modern zoo was opened in Paris in 1793. It was simply used to show off as many animals as possible. The animals lived in small cages and people didn't care very well for animal's health.

Today, zoos put the care and health for the animals first. Zoos are also used as research centres, meaning that the animals and the nature that they live in are studied carefully. They help us to know more about animals from the world and how they live. Zoos have programmes to save rare animals from death. They keep them in a safe environment in the zoo. They give food and care for the rare animals to help them become more in number.

A) Choose the	correct answer fro	ma, b, c and o	<u>l: -</u>
1- The best ti	tle for the passage	is	
a) kinds of ca	ges	b) wild ar	nimals
c) animals' he	ealth	d) zoos arc	ound the world.
2- The oppos	ite of the underline	d word (moder	n) is
a) new	b) old	c) fun	d) large
3- The under	lined pronoun "It"	refers to	••••
a) chance	b) first zoo	c) animals	d) Paris
4- Zoos help	animals by		
a) giving then	n food and care	b) sending	hem to people's houses
c) asking peop	ole to feed them	d) taking th	nem to other countries
5- According	to the text, one of t	he following st	atements is NOT TRUE
a) Animals liv	ve in cages in a zoo.		
b) Zoos have	research centres.	1.	*
c) Zoos study	animals and their na	tures.	par .

d) Animals are in danger in a zoo.

Answers						
A	1-d	2-b	3-b	4-a	5-d	6-b
В	1. in Paris.					الاجابــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ
	2. to save rare	e animals fr	om death.			



"Stories help us learn and imagine. We all have a favourite story that teaches something important".

Plan and write a paragraph about "Your Favourite Story" describing what happens in the story, who the main character is, and what lesson the story teaches.

The plan

Topic Sentence:

My favourite story is "The Lion and the Mouse".

Detail 1:

A lion caught a little mouse. The lion let the mouse go free.

Detail 2:

Later, the mouse helped the lion out of a net.

Detail 3:

The story teaches us to be kind and helpful.

Concluding Sentence:

I like this story because it is simple and nice.

My favourite story is "The Lion and the Mouse". A lion caught a little mouse. The lion let the mouse go free. Later, the mouse helped the lion out of a net. The story teaches us to be kind and helpful. I like this story because it is simple and nice.

قصتى المضلة هي "الأسد والفأر". أمسك الأسد بفأر صغير، ثم تركه حرًّا. لاحقًا، ساعد الفأرُ الأسدَ في الخروج من الشبكة. تُعلِّمنا القصة أن نكون طيبين ومتعاونين. أحب هذه القصة لأنها بسيطة وجميلة

Base Form Be Become	Irregular Verb List		43
Base Form	Past Simple	Past Participle	166176078
Be	Was\were	Been	
Become	Became	Become	
Begin	Began	Begun	
Bend	Bent	Bent	
Bite	Bit	Bitten	
Break	Broke	Broken	
Bring	Brought	Brought	
Build	Built	Built	
Burn	Burnt	Burnt	- 1
Buy	Bought	Bought	
Catch	Caught	Caught	
Choose	Chose	Chosen	
Come	Came	Come	
Cost	Cost	Cost	
Cut	Cut	Cut	
Do	Did	Done	
Draw	Drew	Drawn	- 1
Dream	Dreamt	Dreamt	
Drink	Drank	Drunk	
Drive	Drove	Driven	
Eat	Ate	Eaten	
Fall	Fell	Fallen	
Feel	Felt	Felt	- 1
Find	Found	Found	
Fly	Flew	Flown	- 1
Forget	Forgot	Forgotten	
Forgive	Forgave	Forgiven	
Get	Got	Got	
Give	Gave	Given	
Go	Went	Gone	
Grow	Grew	Grown	
Have	Had	Had	
Hear	Heard	Heard	
Hide	Hid	Hidden	
Hit ·	Hit	Hit	- 1
Hold	Held	Held	- 1
Hurt	Hurt	Hurt	1
Keep	Kept	Kept	
Know	Knew	Known	
Learn	Learnt	Learnt	
Leave	Left	Left	- 1
Lend	Lent	Lent	
Let	Let / 🥏	Let	
Lie	Lay	Lain	
Lose	Lost	Lost	
Make	Made All All All All All All All All All Al	Made	
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Base Form	Past Simple	Past Participle 44
Mean Meet Pay Put Read Ride	Meant	Meant desired
Meet	Met	Met 66176078
Pay	Paid	Paid
Put	Put	Put
Read	Read	Read
Ride	Rode	Ridden
Ring	Rang	Rung
Rise	Rose	Risen
Ring Rise Run Say	Run	Run
Say	Said	Said
See	Saw	Seen
Sell	Sold	Sold
Send	Sent	Sent
Sell Send Shake Shine	Shook	Shaken
Shine	Shone	Shone
	Showed	Shown
Shut	Shut	Shut
Sing	Sang	Sung
Sit	Sat	Sat
Sleep	Slept	Slept
Smell	Smelt	Smelt
Speak	Spoke	Spoken
Spell	Spelt	Spelt
Spend	Spent	Spent
Spill	Spilt	Spilt
Show Shut Sing Sit Sleep Smell Speak Spell Spend Spill Stand Steal	Stood	Stood
Steal	Stole	Stolen
	Stuck	Stuck
Stick Swim Take Teach	Swam	Swum
Take	Took	Taken
Teach	Taught	Taught
Tear	Tore	Torn
Tell	Told	Told
Think	Thought	Thought
Throw	Threw	Thrown
Understand	Understood	Understood
Wake up	Woke up	Woken up
Wear	Wore	Worn
Win	Won	Won
Write	Wrote	Written

دعواتي لكم بالنجاح والتفوق



د ۱۳۵۹ کا ۱۳۵۹ کا استاد قاد آخری اقعاداتی

التواصل فقط من خلال الرقم التالي ت (66176078) ليس لدينا ارقام أخرى

مذكرات أبومحمد الأصلية (المهرس)