

الصف العاشر

اللغة الإنجليزية

مراجعة الاختبار القصير

Unit 1-2-3

الفصل الدراسي الأول

اسم الطالب: .....

إعداد:  
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صفوة معلمي الكويت

إعداد: أ. ناشد الحاج

# Vocabulary

## Unit 1

### Lesson: 1+2

1-	absorb (v)	يمتص	11-	iron (n)	حديد
2-	antioxidant (n)	مضاد أكسدة	12-	metabolise (v)	يحول الطعام إلى طاقة
3-	arthritis (n)	التهاب المفاصل	13-	neutralize (v)	يضعف تأثير- يبطل مفعول
4-	caffeine (n)	كافيين (مادة منبهة)	14-	nutrition (n)	تغذية
5-	calcium (n)	كالسيوم	15-	probiotic (adj)	حيوي-مفيد صحيا
6-	cholesterol (n)	كولسترول	16-	protein (n)	بروتين
7-	combat (v)	يقاوم-يكافح	17-	saturated fat (n)	دهون مشبعة
8-	dietician (n)	أخصائي تغذية	18-	stimulant (n)	محفز-منشط
9-	digestive (adj)	هضمي	19-	unsaturated fat (n)	دهون غير مشبعة
10-	fibre (n)	ألياف	20-	vitamin (n)	فيتامين

### Lesson: 4+5

21-	deficiency (n)	نقص	25-	pomegranate (n)	رمان
22-	grilled (adj)	مشوي	26-	RDA (abbrv.)	كمية الطعام المسموح بها يوميا
23-	metabolism (n)	تحويل الطعام إلى طاقة	27-	sodium (n)	صوديوم
24-	organic (adj)	عضوي-طبيعي	28-	supplement (n)	مكمل غذائي

### Lesson: 7+8

29-	appeal to (v)	يروق ل-يعجب-يناسب	35-	malnutrition (n)	سوء تغذية
30-	atmospheric (adj)	ذو جو جميل-جميل-رائع	36-	salad bar (n)	ركن السلطات
31-	crammed (adj)	مزدحم-مكتظ	37-	speciality (n)	اختصاص-تخصص
32-	eatery (n)	مطعم-مكان لتناول الطعام	38-	vegetarian (n)	شخص نباتي
33-	fanatic (n)	متعصب-متحمس	39-	wholesome (adj)	صحي-مفيد
34-	irresponsibly(adv)	بشكل غير مسؤول			

## Unit 2

### Lesson: 1+2

1-	aspiration (n)	طموح-أمل	6-	interfaith (adj)	مرتبط بالأديان
2-	creed (n)	دين-عقيدة	7-	mentor (n)	ناصح-مرشد--مستشار
3-	delegate (n)	مندوب-ممثل عن	8-	seminar (n)	ندوة-حلقة نقاش
4-	diversity (n)	تنوع-اختلاف	9-	tolerance (n)	تسامح
5-	initiative (n)	مبادرة			

### Lesson: 4+5

10-	calligraphy (n)	فن خط الكتابة	13-	inspirational (adj)	ملهم-إلهامي
11-	consistently (adv)	بثبات-باستمرار-بانتظام	14-	master (v)	يتقن-يجيد
12-	diverse (adj)	متنوع-متعدد-مختلف	15-	richly (adv)	بكثرة-بوفرة

### Lesson: 7+8

16-	account (n)	تقرير	21-	high-ranking (adj)	رفيع المستوى- رفيع الشأن
17-	conduct (v)	ينظم-يُجرى-يقوم ب	22-	pilgrimage (n)	الحج
18-	cover (v)	يجتاز- يقطع (المسافة)	23-	relevant (adj)	مرتبط ب-ذو صلة ب
19-	figure (n)	شخصية بارزة	24-	review (n)	تقييم-نقد-مراجعة
20-	ground-breaking(adj)	ابداعي-ابتكاري-رائد			

## Unit 3

### Lesson: 1+2

1-	concrete	(adj/n)	اسمنت-صلب-متماسك	8-	framework	(n)	هيكل-إطار
2-	design	(n)	تصميم	9-	geometric	(adj)	هندسي
3-	drill	(v)	يحفّر-يثقّب	10-	renowned	(adj)	معروف-مشهور
4-	evoke	(v)	يستحضر-يحرك المشاعر-يثير	11-	slightly	(adv)	قليلاً-بشكل خفيف
5-	expressionist	(adj)	معبّر-تعبيري	12-	studio	(n)	استوديو
6-	forecourt	(n)	ساحة أمامية	13-	venue	(n)	مكان-موقع الحدث
7-	foundation	(n)	أساس				

### Lesson: 3

14-	boutique	(n)	محل صغير	17-	gourmand	(n)	شراهة - نهم (في الطعام)
15-	brand	(n)	ماركة-علامة تجارية	18-	mainstream	(adj)	الاتجاه السائد
16-	edutainment	(n)	التعليم والترفيه	19-	state-of-the-art	(adj)	حديث-متطور

### Lesson: 4+5

20-	chic	(adj)	أنيق	25-	spacious	(adj)	واسع-فسيح
21-	governmental	(adj)	حكومي	26-	state	(adj)	رسمي-حكومي
22-	modernistic	(adj)	عصري-حديث	27-	sturdy	(adj)	قوي-متين-ثابت
23-	public	(adj)	عمومي-عام	28-	substantial	(adj)	أساسي-جوهرى-ضروري
24-	residential	(adj)	سكني				

### Lesson: 7+8

29-	advocate	(v)	يؤيد-يدعم	34-	influx	(n)	تدفق-(عدد كبير من)
30-	apprehensive	(adj)	قلق-متخوف-متوجس	35-	objective	(n)	هدف-غرض
31-	benefit	(v)	يستفيد-يفيد-فائدة	36-	profitable	(adj)	مربح
32-	council	(n)	مجلس	37-	voice	(v)	يعبر عن (بالصوت)
33-	detrimental	(adj)	ضار-مؤذي				

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

# أفكار وجمل مساعدة لكتابة التعبير

## Unit 1

### **1-How we can keep fit and healthy:**

كيف نستطيع المحافظة على صحتنا ورشاقتنا

-We can keep fit and healthy by many ways.

نستطيع المحافظة على صحتنا ورشاقتنا بعدة طرق

1-We can eat healthy food.	1-تناول الطعام الصحي
2-We should do exercise.	2-القيام بتمارين
3-We need to sleep well.	3-النوم جيدا
4-We should avoid bad habits.	4-تجنب العادات السيئة
5-We can go to the gym.	5-الذهاب للنادي

### **2-What things we can add to our daily diet to be in tip-top-shape:**

ماهي الأشياء التي يمكن أن نضيفها لغذائنا اليومي لنكون بحال أفضل

-We can add many things to our daily diet to be in tip-top-shape.

نستطيع أن نضيف عدة أشياء لغذائنا اليومي لنكون بحال أفضل

1-We can add probiotic drinks.	1-نضيف مشروبات حيوية
2-We can drink green tea.	2-تناول الشاي الأخضر
3-We can have dark chocolate.	3-تناول الكاكو الداكن
4-We should eat fruits and vegetables.	4-تناول الخضار والفاكهة
5-We need to eat more fiber.	5-تناول ألياف أكثر

صفوة معلم الكويت

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

### 3-The importance of having healthy food: أهمية تناول الطعام الصحي

-Having healthy food is very important for many reasons.  
تناول الطعام الصحي مهم لعدة أسباب

1-It keeps us fit and healthy.	1-يحافظ على الرشاقة والصحة
2-It improves our memory.	2-يحسن الذاكرة
3-It gives us energy.	3-يعطينا طاقة
4-It helps us avoid diseases.	4-يساعد على تجنب الأمراض
5-It makes us active and strong.	5-يحافظ على نشاطنا وقوتنا

### 4-Why it is important to keep healthy: أهمية المحافظة على الصحة

-Keeping healthy is very important for many reasons.  
المحافظة على الصحة مهمة جدا لعدة أسباب

1- Keeping healthy makes us feel well.	1-تجعلنا نشعر أننا بخير
2- It improves our mood.	2-تحسن مزاجنا
3-We can avoid diseases.	3-نتجنب الأمراض
4-We can stay active and strong.	4-النشاط والقوة
5-We can perform better at work.	5-نؤدي بشكل أفضل في العمل

### 5-The dangers of fast food: مخاطر الوجبات السريعة

-Fast food is very dangerous for many reasons.  
الوجبات السريعة خطيرة لعدة أسباب

1- It leads to obesity.	1-تسبب للسمنة
2-It causes many health problems.	2-تسبب الكثير من المشاكل الصحية
3-It leads to heart diseases.	3-تسبب أمراض القلب
4-It causes diabetes.	4-تسبب السكري
5-It causes digestive disorder.	5-تسبب اضطرابات في الهضم

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

## Unit 2

### **6-The importance of peace:** أهمية السلام

-Peace is very important for many reasons.

السلام مهم جدا لعدد أسباب

1-It is a way to avoid wars and conflicts	1-لتجنب الحروب والنزاعات
2-It saves and protects people.	2-يحمي الناس
3-It keeps people safe and secure.	3-يجعل الناس آمنين
4-It ensures friendly relationships between countries.	4-يضمن علاقات ودية بين الدول
5-It ensures better life for people.	5-يضمن حياة أفضل للناس

### **7-How we can achieve peace:** كيف نحقق السلام

-We can achieve peace by many ways.

نستطيع تحقيق السلام بعدة طرق

1-We should encourage dialogue between nations.	1-تشجيع الحوار بين الأمم
2-We should raise the awareness of people about peace.	2-زيادة وعي الناس حول السلام
3-We need to treat people equally.	3-التعامل مع الناس بالمساواة
4-We need to fight racism.	4-مكافحة العنصرية
5-We should hold seminars and conferences.	5-عقد الندوات والمؤتمرات

## 8-The importance of respecting and tolerating other people:

أهمية احترام الآخرين والتسامح معهم

-It is very important to respect and tolerate other people for many reasons.

من المهم جدا احترام الآخرين والتسامح معهم لعدة أسباب

1-We can avoid problems.	1-لتجنب المشاكل
2-We can ensure a safe society.	2-يضمن مجتمع آمن
3-It is a way to create trust and equality.	3-يوجد الثقة والمساواة
4-It ensures friendly relationships between people.	4-يضمن علاقات ودية بين الناس
5-It ensures better life for people.	5-يضمن حياة أفضل للناس

## 9-What can be done to ensure that people respect each other:

ما الذي يمكن فعله لضمان أن الناس يحترمون بعضهم البعض

-We can do many things to ensure that people respect each other.

نستطيع القيام بالكثير من الأشياء لكي نضمن أن الناس يحترمون بعضهم البعض

1-We should treat others politely.	1-التعامل مع الآخرين بأدب
2-We should listen to others.	2-الاستماع للآخرين
3-We need to accept differences.	3-تقبل الاختلافات
4-We shouldn't hurt others.	4-عدم إيذاء الآخرين
5-We should help others and treat them well.	5-مساعدة الآخرين ومعاملتهم بشكل جيد

صفوة معلم الكويت

إعداد: أناشد الحاج



## Unit 3

### 10-The importance of impressive buildings:

#### أهمية المباني التعبيرية

-Impressive buildings are very important for many reasons.

المباني التعبيرية مهمة جدا لعدة أسباب

1-They reflect the culture of the country.	1-تعكس ثقافة البلد
2-They show the heritage of the country.	2-تظهر تراث البلد
3-They attract tourists.	3-تجذب السياح
4-They benefit the economy of the country.	4-تفيد اقتصاد البلد
5-They show the development of the country.	5-تظهر تطور البلد

### 11-The advantages of building a new airport:

#### إيجابيات بناء مطار جديد

-There are many advantages of building a new airport.

هناك العديد من الإيجابيات لبناء مطار جديد

1- Building a new airport makes travelling easier.	1-يجعل السفر أسهل
2- It creates more jobs.	2-يوجد وظائف أكثر
3-It is good for the economy of the country.	3-تفيد اقتصاد البلد
4-It improves local services.	4-يحسن الخدمات المحلية
5-It can be used for local flights.	5-يمكن استخدامه للرحلات المحلية

### 12-The disadvantages of building a new airport:

#### سلبيات بناء مطار جديد

-There are many disadvantages of building a new airport.

هناك العديد من السلبيات لبناء مطار جديد

1- Building a new airport makes much noise.	1-يسبب الكثير من الضجيج
2- It causes traffic jam.	2-يسبب ازدحام مروري
3-It causes more pollution.	3-يسبب تلوث أكثر
4-It affects schools and hospitals negatively.	4-يؤثر بشكل سلبي على المدارس والمستشفيات
5-It is bad for local people who live nearby.	5-سيء للسكان الذين يسكنون بجواره

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

## VOCABULARY

### A-From a, b, c and d choose the most correct answer:-

1-Because my father is a football ....., he hasn't missed any games for ten years.

a-specialty                      b- fanatic                      c- metabolism                      d- nutrition

2-Instead of folding his clothes, my brother had his clothes ..... into a dresser drawer.

a-crammed                      b- probiotic                      c- grilled                      d- digestive

3-Coffee has the most ....., while tea contains somewhat less.

a-metabolism                      b- antioxidant                      c- caffeine                      d- protein

4-The imported products from Europe ..... many customers in the Gulf area.

a-neutralise                      b- appeal to                      c- absorb                      d- metabolise

5-You can get ..... bacteria from many types of food, such as yogurt.

a-crammed                      b- atmospheric                      c- grilled                      d- probiotic

6-My sister needs to have more ..... and less sugar in her diet if she wants to be fit.

a-stimulant                      b- protein                      c- caffeine                      d- specialty

7-Tourism has acted as a ..... to the country's economy.

a-stimulant                      b- sodium                      c- caffeine                      d- calcium

8-When eating large meals, your .....system will be overloaded.

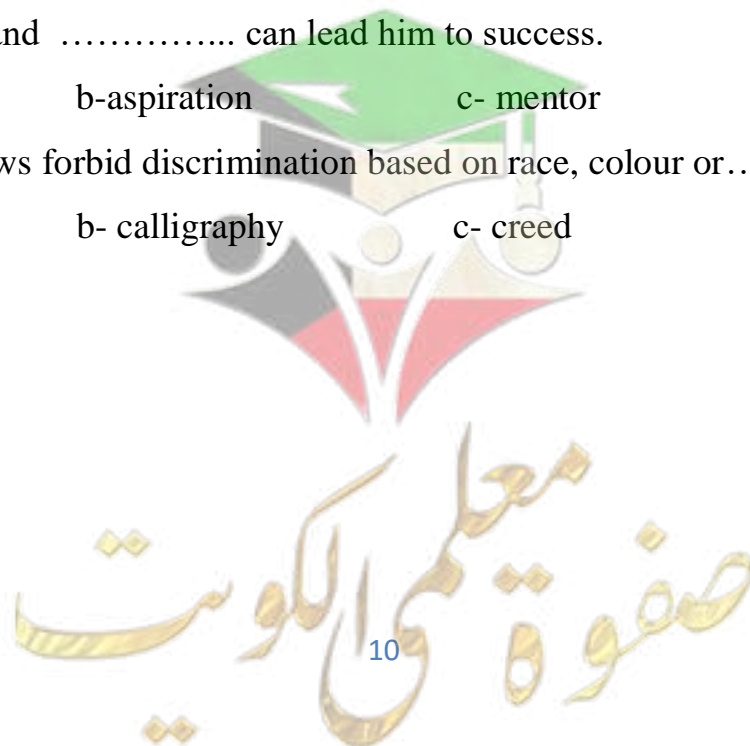
a-crammed                      b- atmospheric                      c- grilled                      d- digestive

9- A child's dreams and ..... can lead him to success.

a-seminar                      b-aspiration                      c- mentor                      d- pilgrimage

10- International Laws forbid discrimination based on race, colour or.....

a- initiative                      b- calligraphy                      c- creed                      d- tolerance



11-All countries sent their .....to attend the economic conference held in Geneva.

a-accounts                      b- reviews                      c- aspirations                      d- delegates

12-To live in peace, we must learn to accept .....in the society we are living in.

a-diversity                      b- seminar                      c- pilgrimage                      d- calligraphy

13-The manager started a meeting to encourage .....dialogue in the company.

a- high ranking                      b- interfaith                      c- ground-breaking                      d- probiotic

14-Good employees are always ready to take..... in order to complete the work.

a-delegate                      b- creed                      c- initiative                      d- account

15-I am going to present a/ an ..... about the developments in e-learning.

a-tolerance                      b- seminar                      c- pilgrimage                      d- creed

16-Ahmed's honesty, ..... and understanding made him a great leader to his team.

a-account                      b- delegate                      c- mentor                      d- tolerance

17-The .....of refugees from African countries is increasing.

a-studio                      b-venue                      c-objective                      d-influx

18-The main .....of this meeting is to give more information on our plans.

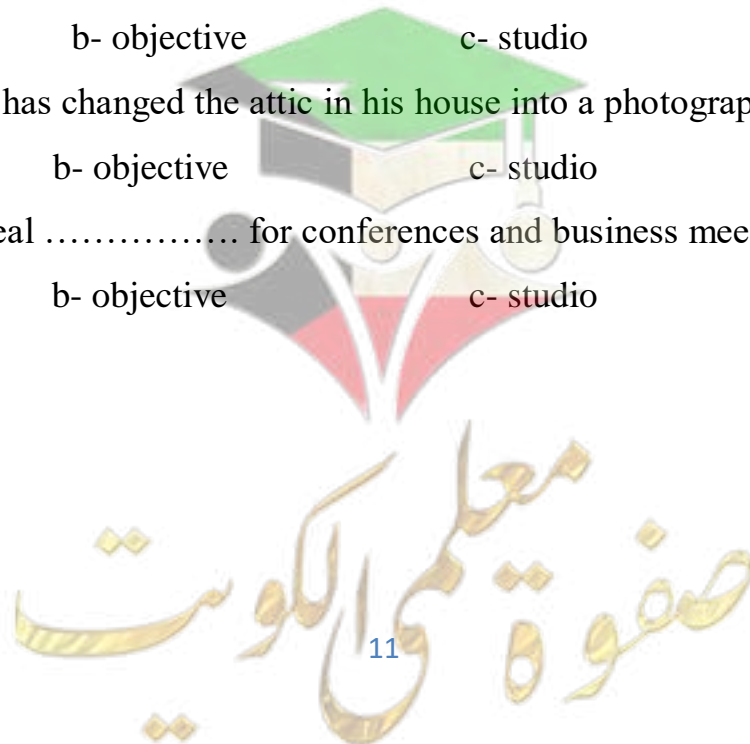
a-influx                      b- objective                      c- studio                      d- venue

19-The famous artist has changed the attic in his house into a photography .....

a-influx                      b- objective                      c- studio                      d- venue

20-The hotel is an ideal ..... for conferences and business meetings.

a-venue                      b- objective                      c- studio                      d- influxi



# Grammar

## Unit 1

### ---Past Simple --- الماضي البسيط

Key words الكلمات الدالة	Form - الصيغة	Use - الاستخدام
-yesterday - last -ago -in the past -Previous dates (2015-2020 etc.....)	<b>Verb 2</b> فعل تصريف ثاني	1- للحديث عن الأعمال التي حدثت وانتهت في الماضي

### ---Past Continuous --- الماضي المستمر

Key words الكلمات الدالة	Form - الصيغة	Use - الاستخدام
-while - when -as	<b>was</b> أو <b>+ing</b> فعل + <b>were</b> ----- I- he-she-it -----( was ) We-you-they -----( were ) مع المفرد ( was ) ومع الجمع ( were )	1- للحديث عن عمل كان مستمرا في الماضي. 2- غالبا ما يستخدم الماضي المستمر مع الماضي البسيط عندما يكون لدينا عملان في الزمن الماضي أحدهما مستمر والآخر قاطع تلك الاستمرارية

## Order of Adjectives ترتيب الصفات

- عندما يكون هناك أكثر من صفة مع الاسم فيجب استخدام تلك الصفات حسب الترتيب التالي:

1-	<b>Opinion</b>	الرأي	wonderful-nice-beautiful-attractive
2-	<b>Size</b>	الحجم	small-medium-big-huge
3-	<b>Age</b>	العمر	old-young
4-	<b>Shape</b>	الشكل	fat-round-square-oval
5-	<b>Colour</b>	اللون	black-white-green
6-	<b>Origin</b>	الأصل-المنشأ	Kuwaiti-American-Japanese
7-	<b>Material</b>	مادة الصنع	woolen-wooden-plastic-metal

### Exercises

**From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:**

1- We (**spend**) our last holiday in London.

(Correct)

a-We were spending our last holiday in London.

b-We spend our last holiday in London.

c-We spent our last holiday in London.

2-While I was studying, the lights (**go**) out.

(Correct)

a. While I was studying, the lights is going out.

b While I was studying, the lights was going out.

c. While I was studying, the lights went out.

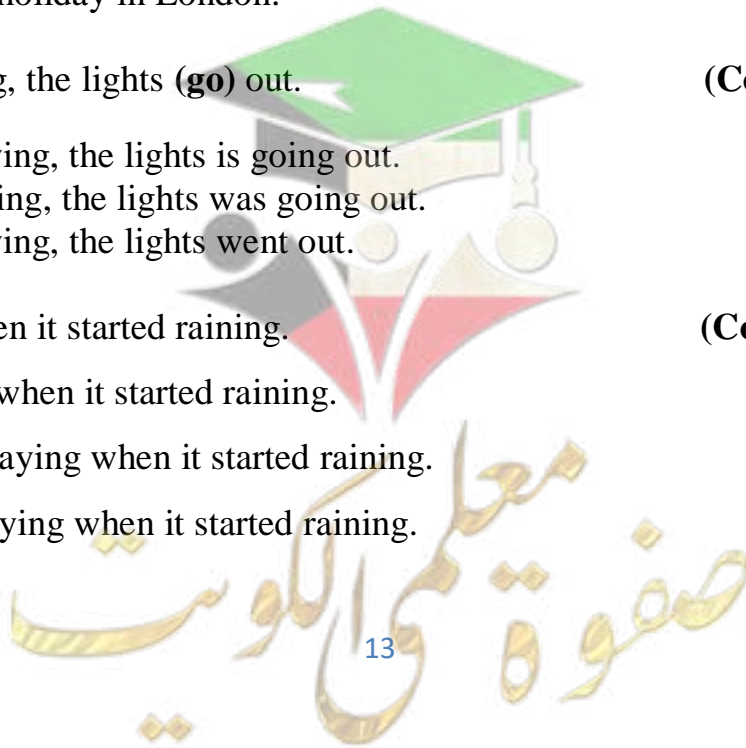
3- The boys (**play**) when it started raining.

(Correct)

a. The boys played when it started raining.

b. The boys were playing when it started raining.

c. The boys was playing when it started raining.



إعداد: أناشد الحاج

4-She has bought a (**wooden/ beautiful/blue**) vase. (Reorder the adjectives)

- a. She has bought a beautiful blue wooden vase.
- b. She has bought a beautiful wooden blue vase.
- c. She has bought a blue beautiful wooden vase.

5-The pharmacy is beside the (**grey / round / small**) building. (Reorder the adjectives)

- a. The pharmacy is beside the grey small round building.
- b. The pharmacy is beside the round small grey building.
- c. The pharmacy is beside the small round grey building.

6-She dropped the (**old/ green/beautiful**) plate and it smashed. (Reorder the adjectives)

- a- She dropped the beautiful old green plate and it smashed.
- b- She dropped the green beautiful old plate and it smashed
- c- She dropped the old beautiful green plate and it smashed

7-While Rosie (**walk up**) the Regent Street, she met an old friend from college. (Correct)

- a- While Rosie walked up the Regent Street, she met an old friend from college.
- b- While Rosie is walking up the Regent Street, she met an old friend from college.
- c- While Rosie was walking up the Regent Street, she met an old friend from college.

8-While I was studying history my friend (**come**) in. (Correct)

- a- While I was studying history my friend was coming in.
- b- While I was studying history my friend came in.
- c- While I was studying history my friend comes in.

9- The students (**have**) a test when the storm started. (Correct)

- a- The students were having a test when the storm started.
- b- The students had a test when the storm started.
- c- The students are having a test when the storm started.

10-She went home and sat on her (**wooden / old / comfortable**) chair. (Reorder the adjectives)

- a- She went home and sat on her old wooden old comfortable chair.
- b- She went home and sat on her wooden old comfortable chair.
- c-She went home and sat on her comfortable old wooden chair.



## Unit 2

### المضارع التام البسيط --- Present Perfect Simple

Key words الكلمات الدالة	Form - الصيغة	Use - الاستخدام
-already -just -never -ever -for -since -yet	<b>have</b> أو + verb 3 <b>has</b> تصريف ثالث ----- he-she-it -----( has ) I-we-you-they -----( have ) مع المفرد ( has ) ومع الجمع ( have )	1- للحديث عن حدث في الماضي في وقت غير معروف 2- عمل حدث وانتهى للتو

### Exercises

- 1-I (live)** in Kuwait since I was 5 years old. (Correct the verb)  
 a- I lived in Kuwait since I was 5 years old.  
 b- I will live in Kuwait since I was 5 years old.  
 c- I have lived in Kuwait since I was 5 years old.
- 2-My brother (not finish)** writhing the report yet. (Correct the verb)  
 a-My brother didn't finish writing the report yet.  
 b-My brother hasn't finished writing the report yet.  
 c-My brother won't finished writing the report yet.
- 3- Omar and Ahmed have decided to climb Mount Everest.** (Make negative)  
 a- Omar and Ahmed have not decided to climb Mount Everest.  
 b- Omar and Ahmed has not decided to climb Mount Everest.  
 c- Omar and Ahmed did not decide to climb Mount Everest.
- 4- I (know) Anwar since we were five years old.** (Correct the verb)  
 a- I knew Anwar since we were five years old.  
 b- I will know Anwar since we were five years old.  
 c- I have known Anwar since we were five years old.

5- My sister (not master) knitting yet. She needs more practice. (Correct the verb)

a- My sister didn't master knitting yet. She needs more practice.

b- My sister hasn't mastered knitting yet. She needs more practice.

c- My sister won't master knitting yt. She needs more practice.

6- Hisham has taken an online training course. (Ask a question)

a- What has Hisham taken?

b- What has Hisham take?

c- What did Hisham take?

### Unit 3

#### Comparatives and Superlatives

#### المقارنات والتفضيل

تستخدم صيغة المقارنة للمقارنة بين عدد اثنين بينما التفضيل هو مقارنة واحد مع مجموعة  
تشكل صيغة المقارنة والتفضيل من الصفات

أولاً: الصفات التي تتكون من مقطع لفظي واحد (الصفات القصيرة)

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
tall	taller than	the tallest
large	larger than	the largest

- الصفات التي تتكون من مقطع لفظي واحد ويكون الحرف الأخير مسبقاً بحرف متحرك:

big	bigger than	the biggest
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- الصفات التي تنتهي بحرف (y)

happy	happier than	the happiest
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ثانياً: الصفات التي تتكون من مقطعين لفظيين أو أكثر (الصفات الطويلة)

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
beautiful	more beautiful than	the most beautiful

الحالات الشاذة

good	better than	the best
bad	worse than	the worst

إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج



## Compound Adjectives

### الصفات المركبة

-الصفة المركبة هي عبارة عن كلمتين لوصف اسم معين وهذا النوع من الصفات غالبا ما يحتوي على رقم مرتبط بالاسم المراد وصفه.

### طريقة تحويل الجملة إلى صفة مركبة:

-عادةً ما تبدأ الصفة المركبة بالأداة الموجودة في الجملة (a-an-the) يليها الرقم المكتوب ثم نضع (شَرْطَةٌ - ) ونكتب الاسم الأخير مع ضرورة حذف ال (s) وبعدها نكتب الاسم الأول ويجب حذف حرف الجر الموجود في الجملة.

### Examples:

1-It is a hotel with seven stars.

- It is **a seven - star hotel.**

2-I have read a story of ten chapters.

-I have read **a ten - chapter story.**

1-I like eating fish because it is (**delicious**) than meat.

(Correct)

a-I like eating fish because it is very delicious than meat.

b-I like eating fish because it is more delicious than meat.

c-I like eating fish because it is most delicious than meat.

2-That is the (**interesting**) film I have ever seen.

(Correct)

a-That is the most interesting film I have ever seen.

b-That is the more interesting film I have ever seen.

c-That is the better interesting film I have ever seen.

3-He has a building of twelve storeys.

(Use a compound adjectives)

a-He has a twelve storey building.

b-He has a twelve-storey building.

c-He has a twelve-storeys building.

4-He wrote a letter of four pages to his pen-friend.

(Use a compound adjective)

a-He wrote a four- page letter to his pen friend.

b-He wrote a four- pages letter to his pen friend.

c-He wrote four- page letter to his pen friend.

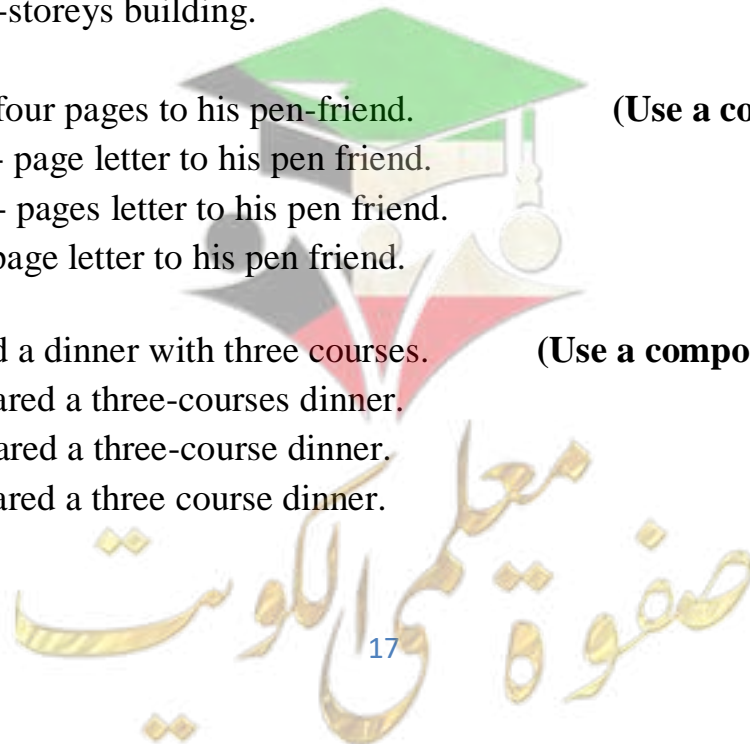
5-My mother prepared a dinner with three courses.

(Use a compound adjectives)

a-My mother prepared a three-courses dinner.

b-My mother prepared a three-course dinner.

c-My mother prepared a three course dinner.



## نموذج اختبار قصير

-----, School  
Name : .....

Department of English  
Class: 10 /.....

### First Period Quiz

Total

#### I- Vocabulary (20 Marks)

##### A- Choose the best answer from a, b, c or d: (4 x 5 = 20 Marks)

- 1- Don't go on a diet randomly. It is better to consult a .....
- a- nutrition                      b- sodium                      c- delegate                      d-dietician
- 2-He is an active runner. He could .....the distance in a few minutes.
- a- cover                              b- absorb                      c- combat                      d-metabolize
- 3- My father always invites us to a good restaurant where we eat .....meat.
- a- atmospheric                      b-grilled                      c- vegetarian                      d- relevant
- 4- People usually offer food .....in weddings.
- a- consistently                      b-irresponsibly                      c- richly                      d- slightly

#### II- Grammar (10 Marks)

##### B- From a,b and c choose the right answer as required : ( 2x5 = 10 Marks)

- 5- I have a (small-Japanese-wonderful) car. (Re-order the adjectives)
- a- small wonderful Japanese.  
b- wonderful small Japanese  
c- Japanese wonderful small
- 6- I have bought a new house. (Negative)
- a- I haven't bought a new house.  
b- I don't have bought a new car.  
c-I didn't buy a new car.



إعداد: أ.ناشد الحاج

