

انجليزي

مذكرة تفاعلية

5

مذكرة تفاعلية

الصف الخامس



لماذا؟ مذكرات النجاح

مجانا
بدون
اشتراك

اختبارات الكترونية
لكل درس
لكل وحدة



الأسئلة الذهبية

تكرر في اختبارات سابقة
من ٣ إلى ٥ مرات



تكرر في اختبارات سابقة
أكثر من ٥ مرات



تكرر في اختبارات سابقة
من ١ إلى ٢ مرات



- شاملة ومختصرة
- نماذج اختبارات محلولة
- ملونة ومرتبطة
- مرتبة حسب الدروس
- باركود حل الكتاب المدرسي
- باركود الاختبارات الالكترونية
- محلوقة

صفوة في الكويت



2025-2024



مذكرات النجاح

طريقك للنجاح



66279318

وقف لحظة



قبل لا تكمل
روابط تهلك



حل
كتاب التدريبات



حل
كتاب الطالب



ملاحظات
المذكرة

صفوة من الكويت



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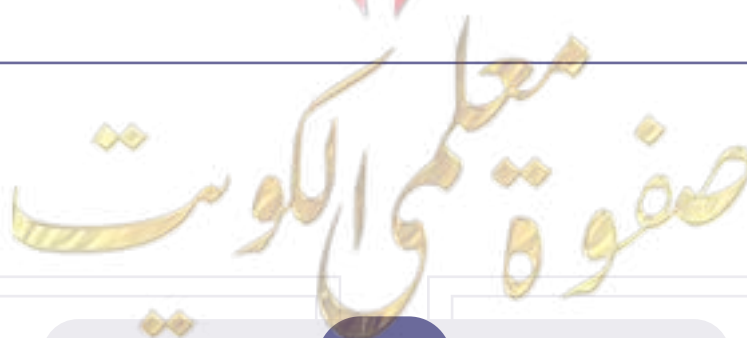
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Unit 1: Our Heritage, Our Pride

المفردات Vocabulary

Words	meaning	Words	Meaning
Heritage	إرث	weaving	نسج
Pride	فخر	mainly	بشكل أساسي
Study	يدرس	factory	مصنع
University	جامعة	pot	قدر
Carry	يحمل	ancient	قديم
Electricity	كهرباء	machine	آلة
paraffin lamp	مصباح الزيت	amazed	مندهش
Light	يضيء	co-operative	متعاون
Touristic	سياحي	obey	يطيع
Artistic	فني	obeyed	أطاع
Respect	يحترم	center	مركز
Respected	احترم	hospitality	الكرم
Kindly	بلطف		

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

1 People used to light their houses in the past.

- (a) study (b) paraffin lamps (c) machine (d) touristic

2 Young generation should be proud of Kuwait's past.....

- (a) factory (b) university (c) electricity (d) heritage

3 That makes toys.

- (a) factory (b) ancient (c) pride (d) light

4 The children must the rules.

- (a) carry (b) obey (c) amazed (d) kind

5 Our restaurant serves meat dishes.

- (a) heritage (b) respect (c) mainly (d) pot

6 We should our teachers.

- (a) respect (b) light (c) hospitality (d) weave

7 Al-Mubarakiyah Market is one of the oldest markets in Kuwait.

- (a) amazed (b) touristic (c) factory (d) pride

8 It's important to be kind and

- (a) amazed (b) ancient (c) co-operative (d) artistic

9 My grandmother is very good at.....

- (a) kindly (b) carry (c) weaving (d) center

10 Let me that bag for you.

- (a) carry (b) light (c) obey (d) study

11 You can see old temples and on Failaka island.

- (a) electricity (b) pots (c) machines (d) universities

12 In the past, my grandfather used paraffin lamps because there was no

- (a) electricity (b) pride (c) pot (d) university

13 Would youclose the window?

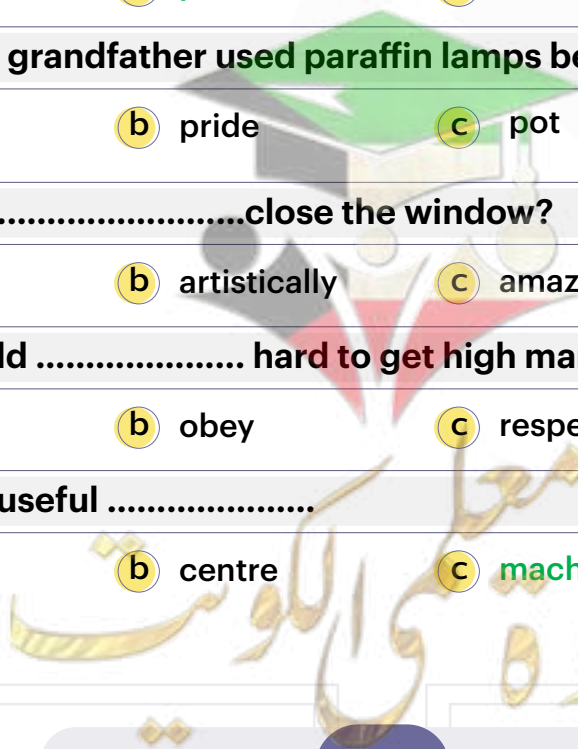
- (a) mainly (b) artistically (c) amazingly (d) kindly

14 Students should hard to get high marks in the exam.

- (a) light (b) obey (c) respect (d) study

15 Computer is a useful

- (a) pot (b) centre (c) machine (d) factory



16 Bader waswhen he saw the circus show.

- (a) ancient (b) artistic (c) **amazed** (d) touristic

17 My brother is going to study Science at the He'd like to be a doctor.

- (a) pride (b) **university** (c) factory (d) electricity

18 We visit the museum and the temple to enjoy watching pots.

- (a) **ancient** (b) co-operative (c) touristic (d) amazed

19 The Sado House is an place in Kuwait.

- (a) **artistic** (b) co-operative (c) factory (d) amazed

20 Could you these candles, please?

- (a) obey (b) respect (c) **light** (d) study

21 The new park is the of our city.

- (a) **pride** (b) paraffin lamp (c) university (d) pot

22 Kuwait Bowling..... is an amazing place.

- (a) Electricity (b) Pride (c) **Centre** (d) Pot





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القواعد Grammar

Present Simple

- يستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن العادات المتكررة الحدوث وكذلك للتعبير عن الحقائق العلمية.
- يتكون المضارع البسيط من التصريف الأول:

I/ You/ We/ They + (مصدر)

He/ She/ It + (s + فعل)

ex:

- I/ You/ We/ They **play** football.
- He/ She **lives** in a big house.
- My cat **runs** very fast.

يأتي المضارع البسيط مع:

كل every - عادةً usually - أحياناً sometimes - دائماً always

ex:

- She **always goes** to bed early.

نفي المضارع البسيط بوضع don't / doesn't قبل الفعل:

ex:

- I/ You/ We/ They **don't** like the food they serve at that restaurant.
- Jim **doesn't** work on Fridays.

عند النفي تحول always / usually / sometimes إلى never :

ex:

- I **always** wash the dishes. → I **never** wash the dishes.
- My brother **usually** gets up early. → My brother **never** gets up early.

عند السؤال نستخدم do/ does كفعل مساعد:

Do + you/ we/ they

Does + he/ she/ it

ex:

- Do you like milk?
- Does he play tennis?
- What do you like to play?

Past Simple

◀ يعبر عن شيء حدث بالماضي وانتهى، ويتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:

إذا كان منتظماً نحول الفعل لصيغة الماضي بإضافة (d - ed) أما إذا كان

غير منتظم نحول للتصريف الثاني.

تصريف أول present	تصريف ثاني past
are يكون للجمع	Were
is يكون للمفرد	Was
ask يسأل	Asked
play يلعب	Played
live يعيش	Lived
help يساعد	Helped
have/ has يملك	Had
eat يأكل	Ate
swim يسبح	Swam
go يذهب	Went

✍ ex:

- I **helped** my mother yesterday
- They **went** to the mall last week.

◀ نفي الماضي البسيط بوضع didn't قبل الفعل ثم نضع الفعل بالمصدر:

✍ ex:

He **went** to school. → He **didn't go** to school.

◀ عند السؤال نستخدم did كفعل مساعد:

✍ ex:

I **walked** yesterday. → When **did** you walk?

◀ يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

تاريخ قديم - منذ ago - في الماضي in the past - الماضي last... - أمس yesterday

✍ ex:

- My cat **played** in the park **yesterday**.
- What **did** you watch **last** night?

Present Perfect

يعبر المضارع التام عن حدث حدثَ بالماضي وما زال أثره مستمراً بالحاضر، ويتكون من:

I/ You/ We/ They + have + verb 3

He/ She/ It + has + verb 3

ex:

- I **have just eaten** my lunch.
- He **has just flown** in from Canada.

يأتي المضارع التام مع:

Since	For	Just	Already	ever	not...yet
منذ	لمدة	حالاً	من قبل	ذات مرة	ليس...بعد

I/ You/ We/ They + have not + verb 3

He/ She/ It + has not + verb 3

ex:

- I **haven't** seen Failaka Island.
- She **hasn't** been to London.

نلاحظ نفي (just/already) يكون بـ: (not.....yet)

ex:

- I **have just** arrived.
- I **haven't** arrived yet.

السؤال :

ex:

- Have you **seen** Hala? → Yes, I **have**. / No, I **haven't**.
- Has Sara **watched** the film? → Yes, she **has**. / No, she **hasn't**.

Suffixes

هي مقطع من الحروف يُضاف لنهاية الكلمة ليعطي معنى جديد:

Good جيد	Goodness الطيبة
Kind لطيف	Kindness اللطف
Sick مريض	Sickness المرض
Great عظيم	Greatness العظمة
Dark مظلم	Darkness الظلام

1 Choose the correct answer from between brackets: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة

1 She was absent because of her.....

(a) sickness

(b) sick

(c) sickly

2 Last Saturday, Ali his uncle.

(a) meet

(b) met

(c) metted

3 My mother like swimming. She likes walking.

(a) didn't

(b) don't

(c) doesn't

4 Have you ever a tiger?

(a) seen

(b) see

(c) saw

5 She to the museum.

(a) has went

(b) have gone

(c) has gone

6 They like fast food.

(a) aren't

(b) doesn't

(c) don't

7 Yesterday, we chicken and rice.

(a) eat

(b) eats

(c) ate

8 You can't buy

(a) happiness

(b) happy

(c) happily

9 Pilots always a lot.

(a) travel

(b) travels

(c) travelled

10 you ever travelled abroad?

(a) Have

(b) Has

(c) Having

11 Girls often with dolls.

(a) plays

(b) play

(c) have played

12 The dog has a bone.

(a) finding

(b) found

(c) find

13 Omar eaten his dinner?

(a) Having

(b) Has

(c) Have

14 Mona has To Canada for two years.

(a) goes

(b) going

(c) been

15 We uncle Ahmed's farm last week.

(a) visit

(b) visited

(c) visited

Set-Book



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تساعد أسئلة الكتاب على تكوين الجمل الصحيحة والأفكار الرئيسة للدرس كما تساعد في كتابة التعبير ✍

1 Why do you think people travel abroad?

➤ People travel to study.

➤ People travel for fun.

2 Where will you study after you finish school?

➤ I will study at Kuwait University.

➤ I will study abroad.

3 Name three touristic places in Kuwait?

➤ Dickson House.

➤ The Red Palace.

➤ The Sadu House

4 Which touristic place would you like to visit? Why?

I'd like to visit Dickson House to see where people lived in Old Kuwait.

5 Why is the Sadu House important?

Because it saves the heritage of weaving.

6 What do you know about the Red Palace?

➤ It is the location of Al-Jahra Battle.

➤ It has 4 towers.

7 Mention three facts about Al-Shamiya Old Gate?

➤ It was built in 1920s.

➤ It's 14 metres high.

➤ It has 26 towers

8 What was life like in Old Kuwait?

- People lived in mud houses.
- People lit their houses with paraffin lamps.

9 Mention 3 important islands in Kuwait.

- Bubiyan.
- Kubbar.
- Failaka.

10 What do you know about Failaka Island?

- It is 20 km from Kuwait City.
- The ancient Greeks lived on it.

11 Why do people go to Failaka?

- To visit the temples and the museum.
- To spend weekends and holidays.

12 What should we do with the ancient touristic places? Why?

We should keep them as they are a part of our heritage.

13 Describe people in Old Kuwait.

- They were co-operative and helpful.
- Children obeyed and respected the elders.

14 How was trade in Old Kuwait?

People used to dive for pearls and trade with other countries.





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قطعة الاستيعاب Reading Comprehension

أنماط أسئلة قطعة الاستيعاب والفهم

تأتي أسئلة القطعة كما يلي:

The best title for the passage is:	ما هو أفضل عنوان للقطعة ؟	السؤال الأول
The main idea of the ٢/ "١" paragraph is:	ما هي الفكرة الرئيسة للفقرة (الأولي / الثانية)	
The underlined word "....." means:	ما معني الكلمة التي تحتها خط.	السؤال الثاني
The opposite of the underlined word "....." is	ما مضاد / عكس الكلمة التي تحتها خط ؟	
The underlined word "....." refers to:	ما الذي تشير إليه الكلمة التي تحتها خط ؟	السؤال الثالث
The boy was sad because:	سؤال مباشر من القطعة	السؤال الرابع
What / Where / When	سؤال إجابته مباشرة من القطعة	السؤال الخامس
How/Why/What	سؤال إجابته غير مباشرة (يحتاج لاستنتاج)	السؤال السادس

لاحظ: لاستخراج إجابة سؤال ال Wh من القطعة

ابحث عن	إذا بدأ السؤال بـ
Dad / Mum / Ali / sister	Who من شخص
in Salmiya/ on the beach / at home / in a hotel	Where أين مكان
last week/ in the morning/ on Friday/ at sunset/ at 6:30	When متى زمان
a necklace/ a bag / a book / a car / fruit	What ما / ماذا شيء
by car/ by bus/ by taxi/ by plane	How كيف وسيلة مواصلات
two/three/7/nine/ten/twenty	How many كم عدد عدد / رقم
for a week / for 2 days/ for 5 years/ for 10 minutes	How long كم المدة رقم
because / for helping / to play / that's why	Why لماذا سبب

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة

Abdurrahman Al-Sumait is a Muslim Kuwaiti doctor. He studied at the university of Baghdad. When he was young, Al-Sumait saw some poor workers waiting for the bus to take them home. He and his friends saved up money and bought a car to drive these workers for free. That was the start. At the age of 35, Al-Sumait moved to Africa and gave 29 years of his life to help millions of poor Africans. He built schools, mosques and universities for them. Over 11 million Africans became Muslims. Al-Sumait died in 2013, but no one will ever forget him.

1 Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة

1 The **Best** title for this passage could be:

- (a) Baghdad University (b) African People
(c) Poor Workers (d) A Great Man

2 The underlined word «**them**» in line V refers to:

- (a) Africans (b) universities (c) schools (d) mosques

3 The opposite of the underlined word «**saved**» in line ٣ is:

- (a) kept (b) gave (c) wasted (d) helped

4 In this paragraph the writer wants to:

- (a) tell us about Muslims in Africa (b) tell us about Al-Sumait's life
(c) travel to Africa (d) study in universities in Africa

2 Answer the following questions: أجب عن الأسئلة التالية

1 How old was Al-Sumait when he **went to** Africa?

كم كان عمر لسميط حين ذهب إلى إفريقيا؟

He was 35 years old.

2 How did Al-Sumait **help** the poor Africans? كيف ساعد السميطة الإفريقيين الفقراء؟

He built schools, mosques and universities for them.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة

Most of the passengers were asleep on the eight o'clock train. It was already half past nine. I was eating while my wife was reading a letter. My little daughter was eating an ice-cream. Suddenly, we were all shocked to hear a loud cry from a young lady. She screamed "Help! Help! He's going to kill me. He has a gun." Many people ran towards her. She looked around for a few moments, then at us, and finally said, "What a terrible dream!" The train waitress gave her a cold drink. An old man was sitting beside her. He kept talking to her. When we got off the train, I said to the man, "It was kind of you to keep talking with her."

1 Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة

1 The **Best** title for this passage could be:

- (a) The Eight O'clock Train (b) The Train Killer
(c) The Man and The Gun (d) **A Terrible Dream**

2 The **opposite** of the word "**loud**" in line 4 is:

- (a) **low** (b) high (c) fast (d) cold

3 The underlined word "**her**" in line 5 refers to:

- (a) the man's daughter (b) **the young lady**
(c) the man's wife (d) the train waitress

4 The train arrived the station at

- (a) nine and half (b) eight o'clock (c) **ten and half** (d) nine o'clock

2 Answer the following questions: أجب عن الأسئلة التالية

1 When did the people in the train return to their seats?

متى عاد الناس في القطار إلى مقاعدهم؟

When she felt better

2 Why did the old man keep talking with the young lady?

لماذا استمر الرجل العجوز بالتحدث مع السيدة الشابة؟

To help her to be quiet. / To stop her from sleeping and having a dream.

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة

One day, Majid went outside to play. He looked at the tallest tree in the neighborhood. Majid decided to climb this tree to feel that he did something great. He wasn't sure how to climb a tree. He had seen older children do it. The tall tree had a large branch that was coming down to the earth. Majid stood on his toes and tried to reach this branch, but he



could not. He jumped up and held the branch with his hands like a monkey. Then, he fell down on the ground and said "I didn't have to do like older people".

1 Choose the correct word from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة

1 The Best title for this passage could be:

- (a) Big Neighborhood
- (b) Older People
- (c) Climbing a Tree
- (d) A little Monkey

2 The underlined word "decided" in line 2 means:

- (a) planned
- (b) made
- (c) talked
- (d) played

3 The underlined word "that" in line 3 refers to:

- (a) children
- (b) tree
- (c) branch
- (d) something

4 Majid wanted to climb this tall tree to:

- (a) have more friends
- (b) get his ball from the tree
- (c) play with his friends and hide
- (d) feel that he did something great

2 Answer the following questions: أجب عن الأسئلة التالية

1 Which animal did Majid look like as he practiced climbing the tree?

كأي حيوان بدا ماجد حين تمرن على تسلق الشجرة؟

Majid looked like a monkey when he practiced climbing the tree.

2 What is the moral Majid learned from trying to climb the tree?

ما هو الخلق الذي تعلمه ماجد من تسلق الشجرة؟

He learned that children don't have to do like older people.

نصائح لكتابة موضوع التعبير

- ◀ اقرأ رأس الموضوع جيداً.
- ◀ اقرأ الأسئلة المرتبطة بالصورة ثم اكتب إجابة الأسئلة الموجودة بالمخطط Graphic Organizer مستخدماً الكلمات المساعدة.
- ◀ اكتب الموضوع مسترشداً بالإجابات التي تم كتابتها في المخطط.

نموذج اختبار مفردات - Vocabulary

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

1 We should always love, respect and our parents.

- (a) carry (b) study (c) obey (d) light

2 Toyota will build a new car In India.

- (a) pride (b) university (c) factory (d) electricity

3 Islam teaches Muslims to be kind and with each others.

- (a) co-operative (b) amazed (c) artistic (d) touristic

4 I'll take Jack to all the places in Kuwait.

- (a) pot (b) co-operative (c) touristic (d) amazed

نموذج اختبار قواعد - Grammar

1 Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة:

1 Have you ever the temples on Failaka Island?

- (a) see (b) seen (c) saw

2 We treat animals

- (a) kindly (b) kindness (c) kind

3 People in old Kuwait a simple life.

- (a) lived (b) live (c) are living

نموذج اختبار تعبير - Writing a paragraph

Fill in the graphic organizer, then use it to write a paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about (An Interesting Place) with the help of picture and guide words:

املا المخطط، ثم استخدمه لكتابة مقطع من ٤ جمل عن (مكان ممتع) بالاستعانة بالصورة والكلمات المساعدة

(park- weekend –friends-cousins-keep fit-healthy)

1 Where you went?

to Al-Mubarakiyah.

2 Who went with you?

My family.

3 Why you chose it?

it is ancient, touristic.

4 What you did there?

went shopping and sat at a coffee shop.



الموضوع Topic

Last week, I went to Al-Mubarakiyah Market. I went there with my family. We chose Al-Mubarakiyah Market because it is an ancient, touristic place. We went shopping and sat at a coffee shop to have a drink at Al-Mubarakiyah Market.

الأسبوع الماضي ذهبت إلى سوق المباركية. ذهبت إلى هناك مع عائلتي. اخترنا سوق المباركية لأنه مكان قديم وسياحي. ذهبنا للتسوق و جلسنا في مقهى لتناول شراب في سوق المباركية.

نموذج اختبار قراءة - Reading

المفردات Vocabulary (A)

1 اختر الإجابة الصحيحة: Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1 The sofa was too heavy, so my friend asked me to help him it

- (a) light (b) obey (c) respect (d) carry

2 Cars, buses and planes depend on oil to move.

- (a) artistically (b) kindly (c) mainly (d) anciently

3 Tourists like visiting temples and forts.

- (a) ancient (b) co-operative (c) touristic (d) amazed

4 In Islam, we must elders.

- (a) carry (b) study (c) respect (d) light

(B) Reading Comprehension الاستيعاب

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

اقرأ النص ثم أجب عن الأسئلة

Sara and Suzan are twins. They were born on August 5th, 2010. They are ten now. They are in the fifth grade. Sara and Suzan do everything together. They are in the same class. They dress alike. They look the same. They have the same friends. People always mix them up, even their father and their brother, Sami, don't know which is Sara and which is Suzan. Only Mum knows. This makes them laugh. One day, Mum decided to change their haircut, so they would look different. The twin sisters were UPSET but all people were happy. THEY were finally able to know which is Sara and which is Suzan.

1 A: Choose the correct answer: اختر الإجابة الصحيحة

1 The best title for the passage is:

- (a) Sara's sister (b) Mum and Sami
(c) The Twin Sisters (d) Sara and Mum

2 The underlined word "upset" means:

- (a) bad (b) tired (c) sad (d) bored

3 The underlined pronoun "They" refers to:

- (a) The father and brother (b) All people
(c) Sara's friends (d) The twin sisters

4 Last year, the twin sisters were in grade:

- (a) three (b) four (c) five (d) six

2 Answer the following questions: أجب عن الأسئلة

1 How old are the twin sisters? كم عمر الأختين التوأم؟

They are ten now

2 Why did Mum decide to change the twin's haircut?

لماذا قررت الأم أن تغير تسريحة التوأم؟

Mum decided to change their haircut, so they would look different

(B) Writing التعبير

Writing a paragraph

Write a short paragraph of 5 sentences with the help of the picture and : "guide words about "A trip to Failaka Island

اكتب مقطع قصير من 5 جمل بالاستعانة بالصور والكلمات المساعدة عن (رحلة إلى جزيرة فيلكا)
(last week – Failaka Island – friends – boat – pots – bottles – coins)

1 When was your trip?

Last week.

2 With whom you went?

My friends

3 How you went there?

By boat.

4 Where you went?

To Failaka Island.

4 Where you saw there?

Pots, bottles and coins.



الموضوع Topic

Last week I went on a trip. I went to Failaka Island. I went with my friends. I went there by boat. I saw pots, bottles and coins.

الأسبوع الماضي ذهبت في رحلة. ذهبت إلى جزيرة فيلكا. ذهبت مع أصدقائي. ذهبت بواسطة القارب. رأيت القدور والقوارير والعملات.

(b) spelling الإملاء

1 Write the missing letters: اكتب الأحرف الناقصة:



Factory



Electricity



Study



Carry

2 Write the missing words to complete the sentences: اكتب الكلمات الناقصة:

➤ To **light** a candle you need matches.



➤ In the past, people didn't have **machines**.



➤ We saw an ancient cooking **pot** at the museum.



➤ People didn't have **electricity** in the past.



3 Combine:

➤ university + s = **universities**

➤ careful + ly = **carefully**

➤ home + work = **homework**

➤ story + s = **stories**

➤ kind + ness = **kindness**

➤ grand + parent = **grandparent**

➤ big + est = **biggest**

➤ live + ing = **living**

➤ study + ed = **studied**

➤ shop + ing = **shopping**

صفوة المعلم الكويت

لطلب المذاكرة كاملة



مذكرات
النجاح

طريقاً للنجاح



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