الصـف السابـع مذكرة **تفاعلية**







English

SEMESTER TWO 2024-2023



بـــدون اشتراك

تفوق مع مذكرات النجاح

طريقة سهلة ومميزة لعرض الدروس والتمارين



اختبارات الكترونية لــكــل درس لــكــل وحـدة مجــانا



مايميز مذكراتنا!



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Journey to the Past

Unit 7



Vocabulary

Words	P. S	meaning	Words	P. S	Meaning
trade-d	V	يتاجر	curiously	Adv	بفضول
trading	N	تجارة	gladiator	N	محارب
privileged	Adj	ذو میزة/ ممیز	cheerfully	Adv	بفرح/ بابتهاج
rather	Adv	إلى حد ما/ بدلاً من	chariot	N	عربة تجرها الخيول
preserve	V	يحفظ	take place – took	Ph V	يحدث
realise-d	V	يدرك	rule-d	V	يحكم
endangered	Adj	مهدد بالانقراض	cultural	Adj	ثقافي
cultivation	N	حصاد/ زراعة	instrument	N	آلة/ أداة
restore-d	V	یستعید/ یسترجع	include-d	V	یتضمن/ یشمل
Ancient	Adj	قديم	calligraphy	N	فن الخط

A: Choose the correct answer:

definitely

gently

cheerfully



curiously





O dig up	sweep	preserve	Create
3- My uncle plays a	all musical	professionally.	
○ chariots	instrument	s Cultivations	gladiators
4- Museums are past.	places where	we can get a lot of in	formation about the
privileged	Oendangere	d O ancient	<u>cultural</u>
5- It's said that the	ey are looking for a	treasure under the	building.
ancient	rather	O trade	gladiators
6- The bill for your	stay in the hotel	breakfast and o	dinner.
preserve	rules	realizes	includes
Fill in the spaces	with words from	the list:	
(calligraphy –	- take place – priv	ileged – curiously –	gladiators)
1- The Olympic Ga	mes <u>take place</u> eve	ery four years.	
2- <u>Gladiators</u> used	to fight wild anima	als in the past.	
3- Students learn s	ome kinds of <u>calli</u> g	<mark>raphy</mark> in the Arabic c	lasses.



Past simple

التصريف الثاني للفعل.

الأفعال المنتظمة تحول إلى الماضي بإضافة d أو ed:

Point	Point Pointed		Play <mark>ed</mark>	
Work	Work Worked		Invented	

الأفعال الغير منتظمة لها تصريفات في الماضي تحفظ كما هي:

go	come	eat	drink	sleep
went	came	ate	drank	slept

الكلمات الدالة Key words

... الماضي ... last... في الماضي in the past – في الماضي – last... الماضي

ننفي الماضي البسيط بوضع (did not)قبل الفعل ثم نأتي بالفعل في المصدر:

ex: I <u>didn't</u> play tennis last week.

عند السؤال نستخدم did كفعل مساعد :

ex: I saw Sara yesterday. \rightarrow When <u>did</u> you see Sara?





Choose the correct answer in brackets:

Ali (play - <u>played</u> -plays) football yesterday. He (go - <u>went</u> - gone) with his friends. He (win - <u>won</u> - wan) the match. He didn't (<u>see</u> - saw -seen) his teacher. He (did - <u>didn't</u> - don't) sleep yesterday.

Do as shown between brackets:

1-My grandpa (build) this house twenty years <u>ago</u>. (correct)

- (built)

2-We (collect) shells on the beach <u>last week</u>. (correct)

- (collected)

3-Yasmeen (study) science <u>yesterday</u>. (correct)

- (studied)

4-They bought a new car last year. (ask a question)

- What did they buy last year?

5-We visited the museum yesterday. (Make negative)

- We didn't visit the museum yesterday.

Past continuous

We use it when we want to refer an action that was in progress in a specific moment in the past.

يستخدم الماضي المستمر للحديث عن فعل استمر لفترة محددة في الماضي.





Structure:

Negative/النفي:

Interrogative/ الاستفهام:

الكلمات الدالة Key words

- while + past continuous _past simple
- when + past simple _past continuous
- then, at that moment

Choose the correct answer in brackets:

When I got up this morning, my mother (was making - were making) our breakfast. While Dad (were reading - was reading - is reading) the newspaper, the telephone rang. When I finished having my shower, my little brothers (was sleeping - are sleeping - were sleeping). Everybody (was doing - were doing - doing) different things at that time of the day.

Used to

نستخدمها للحديث عن أشياء اعتدنا القيام بها في الماضي:

used to + inf (مصدر الفعل)

ex: He <u>used to</u> **smoke**.

عند النفي:

didn't use to + inf (مصدر الفعل)

ex: I didn't use to like milk.

عند السؤال:

?...+ (مصدر الفعل) use to + inf (مصدر الفعل)

....+ (مصدر الفعل) + use to + inf (مصدر الفعل) +....

ex: - Did you use to study English?

- What <u>did</u> they use to play?



Choose the correct answer from between brackets:

1- I didn'tto play football.

b- uses

c- using

d- used

2- Samer used drink tea.

a- in

a- use

b- for

c- at

d- **to**

3- I be afraid of the dark but now I don't.

a- use to

b- used

c- used to

d- uses to

Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Although not the longest river in America, the Rio Grande is one of the most important. But, unlike other rivers, <u>it</u> is not used for shipping. In fact, what makes the Rio Grande so important is its location. Since 1846, it has been the official border of Texas and Mexico. It is either the fourth or fifth longest river system in North America. The river starts in Colorado and extends downward to the Gulf of Mexico. Its name is Spanish that means the "Big River" but the Rio Grande is actually known as Rio Bravo in Mexico. "Bravo" translates as "<u>furious</u>". The name makes sense. Because of its twists and turns, it certainly seems to be angrier than most rivers!

The Rio Grande today is mostly used as a source of drinking water for Texans and Mexico. More important, it is a symbol of cooperation between the two nations.

Although the Rio Grande separates their borders, it is therefore a symbol of friendship and peace between two peoples.





A: Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:

1- /	1- According to the passage, the purpose of the writer is to:						
а	show the importance of the Rio Grande for drinking most of the U.S.A.						
Ь	focus on the R	io Grande as the bord	er o	f Texas and N	Иeх	ico.	
С	tell us about t	he longest river systen	n in	the United S	tate	es.	
d	emphasize the Rio Grande as a river known by two different names.						
2	2- The underlined pronoun "it" in line (2) refers to:						
а	Colorado b The Rio Grande c Mexico d Texas						
3	3- The underlined word "furious" in line 8 means:						
а	dry	b large	С	angry	d	Narrow	
4- The main idea of the first paragraph is:							
а	Texans and Mexican B a symbol of friendship					endship	
С	the Rio Grande location D a unique river						

B: Answer the following questions:

5- How is the Rio Grande used today?

- It is mostly used as a source of drinking water for Texans and Mexicans.

6- What makes the Rio Grande so important?

- Its location, is a symbol of cooperation between the two nations. Americans and Mexicans.



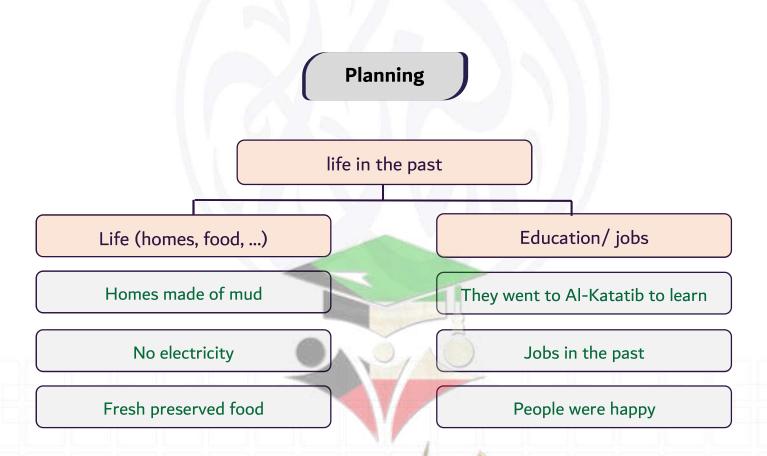
Writing

"Life in the past was different from life nowadays". Plan and write a paragraph of (8 sentences) about (life in the past).

These guide words may help you:

(different/ mud/ electricity/ food/ schools/ Al-Katatib/ work/ happy)

NB: (Your writing should include a topic sentence, supporting details and a conclusion)



Topic

Life in the past was different from life nowadays. The homes were made of mud. There were no electricity and things like refrigerators or stoves. People rather had fresh preserved food.

In the past, people didn't have schools. They went to Al-Katatib where they learned reading, writing and basic arithmetic. People worked in pearl diving, fishing and spice trading. Life wasn't easy for sure, but people were happy.

Spelling

Write the underlined words correctly:

- 1- The Arabs introduced musical <u>insrtemunts</u> to Europe in the past. <u>instruments</u>
- 2- The Olympic Games <u>tkaes pacle</u> every four years. <u>takes place</u>
- 3- <u>Galidtaors</u> fought wild animals long ago. <u>Gladiators</u>



The Work We Do Unit 8



Vocabulary

Words	P. S	Meaning	Words	P. S	Meaning
hard-working	Adj	مجتهد	Public	N	عامة الناس
rarely	Adv	نادراً	park ranger	N	حارس منتزه
hidden	Adj	مختفي/ مختبئ	biologist	N	عالم أحياء
dig up-dug up	Ph V	يحفر	runway	N	مدرج المطار
sow -ed	V	يزرع - زرع	Staff	N	طاقم عمل
value	N	قيمة	luggage	N	أمتعة
earn money	V	يكسب مالاً	passport	N	جواز سفر
queue-ed	V	يصطف في طابور	Aisle	N	ممر
perform-ed	V	يؤدي عمل	Agent	N	مضيف أرضي
behaviour	N	سلوك	boarding pass	N	بطاقة الصعود للطائرة



لطلب المذكرة كاملة مع الحلول ونماذج اختبارات تقويمية ونهائية مذكرات النجاح



