

الصف الرابع
مذكرة تفاعلية

04



English

SEMESTER TWO

2024-2023



تفوق مع مذكرات النجاح

طريقة سهلة ومميزة لعرض الدروس والتمارين



اختبارات الكترونية
لكل درس
لكل وحدة

مجانا
بدون
اشتراك



ما يميز مذكراتنا !



- شاملة ومختصرة تحوي جميع معلومات الكتاب
- ملونة ومرتبة بشكل جذاب
- يسهل الدراسة
- محلولة
- مرتبة حسب الدروس
- باركود الاختبار الالكتروني
- نماذج اختبارات محلولة

69398804



صفوة الكويتي الكويتي



مذكرات النجاح

طريقك للنجاح

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صفوة معلمي الكويت



Vocabulary

Words	meaning	Words	Meaning
Planet	كوكب	Coast	ساحل
solar system	نظام شمسي	Oasis	واحة
Freezing	متجمد	Island	جزيرة
book (v.)	يحجز	Stone	حجر
cost (v.)	يكلف	Cave	كهف
Per	لكل	Around	حول
Night	ليل	Close	قريب
Mountain	جبل	Different	مختلف
Noise	أصوات	Earth	الارض
Consist	يتكون	Moon	القمر
Large	كبير	Star	نجم
Kuwait bay	جون الكويت	Far	بعيد
need (v.)	يحتاج	Began	بدأ

صفوة معلمة الكويت



Planetarium	قبة سماوية	camping trip	رحلة تخيم
Footprint	بصمة قدم	Heavily	بشدة
land (v.)	يهبط	Selected	اختار
look like	يشبه	Successfully	بنجاح
Proudly	بفخر	Happily	بسعادة
Quietly	بهدوء	Flew	طار
Rock	صخرة	Ocean	محيط
Spaceman	رجل فضاء	Wood	خشب
Astronaut	رائد فضاء	Gloomy	كئيب
Spaceship	سفينة فضاء		

Choose the correct answer

1- There are 8 in the solar system.

- mountains
 planets
 stones
 stars

2- My sister studies hard day and

- night
 rock
 ocean
 wood

3- The house was when my father travelled.

- freezing
 close
 large
 gloomy

صفوة المعلمي الكويت

4- I a lot of food because I am hungry.

fly

land

need

book

5- It rained yesterday.

happily

proudly

heavily

successfully

6- People learn about the planets, the moon and stars at the

oasis

astronaut

footprint

planetarium

7- My plane to Egypt at 2 o'clock yesterday.

flew

booked

needed

began

8- The moon is so away from the sun.

gloomy

different

far

close

9- Successful people speak about their work.

quietly

proudly

heavily

successfully

10- I a room at plaza Hotel last week.

began

landed

selected

booked

صفوة معلمي الكويت



Present simple

يعبر عن عادة أو حقيقة، ويتكون المضارع البسيط من التصريف الأول:

I/ You/ We/ They + (مصدر) فعل

He/ She/ It + (s + فعل)

ex: - I/ You/ We/ They play football.

- He/ She/ It eats a fish.

نفي المضارع البسيط بوضع don't / doesn't قبل الفعل:

ex: - I/ You/ We/ They don't eat fish.

- He/ She/ It doesn't like swimming.

عند السؤال نستخدم do/ does كفعل مساعد:

ex: - What do (you/ we/ they) want?

- What does (he/ she/ it) eat?

الكلمات الدالة Key words

يأتي المضارع البسيط مع:

أبداً never - عادة usually - أحياناً sometimes - دائماً Always

Choose the correct verb from between brackets:

I like going to the beach. I always (go – goes – went) with my family. My brother usually (swim – swims – is swimming) in the sea. My parents (walk – walks – are walking) in the sunshine.

صفوة معلمة الكويت



Past simple

يعبر عن شيء حدث بالماضي وانتهى، ويتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني:
نحول الفعل لصيغة الماضي بإضافة (d - ed) إذا كان منتظماً أما إذا كان غير منتظم نحول
للتصريف الثاني.

ex: - I visited my uncle yesterday.

- We met Sara last week.

الكلمات الدالة Key words

يأتي الماضي البسيط مع:

... الماضي last... - في الماضي in the past - منذ ago - أمس yesterday

ننفي الماضي البسيط بوضع (did not) قبل الفعل ثم نأتي بالفعل في المصدر:

ex: I visited my uncle yesterday. ⇒ I didn't visit my uncle yesterday.

عند السؤال نستخدم did كفعل مساعد :

ex: I met Ali yesterday. ⇒ When did you meet Ali?

أفعال منتظمة

تصريف أول (1) Verb

تصريف ثاني (2) Verb

Book

Booked

Need

Needed

Select	Selected
Land	Landed
Arrive	Arrived
أفعال غير منتظمة	
Begin	Began
Fly	Flew
Become	Became
Hear	Heard
Ride	Rode
Drive	Drove

Choose the correct answer from between brackets:

Yesterday, I (go – **went** – goes) to the cinema. I went with my family. My parents (like – liking – **liked**) the film. I didn't (**like** – liked – likes) it because it was too scary.

The Comparative and the Superlative

- عند وصف شخص نأتي بالصفة كما هي.

Comparative adjective is used to compare two persons or two things.

صفات المقارنة تستخدم للمقارنة بين شخصين أو شيئين.

- عند المقارنة بين اثنين نأتي بـ **er than** بعد الصفة.

Adjective + er

صفوة معلمة الكويت

Superlative adjective is used to compare one person or a thing with every other member of the group.

صفات التفضيل تستخدم لمقارنة شخص أو شيء مع كل عنصر آخر في المجموعة.
- عند تفضيل واحد على مجموعة تأتي بـ the قبل الصفة و بعدها.

The + Adjective + est

ex: - Ali is tall.

- Ali is taller than Salim.

- Ali is the tallest boy.

Choose:

- Salah is (fat – **fatter** – fattest) than Sami.

- English is the (easy – easier – **easiest**) subject.

- Ali is the (good – better – **best**) boy.

- Fatema is (good – **better** – best) than Huda.

- The farthest planet takes the (long – longer – **longest**) time to go around the sun.

- The hotter planets are (close – **closer** – closest) to the sun.

Adverbs

We use the adverbs to describe the actions of the verb.

يا. الظرف يصف الفعل ويعبر عن حالته وينتهي غالباً بـ

Adverb = Adjective + ly

Adjective	Adverb
Careful	Carefully
Slow	Slowly
Successful	Successfully
heavy	Heavily
Happy	Happily

Choose the correct answer:

Neil Armstrong was the first man who flew to the moon. He landed (**successfully** – successful). He walked (proud – **proudly**) on the moon. Neil and his team arrived back to the earth (**happily** – happy). They landed (**safely** – safe) in the ocean.

Countable and Uncountable Nouns

Countable	<p>الأسماء المعدودة (هي أسماء الأشياء التي يمكن عدّها)</p> <p>عندما تأتي بصيغة المفرد يسبقها (a/ an)</p> <p>يمكن جمعها</p>	<p>An apple – some apples</p> <p>ex: There are some apples.</p>
Uncountable	<p>الأسماء الغير معدودة (هي أسماء أشياء لا يمكن عدّها ولا جمعها) ليس لها صيغة جمع</p> <p>تعامل معاملة المفرد</p>	<p>Coffee – milk – money - pasta</p> <p>ex: There is some ice cream.</p>

Choose the correct answer from between brackets:

- 1- There are 8 planets. All planets (**go** – went – goes) around the sun. We live on the earth. Some planets are (big – **bigger** – biggest) than the earth and some are smaller.
- 2- Everyone loves his country. You should be (**proud** – proudly) of your country. You should be (**successful** – successfully) to help your country.
- 3- The earth is the third planet from the sun. It (take – took – **takes**) one year to go around the sun. The earth is the only planet in the solar system that has life. We (**live** – lives – lived) on the earth.
- 4- Neil Armstrong and his team (fly – **flew** - flies) to the moon in 1969. They landed (**successfully** – success – successful) and left proudly their footprints there.

Past continuous

يعبر عن حدث مستمر في الماضي (زمن ماضي مستمر) ثم قطعه حدث آخر (ماضي بسيط).

(was or were) + (V + ing) + when + Past Simple

ماضي بسيط + when + ماضي مستمر

ex: I was watching TV when the bell rang.

Negative/النفى:

wasn't or weren't + (V + ing)

ex: They weren't playing football.

صفوة معلمة الكويت

الكلمات الدالة Key words

when بينما - عندما while

Choose the correct answer in brackets:

My mother (**was making** - were making) our breakfast when her friend called.

Dad (were reading - **was reading** - is reading) the newspaper when the telephone rang.

My sisters (was sleeping - are sleeping - **were sleeping**) when I came home.

صفوة معلمي الكويت

Vocabulary – نموذج اختبار مفردات

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Youssef left his on the sand.

- a- island b- Earth c- **footprints** d- Solar System

2- The boys returned home after the party.

- a- successfully b- proudly c- heavily d- **happily**

3- I like collecting from the beach.

- a- islands b- **stones** c- Earth d- moon

4- went to space in a spaceship.

- a- **Astronauts** b- Planets c- Rocks d- Moons

Grammar - نموذج اختبار قواعد

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- We when we heard a noise.

- a- talk b- **were talking** c- talked

2- Nasser his bike, yesterday.

- a- rides b- ride c- **rode**

3- The elephant is land animal.

- a- biggest b- **the biggest** c- bigger

صفوة معلمى الكويت

نموذج اختبار تعبير - Writing

Write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences with the help of a picture, graphic organizer and guide words about (Flying to the Moon):

(Neil Armstrong – moon – walked – proudly – moon rocks – footprints)

Who flew to the moon?

Neil Armstrong.



What did Neil and his team do?

Walked proudly on the moon.

What they collected?

moon rocks.

What they left on the moon?

Footprints.

Topic

Neil Armstrong flew to the moon. Neil and his team walked proudly on the moon. They collected moon rocks. They left footprints on the moon.

صفوة معلمة الكويت

نموذج اختبار قراءة - Reading

(A) Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Salem his dad.

a- books b- begins c- lands d- **looks like**

2- Have you ever been to Failaka?

a- wood b- **Island** c- rock d- mountain

3- My mum a yellow dress from Zara.

a- began b- consisted c- **selected** d- flew

4- Put on your coat. It is outside.

a- **freezing** b- close c- far d- large

(B) Reading Comprehension



Read the following passage then answer the questions below:

Most animals and birds depend on **their** senses to get their own needs from food and protect themselves. For example, owls sleep all day and stay awake at night. They eat at night. Owls have very **large** eyes. They can find food in the dark. Owls also have very good hearing. This helps them to eat the animals easily. Mice also use their senses. They can smell very well. This helps them find food in the dark and hide from many different animals that want to eat them. Most birds, snakes, and lizards like to eat mice.

صفوة معلمي الكويت



A: Choose the correct answer from a, b, c & d:

1- The best title for the passage is:			
a	Owls	B	Owls and Mice way of living
c	Mice	D	snakes and lizards
2- The underlined word " Their " in line 1 refers to:			
a	snakes	B	eyes
c	animals and birds	D	lizards
3-Mice find food in the dark because they.....			
a	can smell very well.	B	hide from animals.
c	sleep all day.	D	stay awake at night.
4- The opposite of the word " large " in line 3 is:			
a	hot	B	small
c	cold	D	old

B: Answer the following questions:

1- Why do animals and birds depend on their senses to get food?

- Because they can't talk.

2- What do lizards and snakes like to eat?

- Mice.

صفوة معلمي الكويت

نموذج اختبار كتابة - Writing

(A) Grammar

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- Mercury is the planet.

a- hot

b- hottest

c- hotter

2- Adel the movie when the doorbell rang.

a- watching

b- watched

c- was watching

3- Neil Armstrong walked on the moon.

a- heavily

b- successfully

c- proudly

4- Watervery important.

a- is

b- are

c- am

(B) Writing

(a) Writing a paragraph

Write a short paragraph of not less than 4 sentences about (Solar System) using the following picture and words:

(eight – Jupiter – Earth – third – sun)



How many planets there?

eight.

Which the biggest planet?

Jupiter.

How far the Earth is?

The Earth is the third planet.

Where people live?

On the Earth.

لطلب المذكرة **كاملة** مع الحلول
ونماذج اختبارات تقويمية ونهاية
مذكرات النجاح



6 5 5 9 8 8 2 4



There are eight planets. Jupiter is the biggest planet. People live on the Earth. The Earth is the third planet from the sun.

(b) spelling

Write the missing words to complete the following text:

Kuwait has nine **islands**  .There is also an **oasis**  at

Al Jahra. Kuwait has one **bay** 

Kuwait doesn't have any **mountains**. 

صفوة معلمي الكويت