

**Unit 7**

**Past Perfect الماضي التام**

- After I **had done** my homework, I **watched** TV.
- Before she **slept**, she **had studied** her lessons.

عند وقوع حدثين في الماضي فإن الحدث الأول يكون ماضي تام , والذي حدث بعده يكون في الماضي البسيط

after - because - as soon as - but - till - untill	had + V3	يأتي بعدهم
before - by the time - when	Past simple ( V2)	يأتي بعدهم

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, & d:**

- Our teacher ..... the lesson before he gave us an exercise to answer.  
 a) explain                      b) had explained                      c) was explaining                      d) explained
- She had a good mark because she ..... well for the exam.  
 a) prepares                      b) prepared                      c) has prepared                      d) had prepared
- After they ..... the tickets, they traveled to London.  
 a) had booked                      b) booked                      c) have booked                      d) has booked
- By the time they ..... at the airport, the plane had already departed.  
 a) had arrived                      b) arrive                      c) arrived                      d) have arrived

**Correct the verbs:**

- Amany (cook) the food, before her husband came. ....
- Before Omar ( get ) up, his mother had prepared his breakfast. ....
- After they (pray), they walked to school. ....
- Eyad ( cry ) after he had fallen down. ....

**3<sup>rd</sup> conditional:**

( If + past perfect (had + V3 ) , would have + V3 ) → [Unreal Past / regrets]  
 ( would have + V3 if had + V3 )

الحالة الشرطية الثالثة Third conditional تستخدم لتعبير عن حدث مستحيل أو ندم ، أو تعبير عن أحداث تخيلية في الماضي و غير واقعية

- 1.If you **hadn't been** late, we **wouldn't have missed** the bus.
2. If she **had studied**, she **would have passed** the exam.
3. If we **had arrived** earlier, we **would have seen** Heba.

**A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :**

1- I wouldn't have been angry if you.....my chocolate.

- a) eat                      b) ate                      c) wouldn't eat                      d) hadn't eaten

2- If he.....you were in hospital, he would have visited you.

- a) had known              b) will know              c) knows              d) knew

3- We .....by taxi if we had found the right bus.

- a) didn't come              b) won't come              c) wouldn't have come              d) wouldn't come

4- If you hadn't asked me questions all the time, I.....the film.

- a) would enjoy              b) would have enjoyed              c) will enjoy              d) enjoy

5-You would have got the full mark if you ..... made that mistake.

- a) don't                      b) wouldn't                      c) hadn't                      d) didn't

6- If I had delivered the project on time , I ..... high marks .

- a) had                      b) have                      c) will have                      d) would have got

**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

7. If I had reached earlier, ..... **(Complete )**

8- I (study ) abroad if I had got a scholarship . **(Correct )**

<b>Wish</b>	
Wish تستخدم للتمني في الوقت الحاضر والمستقبل و يأتي بعدها زمن الماضي البسيط <b>wish + past simple</b>	wish تستخدم للتمني في الماضي او الندم و يأتي بعدها زمن الماضي التام <b>wish + past perfect (had + v3)</b>
I <b>wish</b> I had a big car. ( <u>I don't have a big car.</u> )  She can speak one language . She <b>wishes</b> she <b>could</b> speak many languages.	I <b>wish</b> I <b>had studied</b> more languages at school. ( but I only studied one.)  I <b>wish</b> I <b>had known</b> that you were ill. I would have come to see you.

**Choose the correct answer:**

1- I'm late for school. I wish I ..... up earlier.

- a) woke                      b) wake                      c) had woken                      d) will wake

2- I didn't pass in my English exam. I wish I ..... more.

- a) studied                      b) study                      c) had studied                      d) would study

3- It's raining now. I wish it .....raining.

- a) won't                      b) wasn't                      c) weren't                      d) had been

4- I wish I ..... swimming when I was younger.

- a) learn                      b) learned                      c) will learn                      d) had learned

5- She wishes she ..... to the party.

- a) go                      b) went                      c) has gone                      d) goes

6- I wish I ..... too much in the party yesterday.

- a) don't eat                      b) won't eat                      c) hadn't eaten                      d) wouldn't eat

**B) Do as shown between brackets:**

7- I wish I (**travel**) with them yesterday. (Correct)

8. My friend's family went on a trip yesterday. (Negative)

Changing the verbs and the adjectives into nouns "suffixes" تحويل الافعال و الصفات إلى أسماء بإضافة				
ness	tion/ion	er	(e)nce	ment
blind	possess	angry	different	excite
blindness	possession	anger	difference	excitement
happy	contribute	hungry	intelligent	improve
happiness	contribution	hunger	intelligence	improvement
sad	examine	dangerous	obedient	disappoint
sadness	examination	danger	obedience	disappointment

**Unit 8**

**Collocation ( play - go - do )**

يستخدم فعل **Play** عندما نتحدث عن أنواع الرياضات التي تمارس أو تلعب باستخدام الكرة أو بشكل جماعي , و لها قواعد وشروط معينة مثل:

football - handball - volleyball - chess - poker - computer games - basketball - golf - badminton - rugby - tennis - hockey - cards

نستعمل فعل **go** في نوع الرياضات او الانشطة التي تنتهي ب **ing** مثل:  
swimming - cycling skiing - sailing - fishing - skating - running - hiking - walking - jogging horse riding - racing

نستعمل فعل **do** للتعبير عن ممارسة انواع معينة من الرياضات العنيفة او الترفيهية و تمارس بدون ادوات مثل:  
karate - judo - athletics - gymnastics - aerobics - yoga - ballet - kung fu - boxing - wrestling -

exercises - crossword - puzzles

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:**

1- Do you want to stay strong and healthy? You should ..... exercise!

a) Play      b) make      c) do      d) go

2- Sometimes, I.....jogging in the morning before work.

a) Play      b) go      c) do      d) make

3- Leen really likes to ..... fishing at the lake in summer.

a) Play      b) make      c) do      d) go

4- My sister often..... karate with her friends on the weekends.

a) Plays      b) makes      c) does      d) goes

5- I'm not very good at sports, but I .....football in my free time.

a) Play      b) make      c) do      d) go

**Determiners**

Nouns		Indefinite articles ( a-an)	
<b>Countable</b> أسماء تعدد / معدودة	<b>Uncountable</b> أسماء لا تعدد / غير معدودة	<p><b>a</b> — تأتي مع الأسماء المفردة التي تبدأ بحرف ساكن  <b>an</b> — ( a - e - i - o - u ) تأتي مع الأسماء المفردة التي تبدأ بحرف متحرك                      I have got <b>an</b> orange.                      I have got <b>a</b> banana.</p>	
Singular - Plural	Always singular		
<i>a boy - boys</i> <i>a Car - cars</i> <i>a man - men</i> <i>a person - people</i> <i>a flower - flowers</i>	<i>bread</i> <i>noise</i> <i>Money</i> <i>Food</i> <i>water</i> <i>information</i>	<b>Some</b>	<b>any</b>
<i>an apple - apples</i> <i>an egg - eggs</i> <i>an insect - insects</i> <i>an ox - oxen</i>	<i>Milk</i> <i>rice</i> <i>chocolate</i>	<p>( تأتي مع الأسماء الجمع و الأسماء التي لا تعد ) بمعنى بعض من / مقدار من                      -There are some books on the table.                      - I'd like some tea, please.                      و تأتي في الجملة المثبتة</p>	<p>تأتي مع الأسماء الجمع و الأسماء التي لا تعد بمعنى أي من                      -There aren't any books on the table. جملة منفية.                      -Did you drink any tea?                      و تأتي في الجملة المنفية والسؤال</p>
		<b>Some</b> (offer - request) في العرض والطلب يمكن استخدام	
		<p>-Would you like some coffee ?                      -Can I have some tea, please?</p>	

**Complete the sentences using ( a - an - some - any )**

- I've got ..... bananas for Ali.
- There is ..... orange on the table.
- Have you got ..... brothers and sisters ?
- There is ..... milk in the fridge. It's for Susan.
- There isn't ..... salt in this salad!
- Well done ! There aren't ..... mistakes in your test !
- She's got ..... beautiful dress from London.
- Would you like ..... biscuits?
- There isn't ..... ice cream in the freezer.
- Do you have ..... pen in your bag?
- Ali hasn't got ..... friends.
- We've got ..... cheese. Let's make sandwiches.

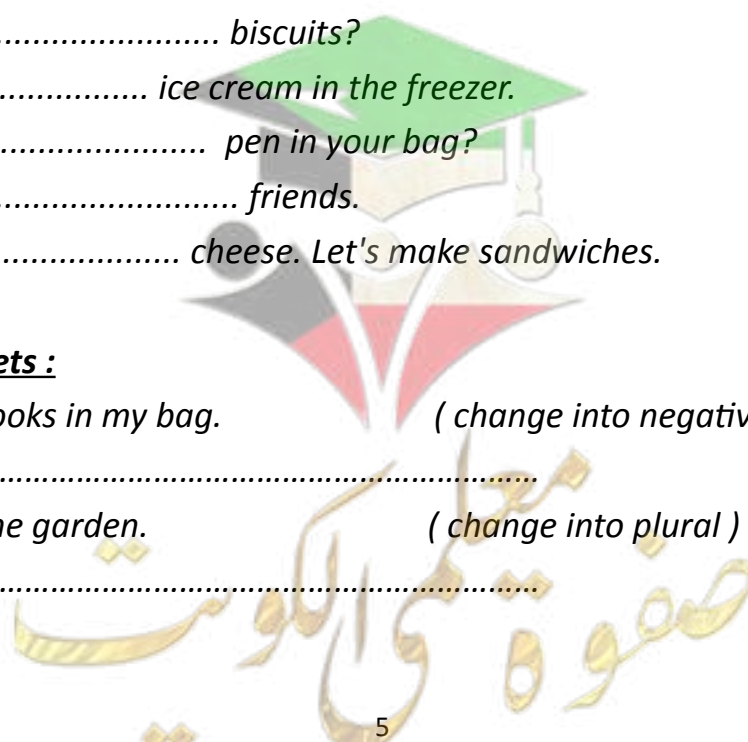
**Do as shown in brackets :**

13. I have got some books in my bag. ( change into negative )

.....

14. There is a ball in the garden. ( change into plural )

.....



Unit 9Reported speech ( Statements )

A: Ali said, "I will travel with my friends." (Direct speech)

B: Ali said **that he would** travel with **his** friends. (Reported speech)

(الكلام الغير المباشر Reported speech) هو نقل كلام الشخص مع تعديله بدون أقواس

Pronouns		Verbs		Words	
Direct مباشر	Reported غير مباشر	Direct مباشر	Reported غير مباشر	Direct مباشر	Reported غير مباشر
I	he – she	Present simple	Past simple	This	That
My	his – her	Play	Played	these	those
Me	him – her	am – is	Was	here	there
We	they	are	Were	Now	then
Our	their	have – has	had	yesterday	The day before
Us	Them	Can	Could	tomorrow	The following day the next day
<p><b>ملحوظة:</b> الفعل بعد الأفعال الناقصة يبقى كما هو :</p> <p>I will go → he would go</p> <p>- الماضي البسيط يمكن أن يبقى كما هو أو يحول إلى ماضي تام.</p> <p>We played → they played /had played</p>		Will	Would	Tonight	That night
		Shall	Should	today	That day
		May	Might	ago	before
		Past simple played	Past perfect had played	last week	the week before
		Went	Had gone	next week	the following week
		Was/were	Had been		

Report these questions:

1. "I read a book last weekend "

Jana said -----

2. "I go to the club on Saturdays."

Eyad said -----

3. "Teachers don't like noise."

Maria said -----

4. "I'm very happy with my new dress."

Sara told me -----

5. "We watched TV last night."

The children said -----

6. "I have prepared the lunch yesterday."

My sister said -----

7. " My mother is cooking fish now."

Lana said -----

8. "We like to eat popcorn when we are at the cinema."

They said -----

Unit 10 Conjunctions

Addition	Examples
In addition بالإضافة	Ali is a clever footballer. In addition, he is very good at school.
علاوة على ذلك / أيضا <b>Furthermore</b>	The team played badly. Furthermore, they were rude to the spectators.
Moreover زيادة على ذلك/ بالإضافة	Ahmed Zuwail is a famous scientist. Moreover, he got the Nobel prize in 1999.

contrast	Examples
<b>However</b> ومع ذلك	Omar is a multi-millionaire. However, he lives in a small flat.
in contrast في المقابل	Noura seemed very happy and optimistic in contrast to her mother.
On the other hand من ناحية أخرى	Most people think social media is useful. On the other hand, some people believe it is harmful.
Although بالرغم من	Although it was raining heavily, Hamad went camping in the desert.

Cause and effect	Examples
<b>Therefore</b> بناء عليه / وبالتالي/من ثم	I have a terrible toothache. Therefore, I have to go to the dentist.
For this reason ولهذا / لهذا السبب	Luxor city in Egypt has one third of the world's antiquities. For this reason, it is famous worldwide.
Because of this بسبب هذا	Life in the village is quiet and boring. Because of this, most people prefer living in cities.
As a result و نتيجة لذلك / نتيجة ل	Sara came first at school as a result of her hard work and determination.

**Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d**

1.They decided to live in the city. ...., it is noisy and crowded.

- a- Moreover                      b- Because of                      c- As a result                      d- However

2.....it was raining , we went to the club.

- a- But                                      b- Although                                      c- Therefore                                      d- In addition

3. Leen is very smart and clever. ...., all her teachers like her.

- a- Therefore                                      b- But                                      c- However                                      d- Although

4.The children had a lovely day. ...., they arrived home very sunburnt.

- a- Moreover                                      b- Because of                                      c- As a result                                      d- However

5. My brother plays tennis very well. ...., he is a good swimmer.

- a. But                                      b- Although                                      c- In addition                                      d- However

6. I suffer from a terrible headache. ...., I have to go to the doctor.

- a. Although                                      b- Therefore                                      c- However                                      d- In addition

**Join:**

1. He has been on a diet for a year. He is not losing weight.

.....

2. The restaurant was full. We went to another one.

.....

3. The countryside is quieter than the city. It is better for health.

.....

Unit 11

Report Speech ( Questions )

<p><b>Yes &amp; No Questions / modal verbs</b> Can – is – will – do does – did</p>	<p><b>WH questions</b> What/ When/ where / who</p>
<p>نستخدم if</p>	<p>نستخدم نفس أداة الاستفهام What - When - where - who</p>

**Examples**

"Did you go to the party?" Ali asked me.  
Ali asked **me** if I **had gone** to the party.

"Where are you going next week, Omar?" Hamad asked.  
Hamad asked Omar **where** he **was going** the following week.

كيفية تحويل السؤال:

1. إذا كان السؤال يبدأ بفعل مساعد نضع كلمة *if* .
2. إذا كان السؤال يبدأ بكلمة استفهام نضع نفس الكلمة مثل ما هي.
3. نحول الضمائر والأفعال كما درسنا في الوحدة التاسعة ثم نحول السؤال إلى جملة

تحويل السؤال إلى جملة

- Will you play? You will play. (Reported Speech) -You would play
- Does he like it? He likes it. (Reported Speech) -He liked it
- Did you eat? You ate. (Reported Speech) -You had eaten

**Report these questions:**

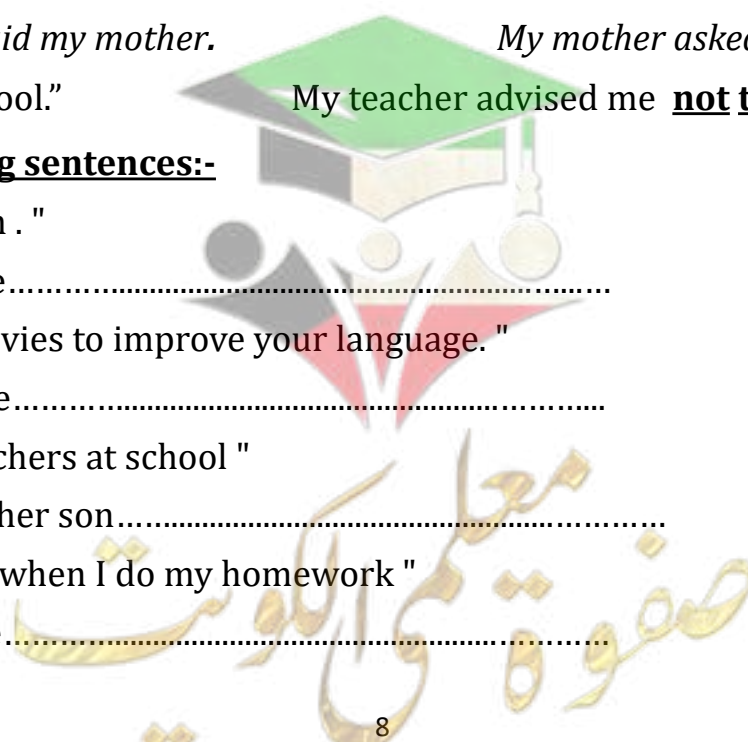
- 1) "How did you travel?" asked Jassim.  
.....
- 2)"Is the weather hot?" asked Hamad.  
.....
- 3)"Do you sleep after lunch?" asked Samy.  
.....
- 4)Fahd said, "When will you play, Omar?" .  
.....

**Report Speech ( Commands & Requests )**

"Tidy your room." said my mother. My mother asked **me to** tidy my room.  
"Don't be late for school." My teacher advised me **not to be** late for school .

**Report the following sentences:-**

- 1."Don't tell lies again . "  
My father advised me.....
2. "Watch English movies to improve your language. "  
The teacher asked me.....
- 3." Listen to your teachers at school "  
The mother ordered her son.....
- 4." Never disturb me when I do my homework "  
My brother asked me.....



**Unit 12**

**Comparative and Superlative**

**Short Adjectives**

Adjective	Comparative Form	Superlative Form
tall	taller than	the tallest
old	older than	the oldest
long	longer than	the longest

**Long Adjectives**

Adjective	Comparative Form	Superlative Form
careful	more careful than	the most careful
helpful	more helpful than	the most helpful
delicious	more delicious than	the most delicious

**Irregular comparative and Superlative Adjectives**

Adjective	Comparative Form	Superlative Form
good	better than	the best
bad	worse than	the worst
far	farther(further) than	the farthest (furthest)

**Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d:**

1- Science is one of the..... subjects at school.

- a- difficult                      b- more difficult                      c- as difficult                      d- most difficult**

2- The City is much .....the countryside.

- a-busy                      b-busier than                      c-the busiest                      d-busiest**

3- Smartphones have .....screens than laptops.

- a-smaller                      b- smaller than                      c-the smallest                      d-small**

4 - I think English is one of..... languages in the world today.

- a-important                      b- more important                      c-most important                      d-the most important**

8- French is..... than English.

- a-much difficult                      b-most difficult                      c-more difficult                      d- so difficult**

**Correct:**

- 1-Smartphones are (good) than laptops. ....
- 2-My car is (expensive) than your car. ....
- 3-The maths test was (bad) than the science test. ....
- 4-The blue whale is the (large) sea animal. ....
- 5-Sharks are (dangerous) than dolphins. ....

