

الصف السابع
الفصل الدراسي الأول
اللغة الإنجليزية

Forming questions

كيفية صياغة الأسئلة

إعداد:

Hala Labeeb



H.L.

Forming questions

الاستفهامية
الاستفهام

أدوات الاستفهام :

What ما و ماذ'

When متى

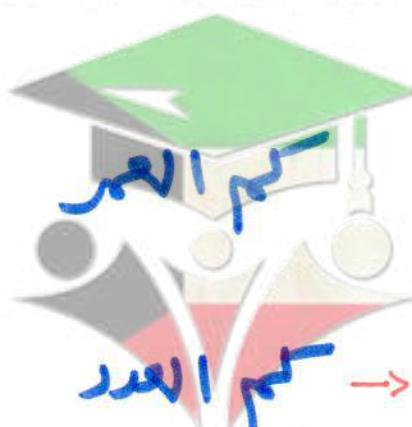
Where أين

Who من

Why لماذا

How كيف

How old



لست قادر على فهم السؤال
أذن نعدّها

How many



لست قادر على فهم السؤال
السؤال الملح هو العدد

How much



لست قادر على فهم السؤال
السؤال الملح هو القيمة

H.L.

Forming questions

الأسئلة
صياغة

زمن المضارع والبياض Simple Present Tense :-

صياغة بدون هيكل الفاعل

* They play football every Friday.

أداة
الاستفهام
أداة
الاستفهام

 do الفاعل الفعل ?

→ What do they play every Friday?

نستخرج منقول زرينا :

→ What do they do every Friday?

→ When do they play football? أدنقول :

* He goes to school by bus.

أداة
الاستفهام
أداة
الاستفهام

 does الفاعل الفعل
بدون هيكل ?

→ How does he go to school?

* I write my homework every day.

أداة
الاستفهام
أداة
الاستفهام

 do you الفعل ?

→ When do you write your homework?

I \rightarrow تتحول إلى You
We \rightarrow You
my \rightarrow Your
our \rightarrow Your

السؤال :
عند صياغة
الحالفة ؟

H.I.

إذا كانت الجملة تبدأ بـ "Yes" أو "No" ،

فهي تسمى

1) Yes, I like music.

No, I don't like music.

السؤال

Do الفن الفن ----- ?

→ Do you like music?

2) Yes, She reads Arabic.

No, She doesn't read Arabic

السؤال:

- Does الفن الفن يدرين ----- ?

→ Does she read Arabic ?



H.I.

2

Simple Past Tense:

زمن الماضي
البسيط

أداة
الاستفهام

did

الفاعل

الفعل في
صيغة المضارع

----- ?

I

I saw a movie last night.

→ What did you see last night?

2 My brother bought a car last month.

→ What did your brother buy last month?

→ When did your brother buy a car?

3 We finished our project yesterday.

→ When did you finish your project?



H.L.
S

إذا كانت الإجابة نعم : Yes

Yes, she won the match.

No, she didn't win the match

السؤال

Did الفعل الفعل في صيغة المضارع - - - ؟

JB
Did she win the match?



3 H.L. Present Continuous Tense: زن المفهوم
am + ing
is + ing
are + ing ← المتر

أداة
الاستفهام

الفعل مساعد
is
are

الفعل مع
ing

السؤال:

----- ?

ملاحظة: لكن، لأسئلة مثل دفع الفعل مع ing ← doing ← ing ← الفعل مع ing

① I am reading a book now.

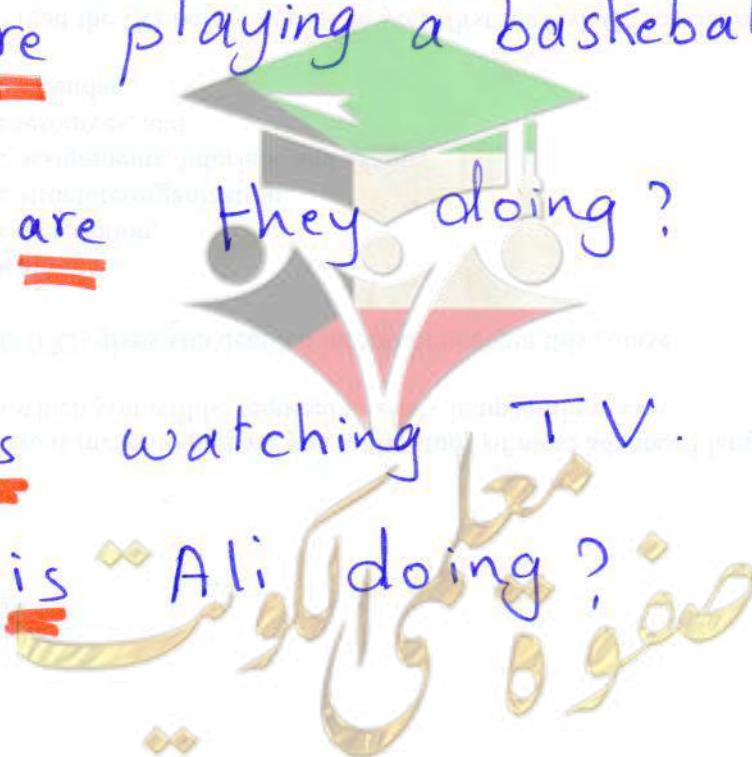
→ What are you doing now?

② They are playing a basketball match.

→ What are they doing?

③ Ali is watching TV.

→ What is Ali doing?



H.L.

إذا كانت الجملة肯定的
No , i Yes > لا جملة

1) Yes, I am watching TV.

No, I am not watching TV.

الحوال

Are you ال فعل ing ---- ?

→ Are you watching TV?

2) Yes, he is reading.

No, he isn't reading

Is ال فعل ال فعل ing ---- ?

→ Is he reading?

3) Yes, they are walking to school.

No, they aren't walking to school.

الحال

Are ال فعل ال فعل ing ---- ?

→ Are they walking to school?

4 Have got Has got

H.L.

المعنى

يُعْنِي يَجِدُ

صيغة المخواط

وزاده الاستفهام

has
or
have

الفاعل

got ?

1) I have got a new car.

→ What have you got?

2) She has got three sisters.

→ How many sisters has she got?

3) They have got new computers.

→ What have they got?



H.S.

No ,i Yes اذا كانت الاي جيدة

السؤال:

I (ع) Have
,i
Has (م)

الفاعل

got

--- ?

- 1) Yes, I have got a car
No, I haven't got a car.

→ Have you got a car?

- 2) Yes, she has got a phone.
No, she hasn't got a phone.

→ Has she got a phone?

- 3) Yes, they have got new books.
No, they haven't got new books.

→ Have they got new books?

H.L.

لدننس :

في الجملة " some " ئاواز جود، هي

في السؤال " any " ئاواز نفع

1) Yes, she has got some books.

No, she hasn't got any books.

→ Has she got any books?

2) Yes, they have got some apples.

No, they haven't got any apples.

→ Have they got any apples?



5

Can

السؤال مع ←

ازدادة
الاستفهام

can

الفاعل

الفعل \rightarrow
هو

----?

1) I can travel alone to Dubai.

→ How can you travel to Dubai?

2) He can speak English and French.

→ What can he speak?

3) They can enjoy the holiday by playing games.



→ How can they enjoy the holiday?

الكويت
Kuwait

H.I.C.

H.L.

إذا كانت الإجابة Yes \rightarrow No , si Yes

can

يمكن

يمكن

----- ?

i) Yes, I can swim.

No, I can't swim.

\rightarrow Can you swim ?

2) Yes, Ali and Khaled can play tennis.

No, Ali and Khaled can't play tennis.

\rightarrow Can Ali and Khaled play tennis ?

3) Yes, Amal can make salad.

No, Amal can't make salad.

\rightarrow Can Amal make salad ?



مطبخ الكوكتيل

6

there is some

there are some

جِمِيَانِقَةُ الْكَوَافِلِ

سَعْ دَجَوْر



No → Yes \rightarrow *some* : الْكَوَافِلُ

Is
ji
Are

There

any

----- ?



- 1) ~~Yes, there is some sugar in the tea.~~
~~No, there isn't any sugar in the tea.~~

→ Is there any sugar in the tea?

- 2) Yes, there are some books on the table.

No, there aren't any books on the table.

→ Are there any books on the table?

Some :



مَارِخَةٌ :

Any :



H.L.

من

Who

أداة الاستفهام

هي استفهامات في المؤال تذهب في بداية المؤال بذلك صم الفاعل
وتنظر الجملة كذا هي :

الفاعل

1) My mother, helps me at home

→ Who helps you at home?

الفاعل

2) Ali, won the match yesterday.

→ Who won the match yesterday?

الفاعل

3) Maha and Nada, finished the work.

→ Who finished the work ?

Best wishes

H.L.