



Ruqaya Bint Mohammed School
Department of English
School Year 2022/2023

Second Term Remedial Exercises Grade Six

Name:

Class : 6 /

معا
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متابعة الطالبة

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Words to remember

Unit 7

Word	Meaning
water cycle	دورة المياه
experiment	تجربة
heat	يسخن
degree	درجة
blow	ينفخ
temperature	درجة الحرارة
measure	يقيس
result	نتيجة

Word	Meaning
straight	مستقيم
mirror	مرآة
reflect	يعكس
petrol	بنزين
pipeline	خط أنابيب
export	يصدر
tanker	ناقلة

Unit 8

Word	Meaning
contaminated	ملوث
fatal	مميت
fortunately	لحسن الحظ
invent	يخترع
purify	ينظف - يقي
chemicals	كيماويات
bacteria	بكتيريا
simply	ببساطة
source	مصدر
lose	يخسر - يفقد

Word	Meaning
drought	جفاف
light bulb	مصباح كهربائي
North Pole	القطب الشمالي
South Pole	القطب الجنوبي
flood	فيضان - سيل
put off	يوقف تشغيل
put on	يشغل
cross	غاضب
energy-saving	موفر للطاقة

Unit 9

Word	Meaning
algebra	علم الجبر
geography	علم الجغرافيا
interview	مقابلة شخصية
bright	ذكي - يارع
abroad	خارج البلاد
physics	علم الفيزياء
marry	يتزوج

Word	Meaning
cure	علاج
cancer	مرض السرطان
sadly	للأسف
prize	جائزة
chemistry	علم الكيمياء
hard	بجدية

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		دورة المياه	5		ينفخ
2		تجربة	6		درجة الحرارة
3		يسخن	7		يقيس
4		درجة	8		نتيجة

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
 temperatures – heat – experiments – result

1. Scientists usually do their in labs.
2. are usually high in Kuwait in summer.
3. The of my exam was bad. I didn't pass it.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
9		مستقيم	11		يعكس
10		مراة			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:
 straight – degree – mirrors – reflecting

1. Check your side before you drive away.
2. Keep that mirror away. It is sunlight into my eyes.
3. Give me a ruler, please. I need to draw some lines.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
12		بنزين	14		يصدر
13		خط أنابيب	15		ناقلة

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Oil is usually taken to factories by.....
 a) mirrors b) experiments c) results d) pipelines
2. I need to find a petrol station because my car has little left.
 a) petrol b) temperature c) water cycle d) cancer
3. Kuwait oil to other countries.
 a) blows b) exports c) measures d) reflects

Pronouns (الضمائر)

I (أنا)	He (هو)	She (هي)	It (غير إنسان)	You (أنت/أنتم)	We (نحن)	They (هم)
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Rewrite each sentence replacing the underlined part with the suitable pronoun:

- Bader and I go to school together.
- Salma helps her mother in the kitchen.
- My car is a GMC Yukon.
- Ali and Omar like painting pictures.
- Rashid plays football every weekend.

Present Simple (مع المفرد)	Present Simple (مع المتكلم والجمع)
He / She / It ⇒ b.v. + s	I / We / You / They ⇒ b.v.
* Hamad plays football every day. * Shahad always helps her mother.	* Hamad and Ali play football every day. * I always help my mother.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I my friend, Ali, very much.
a) like b) likes c) liking d) to like
- We usually to school together.
a) going b) goes c) to go d) go
- He with me every evening.
a) study b) studying c) studies d) to study

The Passive Form (Present)

Singular (مفرد)	is	P.P.	(by)
Plural (جمع)	are	P.P.	(by)

- * Ahmed **plays** football. ⇒ Football **is played** by Ahmed.
* Ali **watches** cartoons. ⇒ Cartoons **are watched** by Ali.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

- Trees (**plant**) in gardens.
- Temperature (**measure**) by a thermometer.
- Chevrolet cars (**make**) in America.
- Food (**keep**) in fridges in order not to go bad.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		ملوث	6		كيماويات
2		مميت	7		بكتيريا
3		لحسن الحظ	8		ببساطة
4		يخترع	9		مصدر
5		ينقي - يظف	10		يخسر - يفقد

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

contaminated – purify – bacteria – fortunately

1. When water is, it can be very dangerous for health.
2. My father had a car accident., he wasn't hurt.
3. People in Kuwait use filters to drinking water.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
11		جفاف	14		القطب الجنوبي
12		مصباح كهربائي	15		فيضان – سيل
13		القطب الشمالي			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

light bulb – floods – North Pole – drought

1. It is very freezing in the
2. The heavy rain has caused very bad
3. Can you replace the in the kitchen? It's not working.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
16		يوقف تشغيل	18		غاضب
17		يشغل	19		موفر للطاقة

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Some light bulbs are expensive because they are
 a) cross b) fatal c) contaminated d) energy-saving
2. When there is very little rain, plants can die because of the
 a) drought b) flood c) light bulb d) source
3. Will you the air conditioner, please? It is already cool.
 a) put on b) put off c) lose d) invent

Subject (فاعل)	Verb (فعل)	Object (مفعول)
<u>Mr. Bader</u> plays cards at home.	Mr. Bader <u>plays</u> cards at home.	Mr. Bader plays <u>cards</u> at home.
<u>Ali and Saad</u> can speak English.	Ali and Saad <u>can speak</u> English.	Ali and Saad can speak <u>English</u> .
<u>She</u> is going to buy a new car.	She <u>is going to buy</u> a new car.	She is going to buy <u>a new car</u> .

Do as required between brackets:

- I sometimes paint pictures about old Kuwait. (Underline the *verb*)
- Women used to wash their clothes in the sea. (Underline the *object*)
- Yesterday, my father bought new furniture. (Underline the *subject*)

is/are used for → -ing (يستخدم في)	
* A pen is used for writing.	* A racket is used for playing tennis.
* Scissors are used for cutting things.	* TVs are used for watching programmes.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

- A camera is used for (**take**) photos.
- Mobiles (**be**) used for sending messages.
- Plastic (**be**) used for making bags and bottles.
- Sunglasses are used for (**protect**) eyes from the sun.

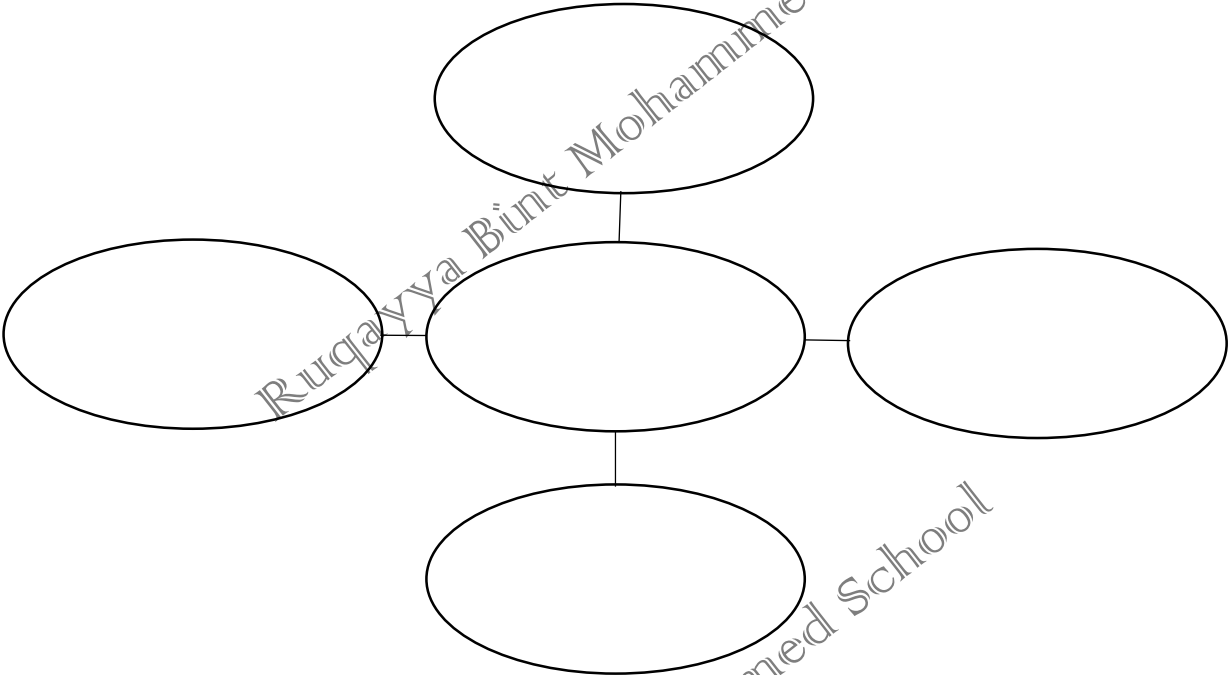
Certain (تأكد)	Possible (احتمال)
* (will + b.v.) She is very rich. She will buy that car.	* (might + b.v.) She might work late tonight. I'm not sure.
* (won't + b.v.) My father is so sick. He won't go to work.	* (could + b.v.) Where is my key? It could be in the car.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I don't have plans for the weekend, so I visit my friend.
a) might b) will c) won't d) have
- He is busy, so he won't out with me.
a) goes b) went c) going d) go
- For sure, if the weather is bad, I stay at home.
a) am going b) won't c) will d) could

Write an email (6 sentences) about (the LifeStraw) using these guidewords:

/ filter – plastic – chemicals – bacteria – useful – poor /



From :
To :
Subject :

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No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		علم الجبر	3		مقابلة شخصية
2		علم الجغرافيا			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

geography – algebra – put on – interview

- Messi had an on beIN Sports 3 yesterday.
- My brother likes very much. He is very good at numbers.
- I like to know about countries. This is why my favourite lesson is

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
4		ذكي – بارع	9		مرض السرطان
5		خارج البلاد	10		للأسف
6		علم الفيزياء	11		جائزة
7		يتزوج	12		علم الكيمياء
8		علاج	13		بجدية

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- My father has travelled on business. I miss him very much.
 a) sadly b) hard c) abroad d) fortunately
- Einstein was a great scientist in the field of
 a) physics b) algebra c) geography d) chemistry
- My cousin has got a nice as he is a top student at school.
 a) cancer b) algebra c) cure d) prize
- A good student should study to pass all the exams.
 a) sadly b) hard c) abroad d) fortunately
- Bader a lovely woman last month. I am happy for him.
 a) married b) invented c) purified d) lost

Singular with 'a' (تبدأ بحرف ساكن)			Singular with 'an' (تبدأ بحرف متحرك)	
a b ook	a f an	a m an	an a pple	an o range
a c ar	a h at	a t eacher	an e gg	an u mbrella
a d oor	a l itre	a y ase	an i ssue	

Fill in each space with 'a' or 'an':

- We need kilo of sugar.
- Can I have spoon, please?
- I saw elephant in the zoo.
- My sister is eating ice cream.

Question Tags		
Ali can, can't he?	Sara is, isn't she?	A cat has, hasn't it?
Ali can't, can he?	Sara isn't, is she?	A cat hasn't, has it?
Boys are, aren't they?	She was, wasn't she?	I have, haven't I?
Boys aren't, are they?	She wasn't, was she?	I haven't, have I?
You were, weren't you?	They will, won't they?	He had, hadn't he?
You weren't, were you?	They won't, will they?	He hadn't, had he?

Add a question tag:

- Bader can't swim well,
- You will come to the party,
- They were absent yesterday,
- Sara hasn't dusted the board yet,

Past Simple Tense			Past Simple Tense (Questions)	
I / He / She / It	v. + ed	(yesterday)	Did youbv.....?	
We / You / They	v. + ed	(last)	Where did hebv.....?	

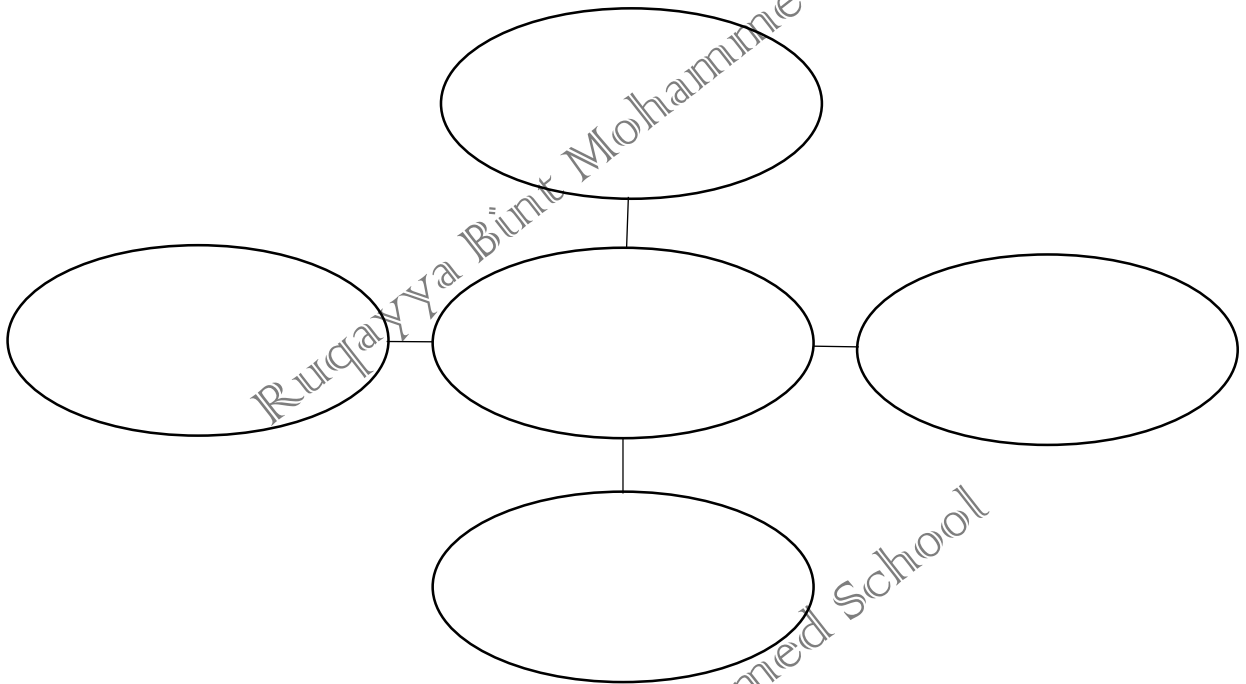
- * I **travelled** to Saudi Arabia last week. * **Did** you **travel** to Saudi Arabia last week?
- * He **Painted** a picture two days ago. * When **did** he **paint** a picture?

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I my teacher yesterday.
 - a) meet
 - b) met
 - c) meeting
 - d) meets
- He asked me, "..... you do your homework?"
 - a) Do
 - b) Does
 - c) Did
 - d) Have
- I replied, "Sorry, sir. I didn't my homework."
 - a) to do
 - b) did
 - c) does
 - d) do

Write a paragraph (6 sentences) about (Marie Curie) using these guidewords:

/ scientist – France – 1867 – studied – Nobel Prize – cancer



“Marie Curie”

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Read the following passage, then do as required below:

Everyone is using too much electricity these days and this is a big problem. The energy we use is helping to make the world hotter. Scientists know that the icebergs at the North Pole and South Pole are melting. That means there will be more water in the sea. The water might cover some countries and people could lose **their** homes.

The weather in other places is changing, too. In twenty years, all the Earth will be hotter but there could be more storms. There might be floods. There could be more **droughts**. There might be more dust storms in countries like Kuwait.

What can we do? This energy-saving light bulb can help us. It uses less electricity than a normal bulb. It lasts longer than a normal bulb but it is more expensive.



a) Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. The main idea of the second paragraph is about the:

a) storms and droughts	b) dust storms in Kuwait
c) weather in very cold places	d) future weather changes
2. The writer's purpose of writing this passage is to:

a) invite us to live in the North Pole	b) encourage the readers to save energy
c) warn us about floods	d) ask people to live in rich countries
3. The underlined pronoun "**their**" in line 4 refers to:

a) countries	b) scientists
c) people	d) icebergs
4. The underlined word "**droughts**" in line 7 means times of:

a) cold weather	b) rainy storms
c) melting ice	d) little rain
5. We should use energy-saving light bulbs to:

a) save some energy	b) make more storms
c) cover all countries	d) change the weather
6. Compared to energy-saving light bulbs, normal bulbs last:

a) longer	b) shorter
c) forever	d) for hours

b) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

7. How will the weather be after twenty years?
.....
8. Why do you think normal bulbs are not as good as the energy-saving light bulbs?
.....

Words to remember

Unit 10

Word	Meaning
volleyball	الكرة الطائرة
receive	يتلقى - يستلم
look forward to	يتطلع إلى
final	نهائي
racket	مضرب تنس
goggles	نظارات سباحة
take part in	يشارك في

Word	Meaning
championship	بطولة
join a club	يشارك في نادي
subject	مادة دراسية
communicate	يتواصل
really	حقاً
boring	ممل
Best wishes	أطيب التمنيات

Unit 11

Word	Meaning
ocean	محيط
similar	مشابه - مثل
population	تعداد السكان
approximately	تقريباً
capital	عاصمة
landscape	المناظر الطبيعية
volcano	بركان
forest	غابة

Word	Meaning
tourist	سائح
active	نشط
hole	حفرة
smoke	دخان
area	منطقة
grow	يزرع
crop	محصول
hilly	كثير التلال

Unit 12

Word	Meaning
tennis court	ملعب تنس
fortnight	أسبوعان
helipad	مهبط طائرة هليكوبتر
fantastic	رائع
pearl diving	الغوص بحثاً عن لؤلؤ
amazing	مدهش
experience	خبرة - تجربة
stretch	يمتد

Word	Meaning
link	يربط
causeway	جسر
e-card	بطاقة إلكترونية
kind	طيب - عطوف
comfortable	مريح
pleasant	جميل - سار
attractive	جذاب

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		الكرة الطائرة	6		نظارات سباحة
2		يتلقى – يستلم	7		يشارك في
3		يتطلع الي	8		بطولة
4		نهائي	9		يشارك في نادي
5		مضرب تنس			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

goggles – received – racket – final – take part in – volleyball

1. Our exams are going to be next May.
2. is my favourite sport. It is very exciting.
3. I couldn't go diving because I forgot my at home.
4. My brother is going to a running race. He is a good runner.
5. I an e-mail from my cousin. He told me about his stay in London.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
10		مادة دراسية	13		ممل
11		يتواصل	14		أطيب التمنيات
12		حقاً			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

communicate – best wishes – championship – subject – boring – really

1. English is my best school
2. That film was very I didn't like it.
3. You should write “.....” at the end of your email to a friend.
4. My teacher is kind. He helps me every time I need help.
5. If you want to with people in China, you need to learn Chinese.

singular nouns (الاسماء المفرد) / plural nouns (الاسماء الجمع)

a bottle ⇒ bottles	a potato ⇒ potatoes	a city ⇒ cities	a man ⇒ men
a cup ⇒ cups	a bus ⇒ buses	a copy ⇒ copies	a mouse ⇒ mice
an egg ⇒ eggs	an ax ⇒ axes	a story ⇒ stories	an ox ⇒ oxen

Write the plural nouns for these singular nouns:

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. an animal ⇒ | 5. a tomato ⇒ |
| 2. a child ⇒ | 6. a baby ⇒ |
| 3. an onion ⇒ | 7. a watch ⇒ |
| 4. a tooth ⇒ | 8. a country ⇒ |

be going to (سوف)

I	am going to + b.v.	* I am going to go shopping tomorrow.
He/She/It	is going to + b.v.	* She is going to make a cake this evening.
We/You/They	are going to + b.v.	* We are going to start school next Sunday.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- My family is going to to Spain next summer.
a) travels b) travel c) travelled d) travelling
- We stay in Barcelona.
a) am going to b) is going to c) are going to d) going to
- My brother have a training course there.
a) is going to b) are going to c) am going to d) going to

like / prefer / enjoy / good at / look forward to → (-ing)

* Ahmed <u>likes</u> watching TV in his free time.
* My father is <u>good at</u> playing cards.
* I am <u>looking forward to</u> travelling to Dubai.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

- I enjoy (**play**) chess.
- My father prefers (**eat**) chicken.
- Sara is very good at (**speak**) English.
- Do you like (**have**) grilled fish for lunch?
- We are all looking forward to (**watch**) the match.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		محيط	6		المناظر الطبيعية
2		مشابه – مثل	7		بركان
3		تعداد السكان	8		غابة
4		تقريباً	9		سائح
5		عاصمة	10		نشط

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

similar – tourists – active – forest – approximately – ocean – population – capital

- Most of the come to Kuwait in spring.
- The football match will start in ten minutes.
- The of Kuwait is about five million people.
- Salim and Saad have cars. They are both GMC Yukon.
- She stood at the beach, looking at the big, It is amazing.
- People who live near that volcano are in real danger. It is

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
11		حفرة	14		يزرع
12		دخان	15		محصول
13		منطقة	16		كثير التلال

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I called 112 when I saw coming out of that house.
a) landscape b) population c) area d) smoke
- China is famous for rice.
a) growing b) receiving c) taking part in d) joining
- Most of Kuwait's land is not It's flat.
a) active b) hilly c) boring d) fatal
- We need to dig a big in the ground to hide the box in it.
a) volcano b) smoke c) hole d) crop

(General)

Grammar

Date: / / 2023

be (Present) (مضارع)			be (Past) (ماضي)		
I	am	(now)	I / He / She / It	was	(last ...)
He / She / It	is	(at present)	We / You / They	were	(in the past)
We / You / They	are	(nowadays)			

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- In the past, my friend and I interested in playing football.
 a) are b) is c) were d) be
- Now, we basketball players.
 a) are b) were c) is d) be
- Although Ali is 190 cm tall now, he short when he was young.
 a) be b) is c) were d) was

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Grammar

Date: / / 2023

Comparative (مقارنة بين اثنين)		Superlative (تفضيل واحد على الآخرين)	
nice	⇒ nicer <u>er</u> than	nice	⇒ the nicest
slow	⇒ slower <u>er</u> than	slow	⇒ the slowest
fast	⇒ faster <u>er</u> than	fast	⇒ the fastest

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I have got two brothers. Salim is the one.
 a) youngest b) the youngest c) younger d) young
- Saleh is than Salim, but I am the oldest.
 a) old b) oldest c) older d) older than
- Saleh is taller me.
 a) then b) than c) the d) that

(General)

Grammar

Date: / / 2023

Negative (not)	Negative (not)	Negative (don't/doesn't/didn't)
I can ... ⇒ I cannot ...	It was ... ⇒ It was not ...	We play ⇒ We don't play ...
She is ... ⇒ She is not ...	They will ... ⇒ They will not ..	He plays ⇒ He doesn't play ...
We are ... ⇒ We are not ...	We have ... ⇒ We have not ..	I played ⇒ I didn't play ...

Change into negative:

- They **stay** in a hotel.
- She **was** cooking dinner.
- You **should** eat all the food.
- Ahmed **plays** tennis in the club.
- Hamad visited **his** grandparents.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		ملعب تنس	3		مهبط طائرة هليكوبتر
2		أسبوعان			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

helipad – fortnight – hilly – tennis court

1. They are making a big in that club.
2. The helicopter landed safely on the
3. We stayed in Makka for a

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
4		رائع	8		يمتد
5		الغوص بحثاً عن لؤلؤ	9		يربط
6		مدهش	10		جسر
7		أجيرة – تجربة	11		بطاقة إلكترونية

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

amazing – link – pearl diving – causeway

1. Fishing and were the major jobs for Kuwaitis in the past.
2. Messi is the most football player to watch.
3. You can your computer to the internet by using a router.

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
12		طيب – عطوف	14		جميل – سار
13		مريح	15		جذاب

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. What a surprise to see you! I am very happy.
a) kind b) pleasant c) comfortable d) bad
2. My brother sent me a nice on my email.
a) e-card b) causeway c) helipad d) tennis court
3. Mr. Ahmed has a long in teaching.
a) fortnight b) pearl diving c) causeway d) experience

Question Words

Where (أين)	What (ماذا)	How (كيف)	Whose (ملك من)
When (متى)	Why (لماذا)	Who (من)	Which (أي)
How many (كم العدد)		How much (كم السعر)	How long (كم المدة)

Add the suitable question word according to the answer:

- was King Fahd Causeway opened? - In 1986.
- did you buy at the gold market? - A gold ring.
- can you go scuba diving? - In the sea.
- do people go to restaurants? - To eat food.
- does your father go to work? - By car.

The Present Perfect (المضارع التام)	already / yet
I/We/You/They have + P.P. (تصريف ثالث)	She has already done homework. (إثبات)
He/She/It has + P.P. (تصريف ثالث)	We haven't watched the film yet . (نفي)
	Have you watched the film yet ? (سؤال)

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- Have you ever the Scientific Center?
 a) visit b) visits c) visiting d) visited
- I already visited it.
 a) have b) has c) to have d) having
- However, my sister hasn't visited it
 a) already b) yet c) ago d) for

Questions (مع فعل مساعد)	Questions (مع فعل أساسي)
She was ... ⇨ When was she ...?	They like ... ⇨ What do they like ...?
Money is ... ⇨ Why is money ...?	He plays ... ⇨ Where does he play ...?
We will ... ⇨ Who will we ...?	I travelled ... ⇨ How did you travel ...?

Ask a question:

- He went to the cinema.

- They are visiting Aunt Fauzia.

- She usually comes to school at seven.

Read the following passage, then do as required below:

London is the capital of the United Kingdom. It is the largest city in Europe. It has held this **title** for over four hundred years. Over seven million people call London, home. One in ten people, who live in the United Kingdom, live in London. Three hundred thousand people travel each day into London to work.

Due to London's location, it is very dry all year. Although it is dry, London is often very cloudy. On average, it rains mildly just about every other day.

More than a hundred of the world's major companies have **their** headquarters in London, making the city a major world influence. Most people from London work in a job that involves printing or publishing.

a) Choose the suitable completions from a), b), c) and d):

- The writer's purpose of writing this passage is to:
 - encourage us to go to Europe
 - inform us of the United Kingdom
 - tell the readers about London
 - show us where headquarters are
- The main idea in the second paragraph is about the:
 - major companies
 - weather in London
 - population of London
 - publishing and printing
- The underlined word "**title**" in line 2 means:
 - home
 - city
 - location
 - name
- The underlined pronoun "**their**" in line 7 refers to:
 - companies
 - headquarters
 - people
 - years
- In London – on average – it rains:
 - one day a week
 - three days a week
 - six days a week
 - seven days a week
- How many people travel to London to work every day?
 - About seven million
 - About four hundred
 - About three hundred thousand
 - About a hundred thousand

b) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

7. How much of UK's population lives in London?

.....

8. What is special about London?

.....

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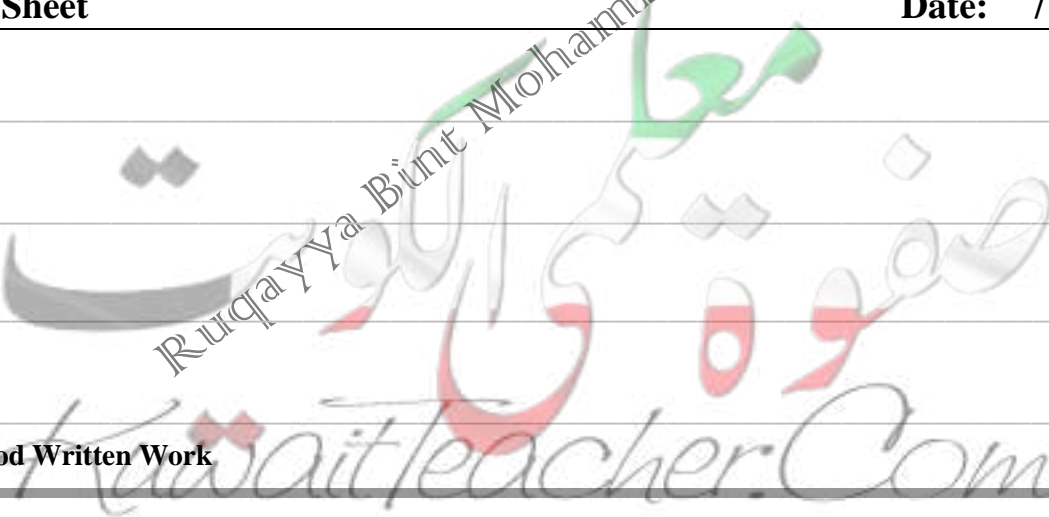
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Conjugations of irregular verbs (تصريفات الأفعال الغير منتظمة)

Present or infinitive المضارع أو المصدر	Meaning المعنى	Past التصريف الثاني	Past participle التصريف الثالث
abide	يمكث / يقيم	abode	abode
agree	يوافق	agreed	agreed
am	أكون	was	been
are	تكون / يكونوا	were	been
arise	ينهض	arose	arose
awake	يوقظ / يستيقظ	awoke	awoken
be	يكون	was / were	been
bear	تلد	bore	born
bear	يحمل إلى أعلى	bore	borne
beat	يضرب	beat	beat (en)
become	يصبح / يصير	became	become
begin	يبدأ / يبتدىء	began	begun
bend	يثني / يحنى	bent	bent
bet	يراهن	bet	bet
bet	يراهن	betted	bet
bid	يقدم عطاء	bade	bidden
bid	يأمر	bid	bid
bind	يربط	bound	bound
bite	يعض / بلدغ	bit	bitten
bleed	ينزف	bled	bled
blend	يخلط / يمزج	blent	blent
blend	يخلط / يمزج	blended	blended
blow	يهب / ينفخ	blew	blown
break	يكسر	broke	broken
breed	يربي	bred	bred
bring	يحضر	brought	brought
bring up	يربي	brought up	brought up
broadcast	يذيع	broadcast	broadcast
build	يبني	built	built
burn	يحرق	burnt (burned)	burnt
burst	ينفجر	burst	burst
buy	يشترى	bought	bought
can	يستطيع	could	---
cast	يقذف / يرمي	cast	cast
catch	يمسك	caught	caught
choose	يختار	chose	chosen
cling	يلتصق / يتعلق	clung	clung

Present or infinitive المضارع أو المصدر	Meaning المعنى	Past التصريف الثاني	Past participle التصريف الثالث
clothe	يكسو	clothed	clothed
come	يأتي / يحضر	came	come
cost	يكلف / يساوي	cost	cost
creep	يزحف	crept	crept
cut	يقطع	cut	cut
dare	يجرؤ	dared (durst)	dared (durst)
deal	يتعامل	dealt	dealt
dig	يحفر	dug	dug
do/does	يفعل	did	done
draw	يرسم	drew	drawn
dream	يحلم	dreamt (ed)	dreamt
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk
drive	يقود / يسوق	drove	driven
dwell	يقطن / يسكن	dwelt	dwelt
eat	ياكل	ate	eaten
fall	يسقط / يقع	fell	fallen
feed	يُطعم / يُغذي	fed	fed
feel	يشعر	felt	felt
fight	يقا تل / يتشاجر	fought	fought
find	يجد	found	found
fit	يناسب	fit (fitted)	fit (fitted)
flee	يهرب	fled	fled
fling	يطوي / يطيح / يذف	flung	flung
fly	يطير	flew	flown
forbid	يمنع	forbade	forbidden
forecast	يتنبأ / يتكهن	forecast	forecast
foretell	يتنبأ	foretold	foretold
forget	ينسى	forgot	forgotten
forgive	يسامح / يعفو عن	forgave	forgiven
forsake	يهجر / يتخلى عن	forsook	forsaken
freeze	يتجمد	froze	frozen
get	يحصل على	got	got
give	يعطي / يمنح	gave	given
go	يذهب	went	gone
grind	يطحن	ground	ground
grow	ينمو / يكبر / يزرع	grew	grown
hang	يُعلق	hung	hung