

Ministry of Education  
Farwaniya Educational Area  
Ruqaya Bint Mohammed School  
School Year 2021 - 2022

SECOND PERIOD WRITTEN WORK

7 GRADE 7

Answered by =

Hala Labeeb

H.L. معالي

Student's Name: .....

Grade: 7 / .....

2022 - 2023

Kuwaitteacher.Com



## Words to remember

### Unit 7

Word	Meaning
trade	يتاجر - تجارة
privileged	مميّز - محظوظ
rather	بدلاً من ذلك
preserve	يحفظ
realise	يدرك - يفهم
endangered	معرض للانقراض
cultivation	زراعة - حرث
restore	يستعيد - يسترد
ancient	قديم
gladiator	مصارع

Word	Meaning
cheerfully	ببهجة - بمرح
chariot	عربة تجرها الخيول
take place	يحدث - يقع - يجري
rule	يحكم - حكم
cultural	ثقافي
instrument	آلة - أداة
include	يتضمن - يشمل
calligraphy	حسن الخط
curiously	بشكل فضولي - بغرابة

### Unit 8

Word	Meaning
hardworking	دؤوب - شغول
rarely	نادراً
hidden	مخبأ
dig up	يحفر
sow	يزرع - يبذر
value	قيمة - أهمية
earn	يكسب - يربح
queue	يصطف - يقف طابور
perform	يؤدي - ينفذ
behaviour	سلوك

Word	Meaning
public	الناس - العامة
park ranger	حارس غابة
biologist	عالم أحياء
runway	مدرج الطائرات
staff	طاقم العاملين
luggage	أمتعة السفر
passport	جواز سفر
aisle	ممر بين كراسي الطائرة
agent	وكيل
boarding pass	بطاقة صعود الطائرة

### Unit 9

Word	Meaning
profile	ملف - لمحة مختصرة
composer	ملحن - مؤلف موسيقي
generous	كريم
imaginative	خيالي - واسع الخيال
selfish	أناني
organise	ينظم - يرتب
cabinet	خزانة
regularly	بشكل منتظم
sweep	يكنس
laundry	الغسيل

Word	Meaning
Nobel Prize	جائزة نوبل
contribute	يسهم - يشارك
faculty	كلية
voyage	رحلة
theory	نظرية
citizen	مواطن
admire	يعجب بـ
achievement	إنجاز
quote	اقتباس - قول



**Module 3****Unit 7****Grade Seven****(Page 45)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		يتاجر - تجارة	4		يحفظ
2		مميّز - محظوظ	5		يدرك - يفهم
3		بدلاً من ذلك			

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:**

realise – rather – privileged – trade

1. My uncle works in clothing ..... **trade** .....
2. Do you ..... **realise** ..... that you are an hour late?
3. We had missed the school bus. We ..... **rather** ..... went on foot.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Pages 46, 47)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		معرض للانقراض	10		مصارع
7		زراعة - حرث	11		ببهجة - بمرح
8		يستعيد - يسترد	12		عربة تجرها الخيول
9		قديم	13		يحدث - يقع - يجري

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:**

restore – take place – endangered – cultivation

1. The panda is an ..... **endangered** ..... animal.
2. A lot of areas in Wafra are used for ..... **cultivation** .....
3. The Olympic Games ..... **take place** ..... every four years.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Page 49)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
14		يحكم - حكم	17		يتضمن - يشمل
15		ثقافي	18		حسن الخط
16		آلة - أداة	19		بشكل فضولي - بغرابة

**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

1. The piano is my favourite musical ..... I can play it well.  
 a) instrument    b) chariot    c) gladiator    d) calligraphy
2. Kuwait has many ..... places for those who like reading.  
 a) privileged    b) endangered    c) ancient     d) cultural
3. The menu ..... Italian dishes like spaghetti.  
 a) rules     b) includes    c) restores    d) preserves



Module 3

Unit 7

Grade Seven

(Page 46)

Grammar

Date: / / 2022

Past Simple Tense (Negative)	Irregular Verbs
... didn't + b.v.	make (made) – have (had) – take (took) – meet (met) buy (bought) – give (gave) – come (came) – see (saw)

\* He played football yesterday. ⇨ He didn't play football yesterday.

Do as shown between brackets:

1. My brother bought a new iPhone. (Change into negative)

My brother didn't buy a new iPhone.

2. I travelled to Spain with my family. (Change into negative)

I didn't travel to Spain with my family

3. He (go) to work by bus yesterday. (Correct the verb)

went

(Page 48)

Grammar

Date: / / 2022

Past Continuous Tense (الماضي المستمر)	when / while
I / He / She / It ⇨ was + ing (when)	(ماضي مستمر) ⇨ when ⇨ (ماضي بسيط)
You / We / They ⇨ were + ing (while)	(ماضي بسيط) ⇨ while ⇨ (ماضي مستمر)

\* He was waiting for the bus when it started to rain.

\* It started to rain while he was waiting for the bus.

Correct the verbs between brackets:

1. The light went out while we (watch) were watching TV.

2. He (drive) was driving back home when he had an accident.

3. When my brother (fall) fell down, he was climbing a tree.

4. While she was doing her homework, her mom (call) called her.

(WB Page 40)

Grammar

Date: / / 2022

used to + b.v. (عادة في الماضي)
I used to have a car. (Now I don't have a car.)
He used to eat fast food. (Now he doesn't eat fast food.)

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. My life was different when I was a child. I ..... to live in Jahra.

- a) use
- b) used
- c) used to
- d) using

2. I also used to ..... to a primary school.

- a) go
- b) went
- c) goes
- d) going

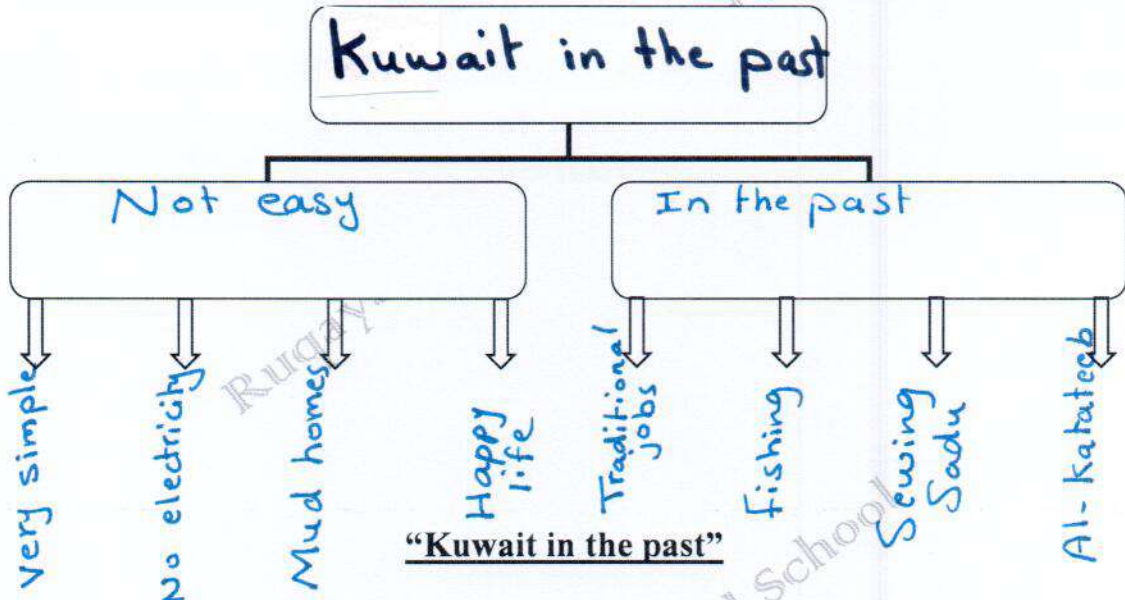
3. I ..... use to have a mobile phone.

- a) don't
- b) doesn't
- c) didn't
- d) aren't



Write a report about (Kuwait in the past). The following guidewords may help you:

/ not easy – happy – fishing – Al-Katatib – no electricity – roofs – fresh – Sadu /



Life in Kuwait in the past was not easy. It was also very simple. There was no electricity. People lived in mud homes. They used camels to go from one place to another. They lived a happy life.

In the past, people worked in traditional jobs. They worked in fishing. They also were sewing Sadu which was the furniture at homes. There were no schools. Children went to Al-katateeb. They learned reading and writing there.

\*\*\*\*\*

(Unit 7)

Spelling

Write the underlined words correctly:

1. The girl was churfelly playing music.
2. We are prelivegid to be living in Kuwait.
3. A glatiodar used to fight with animals in the past.
4. I want to study calgilrahpy to improve my handwriting.

cheerfully  
 privileged  
 gladiator  
 calligraphy



**Module 3****Unit 8****Grade Seven****(Page 51)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		دؤوب – شغول	4		يحفز
2		نادراً	5		يزرع – يبذر
3		مخبأ	6		قيمة – أهمية

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:****hardworking – rarely – value – dig up**

1. I need to **dig up**..... that part of the garden to plant a tree.
2. My teacher is a very **hardworking** person.
3. Salim is **rarely**..... late for school. He usually comes on time.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Pages 52, 53, 54)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
7		يكسب – يربح	11		الناس – العامة
8		يصطف – يقف طابور	12		حارس غابة
9		يؤدي – ينفذ	13		عالم أحياء
10		سلوك			

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:****performed – behaviour – biologist – earn**

1. What does your brother do to **earn**..... his living?
2. The actors **performed**..... well. All the audience were deeply thrilled.
3. Our teacher cannot tolerate bad **behaviour**.. in class.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Pages 55, 56)****Vocabulary****Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
14		مدرج الطائرات	18		ممر بين كراسي الطائرة
15		طاقم العاملين	19		وكيل
16		أمتعة السفر	20		بطاقة صعود الطائرة
17		جواز سفر			

**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

1. My cousin works as a travel ..... for Kuwait Airways.  
a) aisle      b) runway      c) agent      d) passport
2. All the ..... likes the new manager. He is very kind.  
a) staff      b) value      c) park ranger      d) boarding pass
3. This road is blocked to the ..... today. It is open only for army troops.  
a) biologist      b) luggage      c) value      d) public



must/mustn't + b.v. (واجب)	
You must + b.v.	(يجب أن)
You mustn't + b.v.	(يجب ألا)

- \* Hamad goes school. ⇒ He **must** go to school on time.
- \* You are going to the zoo. ⇒ You **mustn't** give food to the animals.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- There are some rules for driving a car. You must ..... the seatbelt.  
 a) wear                      b) wears                      c) wore                      d) wearing
- You ..... use the mobile phone while driving.  
 a) must                       b) mustn't                      c) should                      d) have to
- You ..... concentrate on the road.  
 a) can't                      b) aren't                      c) mustn't                       d) must

\*\*\*\*\*

Present Obligatory (إجباري مضارع)		Present Non-Obligatory (اختياري مضارع)	
I/We/You/They	⇒ have to + b.v.	I/We/You/They	⇒ don't have to + b.v.
He / She / It	⇒ has to + b.v.	He / She / It	⇒ doesn't have to + b.v.

Do as shown between brackets:

- I have to meet my friends tonight. (Change into negative)  
 I don't have to meet my friends tonight.
- Salim has to come back home early. (Change into negative)  
 Salim doesn't have to come back home early.
- Noura is an athlete. She (have to) train every day. (Correct the verb)  
 ..... has to .....

\*\*\*\*\*

Negative (not)	Negative (not)	Negative (don't/doesn't/didn't)
I can ... ⇒ I cannot ...	It was ... ⇒ It was not ...	We play ⇒ We don't play ...
She is ... ⇒ She is not ...	They will ... ⇒ They will not ..	He plays ⇒ He doesn't play ...
We are ... ⇒ We are not ...	We have ... ⇒ We have not ..	I played ⇒ I didn't play ...

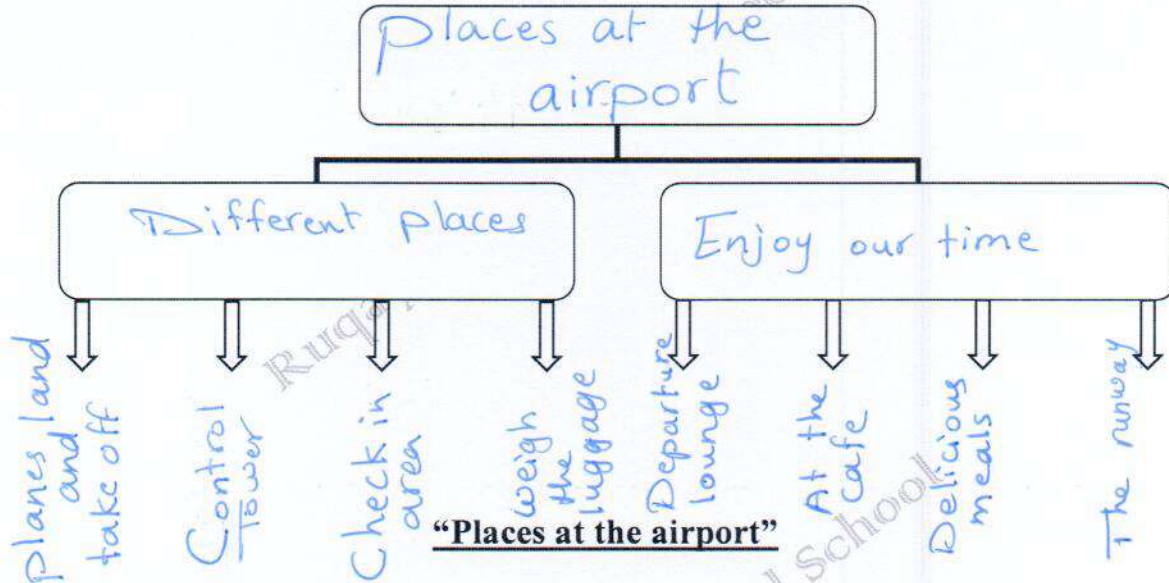
Change into negative:

- Sara goes to school by bus. 1. Sara doesn't go to school by bus.
- We were waiting for them. 2. We weren't waiting for them.
- I study in my bedroom. 3. I don't study in my bedroom.
- He stayed there for a week. 4. He didn't stay there for a week.
- We should stay at home. 5. We shouldn't stay at home.



Write a report about (places at the airport) using the following guidewords:

/ many - check-in - luggage - departure lounge - board - café - a drink - favourite /



The airport is the place where planes land and take off. It has several different places. There is a control tower which controls the air traffic. We can find the check in area where we can check in and weigh our luggage. Then we go to the passport control. After that we reach the departure lounge. There, we can stay at the cafe and have drinks. We can also enjoy delicious meals at the restaurants there. We can enjoy our time by watching the planes on the runway.

(Unit 8)

Spelling

Date: / / 2022

Write the underlined words correctly:

1. A boliosigt studies animals and plants.
2. My brother is very active and hordwaking.
3. You need to have a porspast to travel abroad.
4. Don't forget to collect your lagugge at the airport.

- biologist....
- hard working
- passport.....
- luggage...



## Module 3

## Unit 9

## Grade Seven

(Pages 57, 58)

## Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		ملف - لمحة مختصرة	4		خيالي - واسع الخيال
2		ملحن - مؤلف موسيقي	5		أناني
3		كريم			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

composer – selfish – profile – imaginative

1. You can check his Facebook ... profile ..... to know more about him.
2. Bader is an imaginative student. He always likes giving new ideas.
3. How can you be so ... selfish .....? Try to think of others once in your life.

\*\*\*\*\*

(Pages 59, 60)

## Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		ينظم - يرتب	9		يكنس
7		خزانة	10		الغسيل
8		بشكل منظم			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

regularly – cabinet – sweep – laundry

1. My friends and I .. regularly ..... meet once a week.
2. Will you ... sweep ..... the floor and dust the table, please?
3. My mom doesn't do the ... laundry ..... . Our domestic helper does it.

\*\*\*\*\*

(Pages 61, 62)

## Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
11		جائزة نوبل	16		مواطن
12		يسهم - يشارك	17		يعجب بـ
13		كلية	18		إنجاز
14		رحلة	19		اقتباس - قول
15		نظرية			

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Teachers should teach students how to be good .....  
a) voyages      b) theories      c) citizens      d) quotes
2. I really ..... the way my uncle deals with his kids. He is very kind.  
a) admire      b) contribute      c) organise      d) sweep
3. Ahmed Zuweil won the ..... in chemistry.  
a) faculty      b) achievement      c) cabinet      d) Nobel Prize



**Module 3**

**Unit 9**

**Grade Seven**

**(Page 58)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

should/shouldn't + b.v. (نصيحة)	Why don't you + b.v. (نصيحة)
You <b>should</b> + b.v. (يجب أن)	Why don't you + b.v. (لماذا لا تفعل ذلك)
He <b>shouldn't</b> + b.v. (يجب ألا)	

- \* Bader has a problem at school. ⇒ He **should** ask his teacher for help.
- \* I don't have much time to study. ⇒ **Why don't you** make a timetable?

**Do as shown between brackets:**

1. They should go camping. (Change into negative)

*They shouldn't go camping.*

2. I am fat and want to lose some weight. (Complete the advice)

*You should do some exercises.*

3. I need to buy a laptop but I don't know where to buy it. (Complete the advice)

*Why don't you ask your father?*

\*\*\*\*\*

**WB (Page 47)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

Adjective (الصفة تصف اسم)	Adverb (الحال يصف فعل)
That is a <b>slow animal</b> .	That animal <b>moves slowly</b> .
Peter is a <b>fluent person</b> .	Peter <b>speaks fluently</b> .

**Correct the form of the words between brackets:**

- Salman is careful. He drives (**careful**) ..... *carefully*.
- Jane is a loud speaker. She speaks (**loud**) ..... *loudly*.
- Our teacher is angry. He is shouting (**angry**) ..... *angrily*.
- He is a good painter. He paints pictures (**good**) ..... *well*.
- Hala is a quiet girl. She studies her lessons (**quiet**) ..... *quietly*.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Page 60)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

Past Obligatory (إجباري ماضي)	Past Non-Obligatory (اختياري ماضي)
I/We/You/They ⇒ <b>had to</b> + b.v.	I/We/You/They ⇒ <b>didn't have to</b> + b.v.
He / She / It ⇒ <b>had to</b> + b.v.	He / She / It ⇒ <b>didn't have to</b> + b.v.

- \* She **had to** do the laundry herself. ⇒ She **didn't have to** do the laundry herself.

**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

- Last Friday, we didn't have to ..... up early.  
 a) getting      b) gets      c) got       d) get
- We ..... read the Holy Quran before going to the mosque.  
 a) have to      b) has to       c) had to      d) doesn't have to
- My father recited the Quran .....  
 a) perfect       b) perfectly      c) more perfect      d) most perfect



Write an email about (Two Nobel Prize winners) using the following guidewords:

/ Ahmed Zuwail – Egypt – scientist – 1999 – Albert Einstein – Germany – theory – 1921 /

Two Nobel Prize winners

Ahmed Zuwail

Albert Einstein

Egyptian Scientist

chemistry

chemical reactions

Wrote a book

German Scientist

Physics

Scientific theory

for peace

From : Ahmed

To : Omar

Subject : Two Nobel Prize winners

Hello Omar, I hope you are well. I'm going to tell you about two Nobel Prize winners. Ahmed Zuwail was an Egyptian scientist. He got a Nobel prize in chemistry. He contributed to the understanding of chemical reactions. He wrote a book.

Albert Einstein was a German scientist. He got the Nobel prize in physics. He developed an important scientific theory. He worked hard for peace.

(Unit 9)

Spelling

Date: / / 2022

Write the underlined words correctly:

1. That copmesor makes very nice music.
2. I usually help my mother do the lanurdy.
3. My uncle ragelurly gives money to charities.
4. To win a Nobel Prize, you need to make a great acheivenimt.

Composer  
laundry  
regularly  
achievement



(General)

Reading Comprehension

Date: / / 2022

Read the following passage, then answer the questions below:

Life in the past was different. It was so hard but at the same time, it was simple. Houses in the past were small, and made of wood. They were not wide enough and they were very traditional. They didn't have facilities that they have today, in particular current water, heating and electricity. People used to use candles or oil lamps to light their houses.

Before the Stone Age, people used to eat fruit, leaves and anything they found from the forest. However, this habit changed into hunting animals, preserving food items and planting and growing vegetables, which eventually led into farming different crops. People were healthy; they rarely had diseases and never needed extra exercises because their daily work kept their bodies running.

In terms of education in the past, people rarely got the chance to educate themselves. Farmers made sure that their children knew how to plot a farm and carry out the daily work. Our ancestors used to work with small tools made out of wood. Animals were also used for ploughing the land and carrying loads.

a) Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- 1. The writer's purpose of writing this passage is to:
  - a) inform us how to be healthy
  - b) show how life was hard in the past
  - c) evaluate the past traditions
  - d) entertain the readers with past stories
- 2. The main idea of the second paragraph is:
  - a) how people get their food now
  - b) how houses were made in the past
  - c) what people studied in the past
  - d) how people got their food in the past
- 3. The underlined pronoun "which" in line 7 refers to:
  - a) vegetables
  - b) diseases
  - c) loads
  - d) tools
- 4. The underlined phrase "carry out" in line 11 means:
  - a) leave
  - b) plough
  - c) do
  - d) go
- 5. People in the past didn't need exercise because they:
  - a) kept their bodies running
  - b) grew a lot of vegetables
  - c) worked in their farms
  - d) didn't have facilities
- 6. If people had electricity in the past, they wouldn't:
  - a) have any diseases
  - b) use candles or oil lamps
  - c) grow vegetables
  - d) need extra exercises

b) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

- 7. What were the things that made people healthy in the past?  
Hunting animals, planting and growing vegetables.
- 8. Which life is better: life in the past or life nowadays? Why?  
Life in the past is better, because it was simple.



## Words to remember

### Unit 10

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
silver	فضة	create	يخلق - ينشئ
ambitious	طموح	brilliant	رائع - ممتاز
repair	يصلح - إصلاح	mausoleum	ضريح
engine	محرك - موتور	concert	حفلة موسيقية
submarine	غواصة	population	تعداد السكان
quality	خاصية - خصلة	impatiently	بفارغ الصبر
issue	إصدار - عدد من مجلة	seagull	طائر النورس
film	يصور	fascinated	مبهور - مفتون
neatly	بشكل منظم - بعناية		

### Unit 11

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
valley	وادي	pollution	تلوث
steep	شديد الانحدار	gadget	جهاز صغير - أداة
cautiously	بحذر - باحتراس	container	حاوية - علبة
mayor	عمدة بلدة	several	متعدد - عديد
pump	مضخة	renewable	متجدد
operate	يشغل	coal	فحم
attach	يلحق - يرفق - يربط	tiny	صغير جداً
flow up	ينهمر - يتدفق	deposits	رواسب - ترسبات
recycle	يعيد تدوير	solar	شمسي
impact	أثر - تأثير	powerfully	بقوة
reduce	يقلل	windmill	طاحونة هواء

### Unit 12

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
prominent	بارز - شهير	environmental	بيئي
publication	طبع - نشر	polar	قطبي
calendar	رزمة - تقويم	icecap	غطاء جليدي
honour	يكرم	coast	ساحل
reward	يكافئ	enormous	هائل - ضخم
idiom	عبارة - مصطلح	rise	يرتفع
heavily	بغزارة	homeless	بلا مأوى
degree	درجة	download	يحمل
prediction	توقع - تكهن	recall	يستدعي - يتذكر
forecast	تنبؤ بحالة الطقس	disaster	كارثة



No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		فضة	4		محرك - موتور
2		طموح	5		غواصة
3		يصلح - إصلاح			

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

ambitious - engine - repair - silver

1. I bought a nice silver ring for only 10 dinars.
2. She was driving to work when the engine suddenly stopped.
3. Saad is very ambitious. I think someday he will be a great businessman.

\*\*\*\*\*

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		خاصية - خصلة	9		بشكل منظم - بعناية
7		إصدار - عدد من مجلة	10		يخلق - ينشئ
8		يصور	11		رائع - ممتاز

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

issue - neatly - brilliant - film

1. He arranged the books neatly on the shelf.
2. We read about the accident in today's issue of New York Times.
3. I couldn't film the accident. I had forgotten my camera at home.

\*\*\*\*\*

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
12		ضريح	15		بفارغ الصبر
13		حفلة موسيقية	16		طائر النورس
14		تعداد السكان	17		مبهور - مفتون

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

1. Can you see all those ..... on the beach? They look very nice.  
a) mausoleums    b) concerts    c) seagulls    d) qualities
2. Do you know that the ..... of China is about 1350 million people.  
a) concert    b) silver    c) submarine    d) population
3. I was really ..... by Messi's goal yesterday. It was amazing.  
a) fascinated    b) brilliant    c) ambitious    d) generous



**Module 4**

**Unit 10**

**Grade Seven**

**(Page 66)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

who (إنسان), which/that (غير إنسان)	where (مكان), when (زمان)
Ali is the <b>man who</b> helped me. English is the <b>subject which/that</b> I like.	That is my <b>house where</b> I live. Autumn is the <b>time when</b> leaves fall off.

- \* Mom gave me a **ring**. It was expensive. (Mom gave me a **ring which** was expensive.)
- \* It was **midnight**. We were sleeping **then**. (It was **midnight when** we were sleeping.)

**Join the pairs of sentences:**

1. Tim Berners-Lee is a scientist. He has invented the World Wide Web.

*Tim Berners-Lee is a scientist who has invented the World Wide Web.*

2. Failaka is a Kuwaiti island. We can find Greek ruins there.

*Failaka is a Kuwaiti island where we can find Greek ruins there.*

**WB (Page 54)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

**Past Simple Tense (Question)**

... did ... b.v. ...?

Did ... b.v. ...? Yes, I did./ No, I didn't.

- \* Did she *cook* fish for lunch? ⇒ Yes, she **cooked** fish for lunch.
- \* What did Adel *buy* yesterday? ⇒ He **bought** some new trousers.

**Ask a question:**

1. No, they didn't call the police.

*Did they call the police?*

2. Yes, I travelled to Spain.

*Did you travel to Spain?*

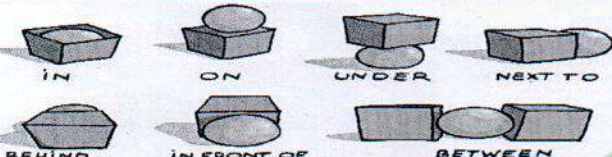
3. He went to work by bus.

*How did he go to work?*

**(Page 68)**

**Grammar**

**Date: / / 2022**

Prepositions of place (حروف الجر المكانية)	Prepositions of time (حروف الجر الزمانية)		
	<b>IN</b> in the morning in the afternoon in the evening in November (months) in the summer (seasons) in 1992 (years)	<b>AT</b> at 8 o'clock at the moment at noon at night at midnight at the weekend	<b>ON</b> on Sunday (days) on Monday on Tuesday on Wednesday, etc. on October 4th (dates) on Sunday afternoon

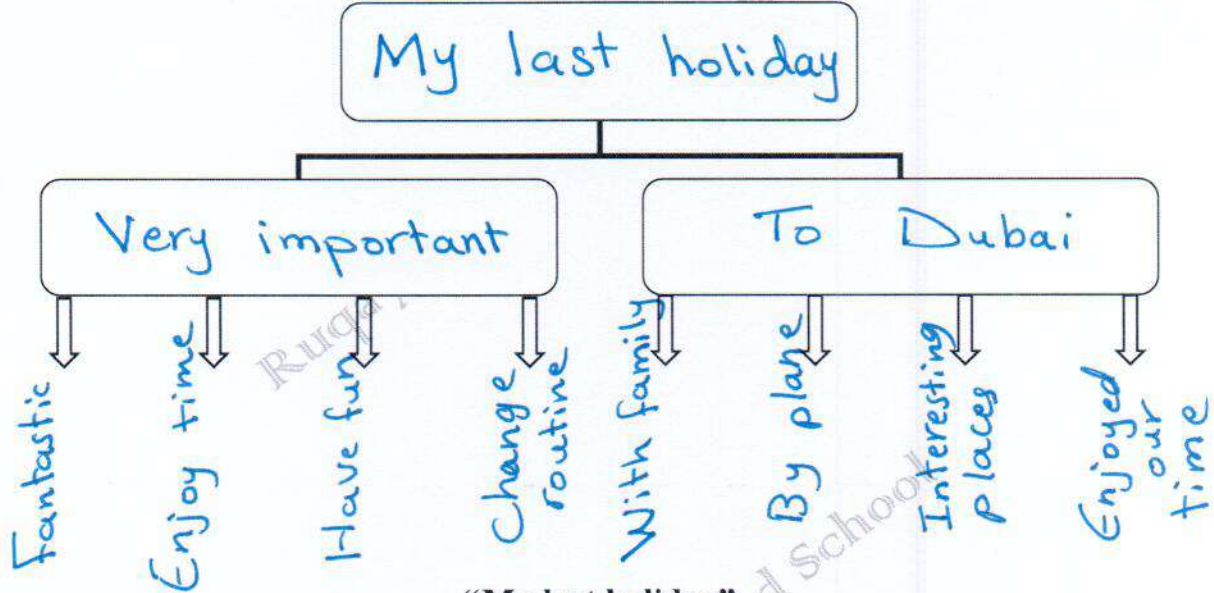
**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

- My house is ..... the Avenues.  
 a) between      b) in front of      c) under      d) on
- I often go shopping there ..... Fridays.  
 a) on      b) in      c) at      d) of
- My best time for shopping is ..... the evening.  
 a) of      b) at      c) on      d) in



Write a report about (your last holiday). You may use the following guidewords:

/ fantastic – Dubai – family – hotel – shopping – fishing – visited – enjoyed /



"My last holiday"

Holidays are fantastic. During them we enjoy our time. We can have fun. We can also change our daily routine.

Last holiday, I went to Dubai. I went with my family. We went by plane. We visited many interesting places. We went shopping and fishing. We enjoyed our time very much.

(Unit 10)

Spelling

Write the underlined words correctly:

1. Most successful people are abmituios.
2. What would you do if your car egnine stopped?
3. Patience is the most important gautily for a teacher.
4. I like music very much and I am going to a cocrent now.

ambitious.....  
 engine.....  
 quality.....  
 concert.....



H.L.

Module 4

Unit 11

Grade Seven

(Page 71)

Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		وادي	5		مضخة
2		شديد الانحدار	6		يشغل
3		بحذر - باحتراس	7		يلحق - يرفق - يربط
4		عمدة بلدة	8		ينهمر - يتدفق

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

cautiously - operating - pump - steep

- This road is too steep..... to ride up on a bike.
- Sara opened the door cautiously.. to see who the knocker was.
- Have you read the instructions for operating.... the sound system?

\*\*\*\*\*

(Page 73)

Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
9		يعيد تدوير	12		تلوث
10		أثر - تأثير	13		جهاز صغير - أداة
11		يقلل	14		حاوية - علبة

Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:

recycled - gadget - pollution - reduce

- We can collect plastic bottles and bags to be recycled..
- My father was hoping that they would reduce..... the rent a little!
- I watched a TV program about air pollution..... on National Geographic AD.

\*\*\*\*\*

(Page 75)

Vocabulary

Date: / / 2022

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
15		متعدد - عديد	19		رواسب - ترسبات
16		متجدد	20		شمسي
17		فحم	21		بقوة
18		صغير جداً	22		طاحونة هواء

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I have already visited the Scientific Center ..... times.  
a) solar      b) renewable      c) tiny       d) several
- In Holland, they use ..... for generating power.  
a) deposits       b) windmills      c) valleys      d) mayors
- Bring in some ..... for the fire, please.  
 a) coal      b) container      c) impact      d) gadget



**Module 4**

**Unit 11**

**Grade Seven**

(Page 72)

**Grammar**

Date: / / 2022

**The Passive Form (المبنى للمجهول)**

(Present مضارع) ⇒ am/is/are + P.P. (تصريف ثالث)

(Past ماضي) ⇒ was/were + P.P. (تصريف ثالث)

\* Hala cleans the house every day. ⇒ The house is cleaned by Hala Every day.

\* Fahd opened the window. ⇒ The window was opened by Fahd.

**Change into passive:**

1. Mr. Saad plays cards every night.

Cards are played every night by Mr. Saad.

2. My cousin studies biology.

Biology is studied by my cousin.

3. Bandar saw the accident.

The accident was seen by Bandar.

(Page 74)

**Grammar**

Date: / / 2022

**be going to (سوف)**

I ⇒ am going to + b.v. (tomorrow)

He/She/It ⇒ is going to + b.v. (this .....

We/You/They ⇒ are going to + b.v. (next .....

**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

1. My family is going to ..... to Spain next summer.

- a) travel       b) travelled       c) travels       d) travelling

2. We ..... stay in Barcelona.

- a) am going to       b) is going to       c) are going to       d) be going to

3. My brother ..... have a training course there.

- a) am going to       b) is going to       c) are going to       d) be going to

**WB (Page 58)**

**Grammar**

Date: / / 2022

**Question Tags**

Ali can ....., <u>can't he?</u>	Sara is ....., <u>isn't she?</u>	A cat has ....., <u>hasn't it?</u>
Ali can't ....., <u>can he?</u>	Sara isn't ....., <u>is she?</u>	A cat hasn't ....., <u>has it?</u>
Boys are ....., <u>aren't they?</u>	She was ....., <u>wasn't she?</u>	I have ....., <u>haven't I?</u>
Boys aren't ....., <u>are they?</u>	She wasn't ....., <u>was she?</u>	I haven't ....., <u>have I?</u>
You were ....., <u>weren't you?</u>	They will ....., <u>won't they?</u>	He had ....., <u>hadn't he?</u>
You weren't ....., <u>were you?</u>	They won't ....., <u>will they?</u>	He hadn't ....., <u>had he?</u>

**Add a question tag:**

1. Meshal isn't at home now, is he.....?

2. Manal will come to the party, won't she.....?

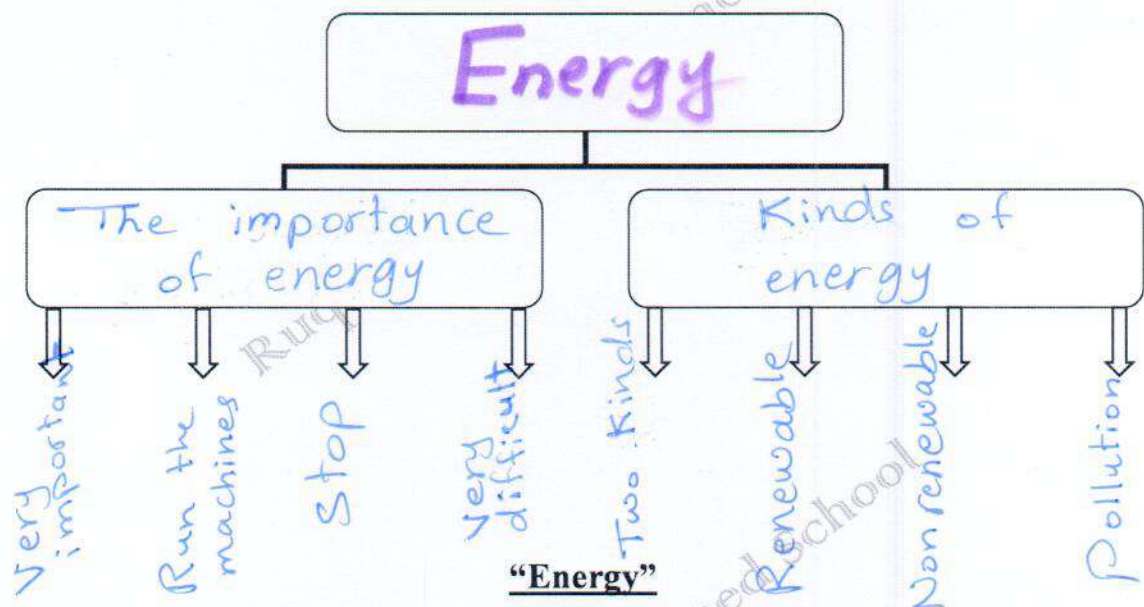
3. School year begins in September, doesn't it.....?

4. They studied math in the university, didn't they.....?



Write a report about (energy). These guidewords and phrases may help you:

/ important – machines – stop – difficult – two – renewable – non-renewable – pollution /



Energy is very important. We use it to run different machines. Without energy they stop. It is very difficult to live without energy.

There are two kinds of energy. Renewable sources which we use again and again. Non-renewable sources which are limited. Some sources of energy cause pollution.

(Unit 11)

Spelling

Write the underlined words correctly:

1. There are seravel houses in that street.
2. We should ryeelce bottles and plastic bags.
3. Can you tell me how to oretape this machine?
4. Rabenewle sources of energy do not cause pollution.

Several  
recycle  
operate  
Renewable



H.L.

**Module 4**

**Unit 12**

**Grade Seven**

**(Page 77)**

**Vocabulary**

**Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
1		بارز – شهير	4		يكرم
2		طبع – نشر	5		يكافئ
3		رزمة – تقويم			

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:**

**prominent – calendar – honour – publication**

- The book is ready for ..publication.....
- January is the first month on the Gregorian ..calendar.....
- Bader Al-Mutawa is a very prominent.... Kuwaiti football player.

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Pages 78, 79)**

**Vocabulary**

**Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
6		عبارة – مصطلح	11		بيئي
7		بغزارة	12		قطبي
8		درجة	13		غطاء جليدي
9		توقع – تكهن	14		ساحل
10		تنبؤ بحالة الطقس			

**Fill in each space with the suitable word from the list below:**

**heavily – degrees – environmental – forecast**

- Tomorrow, the temperature is expected to be 35 ..degrees.....
- Pollution causes much environmental damage.
- There are a lot of apps for knowing the weather ....forecast.....

\*\*\*\*\*

**(Pages 80, 81)**

**Vocabulary**

**Date: / / 2022**

No	Word	Meaning	No	Word	Meaning
15		هائل – ضخم	19		يستدعي – يتذكر
16		يرتفع	20		كارثة
17		بلا مأوى	21		إعصار
18		يحمل			

**Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):**

- We used to live in a fishing village on the ..... of the Red Sea.  
a) disaster      b) hurricane       c) coast      d) icecap
- I can't ..... where I met that person.  
a) reward      b) download      c) rise       d) recall
- ..... children are a big problem in some countries.  
a) Prominent       b) Homeless      c) Enormous      d) Polar



Predicting the future (توقع المستقبل)

- (will + b.v.) \* She is very rich. She will buy a nice car.
- (won't + b.v.) \* My brother is so sick. He won't go to work.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- Life in the future ..... be different.
  - a) will
  - b) is
  - c) can
  - d) have
- People will ..... flying cars.
  - a) has
  - b) had
  - c) have
  - d) to have
- Students ..... go to schools anymore in the future.
  - a) will
  - b) won't
  - c) didn't
  - d) have

Probability (احتمال)

- (may + b.v.) \* She may work late tonight. I'm not sure.
- (might + b.v.) \* I might go shopping if the weather is fine.
- (could + b.v.) \* Where is my key? It could be in the car.

Choose the suitable completion from a), b), c) and d):

- I don't have plans for the weekend. I ..... visit my friend.
  - a) could
  - b) will
  - c) have
  - d) don't
- He has an exam next week, so he might not ..... out with me.
  - a) going
  - b) went
  - c) go
  - d) goes
- I ..... stay at home if the weather is cold.
  - a) am
  - b) have
  - c) don't
  - d) might

Linking Words (أدوات الربط)

and (و)	but (لكن)	because (لأن)	so (لذلك)
---------	-----------	---------------	-----------

- \* He stayed at home. It was raining. ⇒ He stayed at home **because** it was raining.
- \* Ali enjoys painting. Saad enjoys painting. ⇒ Ali **and** Saad enjoy painting.

Join the pairs of sentences:

1. I like physics. I like chemistry.

I like physics and chemistry.

2. Salim was sick. He went to school.

Salim was sick but he went to school.

3. My father's car didn't work. We took the bus.

My father's car didn't work so we took the bus.

4. My teacher is angry. I have forgotten to do my homework.

My teacher is angry because I have forgotten to do my homework.



Write an email about (changes in the future). These guidewords may help you:

/ weather – glaciers – sea level – drier – memories – recall – bubble cities – 3D printed /

Changes in the future

Climate is changing

Life will change

Scientists Predict  
Glaciers turn into water  
Sea level  
Empty wells

Bubble cities  
Recalled memories  
Modified weather  
3D recipes

From Sami

To Ali

Subject: Changes in the future.

Hello Ali. How are you? I'm going to write about changes will happen in the future.

Scientists say that the climate is changing. The change in weather will cause things that scientists predict. Glaciers are turning into water. This will increase the sea level. Some parts of coasts will go under water. In the world's drier nations, wells will be empty.

In the future, people will live in bubble cities. Memories will be downloaded in a computer and recalled later. The weather will be modified. Recipes will be

(Unit 12)

Spelling

Write the underlined words correctly:

- 1. The weather farocest tells us that it will be hot.
- 2. We didn't go out because it was raining helaivy.
- 3. That writer has recently made a great pulbitacion.
- 4. The hurricane left behind hundreds of hemoless people.

forecast  
heavily  
publication  
homeless



(General)

Reading Comprehension

Date: / / 2022

Read the following passage, then do as required below:

We follow rules every day. There are rules for things we do at home, at school, and in a lot of other places. Think about rules at home. Parents usually make these rules, and they make sure we follow them. Parents can ask us to wash our hands and clean up. They make other rules about eating unhealthy food, watching TV, or bedtime. What rules do you follow at home?

There are rules at school, too. Teachers and the principal make the school rules. We should always be polite and take turns when we play games. Librarians help us follow the rules in the school library. We cannot eat, drink, or be noisy there. Outside school, the crossing guard helps us cross the road safely, and we should pay attention to the traffic light. These rules help keep us happy and safe. Can you think of more rules at school?

Zoos and other fun places have rules, too. At the zoo, you cannot touch or feed the animals. You should never throw things at the animals. Swimming pools are fun places, too. These rules help make it safe for everyone there. You should not run near the water and you cannot eat, drink, or litter near the pool. You must always listen to the lifeguards because lifeguards make sure we follow the rules and that we are safe in and near the water.

a) Choose the suitable completions from a), b), c) and d):

- 1. The main idea in the second paragraph is:
  - a) crossing streets
  - b) rules at school
  - c) playing games
  - d) eating and drinking
- 2. The underlined word "principal" in line 6 means a person who:
  - a) runs a school
  - b) watches TV
  - c) feeds animals
  - d) helps us in the street
- 3. The underlined pronoun "there" in line 8 refers to the:
  - a) zoo
  - b) road
  - c) home
  - d) library
- 4. The writer's purpose of writing this passage is to:
  - a) ask children to visit the zoo
  - b) tell children how important rules are
  - c) express his happy time at school
  - d) entertain children in the pools
- 5. If you don't follow rules at school:
  - a) the principal will be happy
  - b) you will go to the pool
  - c) teachers will punish you
  - d) the librarian will help you
- 6. You shouldn't feed animals at the:
  - a) zoo
  - b) library
  - c) pool
  - d) street

b) Answer the following questions in reference to the passage:

7. Which rules do you like; at home, at school, at fun places? Why?

I like rules at fun places because the rules keep us safe.

8. Are rules only for children? Explain.

Rules are for children and adult's safety.