قواعد الصف السادس وتدريبات عليها من اختبارات سابقت

شرح القواعد

قاعدة used to ، ودائماً يأتى الفعل بعدها بالمصدر بدون إضافات، والنفى منها يكون didn't use to

1. used to / didn't use to



Naser used to ride a bicycle in the past.

Abdullah didn't use to eat green vegetables.

|--|

- We used to _____ in a house near the coast.
- a) live
- b) lives
- c) living
- d) lived



The verb always comes in the infinitive form after used to or didn't use to

Do as shown in brackets:

*They used to play football on Fridays. [Make Negative] They didn't use to play football on Fridays.

قاعدة If الحالة الأولى: عندما يكون الفعل بعد if في المضارع، نضع في الجزء الثاني من الجملة will أو won't وبعده الفعل يكون دائماً في المصدر.

If Conditional I:

When the verb in the (if part) is in the present we use (will / won't + infinitive):



If you visit Failakha, you will sea the lovely ruins

If you don't start now, you won't finish on time.



- hard, you won't pass the exam.
- a) studying
- b) don't study
- c) studied
- d) haven't study





Do as shown in brackets:

[correct the verb] 1. If you work hard, you (win) the prize. If you work hard, you____ will win _

the prize.

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Grade 6

قاعدة أدوات الربط بين الجمل: اذا كانت الجملتين متوافقتين في المعنى نستخدم and بينهما، واذاكانت الجملة الأولى سبب والجملة الثانية نتيجة نستخدم 50 بينهما، اما اذا كانت الجملة الأولى نتيجة والجملة الثانية سبب نستخدم because بينهما

Linking Words:

أداة الربط

لماذا نستخدمها

أمثلة عليها

and (e)	To connect two similar ideas	She likes to play music <u>and</u> read short stories.	
because (بسبب)	To give reasons	They came late to school because their car broke down.	
so (iii)	To talk about results	Ali was the fastest runner <u>so</u> he won the race.	

Choose the right word:

- Mariam didn't study well _____ she wasn't feeling well.
- a) And
- b) so
- c) because
- d) when

Average

¬ Poor

Do as shown in brackets:

2. Mona studied English everyday. She got top marks. [Join]

Mona studied English everyday so she got top marks.

قاعدة أدوات الربط: نستخدم 50 اذا كانت الجملة بعدها نتيجة لحدث، ونستخدم because اذا كانت الجملة بعدها سبب لحدث. وما نلغي أي شيء من الجملتين.

Linking Words:

[Because]

They came late to school because their car broke down.



Ali was the fastest runner so he won the race.

Do as shown in brackets:

1- Basma was very sick. She couldn't come to school. [Join the sentences]

Basma was very sick so she couldn't come to school

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نضيف على الفعل (ing) بعد هذه الكلمات: Like أو enjoy j prefer

Grade 6 Like , prefer, enjoy +ing

We always use the gerund form (v + ing) after these words (like/prefer/enjoy)

I like watching Harry Potter films.

I prefer drinking milk.



I enjoy shopping at the Avenues.



Choose the right alternative in brackets:

My sister likes (read - reads - reading) story books a lot. Yesterday I went to the bookstore (so - because - with) I wanted to buy a new book for her.

تكوين السؤال: هناك نوعين من الأسئلة (الأسئلة التي تبدأ بأداة استفهام wh Q ونوع أُسئلة الإجابات المختصرة (الأُسئلة التي تبدأ بفعل مساعد). وفيما يلي شرح لطريقة تكوين كل منها:

Question **Formation**

There are two types of questions: (Wh- question) & (Short answer question)

what, when, where, why, How: النوع الأول (السوال الذي يبدأ بأداة استفهام مثل: Mona reads a book in her room everyday مثال:

WHERE? WHAT

Where أداة الاستفهام

does فعل مساعد Mona I read الفاعل

الفعل الرئيسي

a book? بقبة الجملة

Short answer questions: starts with a helping verb (Did / Do / Will / Does / Can.....) Examples:

Did you enjoy the film?

Are they listening to the teacher?

Yes, I did

No, I didn't

Yes, they are

No, they aren't

النوع الثاني (السؤال الذي يبدأ بفعل مساعد وتكون اجابته مختصرة: yes, no

Yes, she stayed in a hotel in Dubai.

Did فعل مساعد

she الفاعل

stay 🥒 الفعل الرئيسي

in a hotel in Dubai? بقية الجملة

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Do as shown in brackets:

- 1. Khalid watched a nice film yesterday. [Form a question]
 - What did Khalid watch? / When did Khalid watch a film?
- 2. Yes, she played the piano in a concert. [Ask]
 - Did she play the pino in a concert?

Note: For the short answer you can form only one question!

قاعدة الضمائر الموصولة: نستخدم who بدلاً من الاسم العاقل، ونستخدم which بدلاً من غير العاقل.

Who / Which



Who refers to PEOPLE





- ❖ We invited Rana who came to Kuwait Yesterday.
- That is Mr. Ali who teaches us English.



- Be careful of the car which is coming very fast.
- ❖ I liked the bag which was in the market.

Choose the right alternative in brackets:

We saw the teacher (where - who - which) is new to our school. She changed the board (which - who - where) was in our class.

Non-human



Do as shown in brackets:

1. I sold my <u>old car</u>. <u>It</u> broke down last week. [Join the sentences] I sold my old car <u>which</u> broke down last week.

human

2. We helped <u>Mona</u>. <u>She</u> had a lot of work to do. [Join] We helped Mona who had a lot of work to do.

قاعدة الماضي المستمر: نستخدم هذا الزمن مع when و while ، حيث نضع was أو were ونضيف على الفعل (ing).

Past Continuous الماضى المستمر



while they were eating dinner, their aunt came nome.





Choose the right alternative in brackets:

- While I (runs running was running) to school, I fell down.
- They are popcorn while they (watch were watching watched) a film.

Do as shown in brackets:

1. Fahed (drive) to work when a car hit him. [Correct th verb] Fahed was driving to work when a car hit him.

سؤال القواعد في الاختبار النهائي يكون نوعين فقط : ر Choose اختار الإجابة الصحيحة _

و (Do as shown in brackets افعلي كما هو مطلوب بين الاقواس وفيما يلى بعض الأسئلة التي وردت في اختبارات سابقة:

A) Choose the correct answer between brackets: $(4 \times 2 = 8 \text{ Marks})$

1.	In the past, I didn't use to		books. Now, I like reading a lot.		
a)	reads	b) read	c) reading	d) was reading	
2.	Yesterday, I		a new bag for my laptop.		
a)	bought	b) buy	c) is buying	d) buys	

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1.	Yesterday, our English teacher		homework.		
a)	gives	b) giving	c) gave	d) give	
2.	I phoned my friend		helped me with my homework.		
a)	which	b) when	c) where	d) who	
3.	. I worked very hard		I wanted a good mark in the exam.		
a)	SO	b) because	c) or	d) and	
4.	. when I saw Samia, she		some new furniture.		
a)	was buying	b) buy	c) were buying	d) buys	

B) Do as required between brackets: $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})$					
5.My grandparents used to eat healthy food. (Make Negative)					
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••		
6. If y	ou visit Kuwait To	owers,	·	(Complete)	
A)	Choose the corre	ct answer form	the words in brackets: (4x	$2 = 8 \mathbf{Ms})$	
ŕ					
1.	This is my friend	Rami	is from Lebanon.		
a)	which	b) when	c) where	d) who	
2.	I used to	a hor	se in my uncle's farm.		
a)	ride	b) riding	c) rode	d) rides	
3.	My sister was sick	X	we took her to the hospital.		
			c) so		
4.	It started to rain w	hile she	walking in the st	reet.	
b)	walking	b) was walking	c) walks	d) walk	
D)	D 111		(2 2 435 1)		
			$\underline{s: (2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})}$	4.41	
5.11 y	ou do exercises dai	iy and eat iess, y	you (lose) weight. (Corr	ect the verb)	
			(Ask a question)	•••••	
	•		on. (Ask a question)		
•••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	•••••	
\mathbf{C}	Choose the corre	ct answer form	the words in brackets: (4x	z = 8 Ms	
C)	Choose the corre	et unswer form	the words in blackets. (42	<u> </u>	
5.	My friend enjoys		to many countries with	her family.	
b)	travel	b) travels	c) travelling	d) travelled	
			a lot of coffee, but now I do		
		b) drinking	c) drank	d) drinks	
7.	Sara likes		•	,	
	helps	b) help	c) helped	d) helping	
	•			, 1	
D) Do as required between brackets: $(2 \times 2 = 4 \text{ Marks})$					
5. Abeer went to the cinema last night. (Ask a question)					
•••••				•••••	
6. Ali	came late. He wok	te up late.	(Join the sentences)		
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
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