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Name:

Class: 12/

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Tenses

1.Ahmed often (try)to do his best. 2.Huda usually (wake)up early. 3.The earth (go)round the sun. 4.My sister always (help)me 5.people (use) internet for getting information.
1.My father (buy)me a new mobile yesterday. 2.The light (go)out while he was reading. 3.They (visit)many places last year. 4.I (be)a student in 2000.
1.I (study)very hard this term. 2.Our team (play)a big match next month 3.You certainly(pass)the test 4.They (buy)a new house in Salwa.
1.Look! My brother (dive)in the sea. 2.my mother(decorate)her room now. 3.we(work)in a new company at present. 4.They (watch)a film at the moment. 5.listen! the bell(ring)
1.While the people (sleep)the enemy invaded the city. 2.when they reached home I (prepare)lunch. 3.He broke his leg as he (climb)the stairs. 4.while I(watch)tv I heard a loud cry.
1 My brother (leave)Kuwait for three months. 2.They already (do)their project work . 3.Merit (be)here since 2000. 4.Amani just (receive)an email from her friend .
1.We (wait)here since two o'clock. 2.I (play) for three hours 3.It (rain) for a long time. 4. They (stay)here since my childhood
1.Salma (buy) a bunch of flowers before she went to see her friend.

2.By the time they reached the station the train (leave)...

3. The patient (die).....when the doctor arrived.

Simple Present Tense

(Rule:he.she.it + v + s\es They.we.you.l+v(infinitive) Key words: always, usually, Seldom,rarely,often)

Simple Past Tense

(Rule: he.she.it\they.we.you.l+v2 Key words:last-month,week, Year,yesterday,in2000, Past dates)

Simple Future

(Rule: she.he.it\they.we.you.I+ will+v1
Key words:tomorrow,next day,
Next month,coming year)

Present Continuous

(Rule: she.he.it+is+v+ing They.we.you+are+v+ing i+am+v+ing Key words: now, at present, at the moment, look!, listen!)

Past Continuous

(Rule: she.he.it/i+was+v+ing They.we.you+were+v+ing, Key words: while, when, as)

Present Perfect

(Rule: she.he.it+has+v3 They.we.you/i+have+v3 key words: for, since, yet, just, already)

Present Perfect Continuous

Rule: He.She .lt+has+been+V(ing). They.We,You,I+have+been+v(ing) key words: for, since, all day

Past Perfect

(Rule: he.she.it/they.we.you +had v3 Key words: before, after, by the time)

Unit 1 The law Lessons 1-2

(SB. Pages: 12-13)

Date:



New Vocabulary

		New vocabulary	
English wo	ords	Definitions	Arabic meanings
adoption	n.	the action of legally taking another's child and bring it up as one's own	
civil	adj.	relating to private relations between members of a community	
code of law	n.	a set of rules and standards adhered by a society	
consultation	n.	the process of formally consulting or discussing	
define	v.	to state or describe exactly t he nature, scope or meaning of	
enforce	v.	to put into practice / to carry out	
govern	v.	to control	
guilty	adj.	responsible for a crime	
impose	v.	to require a duty, charge, or penalty to be undertaken or paid	
innocent	adj.	not guilty of a crime or offense	
judiciary	n.	the judicial authorities of a country; judges collectively	
jury	n.	group of people in court who decide whether someone is guilty	
legal	adj.	appointed or required by the law	
penalty	n.	a punishment imposed for breaking a law	
persuasion	n.	a belief or set of beliefs	0
principle	n.	rule / belief	04
property	n.	something valuable which belongs to someone	

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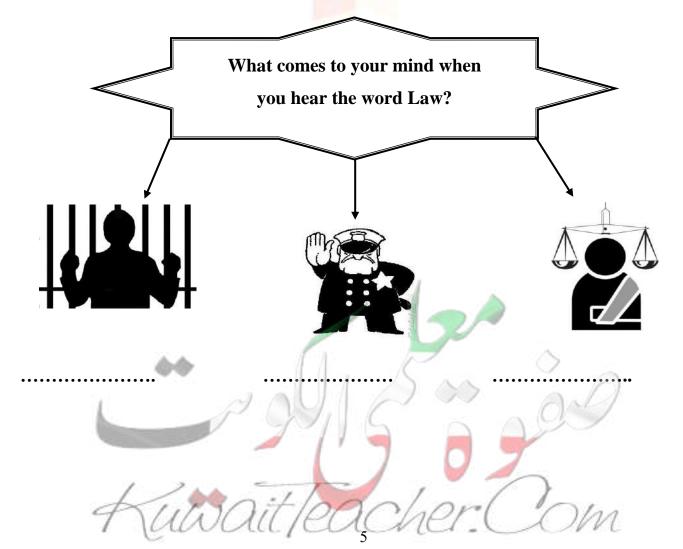
Hadiya Seconda	ry Scho	ol for Girls Grade 12	1 st T	erm 2022-23	Madleen Nabi
prove	v.	to show that something is true by profacts, information etc.	viding		
tolerant	adj.	showing willingness to allow the exi of opinions or behaviors	stence		
violence	n.	the unlawful exercise of physical force	e		
welfare	n.	the health, happiness, and fortunes person or group	of a		

From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

- 1. People usually resort to...... actions when they have disputes with others.
- a) legal

- b) innocent
- c) guilty
- d) tolerant
- 2. Some teachers find it so difficult to any sort of discipline on irresponsible students.
- a) prove
- b) enforce
- c) govern
- d) define
- 3. Family tensions and conflicts may lead toamong children.
- a) violence
- b) persuasion
- c) welfare
- d) property
- 4. After..... with the general manager, we've decided to hire more tough employees as soon as possible.
- a) penalty
- b) jury

- c) consultation
- d) violence



Unit one

Date: Lessons 4-5 (SB. Pages: 14-15)

New Vocabulary

It-		itew vocasoiary	
English	words	Definitions	Arabic meanings
bench	n.	 A long seat for many people made of wood or stone. A seat in Parliament for politicians of a specified party or position. 	
brief	n. & adj.	 A digest or synopsis of a larger document or group of documents. An outline or summary of a book. 	
case	n.	A legal actionA flat container, typically made of leather, for putting belongings in it.	
defence	n.	 The action of defending from or resisting attack. The counsel for the defendant in a lawsuit 	
handcuffs	n.	A pair of lockable linked metal rings for securing a prisoner's wrists	
note	n. & v.	 A brief record of facts, topics An official letter sent from the representative of one government to another. 	
prosecute	v.	To institute legal proceedings against a person or organization.	
row	v.&n	 To propel a boat with oars Things or people that are arranged in a line 	
spring	n.&v	 A resilient metal coil used especially for cushioning and in clockwork. The season of the year between winter and summer. To move or jump suddenly 	



Unit 1-Legal Disputes

Date: Lessons 7-8 (SB. Pages: 16-17)

New Vocabulary

English w	ords	Definitions	Arabic meanings
claim	v.	To state or assert that something is the case, typically without providing evidence or proof	
clog up	ph.v	To prevent things from being dealt with as quickly as usual	
contend	v.	To assert something as a position in an argument	
grievance	n.	An official statement of complaint over something believed to be unfair	
in favour of	exp.	To the advantage of	
intend	v.	To have a course of action as one's purpose or objective / plan	
litigation	n.	The process of taking claims to a court law	
petty	adj.	Of little importance / trivial	
regardless	adv.	Without being affected by something	
residential area	n.	A part of a town that consists of private houses, with no offices or factories	
speed limit	n.	The fastest speed allowed by law on a particular piece of road	
sue	v.	To make a legal claim against someone	
Supporter	n.	Someone who agrees with a particular person, group, or plan	
ultimately	adv.	Finally, after everything else has been done or considered	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(intend / handcuffs / regardless / ultimately / in favour of)

- 1. The police officer put..... on the two men and led them away.
- 2. We will start our project.....all the financial problems we have nowadays.
- 3. If you to study abroad, there are some procedures you must follow.
- 4. The majority of parliament voted......the prohibition of smoking in public areas.

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2. What are the advantages and disadvantage problems?	es of taking courts as the first port for solvin
Pros (Advantages)	Cons (Disadvantages)
4. How should motorists who break the spee	ed limits in residential areas be punished?

Unit 1-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a ,b , c and d choose the correct word:

a) grievances	b) benches	c) supporters	d) rows
2. Safety measures are	usuallywho	en a natural calamity oc	curs.
a) proven	b) imposed	c) defined	d) prosecuted
3. Honesty is the most	important	in social relationships.	
a) principle	b) property	c) penalty	d) welfare

4. The delay of sending our orders in due time will make us.....you in court.

1. A special committee has been appointed to handle prisoners'.....

a) prove b) govern c) prosecute d) contend

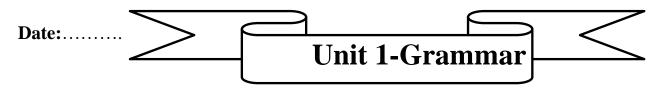
5. Thelaw deals with people's arguments and problems.

•1.	1 \ • •1		15.
a) guilty	b) civil	c) tolerant	d) innocent

B: Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(adoption / prove / enforced / judiciary / tolerant / petty)

6. Law mustn't betowards people who break the rules.
7 of other's children is strictly prohibited in Islam.
8.Students usually complain of somerules and restrictions their schools often
impose on them to set discipline.
9. They conducted many tests to the vaccine to be effective.
10.Theis the government branch dispensing justice all over the country.



1. Present perfect simple and continuous:

1. Present Perfect Simple:

Form:

Has / Have + v.3

Key Words:

[never - ever - recently - for - since - yet - already - just]

We use the present perfect simple to talk about:

- 1- The fact that something happened in the past:
 - I've already painted the wall.
- 2- A past experience or achievement with a definite result in the present:
 - I've broken my leg which means I can't go skiing this year.
 - I've passed my driving test, so I can borrow his car next week.
- 3- How long something has happened
 - I've been at this school for four years/ since I was eleven years old.

Examples:

- I have already done my homework. (Positive sentence)

I have not done my homework yet. (Negative sentence)

- What have you done? (Question)

2-Present Perfect Continuous:

Form:

Has / Have + been + v.+ ing

Key Words:

[for – since – all - whole]

We use the present perfect continuous to talk about:

- 1- An activity which continues over a length of time:
 - They have been playing football for three hours.
 - She's been writing letters since morning.
- 2- To stress the length of time an activity has taken:
 - She's been training to be a doctor for six years.
- 3- An activity which may not completed:
 - Nawal has been writing her economics essay all morning.
 (She probably hasn't finished writing it yet.)
- 4- An activity which is repeated over a period of time:
 - The police have been interviewing people all week.
 - We've been playing tennis this week.

Since & For

<u>Since</u> is followed with a specific time. <u>For</u> is followed by a length of time.

1999

→ ages



Examples:

- I have lived here for last two years.
- I have been living here since 2014.

A-From a,b,c and d choose the correct answer:

1. I have not had a good	d meal	ages.	
a) at	o) since	c) for	d) on
2. We have not been all	owed to park here	199	98.
a) for	o) since	c) just	d) yet
3. They have been play:	ing football	last coupl	e of hours.
,	o) since	, ,	d) already
4. Nabil has never chan			met him.
	o) ago	c) for	d) yet
5. I a			
a) have been making	b) made	c) has made	d) makes
B-From a, b, and c	choose the co	rrect answe	r as required:
$1\text{-}\mathbf{I}$ (prepare) lunch for	three hours no <mark>w.</mark>		(Correct the verb)
a- I prepared lunch for th	ree hours now.		
b- I has prepared lunch f	or three hours now	'.	
c- I have been preparing	lunch for three ho	urs now.	
2-I have been swimming	since I was five y	ears old.	(Ask a question)
a- How long you have bee	en swimming?		
b- How long have you be	en swimming?		
c- How much have you be	een swimming?		
3-I have already finished	d the annual repo	rt.	(Make negative)
a- I did not finish the ann	ual report.	/ 1	<i>P</i>
b-I have not finished the a	annual report yet.		
c- I have not already finish	hed the annual repo	ort.	
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- 5. The police (question) all the neighbours all week long.
- (Correct the verb)

- a. The police questioned all the neighbours all week long.
- b. The police will question all the neighbours all week long.
- c. The police has been questioning all the neighbours all week long.
- 6. The police (question) three of his neighbours this morning.

(Correct the verb)

- a. The police questioned all the neighbours this morning.
- b. The police has questioned all the neighbours this morning.
- c. The police has been questioning all the neighbours this morning.

2. Connectors of contrast and comparison:

But, although, However, whereas, on the other hand, instead of, in comparison with

Examples:

- My sister is good at English **but** I'm good at Arabic.
- <u>Although</u> I got up early, I couldn't catch the bus.
- She is doing her best to satisfy me. **However**, I don't trust her.
- Whereas my friends enjoy going to the cinema, I prefer staying at home.
- Policemen arrest criminals. On the other hand, lawyers prosecute them.
- <u>Instead of</u> taking a taxi, we can go on foot.
- May I have milk **instead of** tea?
- <u>In comparison with</u> alternative medicine, chemical medicine has side effects.

A-From a,b,c and d choose the correct answer:

	- 4		
1.	Travelling by	car is very cheap	, flying is much quicker.
a-	Instead of	b-On the other har	d c-In comparison with d- Wherea
2.		complaining	, why don't we start studying hard?
	Instead of	b-But	c-Whereas d- In comparison with

		ool for Girls				Madleen Nabil
		yed very well				1 . 6
a-	However	b- Whereas	C-A	Although	d- Inst	ead of
4.	Some people staying in Ku	enjoy spending thei	ir holidays i	in Europe	oth	ers prefer
b-	• •	n b- instead of	C- '	whereas	d- alt	hough
		fossil fuels produ b- In compariso		air pollution, c-Inste	•	s clean. d- But
		nt alone b- in spite		_		omparison
		other sports b- In compariso				- Instead of
8.	In Kuwait, sur	nmer is too hot,		winter is	cold.	
a-	in comparison	with b- altho	ough	c- instead of	f d	- whereas
9.		.life nowadays, life	a century a	igo was quite	hard.,	
a-	In comparison	with b- But		c- Whereas	d- How	vever
10.	c	omplaining, we sho	<mark>uld</mark> do som	ething about	the problem o	f pollution.
a-	But	b- However		c-Instead of	d-Whe	reas
11	l	I don't have much	time for ho	bbies, I enjog	y drawing and	painting.
a-	Although	b- Instead of	c- On	the other har	nd d- How	vever
12.	Taking the sta	irs	the lift	can help you	maintain heal	thy muscles.
a-v	whereas	b- but	c- on the o	ther hand	d ins	tead of
B-Fron	m a , b, and	c choose the cor	rect answ	er as requi	ired:	
1-Your	ig people are f	fond of surfing the	Internet.	They don't r	ead books.	
				(Join	n using instea	d of)
a- Instea	ad of reading b	ooks, young people	are fond of	f surfing the l	Internet.	
b- Instea	ad of young pe	ople are fond of sur	fing the Int	ernet, they do	on't read book	S.
		ople don't read boo		- A		
2- Wed	ding in the pa	st was cheap. Wed	ding today	is very expe	ensive.	
	-		11 2	/(sing In comp	arison with)
a- In co	mparison with	wedding in the past	, wedding t	1 99	ALL	(((((((((((((((((((

c-Wedding in the past was cheap in comparison with wedding today is very expensive.

b-In comparison with wedding in the past was cheap, wedding today is very expensive.

Hadiya Secondary School for Girls 3- All of my sisters are doctors. I am a teach	Grade 12 1st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabil (Join using whereas)
a- All of my sisters are doctors, whereas I am	n a teacher.
b- I am whereas a teacher, all of my sisters	are doctors.
c- All of my sisters are doctors, I am a teache	er whereas.
Language f	functions
Giving Opinion	
a – In my opinion, c- As I see it ,	b- I think, d- I believe
Obligation a must / mustn't [V1] cshould / shouldn't e Ought to	b- not allowed to d- has / have to [have /has got to]
Intention a. I intend to/ I've decided t b. I'm going to c. I'm planning to d. I want to	50
Write what you would say in th	e following situations:
Write what you would say in th 1. Some motorists never stick to the speed	
	limits.
1. Some motorists never stick to the speed	limits.
 Some motorists never stick to the speed Your friend thinks that life in future will 	limits. Il be easier . a license .
1. Some motorists never stick to the speed 2- Your friend thinks that life in future will 3-Your brother is driving his car without a 4- Someone asks you about your future pla	limits. Il be easier . a license .
1. Some motorists never stick to the speed 2- Your friend thinks that life in future will 3-Your brother is driving his car without a 4- Someone asks you about your future pla Translate into English:-	limits. Il be easier . a license . ans after leaving school.
1. Some motorists never stick to the speed 2- Your friend thinks that life in future will 3-Your brother is driving his car without a 4- Someone asks you about your future pla Translate into English:-	limits. Il be easier . a license .
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1. Some motorists never stick to the speed 2- Your friend thinks that life in future wil 3-Your brother is driving his car without a 4- Someone asks you about your future pla Translate into English:-	limits. Il be easier . a license . ans after leaving school.
1. Some motorists never stick to the speed 2- Your friend thinks that life in future wil 3-Your brother is driving his car without a 4- Someone asks you about your future pla Translate into English:-	الساواة للد وجود قانون عادل يكفل العدالة و المساواة للد المساواة الد

Date	Unit 1-Writing	. Expository

Laws are the rules that guide human actions. They play a very important role in making the lives of people living together organised.

In not less than 14 sentences (160) words, plan and write an essay **about why laws are important** and **how our lives be without laws.**

Outline Introduction

Body:			•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
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Unit 2 Migration

Date : Lessons : 1-2 (SB. Pages 18-19)





New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
afford	v.	to provide something or allow something to happen	
boom	n.	increase in business	
decimate	v.	to destroy a large part of something	
deteriorate	v.	to become wor <mark>se</mark>	
emigrate	v.	to leave your own country in order to live in another country.	
famine	n.	a situation in which a large number of people have little or no food	
foreign	from or related to a country that is		
hard-pressed adj.		having a lot of problems and not enough money or time.	
high-tech	adj.	using advanced technology.	
necessitate	v.	to make it necessary for you to do something	
seek	v.	to try to achieve or get something.	
Unfortunately	adv.	used when you are mentioning a fact that you wish were not true.	

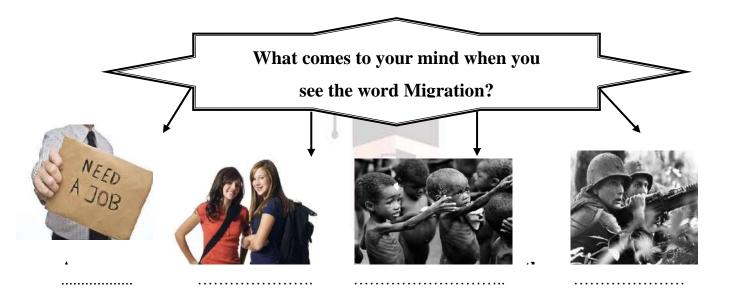


Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(afford / deteriorate / boom / seek / hard-pressed \ high-tech)

- 1-When oil was discovered in the Gulf Region, a high in their economy started.
- 2- Young people, nowadays, good jobs in the private sector.
- 3- Many colleges now havelibraries and wired dormitories.
- 4. My grandpa's health began to.....seriously despite the maximum medical care.
- 5- The latest education reforms have put extra pressure on teachers who are already.......

Answer the following questions:-





- few services
- lack of job opportunities
- unhappy life
- poor transport links
- natural disasters
- wars
- shortage of food

- access to services
- better job opportunities
- more entertainment facilities
- better transport links
- improved living conditions
- hope for a better way of life
- family links

Date:

Unit: 2 / Lessons: 4:5

(SB. Pages 20-21)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
disgruntled	adj.	annoyed or disappointed as things haven't happed in the way one wanted	
displace	v.	to make a group of people or animals have to leave the place where they normally live	
mass	adj.	involving or intended for a very large number of people	
meticulous	adj.	very careful about small details, and making sure that everything is done correctly.	
migrant	n.	someone who goes to live in another area or country, especially to find work.	
obliterate	v.	to destroy something completely so that nothing remains.	
perturbed	adj.	worried about something that has happened or will happen	
resort	n.	a place where a lot of people go for holidays.	
rift	n.	a crack or a narrow opening in a large mass of rock.	

From a ,b , c and d choose the correct word:								
1. My friend is a design	. My friend is a designer known for his\herattention to details.							
a) disgruntled	b) mass EDU	c) meticulous	d) perturbed					
2. The building of a n	ew dam will	thousands of people	who live in this area.					
a) displace	b) obliterate	c) afford	d) seek					
3. The majority of the	world	.move to find a better life.						
a) rifts	b) resorts	c) famines	d) migrants					
4. Al- Khiran	is a good pla	ace to go if you want to res	store your energy.					
a) rift	b) resort	c) famine	d) migrant					
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Ku	wait/ec	acher.C	Om					

Date :

Unit: 2/ Lessons: 7:8

SB (pages: 22 - 23)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
animated	adj.	show a lot of interest and energy	
arduous	adj.	involving a lot of strength and effort	
engage in	Ph.v.	to be involved in something that continues for a long time.	
major	adj.	very large or important	
minor	adj.	small and not very important or serious	
nervously	adv.	Anxiously	
rent	v.	to regularly pay money to live in a house or room that belong to someone else, or to use something that belong to someone else	
reside	v.	to live in a particular place	
strenuous adj.		needing a lot of effort or strength	
take a breather	exp.	take a brief pause for rest	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

Unit 2-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

1 4	•	1 1	1	. 1	1 4 6	, •
1. A	.1S a	place where 1	people can	enjoy al	l sorts of rec	reations.

- a) rift
- b) migrant
- c) famine
- d) resort
- 2. Many young people.....from poor countries, looking for better working conditions.
 - a) afford
- b) emigrate
- c) displace
- d) reside
- 3. Salma's doctor advised her not to take any.....exercise for a week.
- a) strenuous
- b) meticulous
- c) disgruntled
- d) mass
- 4. Learning a foreign language.....hard and permanent study to master it.
 - a) decimates
- b) obliterates
- c) necessitates
- d) deteriorates
- 5. The communication industry is enjoying anowadays.
- a) resort
- b) famine
- c) boom
- d) migrant

B: Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(reside / famine / mass / major / displaced / unfortunately)

- 6--Many people in Somalia starve to death in the So the WHO should take serious steps to alleviate their plight.
- 7--Global Warming is a problem facing the world nowadays.
- 8--Wealthy people normally in very luxurious areas .
- 9-I was at the airport in time, however our flight,..... was cancelled due to the bad weather.
- 10- The Tsunami killed thousands of people andmany others.

1)Simple Past and Past Perfect

Form:

Had / 'd + past participle

KEY WORDS

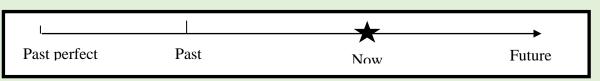
[once - after - because - by date -as soon as - till] (had+ PP) + past simple

[when - before - by the time] past simple + past perfect(had+ PP)

Use:

1-To describe the first of two events in the past.

- I had spoken to Mr. Johnson before the meeting began.
- After Mona had graduated from the university, she travelled abroad.





2-Talk about a situation, state, feeling or action in the past:

* Hussein felt nervous because he had never flown before.

(Hussein was nervous at some point in the past. The reason he was nervous was that he had not flown before this point in time.)



25

1. The game had already begun (already / begin) when we turned (turn) on the

Complete with the Past Perfect or Past Simple.

3. After I (seem) easier.	(leave). (talk) :	to my teacher, every	
A.From a,b,a a	nd d choose the	e correct answ	ver:
1- Ia) had		ime my father arri	
2- After I had eaten in a) had slept	my lunch, I b) slept		d) has slept
3- She had answered a) before	all the questions b) as soon as		
4	he had finished his b) Before		
5- Many people had a) has	_		e ofhardships. d) having
6. You have never lival a) have you		? c) do you	
7. The kids had had tag a) don't they		? c) hadn't the	ey d) didn't they
8. Nabil couldn't ma a) had forgotten		use he, c) has forgotten	to buy bread. d) have forgotten
9- The ship had recei	ived many warnings b) once	it hit c) after	iceberg. d) before
10. I had already eater a) visits by	en my food when my) visited c) l	. J. Dari	d) visit

B-From a, b, and c choose the correct answer as required:

1-Olivia had begun practicing sport before she lost a lot of weight.

(Rewrite using: after)

- a-Olivia had begun practicing sport after she lost a lot of weight.
- b-After Olivia had begun practicing sport, she lost a lot of weight.
- c- After Olivia lost a lot of weight, she had begun practicing sport.

2- The dangerous thief had escaped. The police arrived.

(Join using: before)

- a-Before the dangerous thief had escaped, the police arrived.
- b-The police arrived before the dangerous thief had escaped.
- c- Before the police arrived, the dangerous thief had escaped.

3-By the end of the fourth day, we (exhaust) most of our rations. (Correct the verb)

- a- By the end of the fourth day, we **exhaust** most of our rations.
- b- By the end of the fourth day, we will exhaust most of our rations.
- c- By the end of the fourth day, we had exhausted most of our rations.

4- By the time Mary (come) home, the kids had arrived and were sleeping in her rooms.

(Correct the verb)

- a-By the time Mary came home, the kids had arrived and were sleeping in her rooms.
- b- By the time Mary had come home, the kids had arrived and were sleeping in her rooms.
- c- By the time Mary has come home, the kids had arrived and were sleeping in her rooms.

5- Omar had written 5 letters ,..... (Add question tag)

- a- Omar had written 5 letters, isn't he?
- b-Omar had written 5 letters, hasn't he?

c-Omar had written 5 letters, hadn't he?



Blame

a-I blame you...
c-How could you ?

- b- It's your fault.
- d- You are to blame.

Release from Blame

- a-That's OK. / all right
- c- Never mind.
- e-Forget it.

- b- It doesn't matter.
- d- Don't worry.

Write what you would say in the following situations:

1. Your brother didn't drive so carefully, so he had a terrible accident.
2. One of your friends neither studies hard nor respects school rules.
3. Your brother wants to take his mobile phone to school and this is not allowed.
4. Your sister says "Sorry! I have damaged your car"
Translate into English:
- تحدث الهجرة الجماعية لأسباب عديدة منها الحروب الأهلية والكوارث الطبيعية.
. بعد اكتشاف النفط والاز دهار الاقتصادي هاجر العديد <mark>من</mark> العمال المهرة الي منطقه الخليج العربي.
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Date :	Jnit 2 -Writing. Expository
Nowadays, more people are migrating to	other countries than ever before for many reasons
Plan and write an essay of not less than I	14 sentences (160 words) discussing the reasons
for migration and the benefits of migra	
<u>Outli</u>	<u>ne</u>
Introduction	
Body:	
	
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H)	UGATE
Paragraph2	
Conclusion	
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Hadiya Secondary School for Girls	Grade 12 Your Topic	1 st Term 2022-23	Madleen Nabil
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Unit 3 Human values

Date: Lessons: 1-2 (SB. Pages. 24-25)





New Vocabulary

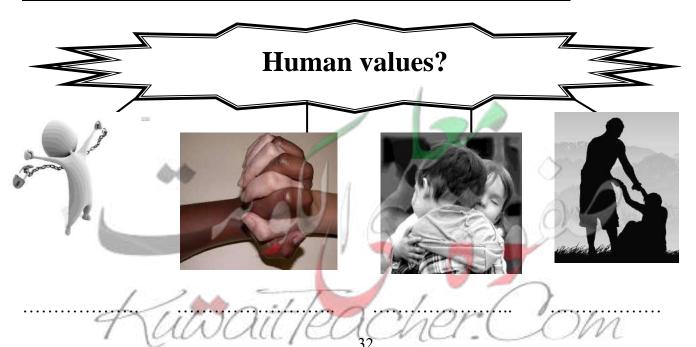
English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
abuse	n.	cruel and violent treatment of a person	
anthropologist	n.	a person who studies people, their societies, cultures, etc	
apparent	adj.	clearly visible or understood	
attribute	n.	a feature regarded as a characteristic or inherent part of someone or something	
charitable	adj.	relating to the assistance of those in need	
compassion	n.	sympathetic pity and concern for the sufferings or misfortunes of others	
discrimination	the unjust treatment of different		
diversity n. the state of being diverse / variety / a range of different things.			
empathy	n.	the ability to understand and share the feelings of others.	
ethnographer	n.	a person whose job is to describe the customs of individual peoples and cultures	
impulse	n.	a sudden strong and unreflective urge to act	
incapable	adj.	not able to do something.	
inevitable	adj.	certain to happen / unavoidable	
legislation	n.	laws, considered collectively	

Hadiya Secondary	School fo	or Girls Grade 12	1 st 7	Гегт 2022-23	Madleen Nab
liberty	n.	the state of being free with oppressiv restrictions from the society	e		
minority	n.	the smallest number or part			
overview	n.	general review or summary of a subj	ect		
tolerance	n.	the ability or willingness to accept something.			
universal	adj.	dj. applicable to all cases.			
value n.&v		a person's principles or standards of behavior to consider(someone or something)to be important)		
From a,b,c	and d	choose the correct word:			
1.The handicapp	ed peop	ole should be treated with		••	
a) compassion		h) values c) minoriti	es	4)	attributes

a) compassion	b) values	c) minorities	d) attributes
2. People often have to	fight for their		
a) impulse	b) anthropologist	c) discrimination	d) liberty
3. We should donate pa	rt of our income <mark>to.</mark>	causes.	
a) incapable	b) charitable	c) universal	d) inevitable
4. She teaches the child	lren to tolerate p <mark>eople</mark> of otl	her cultures and even to	appreciate the

- 4. She teaches the children to tolerate people of other cultures and even to appreciate theof our world.
- a) overview
- b) diversity
- c) abuse
- d) minority
- 5. The bride's happiness was..... to all guests attending the wedding ceremony.
- a) inevitable
- b) incapable
- c) apparent
- d) universal

* What words come to your mind when you think about:



Answer the following questions:

1- Why are human values important?				

2-Give examples of the Universal Human Values.



3- From where do our human values spring?

4- From your point of view, what are the merits of identifying universal human value?

5- Freedom means that you can do whatever you want to do? Do you agree ?Why?

.....

6- How does the government of Kuwait protect the basic human rights?

7- What does compassion, as a human value, mean to you?

Date: Unit: 3 The Kuwait Red Crescent Society

Lesson: 3

Workbook (Pages 16 -17)





New Vocabulary

English w	vords	Definitions	Arabic meanings
aftermath	n.	the consequences of an event	
deploy	v.	to put something to use	
ethnicity	n.	ethnic affiliation o <mark>r distinctive</mark> ness.	
hardship	n.	difficulty or suffering caused by a lack of something esp. money	
voluntary	adj.	done or given freely with no promise of money or other recompense strongly	
vulnerable	susceptible to physical or emotional		

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

1	voluntory	/ hardshin /	/ doploy	oftermath \	vulnoroblo	١
l	voiumary	/ hardship /	/ ueproy /	antermatii	vuillerable,	,

- 1- The whole world has been experiencing a period of financial.....
- 2-Since retiring from the company, my friend has donework for a charity.
- 3- Many more people died in the......of the explosion.
- 4. My job doesn't really allow me fully tomy skills and talents.

What is KRCS →	
KRCS depends on _	

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Answer	the	fol	lowing	questions:

1)What are the aims of KRCS?	
2)How should the red crescent volunteer be?	
3) From your point of view, how can we encourage people to donate and help the poor?	
4) Why do you prefer to be a volunteer?	

Date: Unit: 3 Human rights and values

Lessons: 4:5 (SB: Pages: 26-27)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
aggressive	adj.	ready or likely to attack or confront; characterized by or resulting from hostile or violent behavior	
compassionately	adv.	sympathetically	
cry over the spilt milk	Idiom	to regret something after it is too late	
enfranchisement	n.	giving a group of people the right to vote	
extravagant	adj.	exceeding what is reasonable or appropriate / absurd	
frail	adj.	weak and delicate	
over a barrel	Idiom	in a helpless position	
over the hill	Idiom	old and past one's prime	

Hadiya Secondary Sc.	Term 2022-23	Madleen Nabil		
over the top	Idiom	to an excessive or exaggerated degree		
suffrage	n.	the right to vote in political elections		
tide someone over	Idiom	help out, assist, aid		

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(frail/over the top/aggressive/suffrage/over a barrel)

- 1-Universal.....is the right of all adults to vote or to be members of the parliaments of their countries.
- 2- The decoration for Sara's birthday party was...... It's really a waste of money.
- 3- My uncle intends to retire this year as he is so old and
- 4. My daughter got me...., and I had to do what she said.

Date :	Unit: 3 A huma	nitarian	appeal
T	7.0	(CD D	20.20

Lessons: 7:8 (SB: Pages: 28-29)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
alleviate	v.	to make (suffering, deficiency, or a problem) less severe	
appeal	n.	a serious or urgent request	
avert	v.	to prevent or ward off (an undesirable occurrence)	
campaign	n.	an organized course of action to achieve a particular goal	
commitment	n.	an engagement or obligation that restricts freedom of action	
dire	adj.	extremely serious or urgent	
donate	v.	to give (money or goods) for a good cause, for example to a charity	
extensive	adj.	large in size, amount or degree	
humanitarian	adj.	concerned with or seeking to promote human welfare	

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Hadiya Secondary Sc	hool for	r Girls Grade 12	1 st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabi
in leaps and bounds	exp.	rapidly, swiftly	
underprivileged	adj.	deprived of many of the rights	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(donate / humanitarian / campaign / avert \ dire)

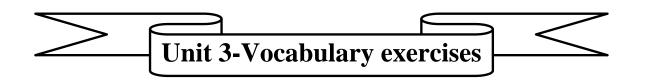
- 1- The organization has launched a/an.....to raise money for charity.
- 2- My family used toa large sum of money to the Red Cresent society every year.
- 3- Some prisoners have been released for.....reasons.
- 4. Efforts are being made to......war and find a diplomatic solution.



Answer the following questions:-

1) Why should people help each other for the sake of ending one's suffering?	
EDUGATE	
2) Donation can be performed in different ways. Explain.	





A. From a , b , c , and d choose the correct word:

Social distancing is	recommended to	the spread of C	COVID-!9.
donate	b) displace	c) avert	d) alleviate
My grandfather has	become too old and	to live alone	
aggressive	b) extravagant	c) apparent	d) frail
Minorities should be	e protected against abuse an	ndworldw	vide by effective
legislation.			
commitment	b) suffrage	e) discrimination	d) empathy
Her English has imp	proved	this year.	
over the top	b) over the hill c) i	n leaps and bounds	d) over a barrel
Children from a/an.	family <mark>bac</mark> kgrour	nd are statistically m	ore likely to become
involved in crimes.			
involved in crimes.			
	donate My grandfather has aggressive Minorities should be legislation. commitment Her English has impover the top Children from a/an.	donate b) displace My grandfather has become too old and	My grandfather has become too old andto live alone aggressive b) extravagant c) apparent Minorities should be protected against abuse andworldw legislation. commitment b) suffrage c) discrimination Her English has improvedthis year. over the top b) over the hill c) in leaps and bounds Children from a/anfamily background are statistically m

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{anthropologist /appeal /alleviate /aggressive /charitable /compassionately /value}

6. I reallyyour contribution to raise my living standard.
7. Handicapped persons should be treatedto restore them to normal life.
8.We shouldthe poor's dire problems by giving them a hand regularly.
9.My ambition is to be anto study people, their societies, customs, etc.
10people usually behave in a violent and cruel way.
11. The police issued a/anto the public to stay away from the centre of the
town.

Date :	
	Focus on
Answer the following	g questions.
1) What kind of person	does it take to become a successful diplomat?
2)What are the aims of	the foreign Diplomat Institute in Kuwait?
Translate the followi	ng sentences:
ن في مجموعة من القيم	ملي الرغم من اختلاف الثقافات واللغات إلا أن البشر في شتي <mark>أنحا</mark> ء الأرض يشتركور
	تسامح والصدق والرحمة
	EDUGATE
محتاجين داخل الكويت وخارجها	- تعتبر جمعية الهلال الأحمر الكويتية منظمة غير حكومية تهدف إلي مساعدة الد
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English Grammar

Conditionals



CONDITION



ZERO conditional If you stand in the rain, you get wet. If you heat ice,

PRESENT SIMPLE

PRESENT SIMPLE

USES: Facts which are generally true or scientific facts The condition always has the same result

FIRST conditional If it rains, If you study, we will cancel the trip. you will pass the exam.

PRESENT SIMPLE

(+)

WILL / WON'T + VERB

USES: A possible situation in the future

Predicting a likely result in the future (if the condition happens)

SECOND conditional If I won the lottery, I would travel a lot. If they sold their house, they would be rich.

PAST SIMPLE



WOULD + VERB

USES: Hypothetical or unlikely situations

Unreal or improbable situation now or in the future

THIRD conditional If you had studied, If I hadn't been sick, you would have passed the exam. I would have gone to your party.

PAST PERFECT

+ WOULD HAVE + PAST PARTICIPLE

USES: The person is imagining a different past

Imaginary situation that did not happen

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BE CAREFUL! The adverb

should not be

and the object.

put between the verb



Adverbs of Manner



...tell us **how** something happens. They are usually placed after the main verb or after the object.

Examples:

He swims well, (after the main verb)

He ran... rapidly, slowly, quickly..

She spoke... softly, loudly, aggressively...

James coughed loudly to attract her attention.

He plays the flute beautifully. (after the object)

He ate the chocolate cake greedily.

Examples: He ate greedily the chocolate cake [incorrect] He ate the chocolate cake greedily. [correct]

Irregular adverbs

adjective	adverb
good	well
fast	fast
hard	hard
late	late
early	early

A.From a,b,c and d choose the correct answer:

1.If I had kno	wn your address, I	you to n	ny birthday p	party.
a) will invi	ite b) would invite	c) invited	d) would	l have invited
2. If I have fr	ree time, I	some exe	rcises daily.	
a) will do	b) would do	c) had done	d) would	have done
3	the players do their	best, the team wi	ill definitely	win the match.
a) If	b) Unless	c) While	d) A	.S
4. Heba wou	ıld have told you the tr	uth if you		her.
a) has aske	ed b) had asked	c) asked	d) asks	
5. If you	the doctor presc	ription, you woul	d have recov	vered fast.
a) has foll	lowed b) had fol	llowed c) fo	llowed	d) follows
6. Reem plan	ned her trip to Canada	very		
a) carefully	y b) careful	c) more careful	d) mos	st careful
7. Jim painted	d the kitchen	I think	he should ch	nange it.
a) worse	b) worst	c) badly	d) bac	1
8- Everybody	v enjoys Emily's singir	ng. She sings	····.	
a) beautiful	b) more beauti	ful c) bea	autifully	d) most beautiful
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B.	·F	rom	a,	b,	and	\mathbf{c}	choose	the	correct	answer	as	req	uire	d:

- - a- If Tom has time, he will go out with his friends.
 - b- If Tom has time, he would go out with his friends.
 - c- If Tom has time, he would have gone out with his friends.

2- If Ayman (not eat) so much food at the party, he wouldn't have become so ill.

(Correct the verb)

- a- If Ayman doesn't eat so much food at the party, he wouldn't have become so ill.
- b- If Ayman didn't eat so much food at the party, he wouldn't have become so ill.
- c- If Ayman hadn't eaten so much food at the party, he wouldn't have become so ill.
- 3- Merit knows the road (good). She doesn't need to use the navigation . (Correct)
 - a- Merit knows the road well. She doesn't need to use the navigation .
 - b- Merit knows the road better. She doesn't need to use the navigation.
 - c- Merit knows the road **the best**. She doesn't need to use the navigation.

4-If I were a scientist, I (discover) cures for all diseases.

(Correct the verb)

- a- If I were a scientist, I discovered cures for all diseases.
- b- If I were a scientist, I would discover cures for all diseases.
- c- If I were a scientist, I would have discovered cures for all diseases.

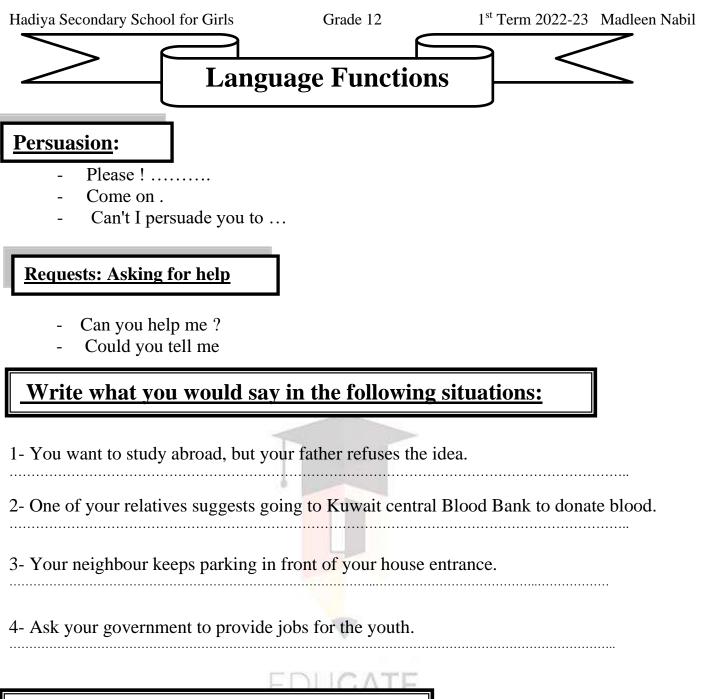
5-Adel didn't call the mechanic, so he didn't have his car repaired. (Begin with If)

- a- If Adel didn't call the mechanic, he didn't have his car repaired.
- b-If Adel had called the mechanic, he would have had his car repaired.
- c-If Adel calls the mechanic, he will have his car repaired.

6- Emily spends her free time in a more effective way than I do.

(Use effectively)

- a-Emily spends her free time more effectively than I do.
- b- Emily spends her free time more in effectively than I do.
- c- Emily spends her free time in a more effectively than I do.



Translate into English:-

Date:	Unit 3-Writing	. Expository
_ **** * ******************************		,·

No human life is possible without values. Families, teachers and educational programs are crucial for value education which starts from families and continues at schools with the help of educators.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) stating the importance of human values and ways to help the needy.

Outline

Introduction	
Body:	
•	
Paragraph2	
	EDUGATE
Conclusion	
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Unit 4 The Earth at risk

Date :	Lessons: 1-2	(SB. Pages 34:35)
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New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
climate	n.	weather conditions in an area over a period of time	
desertification	n.	the process by which fertile land becomes desert	
erode	v.	to destroy slowly	
graze	v.	to put animals in a field to eat grass	
harsh	adj.	unpleasantly rough	
increasingly	adv.	increasing over time	
kill off	v.	to destroy something utterly or destroy the remaining members of a group	
overcultivate	v.	to plant too much, more than you should	
permanently	adv	lastingly EDUGATE	
precipitate	v.	to cause an event or situation to happen suddenly or undesirably	
productive	adj.	able to produce large amounts of goods, crops	
proportion	n.	a part, share, or number considered in comparative relation to a whole	
soil	n.	the top layer of the earth in which plants grow	
treacherous	adj.	hazardous because of presenting hidden dangers	\Diamond
unproductive	adj.	not producing or able to produce large amounts of goods, crops	
wash away	Ph.v	If water washes something away, it carries it away, usually with great force	
wildfire	n.	large, destructive forest, or brush-fire that spreads quickly	\rightarrow

From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

- 1- Many people were starving in Africa due to the......of their land.
 - a. desertification
- b. climate
- c. wildfire
- d. proportion
- 2- Snow and ice have left many roads......and motorists are warned to drive slowly.
 - a. voluntary
- b. unproductive
- c. treacherous
- d. productive
- 3- Unfortunately, pesticides.....beneficial insects as well as harmful ones.
 - a. graze

- b. precipitate
- c. overcultivate
- d. kill off
- 4-A largeof the world's population migrated to Canada in the early 20th century.
 - a. soil

- b. climate
- c. proportion
- d. wildfire











2-Mention some causes of desertification.	3-What are the results of desertification?	4-Suggest some solutions to solve this problem.
5- How does man affect	t the environment negatively	?
6- If you were the Earth	, what would you say to ma	ın?
7- What human activitie	es cause desertification?	
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Date :

unit 4 / Lessons. 4:5

(SB: Pages: 36:37)

New Vocabulary

English w	ords	Definitions	Arabic meanings
arid	adj.	having little or no rain, too dry or barren to support vegetation.	
atmosphere	n.	the mixture of gasses that surrounds the Earth	
equator	n.	an imaginary line drawn around the earth equally distant from both poles	
flooding	n.	an overflowing of a large amount of water beyond its normal confines	
forecasting	n.	a prediction of future events, esp. coming weather or a financial	
frigid	adj.	very cold in temperature	
humid	adj.	marked by a relatively high level of water vapor in the atmosphere	
misbehave	v.	to fail to conduct oneself in a way that is acceptable to others / behave badly	
planting	v.	to place a seed, bulb, or plant in the ground so that it can grow	
prevailing	adj.	widespread in a particular area at a particular time / current	
reclaim	v.	to bring under cultivation	

From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

1-The heavy rain has le	ed to serious	in some areas.	
a. atmosphere	b. forecasting	c. equator	d. flooding
2-Merit wore her hair i	in the	fashion and looked	even prettier.
a. arid	b. frigid	c. humid d.	. prevailing
3- Students have a tend	dency to	themselves at exa	m time.
a. reclaim	b. misbehave	c. graze	d. erode
4-The idea of weather.	develo	ped incredibly quickl	ly. ()
a. flooding	b. forecasting	c. atmosphere	d. equator
Kui	wait/ec	cher.C	Zom

Hadiya Secondary So	chool for Girls
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Grade 12

1st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabil

Date: Unit 4 / Lessons :7:8

(SB: Pages: 38:39)

New Vocabulary

English wo	rds	Definitions	Arabic meanings
curtail	v.	to reduce in extend or quantity, to impose a restriction on	
hurdle	n.	an obstacle or difficulty	
implement	v.	to put into effect	
intrinsic	adj.	belonging naturally, essential	
paucity	n.	the presence of something only in small or insufficient quantities or amount / scarcity	
preservation	n.	the action of maintaining something in its original or existing state	
prevail over	Ph.v	to prove more powerful than opposing forces / be victorious	
scarcity	n.	insufficiency; shortage	
spearhead	n.	an individual or group chosen to lead an attack or movement	
unwarranted	adj.	not justified or authorized	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

$(\ hurdle \ / \ implement \, / \ intrinsic \ / \ spearhead \setminus unwarranted \,)$

- 1-Getting a high score in the TOEFL exam is the major...... I have to overcome.
- 2-Speaking English fluently is a\an.....condition to get a good job.
- 3- If students.....the instructions of their teachers, they will get high marks.
- 4- Famous people need to be protected against such.....intrusions into their private lives by journalists.

Answer the following questions:

1.Mention some natural resources.

Air	Water	Sost	Trees	Forest
Waldiste	Coal	Petroleum	Natural Gas	Minerals

a......b......

c...... d......

2-What is the
importance of water?

3-Mention some ways of wasting water.

4-State some ways of consuming water less

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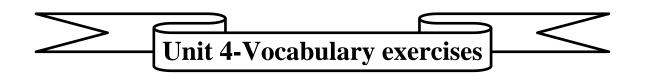
Writing

One of the most important issues of the twenty-first century is the scarcity of the fresh water that presents major hurdles to human development.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), Suggest how people can consume less water, and mention some ways to raise people's awareness towards saving water.

Outline Introduction..... **Body:** Paragraph1..... Paragraph2..... Conclusion.....

Hadiya Secondary School for Girls	Grade 12 Your Topic	1 st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabil
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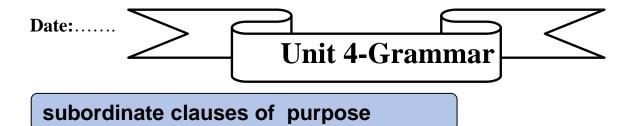
A. From a , b , c and d choose the correct word:

1-Fertile and productive	landsh	nould be the ultimate	e goal of all people
and governments.			
a) desertification	b) preservation	c) proportion	d) forecasting
2-Wastelands have to be	to increa	ase the land needed	for cultivation.
a) grazed	b) precipitated	c) reclaimed	d) killed off
3of fr	resh water is one of the mo	ost serious issues no	wadays.
a) Spearhead	b) Soil	c) Flooding	d) Scarcity
4the land n	nakes it poor, unproductiv	e and not suitable fo	or grazing cattle on it.
a) Misbehaving	b) Overcultivating	c) Planting	d) Reclaiming
5-The Iraqi invasion to I	Kuwait in 1990 <mark></mark> a v	ery serious political	crisis worldwide.
a) eroded	b) misbehaved	c) precipitated	d) grazed

B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{atmosphere/ graze/ curtail/ humid/ increasingly/ planting}

6-Neither Kuwaitis nor residents stand the weather in the summer as it's so hot
and
7-Smoke and gas from vehicles and factories pollute the earth's
8- Farmers normallycattle on their farms to get meat and dairy products.
9-We have tothe unwarranted consumption of water.
10.My grandfather is fond oftrees and flowers to beautify our garden.
Kuwait/eacher.Com



We use the following words and phrases to introduce explanations:		
In order to / to + infinitive	 Some people move to greener areas . Why? Some people move to greener areas in order to survive. Why are trees cut down? Trees are cut down to make more agricultural land. 	
Because + clause	 I am tired today because I didn't sleep well last night. We need to produce more food. Why? Because there are more people to feed, we need to produce more food. 	

subordinate clauses of result:

We use the following words and phrases to link actions with results (causes and effects):											
So that + clause: (can (in the present) could (in the past) + inf.) (cause)											
Be the cause of: (n) or (v) + ing.	Activities of human beings are often the real cause of desertification.										
With the result that + clause	Farmers tend to over cultivate their land, with the result that the soil becomes unproductive.										

Hadiya Secondary School for Girls	Grade 12	1 st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabil
To lead to: clause		n <u>lead to</u> greater pressure on the precious resource: Water.
So + sentences	I wanted to ta	ake some picture so I took my

English Study

Relative Clauses

It is used to give extra information about the nouns in the main clause, without starting another sentence. A **relative clause** starts with a relative pronoun.

who / that	Subject or object pronoun for people	That's the woman who bought my house.	
which / that	Subject or object pronoun for ANIMALS or THINGS	The horse which Mary was riding is very friendly and beautiful.	2
where	Refers to a PLACE	We found the wood where I used to go.	
when	Refers to a TIME expression	I will never forget the day when I graduated.	
whose	POSSESSION for people, animals and things	The mother whose child is missing is very sad.	

A- From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1.Peter climbed the tre	e	pick some orange	es.							
a. in order to	b. because	c. so	d. so that							
2.He worked hard	EDU	he might get hig	her marks.							
a. so that	b. because	c. to	d. in order to							
3ther	re are more people t	to feed, we need to p	produce more food							
a. To	b. Because	c. So that	d. In order to							
4.Smoking is really	lung o	cancer.								
a. leads to	b. so that	c. because	d. the cause of							
5.I moved to the front	I coul	d hear him well.	y							
a. in order to	b. lead to	c. to	d. so that							
6. Pollution	global warn	ning.	2.0							
a. the cause of	b. because	c. leads to	d. so that							
7- The athlete couldn't	participate in the ra	acehe	h <mark>ad</mark> a knee injury.							
a. in order to	b. because	c. to	d. so that							
Fruit	Dait 180	acher(OM							

8- Samir want	s to take me to the	cafe	serves excellent coffee.	
a. who	b. where	c. that	d. whose	
9- He is a man.		opinion I respect		
a. who	b. whose	c. whom	d. where	
11- I can't remen	mber	I bought th	nat mobile from the shop.	
a. where	b. that	c. when	d. who	
12- The cyclist.		won the race train	ned hard.	
a. where	b. that	c. when	d. who	
13- The translati	ionsap	pear on the screen during	the film are called "subtitle	s.
a. where	b. which	c. when	d. who	

B-From a, b, and c choose the correct answer as required:

1-Merit went to bed early yesterday. She woke up on time this morning.

(Join using : so that)

- a- Merit went to bed early yesterday so that she woke up on time this morning.
- b- Merit went to bed early yesterday so that she can wake up on time this morning.
- c- Merit went to bed early yesterday so that she could wake up on time this morning.

2-Some people take supplements. They want to get more nutrients.

(Join using: in order to)

- a- Some people take supplements in order to get more nutrients.
- b- Some people take supplements in order to want to get more nutrients.
- c- Some people take supplements in order to they want to get more nutrients.

3-My friends camped in the desert to enjoy their spring holiday.

(Rewrite using: so that)

- a- My friends camped in the desert so that enjoy their spring holiday
- b- My friends camped in the desert so that they can enjoy their spring holiday.
- c- My friends camped in the desert so that they could enjoy their spring holiday.

(Rewrite using: to)

4-Farmers should plant seeds in rich soil so that they can grow well.

- a- Farmers should plant seeds in rich soil to grow well.
- b- Farmers should plant seeds in rich soil to can grow well.
- c- Farmers should plant seeds in rich soil to they can grow well.

5-The current economic policy may lead to (increase) inflation rates. (Correct)

- a-The current economic policy may lead to increase inflation rates.
- b-The current economic policy may lead to increasing inflation rates.
- c- The current economic policy may lead to have increased inflation rates.

6- Tourists are attracted to the coast. The fishing and swimming are fantastic. (Join)

- a-Tourists are attracted to the coast so the fishing and swimming are fantastic.
- b- Tourists are attracted to the coast in order to the fishing and swimming are fantastic
- c-Tourists are attracted to the coast because the fishing and swimming are fantastic.

Language functions

Describing photographs

- *You can see.....
- *It seems that..../ It's clear that....

Both photographs/ pictures show.....

Preference

- *I prefer...
- *I like.....more than....

*I'd rather.....

Suggestion

- *I suggest you...
- *It suggests that.....
- * My suggestion is .

Write what you would say in the following situations:



Doto:	Unit 4- Writing	Evnocitory
Date	(O 1111 4- VV 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3	2. Expository
		•

Deforestation caused by human activities is happening in many parts of the world with serious impact on the environment.

Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the various reasons behind deforestation and suggest some ways to solve this problem.

Outline Introduction..... **Body:** Paragraph1..... Paragraph2..... Conclusion.....

Hadiya Secondary School for Girls	Grade 12 Your topic	1 st Term 2022-23	Madleen Nabil
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Date :

Unit 5 Precious resources

Lessons: 1-2

(SB. Pages 40-41)



New Vocabulary

English wo	ords	Definitions	Arabic meanings
collection points	n.	particular spots, places, or positions in an area where rubbish is gathered	
concur	v.	to be of the same opinion / to agree	
crisis	n.	a time of intense difficulty, trouble or danger	
machinery	n.	machines collectively	
offence	n.	a breach of a law or rule / an illegal	
pass a law	exp.	to approve or put into effect (a proposal or law) by voting on it	
prohibitively	adv.	excessively high	
reprocess	v.	to process again or differently, typically in order to reuse it	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(prohibitively / crisis / concur / machinery \ reprocess / offence)

- 1-New.....has enhanced the company's productivity and competitiveness.
- 2-Car insurance can beexpensive foy young drivers.
- 3- I.....with my friend in many points.
- 4- Tom is going through a terrible......as he just lost his job.
- 5- It is definitely good for our environment to.....our waste instead of burning.



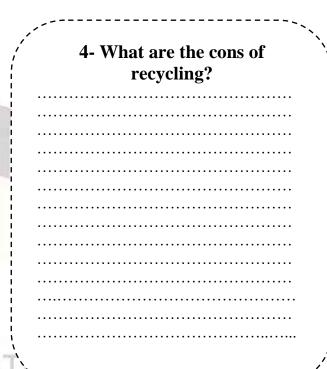
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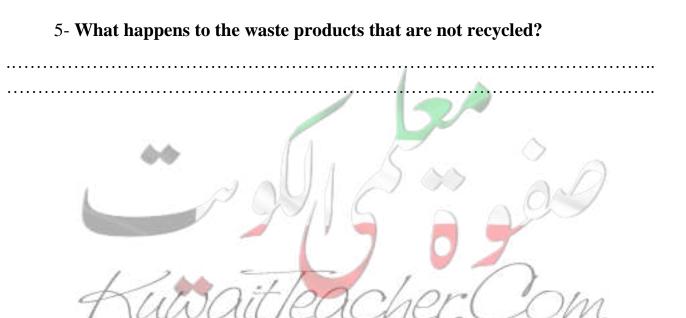
/														
1-Mention some materials that can be recycled.														
• • • • • • • • •														



	2-What is the role of Kuwait in recycling?.																																														
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Grade 12

Date:

Unit: 5 / Lessons: 4:5

(SB. Pages 42-43)

English word	ds	Definitions	Arabic meanings
administration	n.	the process or activity of running a business, organization	
annoyance	n.	the feeling or state of being annoyed / irritation	
bureaucracy	n.	a system of government in which most of the important decisions are made by state officials rather than by elected representative	
come up against	ph.V	to meet / to face	
criticism	n.	the expression of disapproval of someone or something	
cut down on	ph.V	to reduce	
get rid of	Ph.v	to dispose of, throw away	
go along with	ph.V	to give one's consent or agreement to a person or their views	
incinerator	n.	an apparatus for burning waste material, esp. industrial waste, at high temperatures until it is reduced to ash	
irritation	n.	the state of feeling annoyed, impatient, or angry	
keep up with	Ph.v	to know the latest information about	
packaging	n.	materials used to wrap or protect goods	
paperwork	n.	routine work involving written documents such as forms or records	
put up with	Ph.v	to accept, stand, tolerate something unpleasant	
red tape idiom		paperwork and administration	
run out of	Ph.v	(of a supply of something) to be used up	

Ansv	wer the following question:
	1- How is burning waste harmful to the environment?
	Kuwait leacher.Com

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(annoyance / incinerator \	criticism /	packaging \	keep up with \	put up with)
annoyance intenterator t		packaging (Keep up with	put up with)

- 1- Attractivecan help a lot to attract customers to buy certain products.
- 2- The noisy traffic is a continual......to the citizens.
- 3- The new minister received some harshfor not solving the employment.
- 4- A lot of girls try tothe latest fashion.
- 5- Teachers can't the silly remarks of some irresponsible students.

COLOUR IDIOMS

In black and white

To put someone on the black list

To appear/happen out of the blue

With flying colours

Give someone the green light

Get the green light

To catch someone red-handed

To see red

کتو ب بو ضوح

يكشف جرم

يصل (يحدث) فجأة وبصورة غير متوقعة

يجتاز اختبار بامتياز

يعطى إذن

يحصل على إذن

يمسك شخص ما متلبساً بجرم

فضب

Fill in with the right idiom from the list:

(red-handed / green light / saw red / red tape / in black and white)

- 1- I won't believe that we got the contract till I see it
- 2- I want to start a new business but the involved is very frustrating.
- 3- We got the to go ahead with the new advertising campaign.
- 4- John when he lost all his money.
- 5- The manager caught the new employee taking money out the box.

Date:.....

Unit: 5 / Lessons: 7:8

(SB. Pages 44-45)

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
component	n.	a part or element of a larger whole	
compost	v.	to make (vegetable matter or manure) into decayed organic material used as a plant fertilizer	
constant	adj.	occurring continuously over a period of time	
constituent	n.	being a part of a whole	
duration	n.	the time during which something continues	
heartening	adj.	inspiring, elevating	
household waste	n.	material that is not wanted at home	
incineration	n.	the process of destroying something by burning	
material	n.	the matter from which a thing is or can be made	
quantity	n.	amount or number of something	
trend	n.	a general direction in which something is developing or changing	
upsurge	n.	an upward surge in the strength or quantity of something / an increase	

From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

rionia, o, cana a	choose the correct w	oru.							
1- A way of getting rid	of waste materials is								
a. incineration	b. duration	c. material	d. trend						
2- Assignments should	2- Assignments should be suitable for students inand quality								
a. constituent	b. upsurge	c. duration	d. quantity						
3- The holiday was of a	shortbu	t we enjoyed thorou	ighly.						
a. quantity	b. duration	c. trend	d. component						
4-There were	interruption. So we	couldn't finish the	work on time.						
a. constant	b. heartening	c. intrinsic	d. arid						
5- Nowadays, it is easy	tofood wast	e at ho <mark>me f</mark> ollo <mark>wi</mark> ng	g simple instructions.						
a. reprocess	b. compost	c. get rid	d. concur						
Frul	vait/eac	ther.C	Om						
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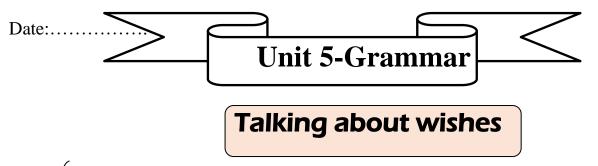
Unit 5-Vocabulary exercises

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

1. Iron is the basicof motor car, train and bus industries.							
a) component	b) criticism	c) administration	d) packaging				
2.We were driving alo	ong the sea-side, sud	denly we	petrol.				
a) got rid of	b) ran out of	c) come up against	d) put up with				
3-A way of getting ric	l of waste material i	s					
a) incineration	b) duration	c) administration	d) irritation				
4. If you	difficulties, le	t me know and I'll help yo	ou out.				
a) cut down on	b) get rid of	c) come up against	d) put up with				
5. It is eno	ugh to see lots of yo	oung people take part in ch	aritable activities.				
a) heartening	b) constant	c) harsh	d) intrinsic				
B. Fill in the s	spaces with wor	ds from the list belo	<u>w:</u>				
(out down on /off	formand I wad towns!	maga a lavy /muahihitis					

(cut down on /offences / red tape/pass a law /prohibitively/ got rid of)

- 6. Criminals commit several serious.....that must be punished so as not to be repeated.
- 7. Electricity consumption should be......during the summer to avoid electricity cuts or failure.
- 8. It is impossible to get a passport quickly. There is so much.....
- 9. Wastes, for example, plastic, paper, glass etc. must be.....by burying them in landfill sites or recycling them.
- 10. In some countries, they are aware of the importance of recycling, but the problem is that recycling can beexpensive.



 ${f Past~perfect}$: To express regrets about something which happened / didn't happen in the ${f past.}$

1- I wish you hadn't done that.

Past simple: to talk about

2- I wish I had saved some money.

Dissatisfaction with the present.

E.g. I wish I had my glasses with me.

Impossible condition . E.g. **I wish I were** ten years younger.

I wish I could read more quickly. (I read slowly and would like to read more quickly.)

Would: to make complaints about other people's behavior. E.g. I wish you wouldn't do that.

I wish my brother would get up earlier.

Examples:

a) know

Wish

- I wish you were here!
- I wish you had called me.
- I wish I could remember something of that time.
- I wish you'd stop acting like I had a thousand guys on the string.

A. From a, b, c and d choose the correct answer:

1-	.]	wish	I.	another	chance	to	do	it	agai	n.

- a) have b) has
 - d) have been c) had

d) had known

- ...Noura was coming, I would have invited Dana.
- 3. Alan wishes that he read more fluently.
 - a) could

b) knew

d) could have

c) have known

4	4. They wish that people	:sto	p polluting everyw	here.
	a) will	b)would	c)could	d)wouldn't
	5. I wish you	.through the kitche	n with your dirty b	oots on.
	a) don't come	b) wouldn't come	c) doesn't come	d) came
(6. Hussein is as good	Ahmed a	at Math.	
	a) as	b)than	c)more	d)most
,	7. Our old book wasn't .	interest	ting as our new one	e. I didn't like it.
	a) least	b) most	c) the most	d) so
;	8. It has been raining	for the pas	t few days.	
	a) as hard as	b) hardly	c) hard	d) harder
	9. Huda argued with her	parents. She wished	d shearg	ued with them.
	a) could	b)didn't	c) would	d) hadn't
	10. I wish I could	to school nex	kt week. I miss my	teachers.
	a) go	o) went	c) going	d) had gone
	11. I would really like to	o go on a picnic <mark>. I w</mark>	ish <mark>it .</mark>	raining.
	a) will stop	b) had stopped	c) stop	d) would stop
<u>B.</u>	From a, b, and c ch	oose the correct	answer as requ	ired:
1-1	I wish I (spend) my sur	nmer holiday in Pa	aris. I could have	visited the Eiffel.
				(Correct the verb)
;	a- I wish I had spent my	y summer holiday in	Paris. I could have	e visited the Eiffel.
1	b- I wish I will spend m	y summer holiday i	n Paris. I could hav	ve visited the Eiffel.
(c- I wish I am spending	my summer holida	y in Paris. I could h	nave visited the Eiffel.
			- 1 - 1	
2-	The traffic on the way	home was so bad d	lue to a fatal accid	lent.
	0.0	TA.		(Use: wish)
;	a- I wish I was taking a	different route.	(2)	and
1	b- I wish I will take a di	fferent route.	5 0	
(c- I wish I had taken a d	ifferent route.	7 0	7
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3- People drive too fast in the city centre. I wish they	
	(Complete)

- a- People drive too fast in the city centre. I wish they can drive more slowly.
- b- People drive too fast in the city centre. I wish they would drive more slowly.
- c- People drive too fast in the city centre. I wish they are driving more slowly.

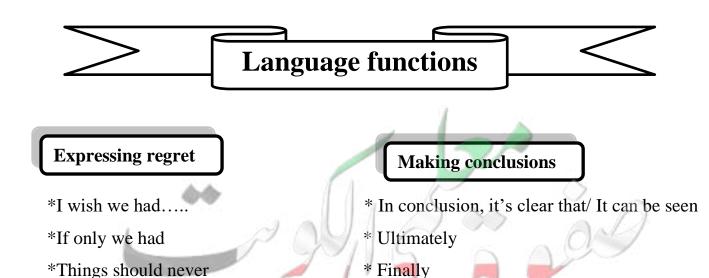
4-I'm really tired, but I can't sleep at night.

(Rewrite using: wish)

- a- I wish I could sleep at night.
- b- I wish I am sleeping at night.
- c- I wish I will sleep at night.
- 5-Today the weather is nice, but I am at school. I wish (Complete)
 - a- Today the weather is nice, but I am at school. I wish I am on a beach.
 - b- Today the weather is nice, but I am at school. I wish I were on a beach.
 - c- Today the weather is nice, but I am at school. I wish I have been on a beach.

6- I wish I (finish) my work before leaving the office yesterday. (Correct)

- a- I wish I **finish** my work before leaving the office yesterday.
- b- I wish I have finished my work before leaving the office yesterday.
- c- I wish I had finished my work before leaving the office yesterday.



Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your classmate asks you how to score high marks in Math exam.
2- Many people use their natural resources carelessly.
3- Your favourite team lost the football match.
4. Your sister offered to arrange your room but you know she is really busy.
-: تقوم بعض الدول بدفن القمامة مما يتسبب في إطلاق غاز الميثان الضار بالبيئة والمسبب للاحتباس الحراري.
. تشير الإحصائيات إلي زيادة كبيرة في كميات القمامة التي يتم تدوير ها.



Unit 5- Writing. Expository

Date:
The overuse of natural resources has made the need for more recycling factories a necessity rather than luxury.
Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words) explaining the things that can be
recycled and how recycling protects the environment.
<u>Outline</u>
Introduction
Body:
Paragraph1
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Paragraph2
Conclusion.
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Hadiya Secondary School for Girls	Grade 12 Your topic	1 st Term 2022-23 Madleen Nabil
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Unit 6 Under threat

Date: Lessons: 1-2 (SB. Pages 46-47)



New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
acute	adj.	acute senses such as hearing, taste, etc are very good and sensitive	
avoid	v.	to keep away from or stop oneself from doing something	
damp	adj.	slightly wet	
expansive	adj.	covering a wide area in terms of space or scope; extensive or wide-ranging	
extinction	n.	the state or process of a species being or becoming extinct	
fascinating	adj.	extremely interesting	
hibernate	v.	to sleep during the winter	
permanent	adj.	lasting or intended to last or remain unchanged	
pose	v.	to present or constitute	
refuge	n.	shelter or protection from someone or something	
reservation	n.	the action of reserving something	
reticent	adj.	easily frightened / timid	
solitary	adj.	done or existing alone	
stem	n.	the long thin part of a plant, from which leaves, flowers or fruit grow	
threatened	v.	Endangered	
timid	adj.	showing a lack of courage or confidence; easily frightened	

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From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

1 - My uncle is so wealthy.	He lives in a/an	villa	overlooking the sea.
a. acute	b. damp	c. fascinating	d. permanent
2- Dangerous prisoners are	usually kept in	confinement to	avoid their troubles.
a. solitary	b. timid	c. reticent	d. expansive
3- People are becoming mo	ore aware of the dang	gers	by drugs.
a. threatened	b. avoided	c. hibernated	d. posed
4-Modern farming methods	s have led to	of many sp	ecies of wild flowers.
a. refuge	b. stem	c. extinction	d. reservation
5- A few animals	through the	winter months to es	cape cold weather.
a. threaten	b. avoid	c. hibernate	d. pose
Answer the following o	questions:		
1-Why are pandas under threat?	EDUG	2-Why oprotect	do we have to them?
·····			
			•••••
3-How do you think	governments can	protect endangere	d species?
4-What sacrifices w	ould vou be willing	to make to protec	et an endangered
species			
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(SB. Pages 48-49)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
aware	adj.	having knowledge or perception of a situation or fact	
bounty	n.	an abundance or plenty	
cultivate	v.	to grow, raise, plant sow	
encroach	v.	to intrude on (a person's territory or a thing considered to be a right)	
grow	v.	to become larger or greater over a period of time	
illegitimate	adj.	not authorized by the law; not in accordance with accepted standards or rules	
nourishment	n.	food, or the valuable substances in food that a person, animal, or plant requires to live	
recompense	n.	compensation or reward given fro effort made	
reward	n.	a thing given in recognition of service, effort or achievement	
trespass on	Ph.v	to make unfair claims on or to take advantages of something	
unsanctioned	adj.	illegal, unofficial, unauthorized	
wealth	n.	an abundance of valuable possessions or money	

From a, b, c and d choose the correct word:

1- Some countries are working	g hard to stop	immigr	ation by providing
new job opportunities.	9		
a. aware	b. unsanctioned	c. fascinating	d. solitary
2- Good family and health is n	ny		~
a. wealth	b. bounty	c. nourishment	d. recompense
3- The soil in this area is too p	oor to be	due to scarcit	ty of water.
a. encroached	b. cultivated	c. posed	d. trespassed
4-There must be adequate	<i>A</i>	for wo <mark>rke</mark> rs w <mark>ho</mark> los	se their jobs.
a. bounty	b. wealth	c. nourishment	d. recompense
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Date:.....

Unit: 6 / Lessons: 7:8

(SB. Pages 50-51)

New Vocabulary

English words		Definitions	Arabic meanings
burgeoning	adj.	growing or expanding rapidly	
consensus	n.	general agreement	
dearth	n.	a scarcity or lack of something	
graduate	v.	to successfully complete an academic degree, course of training, or high school	
housing	n.	houses and apartments considered collectively	
knock-on	adj.	of a process in which everything that happens causes something else to happen	
utilize	v.	to make practical and effective use of	
vociferously	adv.	enthusiastically / loudly	
wetland	n.	land consisting of marshes or swamps / saturated land	

Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

(consensus \housing / graduate \ utilize / wetland \ dearth)

- 1- The goal of changing.....into productive areas is now within reach
- 2- If youyour time wisely, you will be able to finish all your tasks by lunch .
- 3- My elder daughter will......from the university next year.
- 4- There is a\anof qualified workers in some countries because of migration.
- 5- Governments must provide......for the poor and homeless people.



Answer the following question.

Why are the advantages and disadvantages of land reclamation?

Land reclamation



	The advantages (Pro		The disadvantages	
	A. From a, b, c ar	nd d choose the	correct word:	
1.	- I think that my job is evening.	s starting to	on my family life. I usua	ally have to work in the
	a) encroach	b) pose	c) grow	d) utilize
2	- Could we reach to a/	anon	this matter? Let's take a	vote.
	a) dearth	b) wetland	c) consensus	d) nourishment
3.	- Cutting down trees f	or re	asons disturbs the balanc	e of the environment.
	a) burgeoning	b) unsanctioned	c) wetland	d) solitary
4	- He	opposed the state	of emergency imposed b	y the government.
	a) unfortunately	b) permanen	tly c) vociferously	d) prohibitively
5	- Undoubtedly, the world.	population	worldwide threatens the	economy of the whole
	a) burgeoning	b) fascinating	c) illegitimate	d) recompense
	/ /			

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B. Fill in the spaces with words from the list below:

{reticent/ acute /threatened/ housing/ aware/ bounty}

- 6. Some animals are known for theirhearing and others for their eyesight.
- 7. Most of the students are.....enough about answering questions.
- 8. Rare species like bears and pandas are extremely.....by greedy poachers worldwide.
- 9. Arabs are so hospitable that they offer their guests a/an.....of food and drinks.
- 10. If I had been.....that details were so serious, I would have told the police.

Date : Focus on



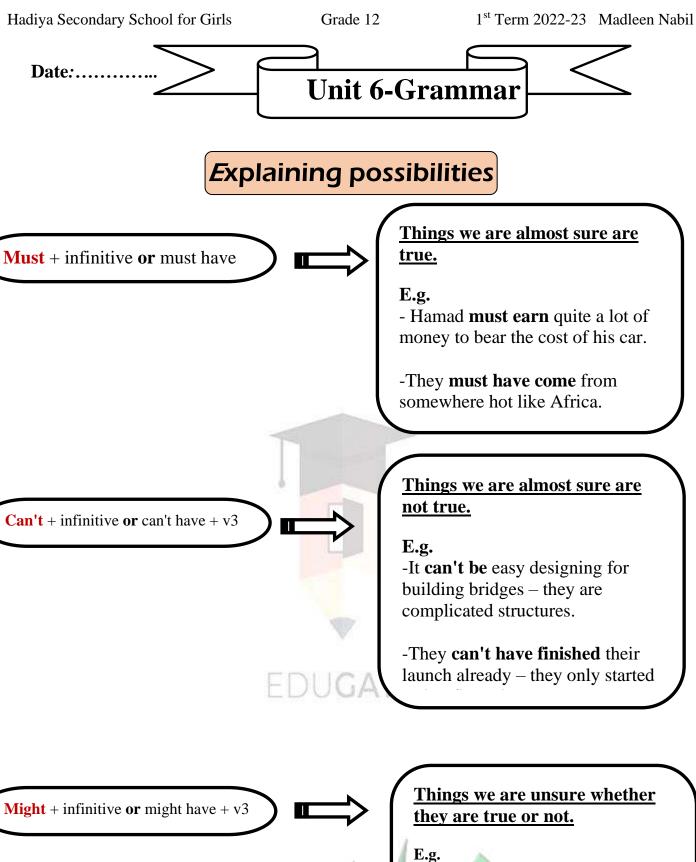
1- What is the importance of Al Arfaj?

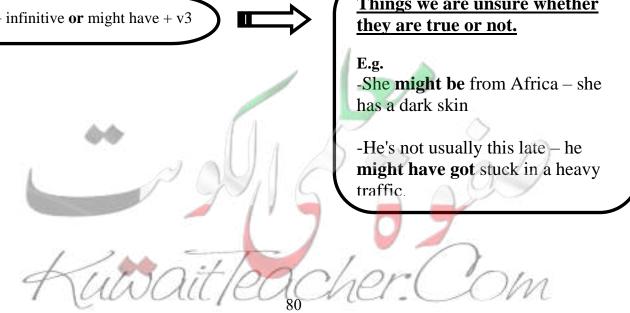
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2- Why is it in danger?

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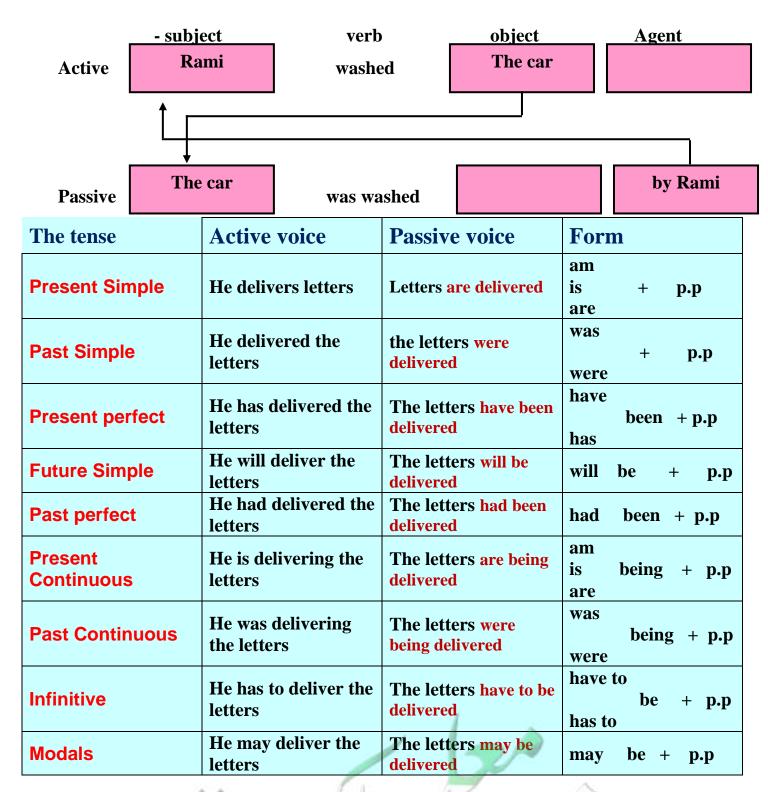
A. From a,b,c and d choose the correct answer:

1-It all	ficult designs for b	building bridges. They are	e complicated structures.
a) must be	b) can't be	c) can't have been	d) might have been
2-As most of the	students failed the	exam, it been	an easy one.
a) must	b) must ha	ve c) can't	d) can't have
3-As most of the	students failed the	exam, it been	a difficult one.
a) must	b) must ha	ve c) can't	d) can't have
4-The student is v	ery lazy, he	passed the exar	m with high marks.
a) can't	b) can't ha	ve c) must	d) must have
5-The line is busy	, someone	using the telephone	e now.
a) must	b) can't be	c) must be	d) might have
6-The Australian	aborigines look jus	st like the Indians, they	come from Asia
a) can't have	b) must ha	ve c) can't	d) might
7-I am not sure, s	he	. Fr <mark>enc</mark> h as <mark>she</mark> has a very	y strange accent.
a) can't have	b) must be	c) might b	oe d) might

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Passive voice



A- From a,b,c and d choose the correct answer:

1-Roads			
a) blocked	b) block	c) was blocked	d) were blocked
2-Alan	to the hospit	tal after he had broke	en his leg.
a) was taken	b) took	c) taking	d) is taken
3-Many people	from the	e floods by fire fighte	ers.
a) rescue	b) is rescued	d c) were rescu	ed d) was rescued
4-Leen has	home by	y the authority since	last month.
a) being sent	b) been sent	c) sent	d) send
B. From a , b	, and c choose	the correct an	swer as required:
b- Medicine	edicine to cure sich s given to cure sich was given to cure so has been given to c	k <mark>people.</mark> si <mark>ck p</mark> eople.	(Change into passive)
b- These chair c- These chair	rs are painted yesters were painted yesters had been painted	erday. sterday. l yesterday.	(Change into passive)
3- The governmen	t has built many s	schools in the recen	
a Many saha	ols are built in the	rocent voors	(Change Focus)
_	ools are built in the ools will be built ir	<u> </u>	
•		It in the recent years.	
4- The students ar	e writing the lesso	on at the moment.	(Complete)
The lesson			
	is writing at the m		
	is being written a was being written		
	was some without	at the monitorit.	
b-Some mone	ey is going to be sa ey was going to be	y for a rainy day. aved for a rainy day. e saved for a rainy day. saved for a rainy day.	

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Prepositions of place

Prepositions	Use	Example
At	home / school / university / work / the bus-stop / house number	They live at 23 Oxford street. My father is at work.
In	cities / towns / countries	He lives in Kuwait city.
On	street number / road number / the floor	He lives on Cairo street. We live on the 2 nd floor
Ву	bus / taxi / car / pane / train / ship / boat / air / sea	He goes by bus. We prefer to travel by plane.

Prepositions of time

At	In	On
at one o'clock	In the morning / afternoon / evening	On Sunday (days)
at 8:15	In July (months)	On march 2 nd (date)
at night / midnight / noon	In summer (seasons)	On holiday / birthday
at the weekend	In 1991 (years)	
	In the 20 th century	



Dependent → on
Escape → form
Provide → with
Famous → for
responsible → for

Different → from
Interested → in
Full → of
Keen → on
angry → with

Fill in with the right preposition:

$\{ in - on - at - of - from - with - for - by \}$

- 1- Life Earth depend vegetation.
- 2- Uncle Hussam went holiday for three weeks.
- 3- She might be work. I will give her a call.
- 4- Officers duty must be alert and vigilant.
- 5- love and empathy, peace can be achieved.
- 6- The pandas are found the forests China.
- 7- Bats are nocturnal animals, they fly night.
- 8- Tuesday, uncle Samir paid us a visit.
- 9- She usually sits her bed and watches TV.
- 10- The next exam will be November.
- 11- The last invasion was 1990.
- 12- November 13, she came to Kuwait for the first time.
- 13- They usually come taxi.
- 14- Human beings are dependent plants.
- 16-Eating plants provide us nourishment.

Language functions

Giving reasons

- *There are many reasons why I think ..
- *Firstly,..../Secondly,...

Persuading others

- * Can you see what I mean?
- *Look at it this way: if we.....

Expressing possibilities

- We are concerned that....may/might/ could represent.....
- Perhaps/ Possibly/ Probably, this will mean that....



Write what you would say in the following situations:

1- Your sister doesn't want to continue her education.
2- You want to complete your studies in USA. Give reason to your parents.
3- You want to watch a late night movie in the cinema but your father doesn't agree.
4- Your friend says that animals are not important to the Earth.
Translate into English:
- تتعرض الكثير من الحيوانات لخطر الانقراض نتيجة جهل الإنسان.
- يعتبر نبات العرفج واحد من أهم النباتات بالكويت فله أهمية <mark>طبي</mark> عية كما انه جزء اساسي من تراثنا.
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Date:	Unit 6- Writing.	Expository	
Dute 1	 _ cmr o viring.	Lapository	

More and more wild animals are on the verge of extinction and many are endangered.

<u>Plan and write an essay of 14 sentences (160 words), discussing the causes of animal extinction and measures can be taken to solve the problem.</u>

<u>Outline</u>	
Introduction	••
	•
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	. .
Body:	
Paragraph1	
	•
	•
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	•
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Paragraph2	
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	•
Conclusion	
	•
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Reading Comprehension (110marks):

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Over the past 20 years, scientists have been producing genetically modified (GM) foods by modifying, or changing, the genes of plants and animals. Genes are the codes in the cells of living things that determine the way **they** look and grow. In humans, genes determine characteristics such as the color of our eyes and how tall we are. By changing the genes of plants, scientists can cause crops to produce more, become resistant to pests and disease, and have more nutritional value. Genetically modified plants can have great benefits by increasing food supplies, protecting the environment, and even improving nutrition.

The world's population is expected to <u>exceed</u> over 8 billion by 2025. Unfortunately, food production has decreased over the last ten years. As it is, some 40,000 people die from hunger-related causes every day. The only way to increase food production seems to be through technology, since land and water are getting scarce. If GM food crops could be developed to resist droughts or grow in poor, dry, or salty soils, this would help poorer countries.

GM crops can protect the environment because they are kinder to nature. Many farmers today depend on chemicals such as pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers to make their crops grow. The most common GM crops grown at the moment are those that resist herbicides. The second most common are those crops that kill pests. Some crops have been grown with both these genes. This is better for the environment because it reduces the need to spray fields with pesticides and fertilizers.

Genetically modified crops may make food more nutritious by adding genes to produce more vitamins that the body needs for health and growth. For example, a kind of rice called golden rice has been genetically modified to contain vitamin A. Regular rice does not have vitamin A, and some people who live mostly on rice are missing this important vitamin. This new rice can make a big difference to those people. GM vegetables of the future may be produced with added nutrients to help fight heart disease and cancer.

The United States grows 75 percent of the world's GM Crops. More than 40 percent of the corn, 50 percent of the cotton, and 45 percent of the soyabeans grown in the United States in 1999 were genetically modified. Are GM foods safe for our health and the environment? So far, there is no evidence that GM foods have any risks, but only time and more research will tell.

A- From a, b, c and d choose the suitable answer: (5X 10 = 50 Marks)

1-	The	best	title	for	the	passage	could	be:
----	-----	------	-------	-----	-----	---------	-------	-----

- a. Nutritional Food
- b. The Cost of GM Food
- c. The Need for Food
- d. The Benefits of GM Food

2- The underlined pronoun "they" in paragraph (1) refers to:

- a. plants and animals
- b. genes and codes
- c. modified foods
- d. living things

3- The underlined word 'exceed' in paragraph (2) means:

- a. go beyond
- b. be equal
- c. reach
- d. excel

4- Which of the following is Not TRUE about the GM foods?

- a- They resist pests and diseases. b- They have more nutritional value.
- c- They cause damage to the environment.
- d- They increase food production to feed more people.

5- The highest percentage of GM crops in the USA is:

- a- rice
- b- corn
- c- cotton
- d- soyabeans

B- Answer the following questions: $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$

6- How can GM crops be beneficial to poor countries?

7- Why do farmers use chemicals?	

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8- How is golden rice better than	regular rice?		
9- What shows that the writer fin	ds CM food to be se	afo for our hoolth and	l tha
	us Givi iodu to de sa	ne ioi oui neaim and	i tile
environment?			
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••••
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Reading Comprehension (110marks):

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Your genes are responsible for your appearance and your health. Half your genes are from your mother, the other half from your father. You are not identical to your mother or your father, but you probably look a bit like both of them. Or you may resemble one of your grandparents. But even if you are like other members of your family, you are unique. Your genes are different from everyone else's genes. The only people who have exactly the same genes are identical twins. They should look exactly the same.

Some of the features you inherit from your parents are hair, eye color, skin color and facial features like the size and shape of your nose. You probably have the same hair color as one of your parents, but this is not always true. Two dark-haired parents can have a blond or red-headed child. This happens when there was a blond or red-headed ancestor. Fifty percent of men with bald fathers will lose their hair. But the gene for baldness can come from the mother's family too -only boys should look at **their** mother's father. They may **take after** him.

The strongest, or dominant, gene in eye color is brown. If both parents have brown eyes, their children probably have brown eyes too. It's also common for two brown-eyed parents to have a blue-eyed child, but unusual for two blue-eyed parents to have a brown-eyed child. As well as eye color, you can inherit poor eyesight from your parents. So, if you're shortsighted, you're probably not the only person in your family who wears glasses.

There are many different skin colors: from black, dark brown, brown, light brown to white. Most families share the same skin color, but black parents can give birth to a lighter-skinned child if they have pale-skinned ancestors. Usually, a black and a white parent have dark-skinned children because black is a dominant gene. But twin sisters Hayleigh and Lauren are exceptions. One twin is black and the other is white. Hayleigh looks exactly like her black father and Lauren is the image of her white mother. This was only possible because their father had a white relative in his past.

Finally, if you are left-handed or if you have dimples in your cheeks or chin, you can thank your genes.

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READING COMPREHENSION (110 Marks)

- Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

Coronaviruses are named for their appearance: "corona" means "crown." The virus's outer layers are covered with spike proteins that surround them like a crown. Corona viruses were discovered in the 1960s. They are a group of viruses that cause diseases in birds and mammals including humans. At the end of 2019, a new type of coronavirus called COVID-19 started spreading in China. In a short period of time, COVID-19 was able to meet the three required factors to be classified as a pandemic. This includes causing death, person-to-person spread and worldwide spread. It is believed that the virus was transmitted from animals to humans. Unfortunately, when this happened, it took scientists a lot of time before **they** could develop a vaccine or medicines to cure it.

COVID-19 is <u>diagnosed</u> through a laboratory test. Diagnosis by examination alone is difficult since many COVID-19 signs and symptoms can be caused by other illnesses. However, most people infected with the COVID-19 virus will experience mild to moderate respiratory illness and recover without requiring special treatment. Some of the symptoms are fever, cough, runny nose and headache. Older people, and those with underlying medical problems like diabetes, chronic respiratory disease, and cancer are more likely to develop serious illness because they have a weak immune system.

As of now, researchers know that the coronavirus is spread through droplets and virus particles released into the air when an infected person breathes, talks, laughs, coughs, or sneezes. Larger droplets may fall to the ground in a few seconds, but tiny infectious particles can linger in the air and accumulate in indoor places, especially where many people are gathered and there is poor ventilation. Therefore, mask-wearing, hand hygiene and physical distancing are essential to preventing COVID-19.

Treatment for COVID-19 addresses the signs and symptoms of the infection and supports people with more severe disease. For mild cases of coronavirus disease, your doctor may recommend measures such as fever reducers or over-the-counter medications. More severe cases may require hospital care, where a patient may receive a combination of treatments that could include oxygen and mechanical breathing support.

Vaccines are now authorized to prevent infection with SARS-CoV-2, the coronavirus that causes COVID-19. But until more is understood about how the vaccines affect a person's ability to transmit the virus, precautions such as mask-wearing, physical distancing and hand hygiene should continue to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, and d: (5X 10 = 50 Marks)

- 1- The most suitable title for the passage could be:
- a- All about Coronavirus
- b- Causes of Coronavirus
- c- The symptoms of Corona
- d- Treatment for COVID-19
- 2-The underlined word 'they' in the 1st paragraph refers to:
- a- humans
- b- animals
- c- scientists
- d- medicines
- 3-The underlined word 'diagnosed' in paragraph (2) means:
- a- treated
- b- identified
- c- comforted
- d- encouraged
- 4- Old people are likely to be severely infected by Coronavirus because
- a- They follow the physical distance.
- b- They don't have any health problems.
- c- They wear masks and use hand hygiene.
- d- They do not have strong immune system.
- 5- According to the passage, all the following statements are *FALSE EXCEPT*:
- a- It is easy to cure COVID 19.
- b- Coronaviruses can infect mammals and birds.
- c- Coronaviruses have smooth outer layer of protein.
- d- Vaccines are used to cure infections caused by coronaviruses.

B- With reference to the passage, answer the following questions: $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$
6- How do you protect yourself from COVID-19?
7- Why has COVID-19 been classified as worldwide disease?
8- Mention some main symptoms of COVID-19.
9- According to the passage, how can the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 be treated?





Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage, then do as required:

It is hard to know where to start when beginning strength training. There are countless exercises you can do. Some of which work with certain bodies, while others don't. With some familiarity of the basics, you can begin to craft a routine helping you achieve your personal goals.

Strength training should be a part of your workout routine due to its numerous benefits. One purpose of strength training is to build muscles and improve bone density. For another thing, strength training increases the strength of ligaments and joint functioning. It can help raise good cholesterol levels and lower blood sugar levels. Most people like strength training because of its most obvious benefit which is having a slimmer appearance.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarize and paraphrase the passage above

in answer to the following question:	
What are the benefits of strength training?	
7	
7	
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• Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.

Paraphrasing

20

Content / relevance of

Ideas

30

Rubrics

• Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for twosentences and above)

Spelling and

grammar

5

Format

5

Total

60

Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage carefully, then answer the question below:

It can be hard for some animals to find food during winter. They get through it in many ways. Birds and butterflies fly to a place with nice weather. Then they come home in the spring. We call this migration. Another way to avoid the cold is to sleep through it. Many animals hide during the winter. They save their energy. They do not eat. They do this until food returns. We call this hibernation. Snakes, frogs, and bears hibernate.

Some animals store food in their homes. They live on what they saved in the summer and fall. This is what squirrels, beavers, and raccoons do.

Other animals adapt themselves to the weather. They do not leave. They do not hide. They must survive. Sometimes nature helps them out. Some animals grow thicker coats in the winter. Other animals change color. The arctic fox is brown in the summer. His coat turns white in the winter.

<u>In four sentences of your own, summarize and paraphrase the above passage in answer to this question:</u>

How do animals and birds survive the cold winter?
EDUGATE

ubrics	Content / relevance of Ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Format	Total
2	30	20	5	5	60
			1	6)

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for twosentences and above)

Summary Making(60 marks)

Read the following passage and answer the questions below:

Many students find that preparing for an individual class for 60-90 minutes per day, five or six days per week, will leave them well prepared at exam time. For some students, it does not work. That is why practitioners would recommend that students should not cram at the last second. All-nighters simply don't work for most people, and students experience declining returns on their efforts when they attempt to study for four and five hours straight. They would also recommend that students should keep their ears open in class. Their teachers will sometimes tell them about the exam study strategies. They should be in class every day to receive such help. This is particularly true as tests and final exams approach. They insist that students review their class notes on a regular basis.

In a paragraph of FOUR sentences ONLY, summarize and paraphrase the previous passage in an answer to the following question:

What are the best strategies to get ready for the exams?
EDUGATE

Rubrics	Content / relevance of Ideas	Paraphrasing	Spelling and grammar	Format	Total
	30	20	5	5	60
		PULL		01/1	

- Copying the whole paragraph receives ZERO.
- Exceeding the required number of sentences (Minus 5 marks for one sentence- Minus 10 marks for twosentences and above)