

ABC

English

SEMESTER ONE

6



English

SEMESTER ONE

6

شلون تتفوق بدراستك

منصة علا تخلي المذكرة أقوى

تبي أعلى الدرجات؟ لا تعتمد على المذكرة بروحها
ادرس صح من الفيديوهات و الاختبارات في منصة علا

700

★ اختبارات ذكية تدربك
حل الاختبارات الإلكترونية أول بأول
عشان ترفع مستواك

🎬 فيديوهات تشرح لك
تابع الفيديوهات و اسأل المعلم في علا وأنت
تدرس من المذكرة عشان تضبط الدرس



اكتشف عالم التفوق مع منصة علا

لتشارك بالمادة و تستمتع بالشرح
المميز صور أو اضغط على الQR



المعلق



هذه المذكرة تغطي المادة كاملة.

في حال وجود أي تغيير للمنهج أو تعليق جزء منه يمكنكم مسح رمز QR للتأكد من المقرر.



المنقذ



أول ما تحتاج مساعدة بالمادة ، المنقذ موجود!

صور ال QR بكاميرا التلفون أو اضغط عليه إذا كنت تستخدم المذكرة من جهازك و يطلع لك فيديو يشرح لك.



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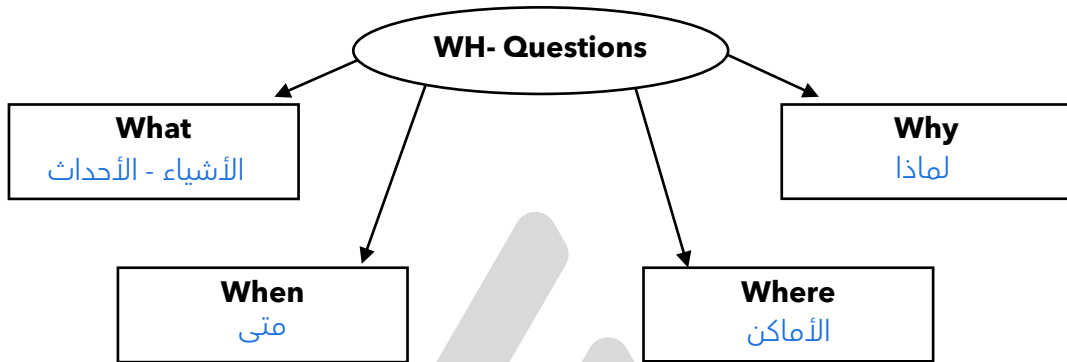
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BASICS: QUESTION FORMATION AND NEGATIVE MAKING

(Question Formation):



Helping Verbs		
V(be)	V(have)	Modals
Is Am Are Was were	Have Has Had	Can - Could Shall - Should Will - Would May - might must

❑ My teacher will explain the lesson tomorrow on social media to help us.

- What will my teacher explain?
- When will my teacher explain the lesson on social media?
- Where will my teacher explain the lesson?
- Why will the teacher explain the lesson on social media tomorrow?

❑ I am doing my homework right now in my room because I have other things to do later.

- What are you doing right now?
- When are you doing your homework?
- Where are you doing your homework right now?
- Why are you doing your homework right now in your room?



No Helping Verbs		
Do Play cook	Does Plays cooks	Did Played Cooked Wrote went



Q My parents bought a new house near the beach because they want to enjoy the lovely view.

- What did your parents buy?
- Where did your parents buy a new house?
- Why did your parents buy a new house?



Q My father walks in the neighborhood every morning to lose some weight.

- When does your father walk in the neighbourhood?
- Where does your father walk every day?
- Why does your father walk in the neighbourhood?



Negative Making:

بحالة وجود فعل مساعد

V(be)

Is
Am
Are
Was
Were

V(have)

have
has
had

Modal

Can
Could
Shall
should
May
Might
Must
Will
Would



Q We were waiting for the bus.

We were not (weren't) waiting for the bus.

Q Mona is going to learn to drive.

Mona is not (isn't) going to learn to drive.

Q She is studying Science.

She is not (isn't) studying Science.

Q The children are standing in the middle of the street.

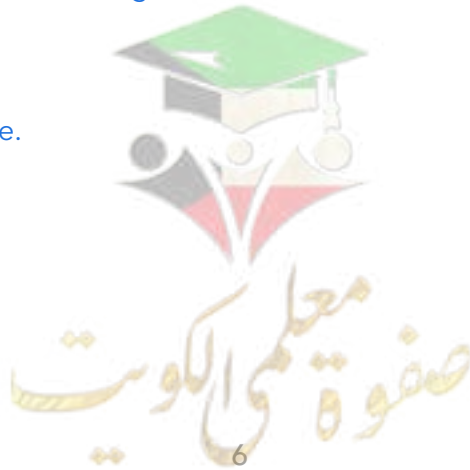
The children are not (aren't) standing in the middle of the street.

Q I am writing a message.

I am not writing a message.

Q I can run fast.

I can not (can't) run fast.

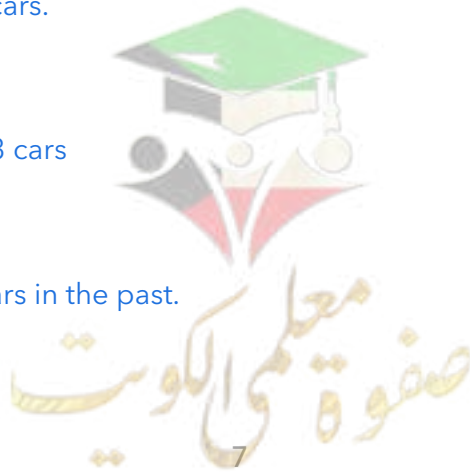


- ❑ You should study hard.
You should not (shouldn't) study hard.
- ❑ I will travel next Sunday.
I will not (won't) travel next Sunday.
- ❑ You could be wrong.
You could not (couldn't) be wrong.

بحال عدم وجود فعل مساعد

Do Does Did

- ❑ Ahmad loves football.
Ahmad does not (doesn't) love football.
- ❑ I know how to cook pizza.
I do not (don't) know how to cook pizza.
- ❑ He travels abroad every year.
He does not (doesn't) travel abroad every year.
- ❑ We saw a horror film.
We did not (didn't) see a horror film.
- ❑ She broke the window.
She did not (didn't) break the window.
- ❑ They got married in 2010.
They did not (didn't) get married in 2010.
- ❑ She has 3 cars.
She does not (doesn't) 3 cars.
- ❑ They have 3 cars
They do not (don't) have 3 cars
- ❑ I had 3 cars in the past.
I did not (didn't) have 3 cars in the past.



A FAMOUS ARTIST

VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Model	نموذج	Cot	سرير
Palm leaves	سعف النخيل	Show	يعرض
Passed away	يتوفى	Soundly	بعمق
Furniture	أثاث	Rough	هائج
Own	يمتلك	Collect	يجمع
Move to	ينتقل الى - يتجه الى	Background	خلفية
Foreground	الجهة الأمامية	Middle	وسط
Made of	مصنوع من		



Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

- Q Describe this picture. What do you like and dislike about it?

This is an old picture of baby sleeping in a basket

I like the colours of this picture.
I dislike how the picture is not very clear.



Read the text and answer the questions below:

Q Ayoub Hussein, the famous artist, painted this picture. He was born in Kuwait in 1932. He used to be a teacher. In 1956, he was the first person to work at the Kuwait Museum. He built models of old Kuwaiti buildings. He has painted over 600 paintings about old Kuwait.



Ayoub Hussein passed away at the age of 79.

This painting shows a baby sleeping soundly. Decades ago when a baby was born, the parents didn't use to buy a cot.

They used to put lots of cloth in a large basket. The baby used to sleep in it for about ten days. Then the parents bought the baby a manazz or a karouka. A manazz used to be made of palm leaves. A karouka used to be made of wood.

Q What is the best title for the passage?

The painting of Ayoub Hussain



Q Where did babies use to sleep?

In the first 10 days, babies used to sleep in a basket. Then, the parents would buy a manazz or a karouka

Q What does the underlined pronoun "they" refer to?

Refers to "Parents"

Q Would you like to be an artist? Why? Why not?

Yes, I would like to be an artist because I want to be famous.

Q Describe the following pictures:

The sky is orange because the sun is setting. I see beautiful trees in the foreground. There are dark mountains in the background.



It is a beautiful painting of the sea. In the foreground there is a beautiful red tree with some plants. In the background, there are many boats sailing in the sea.



This is a picture of a woman weaving something traditional. The colours of this picture are light and attractive.



Look at the picture and describe what you see in the background and the foreground. Write in full sentences.



In the background, I can see a small bridge, some trees, tall buildings, a man playing with his phone, a boy flying a kite and some kids swimming.

In the foreground, I can see a man running so fast, an old woman carrying a bag, two boys playing football and a dog sleeping on the chair.

Grammar



Used to - didn't use to:

I sleep at 9:00 o'clock.



I used to sleep at 9:00 o'clock.



❑ I used to play tennis when I was little.

I did not (didn't) use to play tennis when I was little.

❑ My mother used to bake a cake every Friday.

My mother did not (didn't) use to bake a cake every Friday.

❑ This TV program used to discuss better issues.

This TV program did not (didn't) use to discuss better issues.

❑ The cat used to play with the ball before it sleeps.

The cat did not (didn't) use to play with the ball before it sleeps.

❑ My father used to clean the cars alone.

My father did not (didn't) use to clean the cars alone.

❑ That country used to be the most advanced country in the area.

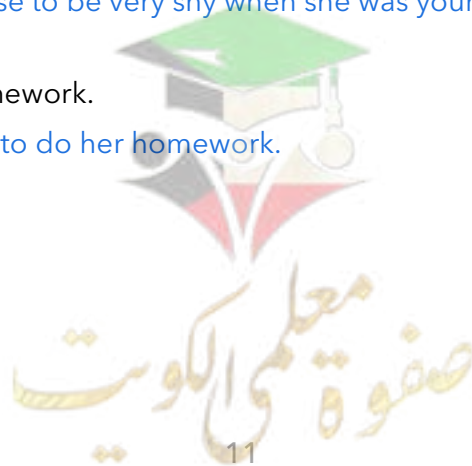
That country did not (didn't) use to be the most advanced country in the area.

❑ This girl used to be very shy when she was younger.

This girl did not (didn't) use to be very shy when she was younger.

❑ Maha used to do her homework.

Maha did not (didn't) use to do her homework.



❑ I used to read books before I go to sleep.

I did not (didn't) use to read books before I go to sleep.

❑ Look at the pictures and make sentences using "used to":



We used to live in a small house.



Ahmad used to play football.



Omar used to go to work by bicycle.



Mohammad didn't use to read in the past.



Bader didn't use to eat vegetables



Practice

Smart Quizzes



The Possessives

The girl's

The girl's room
is very big.

The girls

The girls' room
is very big



Osama has a car. His car is beautiful.

Osama's car is beautiful

Maha has a red dress. Her red dress is expensive.

Maha's red dress is expensive.

My teacher has a laptop. His laptop is great.

My teacher's laptop is great.

My teachers have laptops. their laptops are great.

My teachers' laptops are great.

The man has a sport car. His sport car is very fast.

The man's sport car is very fast.

The men have sport cars. Their sport cars are very fast.

The men's sport cars are very fast.

The family has a house. The house is big.

The family's house is big.

The families have houses. The houses are big.

The families' houses are big.

The shop has products. The products are unique.

The shop's products are unique.

The shops have products. The products are unique.

The shops' products are unique.



Sequence Words:

First, Second, Third,
Then, Next, After that, Finally,



Read the following paragraph and underline the sequence words.

❶ Ahmad is a very active boy. His day starts at 6:30 o'clock. **First**, he washes his face and brushes his teeth. **Second**, he has breakfast at 6:45 o'clock. **After that**, he goes to school. **Then**, he goes back home and has lunch with his family. **After** lunch he goes to the football club and plays with his teammates. **Finally**, he goes back home, has dinner and goes to bed by 9:00 o'clock.

❷ Use the sequence words and write about your daily routine.

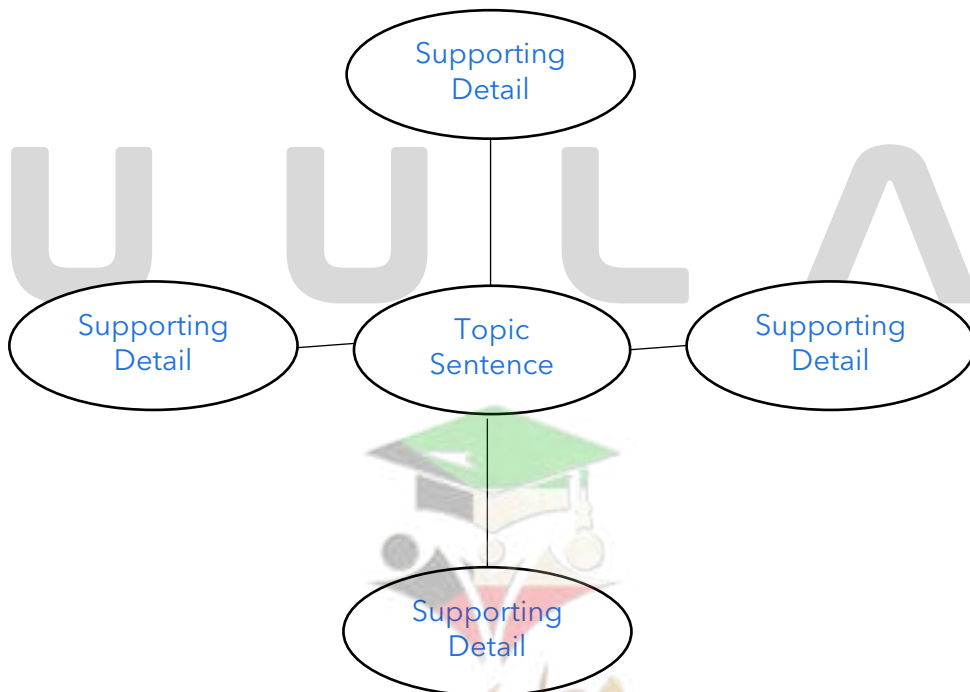
First, I wake up at 6:30 o'clock. Second, I help my mother with cooking breakfast and eat with her. Third, I get dressed and go school. After school, I come back and have lunch. Next, I take a nap. After that, I do my homework. Finally, I have dinner and go to bed.

❸ Use the sequence words to explain to your friends how you downloaded UULA's application on you Iphone.

First, I opened the App Store. Second, I typed "UULA" in the search bar. Third, I clicked on the application. After that, I clicked on "Download". Finally, I opened the application and used it to study.

Writing

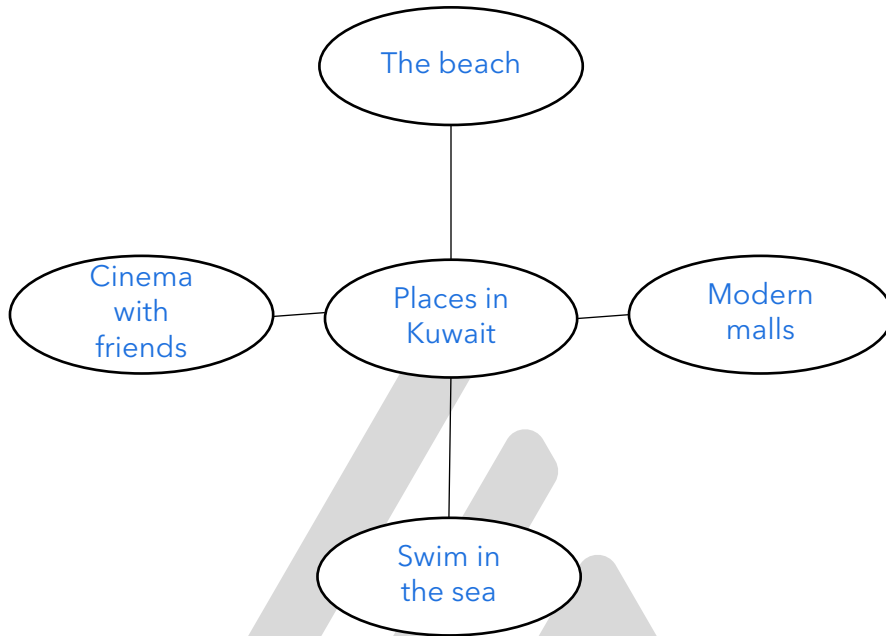
❶ The writing plan:



Example:

Q Write a paragraph about the places you love to visit in Kuwait with the help of these words:

Beach - malls - modern - sea - cinema - friends



There are many places I like to visit in Kuwait. First, I like going to the beach. Also, I enjoy swimming in the sea. Sometimes, I go to the modern malls to buy new clothes. I also like going to the cinema with my friends. I think Kuwait has many amazing places.

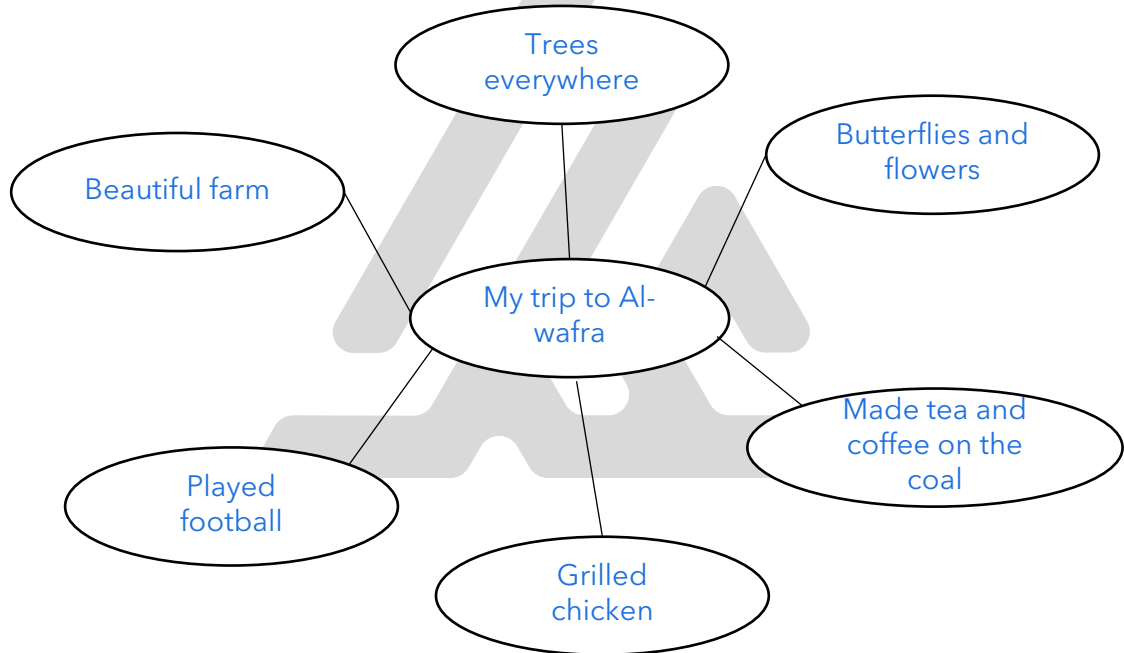
U U L A



Write a short email to your friend about your trip to Alwafra describing the place you camped in and the activities you did.



PLAN:



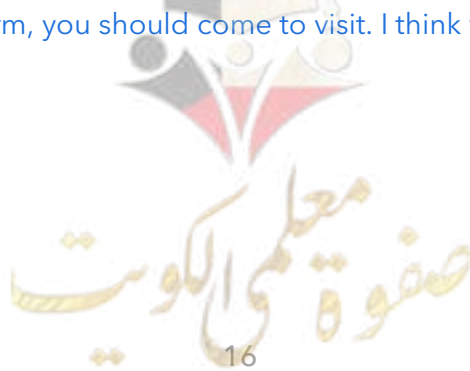
Email:



Dear Sara,

I hope you are doing well. I would like to talk to you about my trip to Al-Wafra. Last week we went to a farm in Al-Wafra. There were trees everywhere. The farm was very beautiful. I saw so many lovely butterflies and flowers. We did so many activities in the farm. First, we played football. Then, we grilled chicken for lunch. After lunch, we made tea and coffee on the coal. Next time we go to the farm, you should come to visit. I think we will have so much fun.

Yours,
Dalal



AN ADVERTISEMENT FOR KUWAIT

VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Advertisement	إعلان - دعاية	Aquarium	حوض اسماك
Happily	بسعادة	Businessman	رجل أعمال
Viewing sphere	كرة عرض	Feed	يطعم
Scuba diving	الغوص بالأدوات	Tasty	لذيذ
Exciting	مشوق	Shows	عروض
Old-fashioned	قديم	Miss	يفتقد - يشفق الى
Price	سعر - قيمة	Edition	اصدار - نسخة
Deal	صفقة	browser	متصفح



Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

Look at the pictures and answer the questions:

Q What are these places called?

Kuwait towers, the scientific centre and Dickson House Cultural Centre.

Q Have you visited any of them?

Yes, I have visited Kuwait towers and the Scientific Centres



Q Which do you think is the most interesting place?

I think Dickson's House Cultural Centre is the most interesting place.

Read the adverts and match them with the pictures.

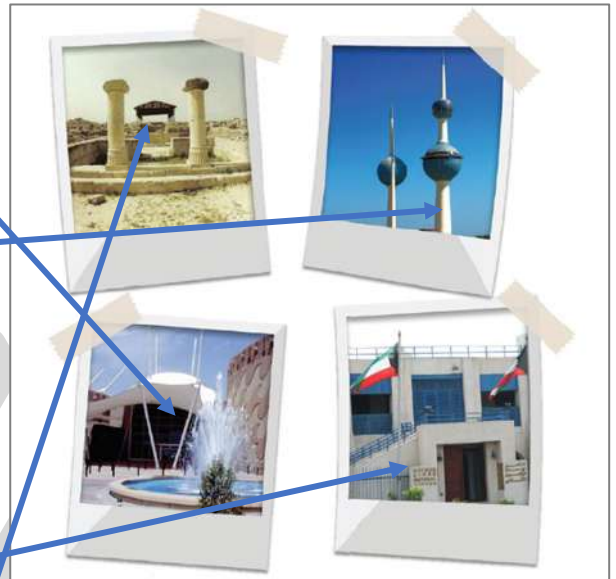


It was opened in 2000. It has the largest aquarium in the Middle East. It also has a harbour with seven dhows in it. If you go at the right time, you will see divers feeding the sharks.

Standing on a height of 187m, 147m and 113m above sea level, these three towers are home to restaurants, cafés and halls. The main tower consists of the Ground Floor, Main Sphere and the Viewing Sphere.

This was built in 1870 by a Kuwaiti businessman. In 1929, a British man, Colonel Dickson lived in it with his wife, Umm Saud. **She** lived there until 1990. If you go there, you will learn a lot about old Kuwait

It is twenty kilometres to the east of Kuwait City. It is one of the most beautiful and most famous islands in Kuwait. If you go there, you will see buildings that are more than two thousand, four hundred years old. In this photograph you can see a building from this time.



❑ Where will you go if you are interested in history?

I would go to Dickson's House cultural Centre

❑ Which place was opened in 2000?

The Scientific Centre was opened

❑ Where can you get a good view of the city?

I can get a good view of the city in the viewing sphere

❑ What does the underlined pronoun in paragraph 3 refer to?

It refers to Um Saud.



- Q Read the following adverts and decide which one is the best? Why do you think it is the best?



1 - Kuwait is a very nice place. You can visit museums and swim in the sea and eat very nice food.

2- Kuwait is an interesting country. You can visit fantastic museums and old fashioned buildings. When it is very hot, you can go scuba diving

3- Kuwait is a wonderful country. Kuwait City is modern and there are some interesting places to visit. As well as the Kuwait Towers, you can visit museums, Failaka Island and the Red Fort. You can also have lots of fun at the Entertainment City where you can go on rides, see shows and play games.

In my opinion, the third advert is the best because it gives enough details about Kuwait and what you can enjoy in Kuwait City.

Grammar

If Conditional: 1st

If + Present Simple, will + V(inf.)

Present Simple:

V(inf.)

V+s

I
We
You
They
جمع

He
She
It
مفرد



If you love Allah, you will respect your parents.

If she loves Allah, she will respect her parents.

- Q If you go to Entertainment City, you **will have** (have) great fun.
- Q If you don't visit the aquarium, you **won't see** (not see) the shark.
- Q If you read books, you **will learn** (learn) new words.
- Q If my friend doesn't go to bed early, he **will be** (be) tired in the morning.
- Q If you study harder, you **will get** (get) higher marks.
- Q If it **rains** (rain), you will get wet.
- Q If Sally **arrives** (arrive) late again, I will be mad.
- Q If you don't hurry, you **will miss** (miss) the bus.
- Q If I have time, I **will finish** (finish) that letter.
- Q Nobody will notice if Noura **makes** (make) a mistake.
- Q If you drop that glass, it **will break** (break).
- Q If you **don't leave** (not leave), I'll call the police



- ❑ If you drop that glass, it **will break** (break).
- ❑ If he **calls** (call) you, you will go.
- ❑ If mum **buys** (buy) my school supplies, I will take them to school with me.

Practice

Smart Quizzes



And - Because - So - Or - But:



And:

- ❑ I like coffee. I like tea.
I like coffee and tea.
- ❑ Kuwait is small. Kuwait is beautiful.
Kuwait is small and beautiful.
- ❑ My laptop is fast. My laptop is expensive.
My laptop is fast and expensive.
- ❑ Ahmad likes fish. Fajer likes fish.
Ahmad and Fajer like fish.
- ❑ Dana is a smart student. Eman is a smart student.
Dana and Eman are smart students.

Or:

I will order fish **or** chicken. I will not order both.
I will ask Mona **or** Ahmad to come with me.
I will go shopping on Sunday **or** Monday.
I usually drink Turkish **or** French coffee in the morning.
The manager **or** his assistant has the key.

But:

- ❑ I have homework to do. I want to play videogames.
I have homework to do, but I want to play videogames.
- ❑ I was looking for my key. I couldn't find it.
I was looking for my key, but I couldn't find it.



Q I studied very well. I did bad in the exam.
I studied very well, but I did bad in the exam.

Q I am wrong. I will not apologize.
I am wrong, but I will not apologize.

Q I am not hungry. I will eat with you.
I am not hungry, but I will eat with you.

Q This restaurant is cheap. Their food is very delicious.
This restaurant is cheap, but Their food is very delicious.

Because:

Q I go to the gym I want to lose weight.
I go to the gym because I want to lose weight.

Q I am hungry. I didn't eat since the morning.
I am hungry because I didn't eat since the morning.

Q I apologized. I know I made a mistake.
I apologized because I know I made a mistake.

Q I will not buy this shirt. This shirt is very expensive.
I will not buy this shirt because it is very expensive.

Q I love cats. They are one of the most beautiful animals.
I love cats because they are one of the most beautiful animals.

So:

Q I want to lose weight. I go to the gym.
I want to lose weight, so I go to the gym.

Q I didn't eat since the morning. I am hungry.
I didn't eat since the morning, so I am hungry.

Q I know I made a mistake. I apologized.
I know I made a mistake, so I apologized.



Q This shirt is very expensive. I will not buy this shirt.

This shirt is very expensive, so I will not buy this shirt.

Q They are one of the most beautiful animals. I love cats.

They are one of the most beautiful animals, so I love cats.

Writing

Q Use the following words to complete the advertisement, then answer the questions below:

(visit - fast - amazing - two cameras - new)



Don't miss the **new** edition of our mobile phone.

It has an **amazing** price so everyone can buy it. It

comes with a **fast** Internet browser and

two cameras. we have the greatest deal for you,

come and **visit** our shop.



Q Does the advert talk about the mobile screen?

No, it doesn't

Q Do you know about the apps in the phone?

There is a fast internet browser.

Q Does it come with any accessories?

It was not mentioned in the advert.

Q What else can you add to the advertisement that will make it better?

I would add more information about the apps, the accessories and the price of the phone.

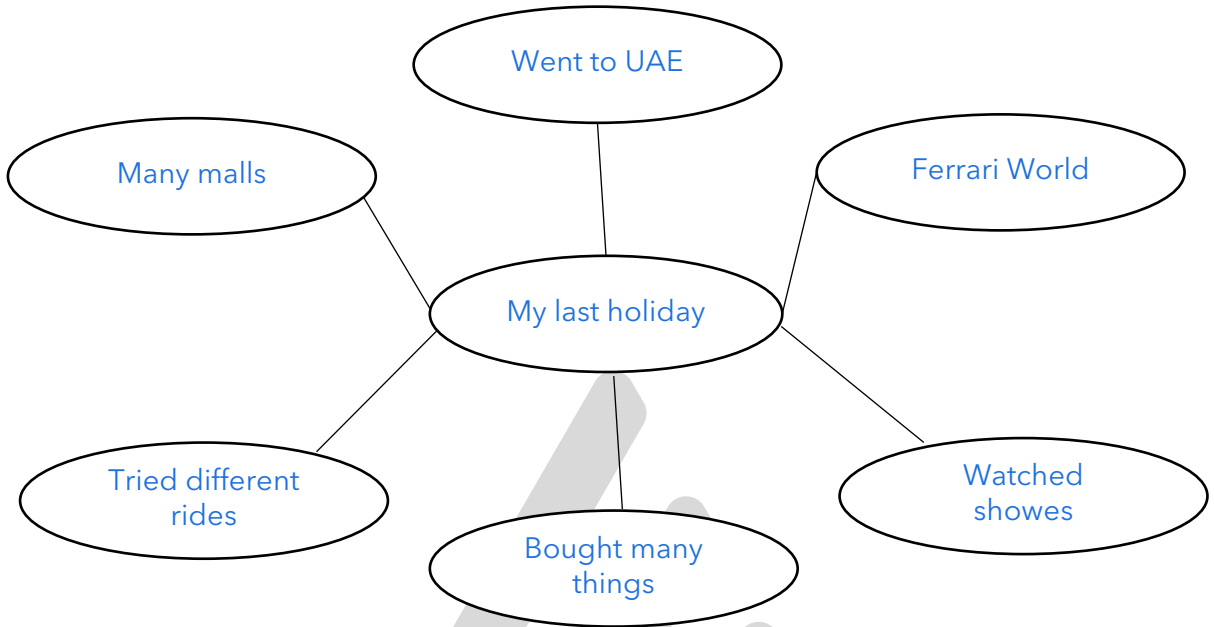
ملاحظة

شرح طريقة كتابة المخطط the plan موجودة في Unit 1 من المذكرة

Write a short paragraph about your last holiday describing where you went and what you did there.



PLAN:



Paragraph:

last holiday, we travelled to the UAE. It is a beautiful country. We went to many different malls. In addition, we visited Ferrari world. We did so many fun things. In the malls, we went to many stores and bought so many things. In Ferrari world, we tried many different rides. We also watched amazing shows. I advise you to travel to the UAE.



U U L A



A LOCAL TELEVISION PROGRAMME

VOCABULARY



Word	Meaning
Actor	ممثل
Broken	مكسور
Safety	أمن
Remember	يتذكر
Daughter	ابنة
Hit	يصدم - يضرب
Hastily	بعجالة - بسرعة
Cartoon	رسوم متحركة

Word	Meaning
Episode	حلقة من مسلسل
Frightened	خائف جدا
x-ray	يقوم بعمل أشعة
Receptionist	موظف الاستقبال
Worried	قلق
Leave	يرحل
Programme	برنامج
prefer	يُفضّل

Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

Look at the picture and answer the questions below:

Q What can you see in the picture?

I can see a two cars in the picture

Q What has happened?

The two cars crashed

Q What will happen?

- The drivers will go to the hospital.
- The drivers will call the police.



صفوة معلمي الكويت

Read the text and answer the questions:

Last week we saw the first episode of Road Safety. We met the main actors - the doctor, the nurse and the receptionist. At the beginning of the programme, an ambulance brought a young girl to Al-Amiri hospital. A car hit her. She had a broken leg and cuts on her head. She was very frightened and she could not remember her name. First, the nurse asked her some questions, but the girl didn't answer. Then the doctor x-rayed her leg and put a plaster on it. At the end of the episode, the receptionist told them, "A man has just asked about the girl."

"Where is he?" asked the doctor.

"He's gone," said the receptionist. "He left hastily."

What will happen this week?

Answer the following questions:

Q Who took the girl to the hospital?

The ambulance

Q Why did the doctor put a plaster on her leg?

Because it was broken

Q What does the underlined pronoun it refer to?

Her leg

Q Why should people drive carefully?

People should drive carefully to avoid accidents

Q Can you think of rules that can help in reducing car accidents?

- Not to speed up in neighborhoods.
- People should only cross the street at the red traffic light.



Read the following stories then answer the questions below:

Story 1:

This is a true story. A man and a woman meet while they are studying at university. He goes to live in Bahrain. She goes to live in Canada with her aunt and uncle. They both have great lives but they are not happy. Six years later, they come back to Kuwait. Watch the film to find out what happens. Sometimes it is funny, sometimes it is sad.



Story 2:

This is an exciting story. There are two families who do not like each other. Both families are very rich and live in huge houses. There are fast car races which are very exciting. We see people swimming in the sea with sharks and an octopus. It is very frightening. But ... one family loses all its money. Which one?

Q Choose the best title for the stories from the following:

- The Rich and The Poor Story 2
- Coming Home Story 1
- Fast Cars _____
- Good Friends _____

Read the sentences and decide whether these statements are about story 1 or story 2.

Q The two young people go to different universities but they meet at a friend's house.

Story 1

Q The grandfathers are old school friends but suddenly they do not like each other.

Story 2

Q The photographs from Bahrain and Canada are beautiful. Story 1

Q The music is very fast and exciting. Story 2

Q Each house is very big and expensive. Story 2

Q I love the part of the film under the water. Story 2

Q It is funny when the two people meet again. Story 1

Q The man in the film is a better actor than the woman. Story 1

Discuss these questions.

Q Which film do you want to see? Why?

I want to see the second film to find out how the one family lost all its money



Q What do you think happens in each film?

Film 1: I think the man and the woman will find out they are neighbors.

Film 2: I think one of the families will be robbed.

Q Do you think both films are happy at the end?

No, I think the second film is sad because one of the families will lose its money.

Q What kind of films do you like?

I like comedy movies.

Q What is the best film you have seen?

The best film I have ever watched is Kung Fu Panda.

Q Who is your favorite actor?

My favorite actor is Kevin Hart.

Grammar

(Past Simple):

Keywords: last (week, month, year) / yesterday / ago / In the past / when I was younger / (past event)



Q I spoke to Fatima last night.

▪ (negative)

I didn't speak to Fatma last night.

▪ (question)

did you speak to Fatma last night?

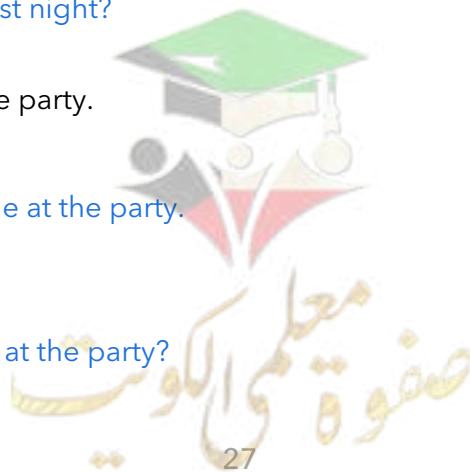
Q We had a great time at the party.

▪ (negative)

we didn't have a great time at the party.

▪ (question)

did you have a great time at the party?



Q The band played the best Jazz music at the concert.

▪ (negative)

The band didn't play the best Jazz music at the concert.

▪ (question)

did The band play the best Jazz music at the concert?

Q My students were aggressive with each other.

▪ (negative)

My students weren't aggressive with each other.

Q I was honest with them.

▪ (negative)

I wasn't honest with them.

Question Formation (Past Tense):

▪ **Yes/No Questions:**

Did you eat my ice-cream? Yes, I ate your ice-cream.

Q Yes, I stayed with my friend yesterday.

Did you stay with your friend yesterday?

Q Yes, Ahmad went to the supermarket 5 minutes ago.

Did Ahmad go to the supermarket 5 minutes ago?

Q No, my cat didn't injure itself last night.

Did your cat injure itself last night?

Q Yes, my teacher worked hard.

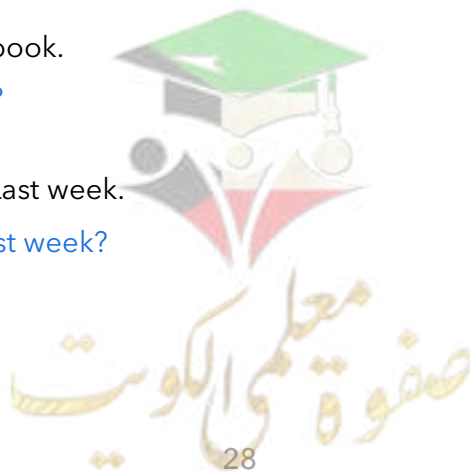
Did your teacher work hard?

Q No, I did not pay for the book.

Did you pay for the book?

Q Yes, Omar wrote a letter Last week.

Did Omar write a letter last week?



Q No, Maha didn't like the perfume.

Did Maha like the perfume?

Q Yes, my father bought a new computer 2 days ago

Did your father buy a new computer 2 days ago?

Q Yes, my phone broke.

Did your phone break?

Q No, my cousin didn't lose any weight.

Did your cousin lose any weight?

Q Yes, he read a book before bed last night.

Did he read a book before bed last night?

▪ WH-Questions:

What did you want to eat?

I wanted to eat a sandwich.

WH words:

What : للأشياء - الأحداث

Where : للمكان

When : للوقت - الزمان

Why : للسبب



Q I went to school by car.

▪ What : What did you go to school by?

▪ Where : Where did you go by car?

Q I stayed at my friend's house yesterday to play the videogames..

▪ Where : Where did you stay yesterday?

▪ When : When did you stay at your friend's house?

▪ Why : Why did you stay at your friend's house yesterday?

Q My phone broke 2 hours ago because I dropped it.

▪ When : When did your phone break?

▪ Why : Why did your phone break?

Q I paid for the book this morning at the bookshop because I liked it.

- What : What did you pay for this morning?
- Where : Where did you pay for the book this morning?
- When : When did you pay for the book at the bookshop?
- Why : Why did you pay for the book this morning at the bookshop?

Q My father bought a new computer last week because the old one is not working.

- What : What did your father buy last week?
- When : When did your father buy a new computer?
- Why : Why did your father buy a new computer last week?

Enjoy / Prefer / like:

Enjoy → V(ing)
Prefer → V(ing)
Like → V(ing)



I like going to the beach.

I enjoy drawing.

I prefer eating breakfast before school.

Q I prefer **listening** (listen) to the news on radio.

Q He prefers **wearing** (wear) a tie to work.

Q I like **making** (make) jam.

Q He likes **telling** (tell) jokes.

Q They like **sitting** (sit) and **talking** (talk) for too long.

Q We enjoy **hearing** (hear) you sing.

Q They enjoy **causing** (cause) problems.

Q I prefer **giving** (give) you my number.

Q I enjoy **playing** (play) tennis.

Q I like **watching** (watch) T.V after dinner.

Q I prefer **eating** (eat) and **walking** (walk) at the same time.

Q Maha enjoys **drinking** (drink) coffee in the morning.

Q Ahmad likes **having** (have) tea without milk.

Q My father prefers **writing** (write) his book in the summer.

Q I like **studying** (study) for my exams.

Q I prefer **listening** (listen) to BBC news in the morning.



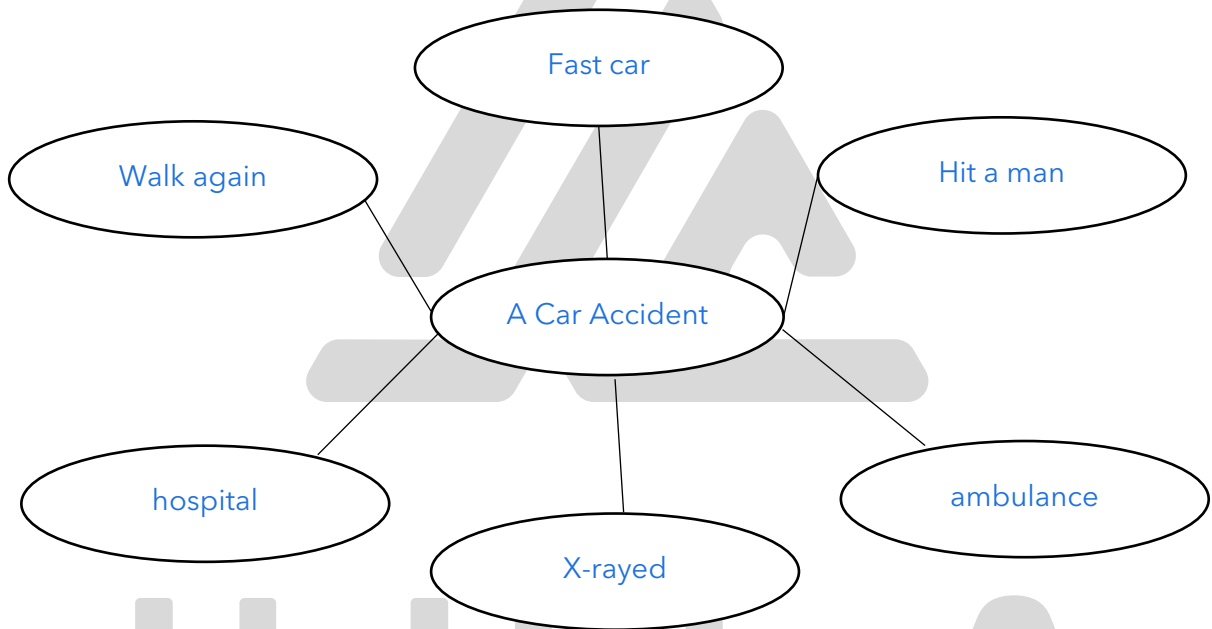
Writing



ملاحظة

شرح طريقة كتابة المخطط the plan موجودة في Unit 1 من المذكرة

- 🔴 Driving fast is very dangerous. Write a paragraph of 6 sentences describing a car accident you saw.



Paragraph:

last week, I saw a car accident. A woman was driving her car very fast and didn't see the man crossing the street. The car hit the man and he was in a lot of pain. The ambulance came and took the man to the hospital. The doctors x-rayed the man and found that he broke his arm and leg. He stayed in the hospital for two weeks. Now, the man can walk again.

POTABLE WATER



VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning
Desalination plant	محطة تحلية المياه
Expensive	غالي
Waste	يهدر
Rich	غني
Hold	يمسك - يحتفظ ب
Melt	يذوب

Word	Meaning
Dirty	قذر
Factory	مصنع
Carefully	بعناية - بحذر
Take out	يستخلص - يفصل
Iceberg	جبل جليدي

Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

Q Where are these building?

They are in Kuwait

Q Do you know what they are used for?

The water towers hold water in them

Kuwait towers are Kuwait's landmark and they have a restaurant in them.



Q Why are they important?

Water towers provide water to all areas of Kuwait.

Kuwait tower can attract tourists.



Read the text and answer the questions below:

What do you know about water? Well, a person can live without food for more than a month, but a person can live without water for a week only. Water helps us to keep healthy and is very important to us.

Where do we get our water from in Kuwait?

Two thirds of the Earth is covered in water but we can only drink a little of it. Most of the water is sea water - but people can't drink it. Rich countries like Kuwait take the salt out of sea water to make drinking water. It is difficult to do this. They have to build desalination plants, which are very expensive. They keep the water in towers around the country. Kuwait Towers are famous over the world and they hold water, too.

Many people in the world do not have safe drinking water. Every year, many people die because they drink dirty water. We need water in our homes, in factories and for farming. It is important to use water carefully and we should never waste it.

Q What is the main idea of the text?

The importance of water

Q How much of the earth is covered in water?

Two third of the earth is covered in water

Q How does Kuwait get safe drinking water?

They take out the salt from the sea water using desalination plants

Q Why do many people die in poor countries?

Because they drink dirty water

Find the opposite of the underlined words from the text:

Q Some people in the world are very poor, some are rich.

Q Do you think English is easy or difficult ?

Q Was that computer game cheap or expensive ?

Q Is it dangerous or safe to swim in the sea?

Q Are your shoes clean or dirty ?



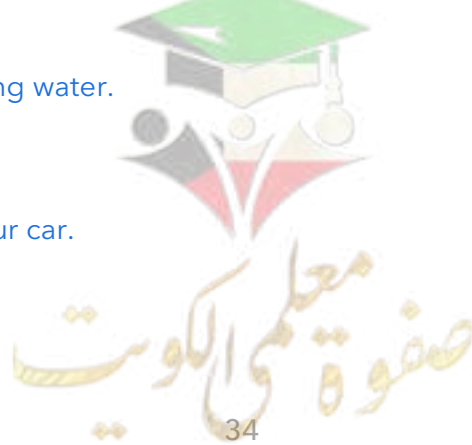
Look at the pictures and give pieces of advice on how to save water.



- ❑ Don't
Leave the water running when you brush your teeth.
- ❑ Don't
Leave the shower water running if you are not in the shower



- ❑ Don't
Wash your car with running water.
- ❑ Always
Use a sponge to wash your car.





- ❑ Don't
Leave the water leaking.
- ❑ Always
Use a pot to water the plants.
- ❑ Think of other ways to save water.
 - don't take long showers
 - Use a towel or a mop to clean the floor instead of running water.
- ❑ Match the words with the sentences to create sentences about how to be healthy.

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Don't ▪ Walk ▪ Do ▪ Drink ▪ Eat ▪ Don't ▪ Always 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> lots of fruit and vegetables. eat chocolate. some exercise every day. walk up the stairs. lots of water. to school. take the car.
--	---

Grammar



Which / Who:

Which
غير العاقل (جماد)

Who
العاقل (أشخاص)

- ❑ People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.
- ❑ The book which was written last year, won many prizes.
- ❑ She prefers to watch movies which make her cry.

- Q students who are regarded as excellent will be honored.
- Q The policeman who came here to check on us, asked us to stay at home.
- Q Students who graduated before 2005 cannot join our university.
- Q She is looking for a bag which has the same color as her shoes.
- Q The questions which were on the second page were very difficult.
- Q The woman who is taking pictures is my cousin.
- Q The football player who scored the goal played professionally for 2 years.
- Q The cat which waits at the door every night is a Persian cat.

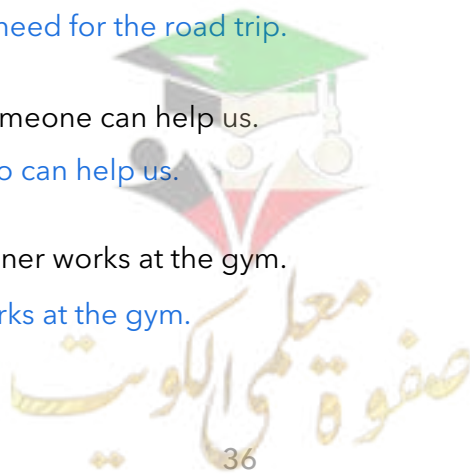
Choose which or who.

- Q Kuwait has desalination plants (who / **which**) are expensive to build.
- Q People (**who** / which) live in some poor countries do not have clean water.
- Q That's the man (**who** / which) fishes in the sea every day.
- Q I've got a new book (who / **which**) is very interesting. It's about the sea.
- Q Ali is the boy (**who** / which) washed the car.



Join the following sentences:

- Q There's the man! He told me a funny story.
There's the man **who** told me a funny story.
- Q That's the new computer game! It's great fun to play.
That's the new computer game **which** is great fun to play.
- Q They are the teachers. They teach us English.
They are the teachers **who** teach us English.
- Q Those are the cats! They always sleep in my garden.
Those are the cats **which** always sleep in my garden.
- Q This is the map. We need it for the road trip.
This is the map **which** we need for the road trip.
- Q We can find someone. Someone can help us.
We can find someone **who** can help us.
- Q This is the trainer. The trainer works at the gym.
This is the trainer **who** works at the gym.





Imperatives (Giving advice):



Q How do people waste water?



- They use running water to clean their cars or water the plants.
- They leave the water tap open as they wash their hands or brush their teeth.
- They don't fix water leaks in the pipes.
- They take long showers.

Look at the pictures and complete the sentences to give advice for people so that they can save the water.

Q Don't
use running water to wash the car.

Q Always
use a sponge to wash the car.



Q Don't
leave the water tap open when you brush your teeth

Q Always
close the water tap when you are brushing your teeth.



❑ You must
fix water leaks in the pipes

❑ You mustn't
leave water pipes without fixing



❑ You must
take short showers to save the water.

❑ You mustn't
take long showers.



Correct the verb between brackets:

❑ You must (eating) fruits and vegetables.

eat _____

❑ Don't (eats) too much chocolate.

eat _____

❑ (doing) some exercise everyday.

Do _____

❑ Always (goes) to school early.

go _____

❑ (Drank) lots of water.

Drink _____

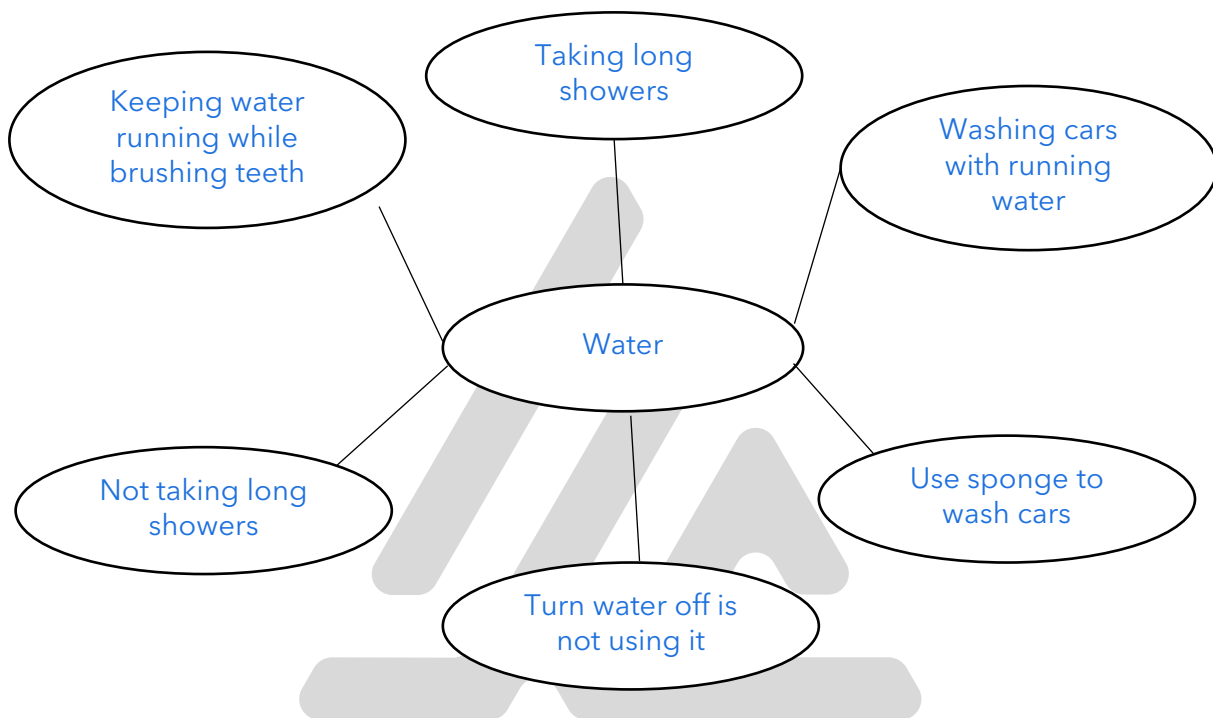
U U L A



- Write a short paragraph about the ways of wasting water and how we can save it instead of wasting it.



PLAN:



Water is very important to our life. People waste water in many ways. First, they take long showers. Second, they keep the water running while brushing teeth. Third, they wash cars with running water. However, there are many ways to save water. First, you should not take long showers. Second, you should turn the water off if you are not using it. Third, you should use a sponge to wash your car. All in all, water is the most important thing in the world.



SEA WORLD SECRETS



VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning
Coral reef	شعاب مرجانية
Lay eggs	تبيض - تضع البيض
Pattern	شكل - زخرفة
Turtle	سلحفاة مائية
Whale	حوت
Spike	شوكة

Word	Meaning
Slowly	بطء
Shipwreck	حطام سفينة
Squid	حبار
Sink	يفرق - يغطس
Poisonous	سام

Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

Q Do you know this animal?

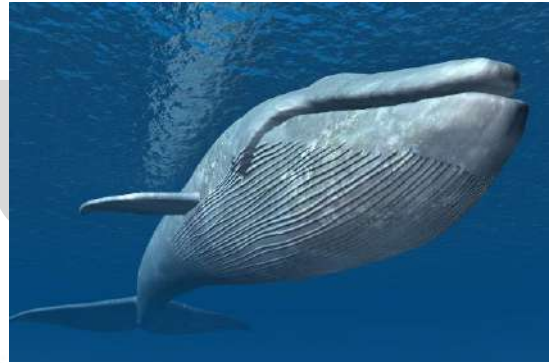
This is a whale

Q Do you know if it's dangerous?

I think that whales are not dangerous.

Q Do you think we can find it in the sea near Kuwait?

I think we can't find it near Kuwait.



Read about sea animals and answer the questions:

Q Which animal am I? (match the sentence with the paragraph)

- Watch out! (1)
- I can't run fast! (2)
- You can't see me! (4)
- I'm not dangerous! (3)

- (1) A puffer fish has got four very sharp teeth. Some puffer fish have got spikes. When it is frightened, a pufferfish drinks a lot of water so it is round and bigger.
- (2) Turtles have got beautiful shells. When they want to lay eggs, they walk very slowly up the beach, dig a hole in the sand and lay their eggs in it.
- (3) The whale shark is the largest shark. It is eighteen meters long. It eats small fish and plants in the sea. It lives in warm waters and divers sometimes see one in the sea near Kuwait. They are not dangerous but they are very big so you mustn't swim near them.
- (4) Butterfly fish have got beautiful colours and patterns. They live in the coral reef. The other fish can't see them because butterfly can hide in the colourful reefs - then they can't eat them!

Answer the following questions:

- ❶ Which country can you see whale sharks near - Canada or Kuwait?

We can see whale sharks near Kuwait.

- ❷ What does a puffer fish do when it is frightened?

It drinks a lot of water until it is round and big

- ❸ Where do turtles lay their eggs?

They lay their eggs in a hole in the beach

- ❹ Why do people want turtle shells?

Because they are beautiful

- ❺ Where do butterfly fish live?

They live in coral reefs

Grammar

Past Continuous (When):

I was swimming down to the shipwreck when I saw a whale shark.

was

+

V(ing)

were

I was cooking when the phone rang.
When the phone rang, I was cooking.

- ❶ The vet was treating (treat) an injured tiger when I visited the zoo.

- ❷ I was walking (walk) along the road when a fast car drove by.



- ❑ When I heard (hear) a scream, I was taking a shower.
- ❑ My grandmother was telling (tell) us a story when the baby cried.
- ❑ When I stopped listening, she was speaking (speak).
- ❑ When the boys woke up (wake) up in the morning, the birds were singing.
- ❑ She was thinking (think) about that amazing trip when she wrote you that letter.
- ❑ When we saw a little rabbit, we were walking (walk) in the park.
- ❑ My parents were discussing the issue when my sister found (find) a solution.
- ❑ The teachers were marking (mark) the exams when I walked in.



The family were having lunch when it started to rain.

The man was taking pictures when he fell.



My grandfather was reading a book when he fell asleep.

I was doing my homework when the phone rang.



Subject-Verb Agreement (present Simple)



V(inf)

Play
Write
Cook

V+s

Plays
Writes
cooks

Is

He
She
it

Am

I

Are

You
They
we

Have

I
You
We
they

Has

He
She
it

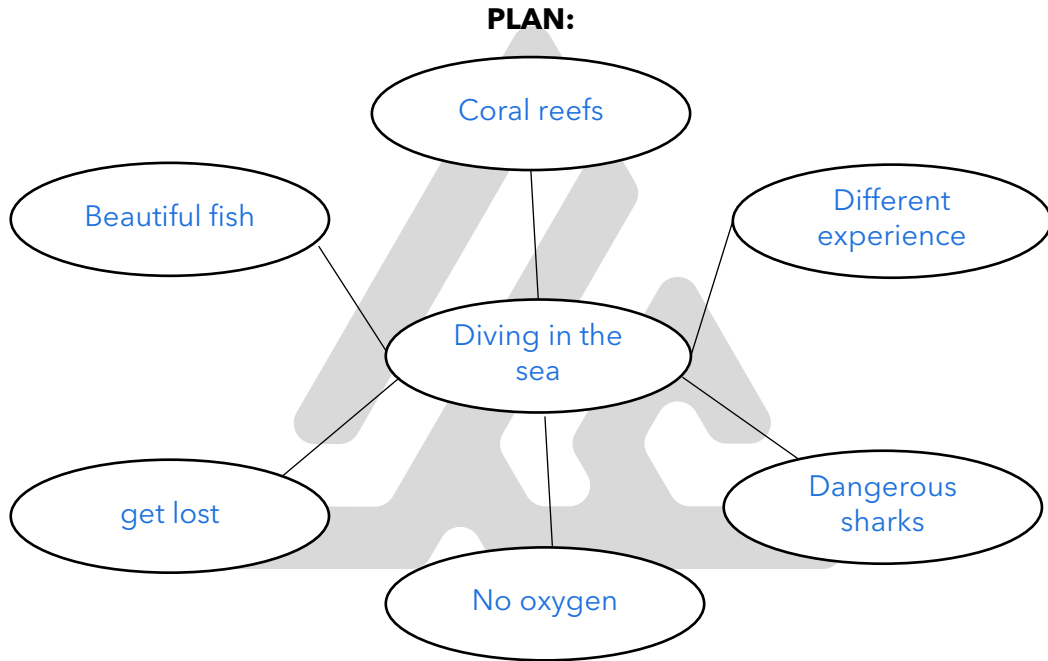
- ❑ Sharks (has/**have**) very sharp teeth.
- ❑ There (is/**are**) shells on the beach.
- ❑ A baby whale (need/**needs**) a lot of milk.
- ❑ Some fish (**look**/looks) beautiful.
- ❑ The sea (is/**are**) a very dangerous place.
- ❑ Whale sharks (doesn't/**don't**) eat people.
- ❑ Squid (**have**/has) ten legs.
- ❑ Turtles (**lay**/lays) their eggs in the sand.
- ❑ Ahmad (**lives**/live) in Bayan
- ❑ Mariam (**works**/work) in a company.
- ❑ Mona (is/**are**) Bader's sister.
- ❑ Mohammad (travel/**travels**) by train.
- ❑ Jasim and Maha (enjoys/**enjoy**) their jobs.
- ❑ Ahmad and Eman (plays/**play**) football on Sundays.
- ❑ Sara's Dad (are/**is**) retired.
- ❑ Saqer (**has**/have) dark hair.
- ❑ Jumana (work/**works**) as a teacher.
- ❑ Jumana's mum (**works**/work) as a tour guide.
- ❑ Football (is/**are**) my favorite game.
- ❑ Jori (**has**/have) three sisters.
- ❑ Essa (are/**is**) a teacher.





شرح طريقة كتابة المخطط the plan موجودة في Unit 1 من المذكرة

- Write a short paragraph about diving in the sea describing why it is fun and why it can be dangerous.



Diving in the sea is so much fun. First, when you dive, you will see beautiful fish like the butterfly fish. Second, you will see amazing coral reefs. Third, diving in the sea is a different experience that you can enjoy. However, it can be dangerous too because you could get lost. Also, you could run out of oxygen or see dangerous sharks. All in all, diving is a fun activity, but you have to be careful.



A BRAVE BOY



VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Decide	يقرر	Award	مكافأة - جائزة
Newspaper	جريدة	Try	يجرب - يحاول
Reach	يصل	Practice	تمرين
Scream	يصرخ	Problem	مشكلة
Shore	شاطئ	Someone	أحد ما
Trouble	مأزق	Medal	ميدالية
Drown	يغرق	Certificate	شهادة
Suddenly	فجأة	exhausted	مرهق - مُتعب
finally	أخيراً		

Practice

Smart Quizzes



Reading

Q What do people usually do at the beach?

Usually, people sit and eat, read a book, play football or volleyball, walk or swim in the sea.

Q Do you think there are dangers there?

No, I don't think there are dangers at the beach.
Yes, someone could drown while swimming in the sea.



Read the story and answer the questions:

Last Saturday, fifteen-year old Waleed went to the beach. While he was walking along the beach, he suddenly heard a scream. He saw a young boy, Marwan, who was in the sea shouting for help and waving his arms. Waleed ran into the water and started swimming towards him. While he was swimming, he saw Marwan go under the water. Waleed swam faster and faster. Finally, he reached him. Waleed put his hand under Marwan's chin and swam back to the shore. Some men helped Waleed and Marwan out of the water. Waleed said, "when I saw him, I knew he was in trouble. I am good at swimming so I went to help him." An ambulance took Marwan to hospital. He went home the next day.

Decide whether the statements are True or false?

- Q Waleed was 50 years old. 15 (F)
- Q He heard a noise. scream (F)
- Q Marwan wasn't in trouble. was (F)
- Q Waleed was a very good swimmer. (T)
- Q Waleed was very brave. (T)

Q Underline the adjectives from the words below:

Danger
Boring
Fear

frightened
exhausted
safe

Worried
cold
dangerous

dirty
happ

excitement
safety

Q Which adjectives can you use to describe how Saif felt?

- He felt worried about Marwan.
- He felt exhausted after swimming fast.
- He felt happy after saving Marwan

Q Think of other adjectives to describe how he felt.

- He felt confident about saving Marwan because he was good at swimming.
- He felt brave because he was the only one who went to save Marwan.

Read this newspaper story and answer the questions below:

A fireman got an award because he saved a girl from a fire. The fire was very bad and seven firemen went to help. The fire started at seven o'clock in the evening. The girl went to hospital in an ambulance.

Which of the following questions can you answer?

- Q How many firemen were at the fire? ✓
- Q Who took the girl to hospital? ✓
- Q Where did he get the award? ✗

- ❑ What is the girl's name? ❌
- ❑ Where was the fire? ❌
- ❑ Why did the fire start? ❌
- ❑ How long did she stay there? ❌

- ❑ How many firemen were at the fire?

Seven firemen were at the fire.

- ❑ Who took the girl to hospital?

An ambulance took the girl to the hospital.

Grammar



Past Continuous (While):

was
were + **V(ing)**

I was swimming down to the shipwreck when I saw a whale shark.
While I was swimming down to the shipwreck, I saw a whale shark.

I was cooking when the phone rang.
When the phone rang, I was cooking.

While I was cooking, the phone rang.
The phone rang while I was cooking.

WHEN → V2
WHILE → was/were + ing

- ❑ While the vet was treating (treat) an injured tiger, I visited the zoo.
- ❑ While I was walking (walk) along the road, a fast car drove by.
- ❑ I heard (hear) a scream while I was taking a shower.
- ❑ While my grandmother was telling (tell) us a story, the baby cried.
- ❑ I stopped listening while she was speaking (speak).
- ❑ the boys woke up (wake) up in the morning while the birds were singing.
- ❑ While she was thinking (think) about that amazing trip, she wrote you that letter.
- ❑ We saw a little rabbit while we were walking (walk) in the park.
- ❑ While my parents were discussing the issue, my sister found (find) a solution.
- ❑ While the teachers were marking (mark) the exams, I walked in.



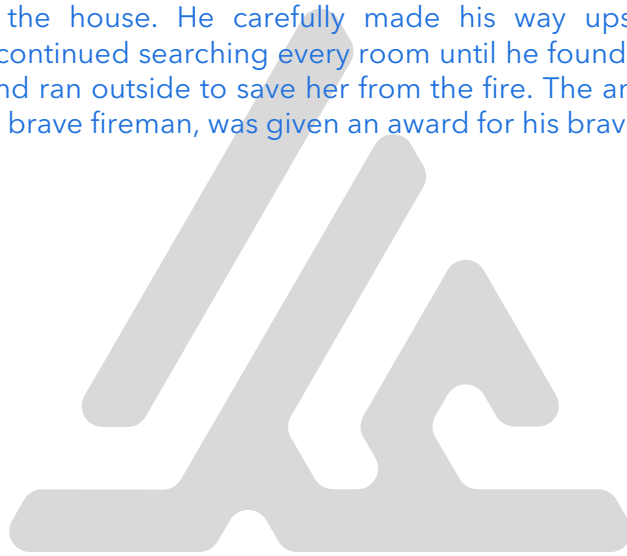


 Write the full story of the fireman who saves a girl.



A fireman got an award because he saved a girl from a fire. The fire was very bad, and seven firemen went to help. The fire started at seven o'clock in the evening. The girl went to hospital in an ambulance.

One day, seven firemen were called to put out a house on fire. When they arrived at the house, they saw the mother crying "my daughter is still in there!". A brave fireman, Ali, ran quickly inside the house. He carefully made his way upstairs. The smoke was everywhere but he continued searching every room until he found the little girl, Eman. He finally carried her and ran outside to save her from the fire. The ambulance took Eman to the hospital. Ali, the brave fireman, was given an award for his brave action.



IRREGULAR VERBS - تصاريف الأفعال

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يكون	Is / am / are	Was / were	been
يصبح	Become	Became	Become
يبدأ	Begin	Began	Begun
يضرب	Beat	Beat	beaten
ينحني	Bend	Bent	Bent
يعض	Bite	Bit	Bitten
ينفخ	Blow	Blew	blown
ينزف	Bleed	Bled	bled
يكسر	Break	Broke	Broken
يحضر	Bring	Brought	Brought
يذيع	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast
يشترى	Buy	Bought	Bought
يبنى	Build	Built	Built
يحرق	Burn	Burnt	Burnt
يصطاد	Catch	Caught	Caught
يختار	Choose	Chose	Chosen
يأتي	Come	Came	Come
يكلف	Cost	Cost	Cost
يقطع	Cut	Cut	Cut
يفعل	Do	Did	Done
يملك	Have	Had	Had
يرسم	Draw	Drew	Drawn
يحلم	Dream	Dreamt	Dreamt
يشرب	Drink	Drank	Drunk
يقود	Drive	Drove	Driven
يحفر	Dig	Dug	dug
يموت	Die	Died	Died
يأكل	Eat	Ate	Eaten
يسقط	Fall	Fell	Fallen
يشعر	Feel	Felt	Felt
يهرب	Flee	Fled	fled

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يطعم	Feed	Fed	fed
يحفر	Dig	Dug	dug
يتشاجر	Fight	Fought	Fought
يجد	Find	Found	Found
يؤسس	Found	Founded	Founded
يطير	Fly	Flew	Flown
ينسى	Forget	Forgot	Forgotten
يحصل على	Get	Got	Got
يسامح	Forgive	Forgave	Forgiven
يجمد	Freeze	Froze	Frozen
يذهب	Go	Went	Gone
يعطي	Give	Gave	Given
ينمو \ يزرع	Grow	Grew	Grown
يعلق	Hang	Hung	Hung
يسمع	Hear	Heard	Heard
يختبئ	Hide	Hid	Hidden
يضرب	Hit	Hit	Hit
يمسك	Hold	Held	Held
يؤلم	Hurt	Hurt	hurt
يبقي	Keep	Kept	Kept
يعرف	Know	Knew	Known
يتعلم	Learn	Learnt	Learnt
يرحل \ يترك	Leave	Left	Left
يعير	Lend	Lent	lent
يسمح	Let	Let	let
يضع جانباً	Lay	Laid	Laid
يستلقي	Lie	Lay	Lain
يكذب	Lie	Lied	Lied
يضيء	Light	Lit	lit
يضيع	Lose	Lost	Lost
يجعل \ يصنع	Make	Made	Made
يعني	Mean	Meant	Meant
يلتقي	Meet	Met	Met
يدفع	Pay	Paid	Paid

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يضع	Put	Put	Put
يثبت	Prove	Proved	Proved/proven
ينسحب	Quit	Quit	Quit
يقرأ	Read	Read	Read
يركب	Ride	Rode	Ridden
يرن	Ring	Rang	Rung
يصعد \ يرتقي	Rise	Rose	Risen
يركض	Run	Ran	Run
يقول	Say	Said	Said
يرى	See	Saw	Seen
يبيع	Sell	Sold	Sold
يرسل	Send	Sent	Sent
يجهز	Set	Set	set
يخيط	Sew	Sewed	Sewn
يهز	Shake	Shook	Shaken
يتساقط (الشعر او أوراق الشجر)	Shed	Shed	Shed
يلمع	Shine	Shone	Shone
يظهر	Show	Showed	Shown
يغلق	Shut	Shut	shut
يغني	Sing	Sang	Sung
يغرق	Sink	Sank	Sunk
يجلس	Sit	Sat	Sat
ينام	Sleep	Slept	Slept
يتحدث	Speak	Spoke	Spoken
يقضي	Spend	Spent	Spent
يهجأ (يقراً حرف حرف)	Spell	Spelt	Spelt
يسكب	Spill	Spilt	Spilt
يدور	Spin	Spun	spun
ينتشر	Spread	Spread	spread
يقف	Stand	Stood	Stood
يفهم	Understand	Understood	Understood
يسرق	Steal	Stole	Stolen
يلتصق	Stick	Stuck	Stuck

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يقرص \ يلسع	Sting	Stung	Stung
تفوح منه رائحة كريهة	Stink	Stank	Stunk
يصعق	Strike	Struck	Struck
يسبح	Swim	Swam	Swum
يتورم	Swell	Swelled	Swollen
يتأرجح	Swing	Swung	swung
يشم	Smell	Smelt/smelled	Smelt/smelled
يأخذ	Take	Took	Taken
يُعلم	Teach	Taught	Taught
يخبر	Tell	Told	Told
يمزق	Tear	Tore	Torn
يفكر	Think	Thought	Thought
يرمي	Throw	Threw	Thrown
يخضع لـ	Undergo	Underwent	undergone
يستيقظ	Wake up	Woke up	Woken up
يرتدي	Wear	Wore	Worn
يكتب	Write	Wrote	Written
يفوز	Win	Won	Won

U U L A

