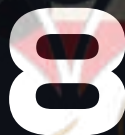




# English

SEMESTER ONE





# English

**SEMESTER ONE**

**8**

# شلون تتفوق بدراستك

## منصة علا تخلي المذكرة أقوى

تبي أعلى الدرجات؟ لا تعتمد على المذكرة بروحها  
ادرس صح من الفيديوهات و الاختبارات في منصة علا

700

★ اختبارات ذكية تدربك  
حل الاختبارات الإلكترونية أول بأول  
عشان ترفع مستواك

🎬 فيديوهات تشرح لك  
تابع الفيديوهات و اسأل المعلم في علا وأنت  
تدرس من المذكرة عشان تضبط الدرس



اكتشف عالم التفوق مع منصة علا

لتشارك بالمادة و تستمتع بالشرح  
المميز صور أو اضغط على ال QR



# المعلق



هذه المذكرة تغطي المادة كاملة.

في حال وجود أي تغيير للمنهج أو تعليق جزء منه يمكنكم مسح رمز QR للتأكد من المقرر.



# المنقذ



أول ما تحتاج مساعدة بالمادة ، المنقذ موجود!

صور ال QR بكاميرا التلفون أو اضغط عليه إذا كنت تستخدم المذكرة من جهازك و يطلع لك فيديو يشرح لك.



صفحة معلق الكويت

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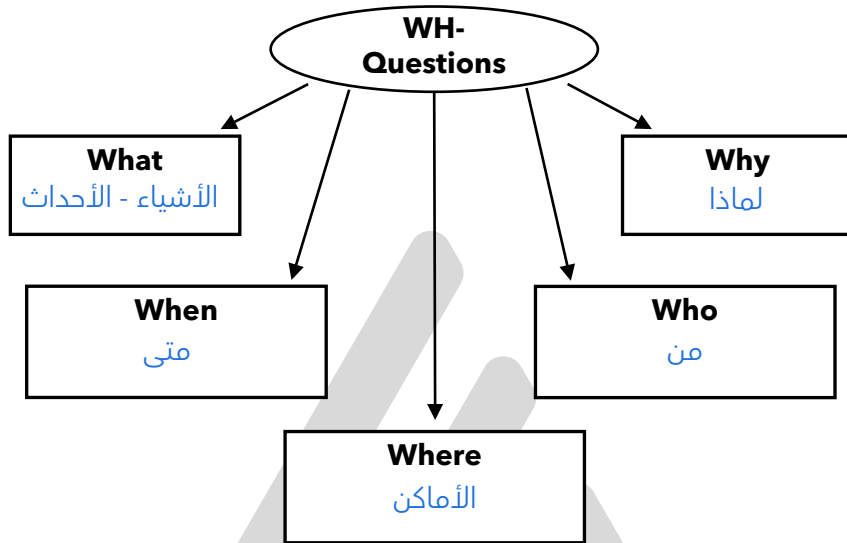
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# BASICS: QUESTION FORMATION AND NEGATIVE MAKING

**Q** Question Formation:



Helping Verbs		
V(be)	V(have)	Modals
Is Am Are Was were	Have Has Had	Can - Could Shall - Should Will - Would May - might must

**Q** The teacher will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom, because we didn't understand it very well.



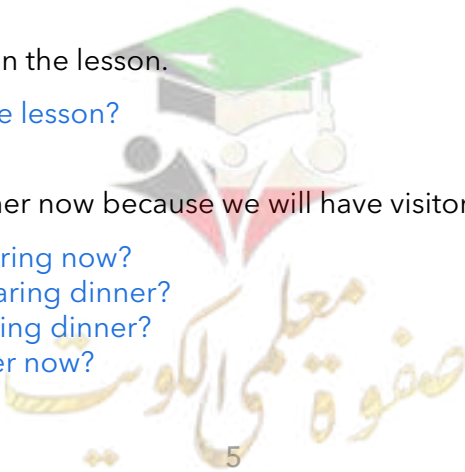
- What will the teacher explain tomorrow in the classroom?
- When will the teacher explain the lesson in the classroom?
- Why will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Who will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Where will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow?

**Q** Yes, the teacher will explain the lesson.

Will the teacher explain the lesson?

**Q** My sister is preparing dinner now because we will have visitors.

- What is my sister preparing now?
- When is my sister preparing dinner?
- Why is my sister preparing dinner?
- Who is preparing dinner now?



❑ No, my sister is not preparing dinner now.

Is my sister preparing dinner now?

❑ The chef has cooked a delicious dinner.

- What has the chef cooked?
- Who has cooked a delicious dinner?

❑ Yes, the chef has cooked a delicious dinner.

Has the chef cooked a delicious dinner?

❑ Yes, my father can help you with this issue.

Can your father help me with this issue?

❑ No, we haven't met before.

Have we met before?

❑ Yes, you should do this yourself.

Should I do this myself?

### No Helping Verbs

Do	Does	Did
Play Write go	Plays Writes goes	Played Wrote went



❑ Last night, the band played the famous song on stage because the audience asked for it.

- What did the band play on stage last night?
- When did the band play the famous song on stage?
- Why did the band play the famous song on stage last night?
- Who played the famous sing on stage last night?

❑ Yes, the band played the famous song last night.

Did the band play the famous song last night?

❑ My mother walks every morning to lose some weight.

- Who walks every morning to lose some weight?
- Why does my mother walk every morning?

❑ Yes, my mother walks every morning to lose some weight.

Does my mother walk every morning to lose some weight?

- Q We sing around the bonfire when we go camping.
- When do we sing around the bonfire?
  - Who sings around the bonfire when we go camping?

- Q Yes, we sing around the bonfire when we go camping.  
Do we sing around the bonfire when we go camping?

### Negative Making:

#### بحالة وجود فعل مساعد

#### V(be)

Is  
Am  
Are  
Was  
Were

#### V(have)

have  
has  
had

#### Modal

Can  
Could  
Shall  
should  
May  
Might  
Must  
Will  
Would



- Q We were waiting for the bus.  
We were not (weren't) waiting for the bus.

- Q Mona is going to learn to drive.  
Mona is not (isn't) going to learn to drive.

- Q She is studying Science.  
She is not (isn't) studying Science.

- Q The children are standing in the middle of the street.  
The children are not (aren't) standing in the middle of the street.

- Q I am writing a message.  
I am not writing a message.

- Q I can run fast.  
I can not (can't) run fast.

- Q You should study hard.  
You should not (shouldn't) study hard.





❑ I will travel next Sunday.  
I will not (won't) travel next Sunday.

❑ You could be wrong.  
You could not (couldn't) be wrong.

### بحال عدم وجود فعل مساعد

**Do**      **Does**      **Did**

❑ Ahmad loves football.  
Ahmad does not (doesn't) love football.

❑ I know how to cook pizza.  
I do not (don't) know how to cook pizza.

❑ He travels abroad every year.  
He does not (doesn't) travel abroad every year.

❑ We saw a horror film.  
We did not (didn't) see a horror film.

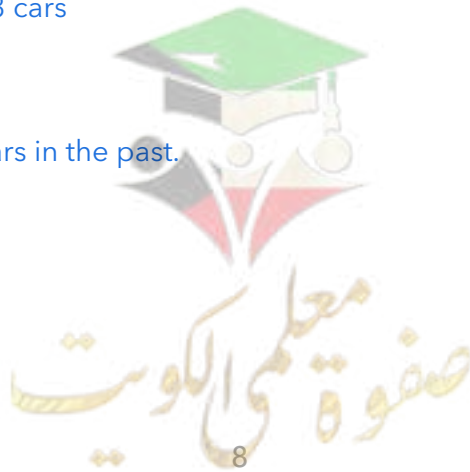
❑ She broke the window.  
She did not (didn't) break the window.

❑ They got married in 2010.  
They did not (didn't) get married in 2010.

❑ She has 3 cars.  
She does not (doesn't) have 3 cars.

❑ They have 3 cars.  
They do not (don't) have 3 cars.

❑ I had 3 cars in the past.  
I did not (didn't) have 3 cars in the past.



## HEALTHY LIVING

## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning
Sprinting	ركض سريع
Extremely	بشدة - بشكل كبير
Resistance	مقاومة
Flexible	مرن
Session	جلسة - حصّة
Regimen	رجيم - نظام غذائي
Cool Down	يهدأ - يستريح
Promise	يعد - يعطي وعداً

Word	Meaning
Arrow	سهم
Strict	صارم
Risk	خطورة
Obesity	سمنة
Gain	يكتسب - يحصل
Amount	كمية
Lack	يقل - ينقص
Adequate	دقيق



## Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

Q What is your favourite sport to play?

My favourite sport to play is basketball

Q What is your favourite sport to watch?

My favourite sport to watch is tennis



## Match the pictures with the sport:

- |                 |          |                        |          |
|-----------------|----------|------------------------|----------|
| Q Cycling       | <u>8</u> | Q Skiing               | <u>3</u> |
| Q Basketball    | <u>1</u> | Q Throwing the javelin | <u>4</u> |
| Q Weightlifting | <u>2</u> | Q High jump            | <u>6</u> |
| Q Skating       | <u>5</u> | Q Sprinting            | <u>7</u> |



Read the following text and match each title with the right paragraph:






- A. Types of Exercise
- B. How to Exercise
- C. Tips on How to Keep Fit

- Q** Tips on how to keep fit When you are fit, studying becomes easier, and you can do daily tasks better. It doesn't have to be extremely difficult to keep fit. Walking is easy and doesn't need any special equipment. Try to take the stairs rather than the lift. Even playing a friendly game of football helps you keep fit.
- Q** Types of exercise There are three main types of exercise - aerobic, resistance and stretching. Aerobic exercise is when you make your heart and lungs work. Examples of this are swimming and roller skating. Resistance training, such as push-ups and weightlifting, is for building muscles. Stretching activities, such as yoga, make you more flexible. In general, it is important to have an exercise regimen which contains all the above types of exercise.
- Q** How to exercise It is important to have routine for training. A good exercise session has a warm-up of about 5-10 minutes. This could be walking or jogging. Then, move to exercises such as push-ups to help you strengthen your muscles. Include aerobic exercise like cycling and basketball. Finally, stretching exercises will help you cool down.

**Q** Complete the missing information:



			
<b>Sport:</b>	Basketball	Push ups	Yoga
<b>Type:</b>	Aerobic	Resistance	Stretching
<b>Good for:</b>	Makes your heart and lungs work	Builds muscles	It makes you more flexible.

## HEALTHY DIET

**Q** What do you see in the picture?

I see different types of food

**Q** What are the main food groups?

Fruits and vegetables / bread / dairy / fats / meats



## Read the following text and write the main idea of each paragraph:

Vegetarianism has become popular worldwide. Some people stop eating meat because they believe it to be the key to a healthy life. They follow a strict diet that includes fruits, vegetables, cereal grains, nuts, seeds and sometimes eggs and dairy products.

Q Main Idea:

The popularity of vegetarianism

A vegetarian diet has its advantages. The main advantage is that there is less risk of obesity and heart disease. The diet includes high amounts of vitamin C, folic acid and fiber. This diet helps to avoid diseases because of the vegetables which are an excellent source of antioxidants. A vegetarian diet helps in digestion because vegetables contain more fiber. Lastly, more energy is gained from vegetables because they are the primary source of the food chain.



Q Main Idea:

The advantages of the vegetarian diet

Being a vegetarian, also, has its downside. It can negatively affect your health. This diet is low in calcium, proteins, iron, vitamin B12 and zinc. Vegetarians who do not consume milk or dairy products can lack vitamin D as well. These nutrients are all found in the vegetarian diet but not in adequate amounts. Athletes for instance cannot be vegetarians because they need huge amounts of protein that is found in meat.

Q Main Idea:

The disadvantages of the vegetarian diet

In conclusion, I think that eating a balanced diet is important for maintaining good health and keeping the body in top condition. I think a balanced diet does not cut out any food group. It consists of a wide variety of foods, served in the correct amounts to support our body and keep us energised, motivated and healthy.

Q Main Idea:

The importance of going on a balanced diet



## Answer the following questions:



Q What is vegetarianism?

It's a popular diet that doesn't include meat. It includes vegetables, fruits, nuts, seeds, eggs and dairy

Q Which paragraph is against vegetarianism? How can you tell?

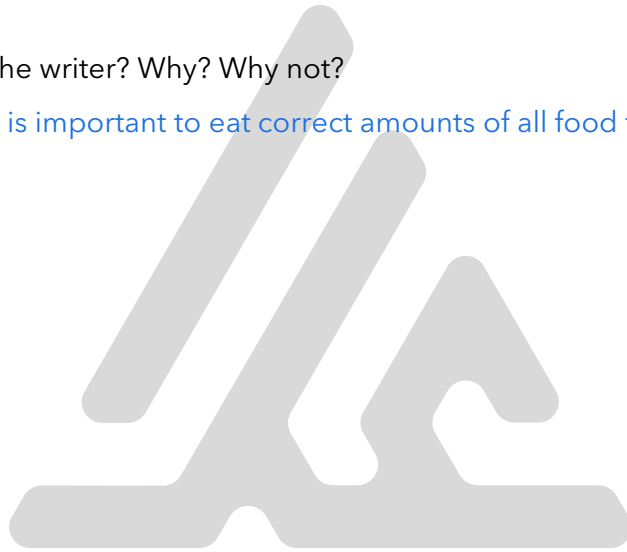
The third paragraph. Because the first sentence mentioned the word (downside)

Q What is the writer's opinion of vegetarianism?

He thinks that a good diet should be balanced and should not cut down on any food group

Q Do you agree with the writer? Why? Why not?

Yes, I do. Because it is important to eat correct amounts of all food types



U U L A





## Gerunds and Infinitives:

### Infinitive

- Need:  
I need to go to the hospital.
- Important:  
It is important to study hard.
- Promise:  
I promise to do my best.
- Want:  
I want to buy this new laptop.

### Gerund (-ing)

- بداية الجملة :  
walking is very useful
- For / At / In:  
Coffee is good for boosting your energy.  
I am bad at drawing.  
She is interested in studying abroad.
- Try :  
I tried swimming
- Enjoy / prefer / like / love / hate:  
I enjoy reading.  
I prefer drinking coffee.  
I like solving puzzles.  
I love watching movies.  
I hate going to the mall.

**Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verbs in the following list:  
train / warm up / walk / build**



- Q Walking every day is very good for you.
- Q You need to train hard for the weight lifting competition.
- Q It is important to warm up for 10 minutes before the game.
- Q Resistance training is good for building the body.

Q Use the words in the list to write sentences about sport with the infinitive or the gerund.  
enjoy / good at / try / interested in / prefer / promise

- I promise to come home early.
- Mona is interested in learning Spanish.
- Ahmad is good at fixing computers.

## Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Present Simple & Present Continuous:

### Present Simple:

Often / Usually / Always / sometimes / Never V (inf)	V+S
I	He
We	She
You	It
They	مفرد
جمع	



Q He often goes to school by bus.

He never goes to school by bus.

Q I usually study a week before my exams.

I never study a week before my exams.

Q They always play together as one team.

They never play together as one team

Q Ahmad sometimes eats breakfast at school.

Ahmad never eats breakfast at school

Q We often go to the movies at night.

We never go to the movies at night.

Q Bader always sleeps early.

Bader never sleeps early



Q The students often come early to the school events.

The students never come early to the school events

Q Emad sometimes visits his grandparents on the weekends.

Emad never visits his grandparents on the weekends

Q Fahad and Rashid always go to the gym together.

Fahad and Rashid never go to the gym together

Q The cat sometimes naps in the afternoon.

The cat never naps in the afternoon.

### No Keyword:

Q He goes to school by bus.

He doesn't go to school by bus.

Q I study a week before my exams.

I don't study a week before my exams.

Q They play together as one team.

They don't play together as one team.

Q Ahmad eats breakfast at school.

Ahmad doesn't eat breakfast at school.

Q We go to the movies at night.

We don't go to the movies at night.

Q Bader sleeps early.

Bader doesn't sleep early.

Q The students come early to the school events.

The students don't come early to the school events.

Q Emad visits his grandparents on the weekends.

Emad doesn't visit his grandparents on the weekends.

Q Fahad and Rashid go to the gym together.

Fahad and Rashid don't go to the gym together.





❑ The cat naps in the afternoon.

The cat doesn't nap in the afternoon.

### Present Continuous:

At the Moment / Now

Am Is Are + V(ing)



I	He	You
	She	They
	It	we
	مفرد	جمع

❑ He is going to school at the moment.

He is not (isn't) going to school at the moment.

❑ I am studying for my exam now.

I am not studying for my exam now.

❑ They are playing together at the moment.

They are not (aren't) playing together at the moment.

❑ Ahmad is eating breakfast now.

Ahmad is not (isn't) eating breakfast now.

❑ We are going to the movies now.

We are not (aren't) going to the movies now.

❑ Bader is sleeping at the moment.

Bader is not (isn't) sleeping at the moment.

❑ The students are coming now.

The students are not (aren't) coming now.

❑ Emad is visiting his grandparents at the moment.

Emad is not (isn't) visiting his grandparents at the moment.

❑ Fahad and Rashid are going to the gym together now.

Fahad and Rashid are not (aren't) going to the gym together now.

❑ The cat is napping on the sofa now.

The cat is not (isn't) napping on the sofa now.

# Adverbs of Frequency:



## Sometimes:

- I sometimes eat a snack after dinner.
- Sometimes, my father picks me up from school.
- We go to the mall sometimes just to eat at this restaurant.

## Usually:

- I usually eat a snack after dinner.
- Usually, my father picks me up from school.
- We go to the mall usually just to eat at this restaurant.

## Never:

- I never eat a snack after dinner.
- My father never picks me up from school.
- We never go to the mall just to eat at this restaurant.

## At the moment:

- I am eating a snack at the moment.
- At the moment, my father is driving the car.
- We are going to the mall at the moment to eat at this restaurant.

## Now:

- I am eating a snack now.
- now, my father is driving the car.
- We are going to the mall now to eat at this restaurant.

## Choose the correct adverb of frequency:

Q My father is \_\_\_\_\_ late for dinner.

- never       now

Q Maryam and I are walking to the supermarket \_\_\_\_\_.

- sometimes       now

Q My teacher \_\_\_\_\_ helps me when I can't answer the questions.

- usually       at the moment

Q \_\_\_\_\_ my father is talking to his friend.

- sometimes       at the moment

Q I \_\_\_\_\_ go to the mall alone.

- never  now

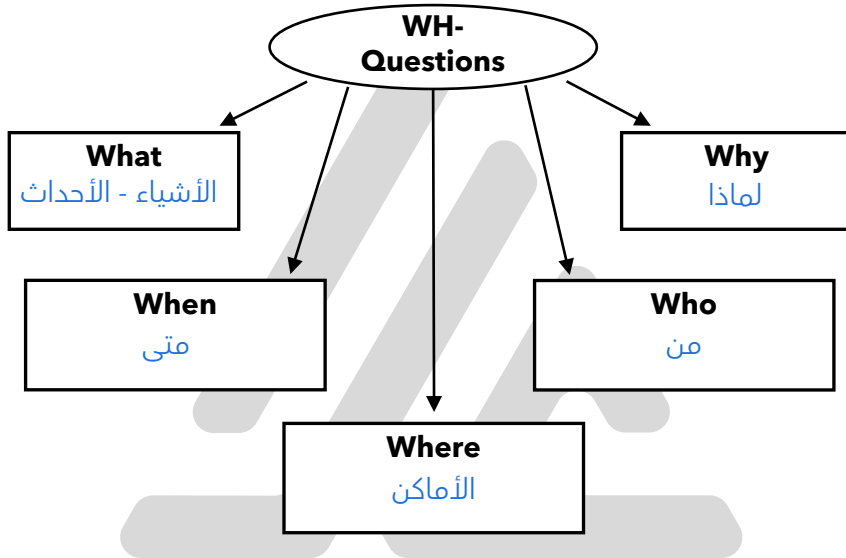
Q \_\_\_\_\_, this man tells lies.

- usually  now

Q \_\_\_\_\_, this man is telling lies.

- usually  now

Q (Question Formation):



Helping Verbs		
V(be)	V(have)	Modals
Is Am Are Was were	Have Has Had	Can - Could Shall - Should Will - Would May - might must

Q The teacher will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom, because we didn't understand it very well.

- What will the teacher explain tomorrow in the classroom?
- When will the teacher explain the lesson in the classroom?
- Why will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Who will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Where will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow?



Q Yes, the teacher will explain the lesson.

Will the teacher explain the lesson?

Q My sister is preparing dinner now because we will have visitors.

- What is my sister preparing now?
- When is my sister preparing dinner?
- Why is my sister preparing dinner?
- Who is preparing dinner now?

Q No, my sister is not preparing dinner now.

Is my sister preparing dinner now?

Q The teacher will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom, because we didn't understand it very well.

- What will the teacher explain tomorrow in the classroom?
- When will the teacher explain the lesson in the classroom?
- Why will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Who will explain the lesson tomorrow in the classroom?
- Where will the teacher explain the lesson tomorrow?



Q Yes, the teacher will explain the lesson.

Will the teacher explain the lesson?

Q The chef has cooked a delicious dinner.

- What has the chef cooked?
- Who has cooked a delicious dinner?

Q Yes, the chef has cooked a delicious dinner.

Has the chef cooked a delicious dinner?

Q Yes, my father can help you with this issue.

Can your father help me with this issue?

Q No, we haven't met before.

Have we met before?

Q Yes, you should do this yourself.

Should I do this myself?

### No Helping Verbs

No Helping Verbs		
Do	Does	Did
Play Write go	Plays Writes goes	Played Wrote went



Q Last night, the band played the famous song on stage because the audience asked for it.

- What did the band play on stage last night?
- When did the band play the famous song on stage?
- Why did the band play the famous song on stage last night?
- Who played the famous sing on stage last night?

Q Yes, the band played the famous song last night.

Did the band play the famous song last night?

Q My mother walks every morning to lose some weight.

- Who walks every morning to lose some weight?
- Why does my mother walk every morning?

Q Yes, my mother walks every morning to lose some weight.

Does my mother walk every morning to lose some weight?

Q We sing around the bonfire when we go camping.

- When do we sing around the bonfire?
- Who sings around the bonfire when we go camping?

Q Yes, we sing around the bonfire when we go camping.

Do we sing around the bonfire when we go camping?

## Practice

Smart Quizzes



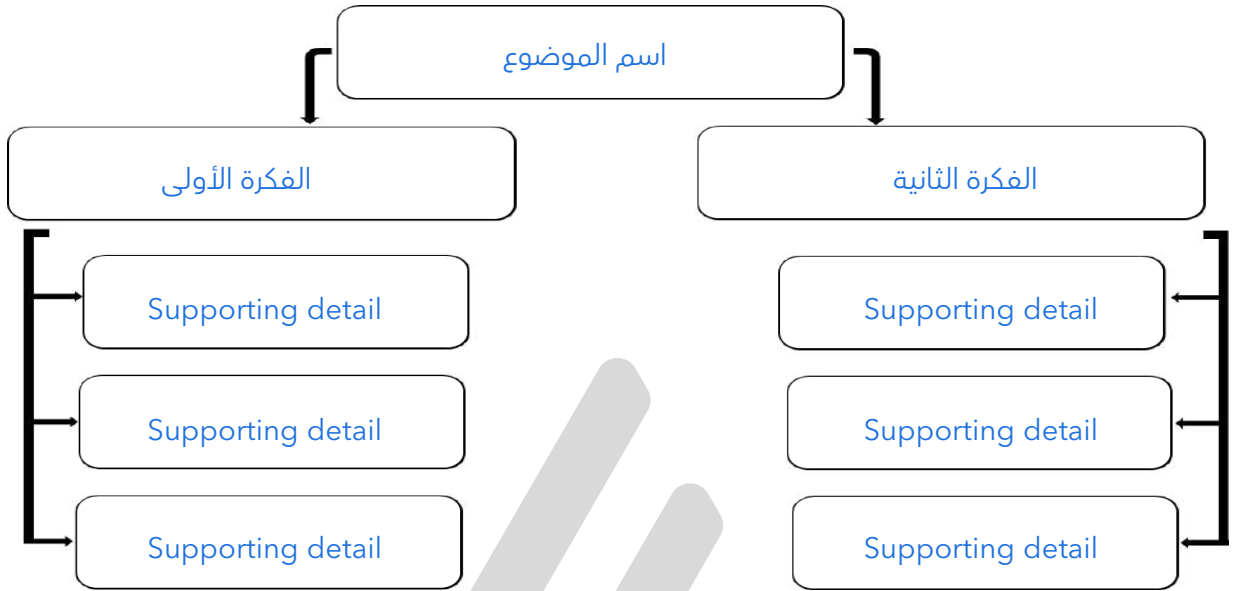
U U L A



# Writing



## The writing plan:



- ❑ The Topic Sentence: **الفكرة الرئيسية - بداية الفقرة**
  - ❑ The Supporting Details: **أفكار جزئية - نص الفقرة**
  - ❑ The concluding Sentence: **الختام - آخر جملة بالموضوع**
- ❑ Look at the underlined sentences in each paragraph and decide whether they are Topic sentences, supporting details or concluding sentences.

❑ When you are fit, studying becomes easier, and you can do daily tasks better. It doesn't have to be extremely difficult to keep fit [1]. Walking is easy and doesn't need any special equipment. Try to take the stairs rather than the lift. Even playing a friendly game of football helps you keep fit.



There are three main types of exercise - aerobic, resistance and stretching [2]. Aerobic exercise is when you make your heart and lungs work. Examples of this are swimming and roller skating. Resistance training, such as push-ups and weightlifting, is for building muscles. Stretching activities, such as yoga, make you more flexible. In general, it is important to have an exercise regimen which contains all the above types of exercise [3].

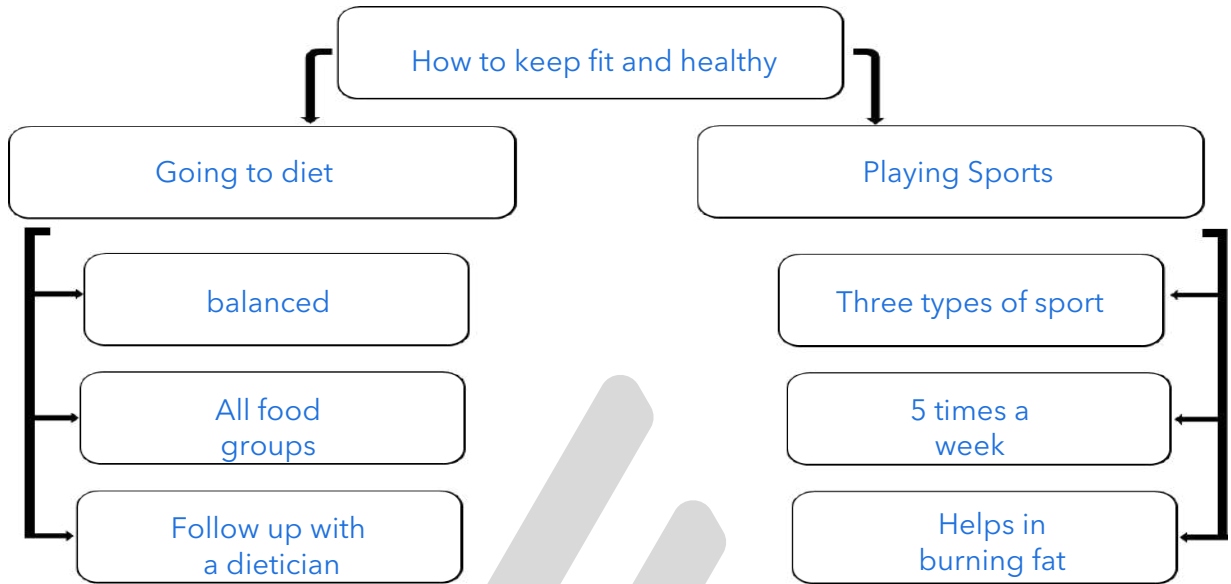
- 1) Supporting detail
- 2) Topic sentence
- 3) Concluding sentence



Write a report of two paragraphs explaining what people should do to keep fit and healthy.



**PLAN:**



**Report:**

There are many ways to keep fit and healthy. First, you should go on a diet. This diet should be balanced. In addition, it should contain all food groups such as, meats, dairy, bread, fruits, vegetables and sweets. However, you should follow-up with a dietician to give you correct amounts.

Another way of keeping fit is by playing sports. The three types of sports: aerobic, resistance and stretching, should be included in your exercise. You should play sports at least five times a week. This will help your body to burn more fat. In conclusion, to be fit, you need a good diet and exercise.



## LIFE EVENTS

## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Lead	يؤدي الى	Improve	يُحسّن
Theme	موضوع	Require	يتطلب
Provide	يوفر	Master	يتقن
Cavern	كهف كبير	Frequently	بشكل متكرر
Voluntary	تطوعي	Infection	عدوى
Native	أصلي \ من البلد	sight	رؤية \ منظر
Recently	مؤخراً	Determination	إصرار \ عزيمة
Achieve	ينجز	Overcome	يتغلب على
Barrier	حاجز	Inspire	يلهم
Incredibly	بشكل لا يصدق	capable	قادر



## Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

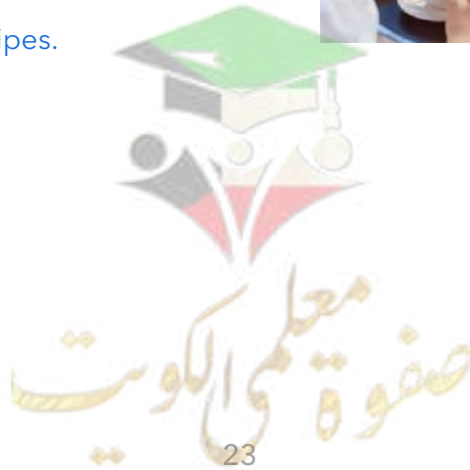
**Answer the following questions:**

Q Have you visited any blog?

Yes, I have.

Q What was the blog about?

It was about food and recipes.





## Read the following text and answer the following questions:

### How to Create Your Own Blog?



Would you like to have your own blog? Would you like to connect to the world? Would you like your voice to be heard, your images to be seen and your thoughts and experiences to be read by your friends? How about creating your own blog? It is easy and free to create your own blog. WordPress uses easy steps for building blogs.

First, let's have a quick look at the history of blogging. The term "weblog" was first used on December 17, 1997. Soon after, it was being used as both a noun and verb. These uses have led to new words like blogger and blogging.

Steps for Creating Your Own Blog

Step 1: Log into: [www.wordpress.com](http://www.wordpress.com)

Step 2: Choose a theme: Many themes are available for free. Choose the theme you like most. It's easy to change themes later on.

Step 3: Choose a name for your blog: Think about the name of your blog. You can use your name. For example, [myname.wordpress.com](http://myname.wordpress.com) or choose any other name that you like.

Step 4: Choose your plan: Choose a free plan for your blog. This will help you get in touch with the world. There are free plans and paid plans.

Step 5: Create your account: Choose a username and password. It is important to keep your username and password to be able to log into your account. You need to provide your email address. Now you are ready to start connecting to the world.

Blogging is a great way to communicate. You can post information about Kuwait to share our culture with the world, but it is very important not to post personal information or photos. It is also important consider our Islamic values and traditions when posting on your blog.

Q What are the benefits of blogs?

- Communicating with the world
- Sharing your thoughts and ideas
- Sharing your traditions and culture

Q Why is it important to keep your password and username secure?

To protect my personal information

Q Find words in the passage that have the same meanings as (photos, connect).

Images communicate

Q Find the opposites of costly and log out in the passage.

Free log into

Q What is the main idea of the last paragraph?

Blogging has many benefits despite the risks.

Q What kinds of blogs do you like? Why?

I like cooking blogs because I want to learn new recipes

**Look at the picture and answer the questions:**

Q Why does he look so sad?

He has lost something.



Q What did he lose

Maybe, he lost his wallet, or his keys.

Q Why do they look so happy?

Maybe, because they bought a new house



Q How did they get the money for the house?

They probably won some money.



Q How do you think Tom feels now?

I think he feels very happy.



Q Why do you think so?

Because he won the race

Q Will he be able to play football today?

Of course not



Q Why do you think so?

Because his leg is broken

## Read the following text and answer the questions below:

### How to Create Your Own Blog?



A 16-year-old Kuwaiti girl, Juri Mohammed Al-Azmi, has always loved reading books and poetry. She lost her sight but did not lose her determination or hope. She was able to overcome being blind and achieve first place in Kuwait at the

"Arab Reading Challenge" contest. She beat 16,000 Arab students by reading 50 books. She also participated in the "Arab Reading Challenge Champion" contest in the United Arab Emirates. There were 18 other Arab students who had reached the final stage of the competition.

One of the difficulties facing Juri is the lack of books in Braille. Braille is a method of writing that helps the blind to read with their fingers. She said, in a statement published by the organising committee, that she loves reading, and that her visual handicap is not a barrier between her and the world around her.



Qatari teenager Ghanim was born with a rare disease which stops the development of the lower spine. Doctors told his family he probably would not survive. Ghanim has inspired people around the world by surviving and, incredibly, by becoming an athlete.



He shares his story of hope and determination with the world. His dream is to become a Paralympian.

Ghanim said: "through my Instagram account, where I have almost one million followers, want to say that everyone has a right to dream." "Social media is a window to the world. It helps us get our message out there faster and we have to use it in a positive and useful way. I want people to understand that people with disabilities are capable of giving and are active in society."



Q How can Juri read books despite her disability?

She can read books written in the Braille system

Q What challenges is she facing?

Lack of books in Braille system

Q How did Ghanim inspire and surprise people?

By surviving and by becoming an athlete

Q The underlined pronoun it refers to

Social media

Q The purpose of these two stories is ...

To inspire people and tell them that they can achieve anything with hard work



Q What do you think Ghanim means in English?

I think it means "winner"

Q What do you think are the best things about Juri/ Ghanim?

Their determination and hope

Q How do people with disabilities contribute to our society?

They participate in sport competitions, educational contests and many other events.

## Grammar



### Present Perfect

Have

+

P.P

Has

Keywords: Ever - never - recently - just - yet

Q I **have bought** a new car recently. (buy)

Q Mohammad **has** just **gone** to the mall. (go)

Q My parents **haven't spoken** to the teacher yet. (speak)

Q Eman and Dhuha **have** never **seen** that place before. (see)

Q Mona **has written** a report recently. (write)

Q The teacher **hasn't explained** the new school rules yet. (explain)

Q The author **has** never **published** an article. (publish)

Q Kuwait **has provided** African countries with food and water recently. (provide)

Q Our company **hasn't updated** the system yet. (update)

Q The owners **have** just **hired** a new chef for their restaurant. (hire)

Have you ever.... ?

Have I ever ...?

Have we ever ...?

Have they ever ...?

Has she ever ...?

Has he ever ...?

Has it ever ...?

Q **have** you ever visited London?

Yes, I have.

No, I haven't.



صفوة معلمي الكويت

Q **has** my mother ever seen this book?

Yes, she has. No, she hasn't.

Q **have** they ever worked together in a team?

Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

Q **has** Osama ever wanted to buy this shirt?

Yes, he has. No, he hasn't.



Q **has** the government ever set laws to solve this problem?

Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.

Q **has** the team members ever agreed on something?

Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.

Q **has** the computer ever showed you such messages before?

Yes, it has. No, it hasn't.

Q **have** the hunters ever considered the importance of protecting rare animals?

Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

Q **have** people around the world ever think about the environment?

Yes, they have. No, they haven't.

Q **have** we ever sat together on a meal?

Yes, we have. No, we haven't.

### Expressing Purpose:

To  
in order (to / not to)  
so that

Join both sentences using to / in order / so that:

Q Save money - buy a new dress

I save money to buy a new dress.

Q Read books - learn new information

My mother reads books in order to learn new information.



❑ Wash hands - not get ill.

I wash my hands in order not to get ill.

❑ Drink a lot of water - stay hydrated.

I drink a lot of water so that I can stay hydrated.

❑ Go to the gym - get fit.

I go to the gym in order to get fit.

❑ Buy new laptop - finish my research.

I bought a new laptop so that I could finish my research.

❑ Switch off my mobile - not get distracted.

I switch off my mobile in order not to get distracted.

❑ Donate money - please Allah.

I donate money so that I can please Allah.

❑ Go on a diet - not get fat.

I go on a diet in order not to get fat.

### Complete the paragraph:

❑ Adel always wanted to be a basketball player, but he was shorter than most basketball players. He tried to join a basketball club to achieve his dream. He kept practising by himself on weekends so that he could improve his skills. He thought about his best position, he needed a position that didn't require a tall person. He chose point guard, a position that only requires average height. All he needed to do was to train so that he could master the skills required for this position. He spent a long time in the gym in order to build a strong body and to improve his fitness. He went back to the first club he had tried to join to ask for a second chance. The coach gave him a chance to find out if Adel had improved. He was quite surprised to find that Adel was good enough to join the team. Adel was very happy to achieve his goal. He told everyone he knew how important it is for people to work hard in order to achieve their dreams.



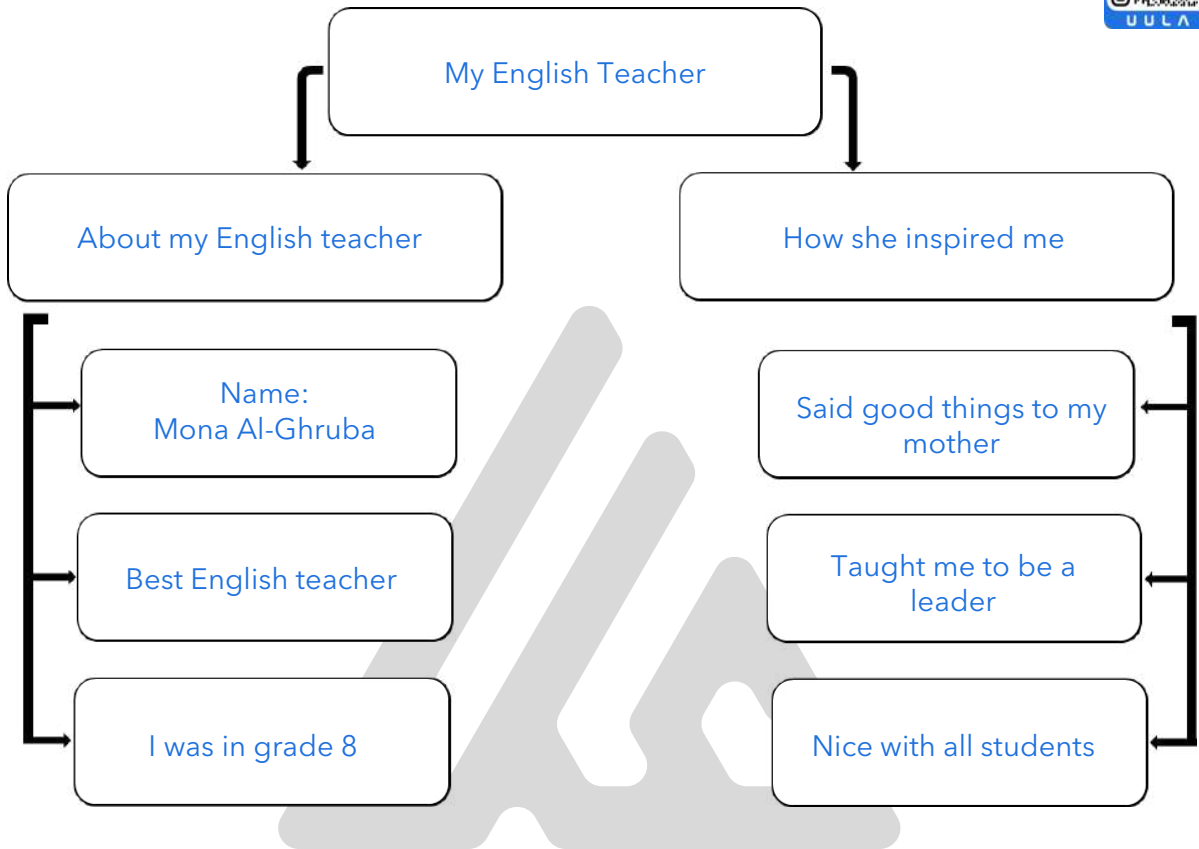
### Practice

Smart Quizzes



# Writing

- Write a two-paragraph email to your cousin telling him/her about an inspiring person you admire.



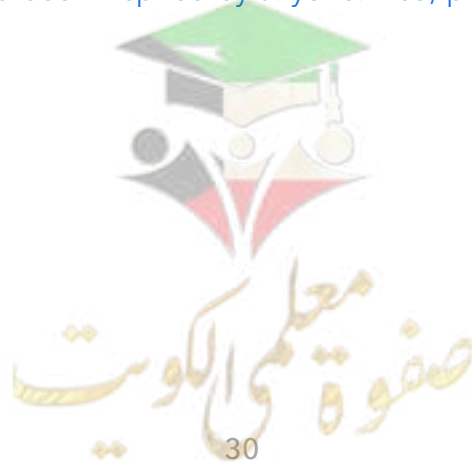
Dear Asma,

How are you? I hope you are doing well. I am writing this email to tell you about a person who inspired me. When I was younger, I was inspired by my English teacher. Her name is Mona Al-Ghruba. I think she is the best English teacher in the world. She taught me when I was in grade 8.

She inspired me in many ways. First, she said so many good things about me to my mother. The things she said made me feel happy and motivated. Also, she taught me how to be a good leader. She wasn't only nice to me. She was nice to all students and all students loved her.

How about you? Have you been inspired by anyone. If so, please write about then in your next email.

Yours,  
Dalal



# HOW WE LIVE

## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Separate	مفصول \ معزول	Employ	يُوظَّف
Wage	أجر \ راتب	Instead of	بدلاً من
Trap	فخ	Drop out	يسقط
Jobless	عاطل \ بلا وظيفة	Inhale	يستنشق
Stingy	بخيل	Furious	غاضب
Hearty	مشبع	Justice	عدالة
Crowd	جمهور \ مجموعة ناس	Unfairly	بشكل ظالم \ غير عادل
Dispose of	يتخلص من	Gravity	جاذبية
Float	يطفو	Package	طرد
Casual	غير رسمي	specialised	متخصص



### Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

Q Do you enjoy reading storied? Why?

Yes, I do. Because they are fun and they teach us valuable lessons.

Q Name a story you know. What is it about?

Little Red Hood. It's about a girl who ignored her mother's instructions and had to face the dangerous wolf.





## Read the following story and answer the questions below:

My dad runs a garage just outside the city. It's the biggest garage in town. It's a family business and my dad is really proud of what he has achieved. All the rich people bring their expensive cars to him to be serviced and repaired. Last year, a mechanic named Don came to work for my dad, but he didn't stay long.



Dad's garage is huge. It has three separate workshops and he employs forty mechanics and over a hundred other staff. It's hard to keep track of all the workers, so dad employs a foreman named Antonio. He's a short, heavy man, and he moves slowly, but he has a lot of power. His job is to check what the mechanics are doing and to tell them what they're supposed to do. He also pays the men's wages.

At first, Don worked hard. He was young, tall, slim and quick with his hands. He fixed the cars faster and better than anyone. He was a rising star among the mechanics in the workshops. After a while, Don became too proud of himself and started cheating. That was the beginning of his real trouble. He found a quiet place outside the garage, where no one could see or hear him. He would sit under a tree and spend the days singing to himself instead of working.

'You like to think I'm working, but I'm not,' he sang.

After a while, Antonio found out what Don was doing. He set a trap. One morning, before Don arrived at work, he climbed up the tree and waited for Don to arrive.

An hour later, Don, as usual, came to sit under the tree. 'You like to think I'm working, but I'm not,' he started singing.

All of a sudden, Antonio dropped out of the tree and looked him in the eye. He sang to the same tune Don had used: "You like to think I'm going to pay you, but I'm not!"



And that's how Don lost his job at my dad's garage. Since then he has been jobless.

Q What was Don like? How did he work at first?

He used to work hard.

Q Why did Don cheat at work?

Because he was too proud of himself.

Q How did Antonio solve the problem?

He set a trap for Don. He climbed on the tree and waited for Don to arrive.

Q What message do you think the writer of the story is trying to share?

The writer wanted to teach people a lesson that you should not cheat.

## Read the text and answer the questions:

Since 2000, highly-trained astronaut teams have been travelling 350 kilometres into space to live and work. Most of these astronauts spend about three months in space. Living in space is a bit like camping, you have to take everything you need, you use special equipment, and you have to dispose of your own rubbish. We asked Bill Ross on the International Space Station to tell us about living in space.



Almost all our food is in tins or dried. We even have to add water to drink. We drink through a straw, otherwise the liquids float around the cabin. There is no fridge, so we can't have cold drinks. But there is a wide choice of food soup, meat, vegetables, fruit, nuts and bread. We get three meals a day and a snack. We have to warm up our meals before we open the packages. Food moves around in zero gravity, so we can't eat off plates. We eat from the packages and we use straps to keep our food on the table. We don't use knives or forks - and we don't use chairs. We simply float around the table!

When we go into space in the shuttle or when we re-enter the Earth's atmosphere, we wear special 'suits called LES (Launch Entry Suits). The suits have parachutes, oxygen, an inflatable boat, water and a flare gun kit. Inside the station, we wear casual clothes with lots of pockets. Sometimes when we walk outside in space, we wear specialised, white spacesuits with finger heaters in our gloves!



Q Give three reasons why being in space is like camping.

- you need to take everything with you
- you use special equipment
- you should dispose of your own rubbish

Q Why don't astronauts use knives or forks in space?

Because food floats around in zero gravity

Q How do you think the tools of the LES are useful to astronauts? Explain one use for each tool.

- The inflatable boat will save them if they fall in the sea.
- The flare gun will help others to find them if they get lost.

Q Imagine you are a journalist. Write questions to ask an astronaut about his experience of life in space.

You can ask about:

The most difficult thing / the best moment/what they miss / ...etc.

- What is the most difficult thing about living in space?
- What are the risks of living in space?
- Is there anything you can do for fun in space?

# Grammar



Have + P.P  
Has

## Keywords:

Ever - never - recently - just - yet - Since - For

## Since:

2005 - April - Monday - My birthday - Ramadan - Eid - I woke up - My graduation - The national day - My father came - I was born - I travelled - I graduated.



## For:

Four years - three months - six weeks - five days - Two hours - 15 minutes - 2 seconds - a moment - a while - a bit - a long time - several ... - many .....



- ❑ I **have bought** a new car since 1995. (buy)
- ❑ Mohammad **haven't gone** to any mall for 6 months. (go)
- ❑ My parents **have spoken** to me since 9:00 in the morning. (speak)
- ❑ Eman and Dhuha **have visited** that place for a long time. (visit)
- ❑ Mona has written 2 books **since** 2010.
- ❑ The teacher has explained the new school rules **for** 10 minutes.
- ❑ The author has published 3 articles **since** October.
- ❑ Kuwait has provided African countries with food and water recently **for** many years.
- ❑ Our company hasn't updated the system **since** I worked here.
- ❑ The owners have hired three new chefs **since** they bought the restaurant.
- ❑ I have travelled to London **for** two weeks.
- ❑ My mother has seen this man a lot **for** two nights.
- ❑ We haven't been in the same class **since** I was in grade 6.
- ❑ Osama has been looking for this shirt **for** a month.
- ❑ The government has set laws to solve this problem **since** 2005.
- ❑ The team members have sat down and discussed this issue **for** 4 hours.
- ❑ The computer has showed me these messages **since** I ran the new update.
- ❑ The hunters have considered the importance of protecting rare animals **for** the last few years.
- ❑ People around the world have started thinking about the environment **since** the campaign.
- ❑ We have sat together on every meal **since** our father passed away.



**Since when...?  
How Long...?**



- Q Mona has written 2 books since 2010.  
Since when has Mona written 2 books?
- Q The teacher has explained the new school rules for 10 minutes.  
How long has the teacher explained the new school rules?
- Q The author has published 3 articles since October.  
Since when has the author published 3 articles?
- Q Kuwait has provided African countries with food and water recently for many years.  
How long has Kuwait provided countries with food and water?
- Q Our company hasn't updated the system since I worked here.  
Since when hasn't our company updated the system?
- Q The owners have hired three new chefs since they bought the restaurant.  
Since when have the owners hired three new chefs?
- Q I have travelled to London for two weeks.  
How long have you travelled to London?
- Q My mother has seen this man a lot for two nights.  
How long has your mother seen this man a lot?
- Q We haven't been in the same class since I was in grade 6.  
Since haven't we been in the same class?
- Q Osama has been looking for this shirt for a month.  
How long has Osama been looking for this shirt?
- Q The government has set laws to solve this problem since 2005.  
Since when has the government set laws to solve this problem?
- Q The team members have sat down and discussed this issue for 4 hours.  
How long have the team members sat down and discussed this issue?



❑ The computer has showed me these messages since I ran the new update.

Since when has the computer showed you these messages?

❑ The hunters have considered the importance of protecting rare animals for the last few years.

How long have the hunters considered the importance of protecting rare animals?

❑ People around the world have started thinking about the environment since the campaign.

Since when have people around the world started thinking about the environment?

❑ We have sat together on every meal since our father passed away.

Since when have we sat together on every meal?

**too ... to... / so ... that...**      too \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
He was too angry to talk to me.



❑ He was mean. He didn't smile at others.

He was too mean to smile at others.

❑ He was rich. He never struggled in life.

He was too rich to struggle in life

❑ He was bad in football. He didn't play professionally.

He was too bad in football to play professionally



❑ Her meal was cold. She couldn't eat it.

Her meal was too cold to eat

❑ Mona's phone is old. It doesn't take pictures.

Mona's phone is too old to take pictures.



❑ She was surprised. She didn't talk.

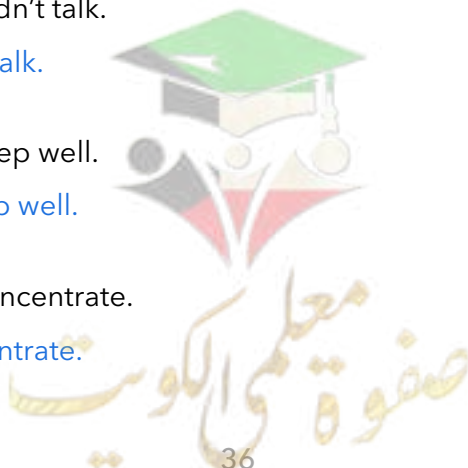
She was too surprised to talk.

❑ I was annoyed. I didn't sleep well.

I was too annoyed to sleep well.

❑ I was hungry. I couldn't concentrate.

I was too hungry to concentrate.



❑ It was hot. I didn't enjoy the picnic.

It was too hot to enjoy the picnic.

❑ She was selfish. She didn't share her water with the thirsty baby.

She was too selfish to share her water with the thirsty baby.

so \_\_\_\_\_ that \_\_\_\_\_  
She was so beautiful that everyone was looking at her.



❑ He was nice. He always smiles at others.

He was so nice that he always smiles at others.

❑ He was rich. He could afford private planes.

He was so rich that he could afford private planes.

❑ He was good in football. He is playing professionally.

He was so good in football that he is playing professionally.

❑ Her meal was delicious. She enjoyed eating it.

Her meal was so delicious that she enjoyed eating it.



❑ Mona's phone is great. It takes amazing pictures.

Mona's phone is so great that it takes amazing pictures.

❑ She was surprised. She couldn't talk.

She was so surprised that she couldn't talk.

❑ I was relaxed. I slept very quickly.

I was so relaxed that I slept very quickly.

❑ I was focused. I understood the lesson very well.

I was so focused that I understood the lesson very well.

❑ The weather was lovely. I enjoyed the picnic.

The weather was so lovely that I enjoyed the picnic.

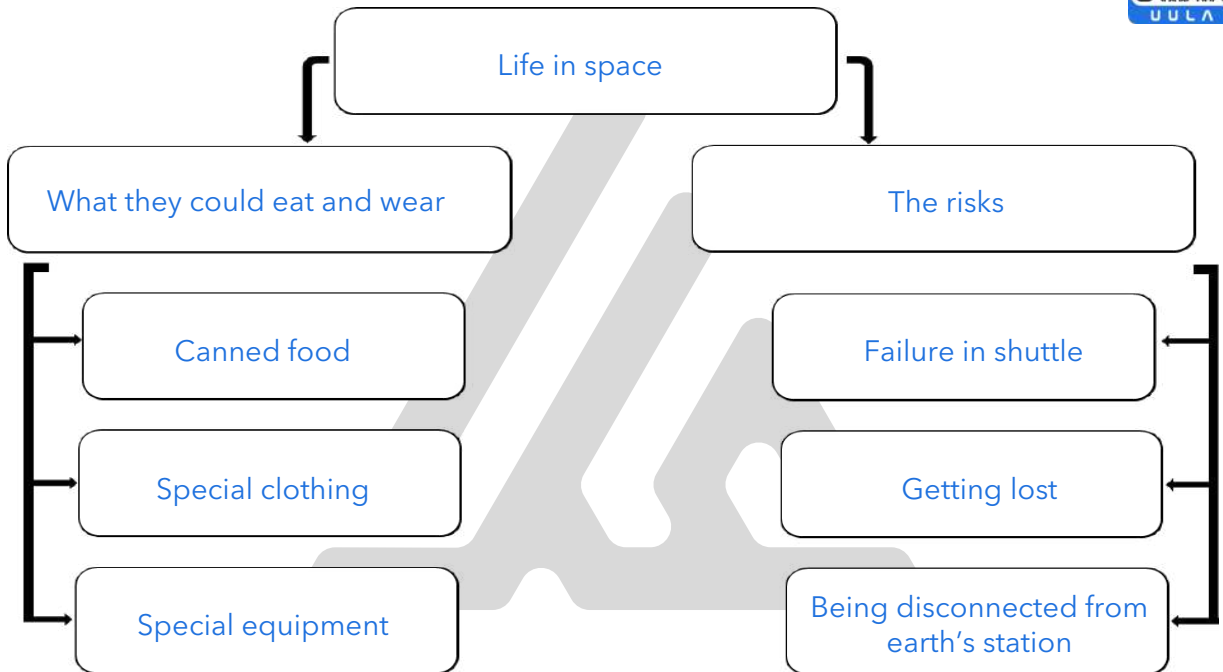
❑ She is friendly. A lot of people like her.

She is so friendly that a lot of people like her.



## Writing

- Q Write a two-paragraph essay about life in space explaining what people could eat and wear and the risks of living in space.



Life in space is very exciting. People who get to live in space for a few months have a different way of living. First, they eat canned and ready-made food. This is because they can't cook anything on the shuttle. Also, they have to wear special clothing to keep them warm in space. In addition, they often use special equipment to practice their daily life.



There are many risks to living in space. First, failures to the space shuttle could cause many problems, such as losing the oxygen. Second, the shuttle could get lost in space due to technical issues, and this could be dangerous to the astronauts. Last, the shuttle could get disconnected from the earth's station and could put the astronauts' lives at risk. I think living in space is exciting.



# UNFORGETTABLE PAST

## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Hire	يوظف	Raise	يجمع أموال للجان الخيرية
Community	مجتمع	Demote	يُخفض الدرجة الوظيفية
Harsh	قاسي	Quit	يترك - يتوقف عن
Wound	جرح	Compelled	مجبر
Astonished	مدهش	Plunge in	ينزل - يقفز
Beg	يتوسل - يترجى	Exceptionally	بشكل استثنائي
Humble	متواضع	Hardship	صعوبة
Generation	جيل	Securely	بشكل آمن - بأمان
Throughout	من خلال - عبر	Tug on	يجذب - يشد
Heritage	تراث		



### Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

❑ Do you know what charity is?

It's when you do good things to help others without getting anything in return.

❑ Do you know any charity organisation?

The Red Crescent Society is one of the most well-known charity organizations in Kuwait.





## Read the following text then answer the questions below:

Clara Barton was a very special woman. She was born in 1821 in the United States. She started her career as a teacher at an early age. Clara opened a free school and became a popular and respected teacher. When her school grew, she hired another teacher to help her teach. There were over 600 students in the school. She raised a lot of money that was used to open another school.



Unfortunately, Clara was not allowed to be the principal of the new school. Her community would not let women hold this position. A male principal was hired instead and was paid twice as much as Clara. She was demoted to "female assistant".

Due to the harsh environment, Clara suffered from many health problems and decided to quit her job.

When the Civil war began, Clara worked as a nurse. She fed soldiers and cleaned their wounds on the battlefield. She proved that women can succeed in any job. Clara later founded an international organisation. Injured soldiers were cared for by Clara's organisation. Clara always said, "I may be compelled to face danger, but I never fear it."

Q What is the best title for this text?

Clara Barton: An Example of Strong Women



Q How would you describe Clara Barton?

She is a strong woman. She is also dedicated and ambitious.

Q Women were not treated equally to men in the 19<sup>th</sup> century. Explain.

Women in the 19<sup>th</sup> century were not allowed to be principals. They were also given half of the men's salary.

Q What is the purpose of the writer for writing this text?

To give information about Clara Barton and to encourage women to be like her.

## Pearl Diving

### Answer the questions below:

Q What jobs did Kuwaitis used to have in the past?

They used to go pearl diving. They also sailed for trading.



### List the hardships in these jobs:

Q Pearl Diving:

- It's dangerous to dive too deep
- They could drown
- They could get attacked by wild fish

## Q Trading:

- Harsh weather could cause the ship to sink
- They could get lost in the sea
- They could get attacked by thieves.

## Read the following text then answer the questions below:

Before the discovery of oil in Kuwait, pearl diving was the main source of income for many Kuwaiti people. Pearling was important for Kuwait's economy. Pearl divers used to face many hardships in the sea. Pearling was a daily activity for sailors and divers. They often worked for 12 or 16 hours a day.



Pearl diving was not only an industry, but a social system that held communities together. Every generation passed on the tradition of pearl diving by teaching their children and telling them stories about pearling. The methods used in pearling did not change for many years.

Pearls hunters used many kinds of ships. The 'Boom' was one of the most famous ones. Divers wore wraparound skirts or black suits, a nose clip, a neck basket and a toe anchor. They were tied securely to the ship with a rope around their waists. They held the rope throughout the dive. When a diver was ready, he tugged on the rope and was pulled up to the surface.

The tradition of pearl diving died during the 1930's because of the introduction of cultured pearls which were cheaply farmed in Japan, but pearl diving is still an important part of the Kuwaiti heritage. Nowadays festivals are held and sea trips are organised to keep this tradition alive. These trips are supported by His Highness the Amir of Kuwait.

## Read the article and match the headings with the right paragraphs:

- Q Keeping Pearling Alive ( 4 )
- Q Pearling Before Oil ( 1 )
- Q Pearling Communities ( 2 )
- Q Pearling Equipment and Practice ( 3 )



## Read the article again and answer the following questions:

- Q What equipment did divers need for pearl diving?

They needed wraparound skirts or black suits, nose clips, toe anchors and a neck basket

- Q Do you think it is important to keep the tradition of pearl diving alive? Why?

Yes, because it will teach the youth about the tradition and heritage of Kuwait



## "Life in the past was better than life now". Do you agree or disagree?

### Q Agree:

I agree because life was simple, people were close to each other and relationships were stronger.

### Q Disagree:

I disagree because life was very difficult, people didn't have technology or electricity and because life in the past was dangerous.

## Grammar



### Passive Voice (Past simple):

Clara opened a free school.

A free school was opened by Clara.

Was

I  
He  
She  
It  
مفرد

Were

You  
They  
We  
جمع

### Change the following sentences into the passive voice:

#### Q The teacher cancelled the test.

The test was cancelled by the teacher.

#### Q They took some pictures in the old town.

Some pictures were taken in the old town by them.

#### Q He threw the cookies away.

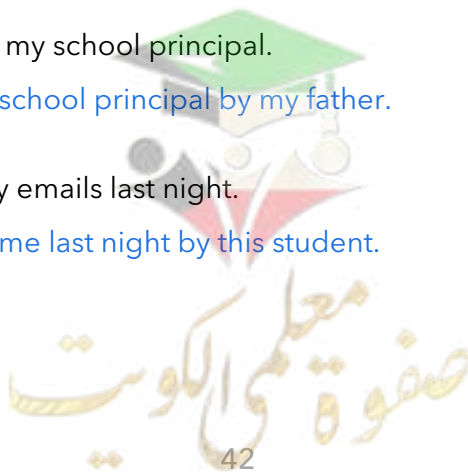
The cookies were thrown away by him

#### Q My father wrote a letter to my school principal.

A letter was written to my school principal by my father.

#### Q This student sent me many emails last night.

Many emails were sent to me last night by this student.



❶ The farmers planted so many trees.

So many trees were planted by the farmers.



❷ We played football in the yard yesterday.

Football was played in the yard yesterday by us.

❸ My father took my laptop to the workshop.

My laptop was taken to the workshop by my father.

❹ The hunter killed a rare tiger.

A rare tiger was killed by the hunter.

### Passive Voice تحويل الضمائر في

بداية الجملة	نص أو نهاية الجملة او بعد by
I	Me
He	Him
She	Her
It	It
You	You
We	Us
They	Them



### Past Continuous (When / While):

was + V(ing)  
were

I was cooking when the phone rang.  
When the phone rang, I was cooking.

The phone rang while I was cooking.  
While I was cooking, the phone rang.

❶ The vet **was treating** (treat) an injured tiger when I visited the zoo.

❷ I **was walking** (walk) along the road when a fast car drove by.

❸ I **heard** (hear) a scream while I was taking a shower.

❹ While my grandmother **was telling** (tell) us a story, the baby cried.

❺ I stopped listening while she **was speaking** (speak).



Q When the boys **woke up** (wake) up in the morning, the birds **were singing** (sing)

Q She **was thinking** (think) about that amazing trip when she **wrote** (write) you that letter.

Q We **saw** (see) a little rabbit while they **were walking** (walk) in the park.

Q While my parents **were discussing** (discuss) the issue, My sister **found** (find) a solution.

Q The teachers **were marking** (mark) the exams when I **walked** (walk) in.



## Practice

Smart Quizzes



U U L A

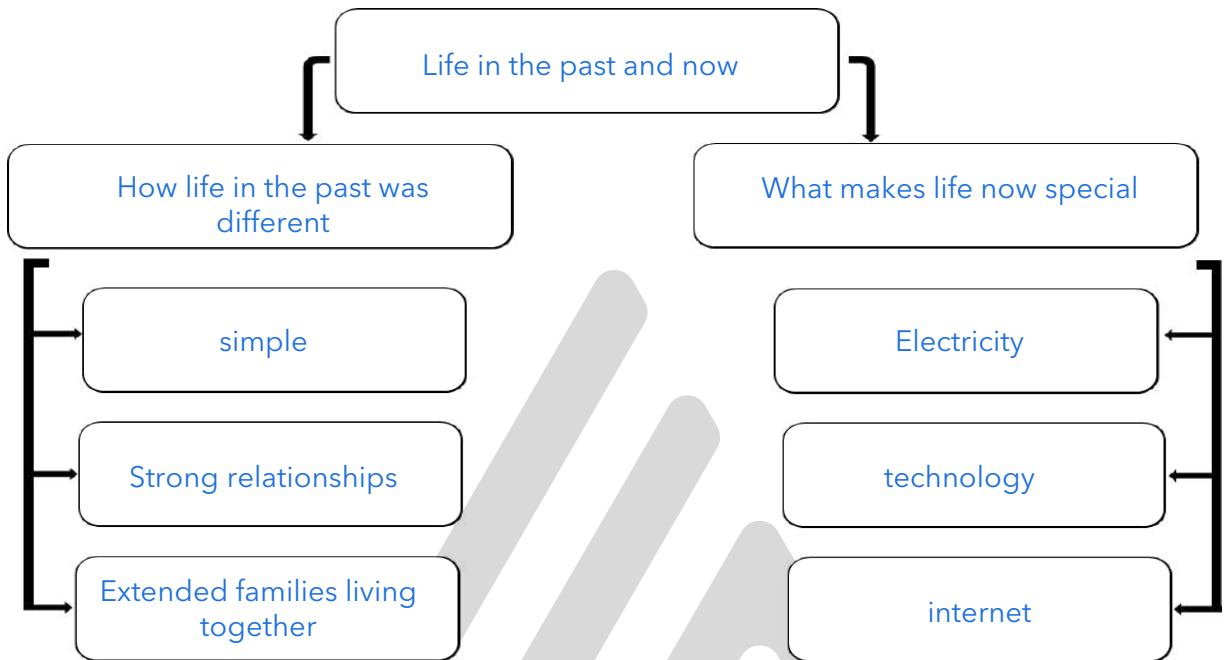


# Writing



- Write a report of two paragraphs explaining how life in the past was different than life now and what makes life now more special.

## PLAN:



Life in the past was very different than life today. First, life in the past was very simple. This means that people lived in simple houses, wore simple clothes and worked in simple jobs. Second, people were so close to each other and had strong relationships with each other. This is because people would gather and meet every day. Third, extended families lived together in one house, unlike families nowadays.



On the other hand, life now is more special. First, we have electricity. Electricity made life easier and helped in discovering so many things that made life better. Second, technology made our life special because of the invention of machines and cars. Third, the invention of the internet is one of the things that made life nowadays exciting and modern. The internet helped people to strengthen relationships through social media and chat rooms. I believe life nowadays is better than life in the past.



# INCREDIBLE PLACES

## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Equator	خط الاستواء	Destination	مكان الوصول
Unique	مميز - فريد	Counting	عد - حساب
Glow	يضيء - يتوهج	Height	طول - ارتفاع
Reflect	يعكس	Skill	مهارة
Antiquity	الأثر - القَدَم	Connection	اتصال
Bargain	يعقد صفقة - يعرض سعر	Pleasure	سرور - متعة
Atmosphere	أجواء	House	يسكن
Sightseeing	مكان للمشاهدة	Impressive	مثير للإعجاب
Sculpture	النحت - فن النحت	Exhibit	معرض - عرض
Illusion	وهم - خداع بصري		



### Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

❑ What is meant by an "incredible place"?

It is an amazing place or a very beautiful place

❑ Have you visited a place and thought it was incredible? What is this place?

Yes, I have. I visited an amazing park in Batumi.



## Read the text and answer the questions:

### Sea of Stars

Vaadhoo Island is located on the equator to the southwest of Sri Lanka in the Indian Ocean. It is part of the Maldives. Vaadhoo is a unique place where you can have an unforgettable experience. The island has white sand and is surrounded by warm waters that seem to glow in the dark. The glow is created by tiny sea organisms. The water near the beach looks like a mirror reflecting the sky and stars.



### Luxor City

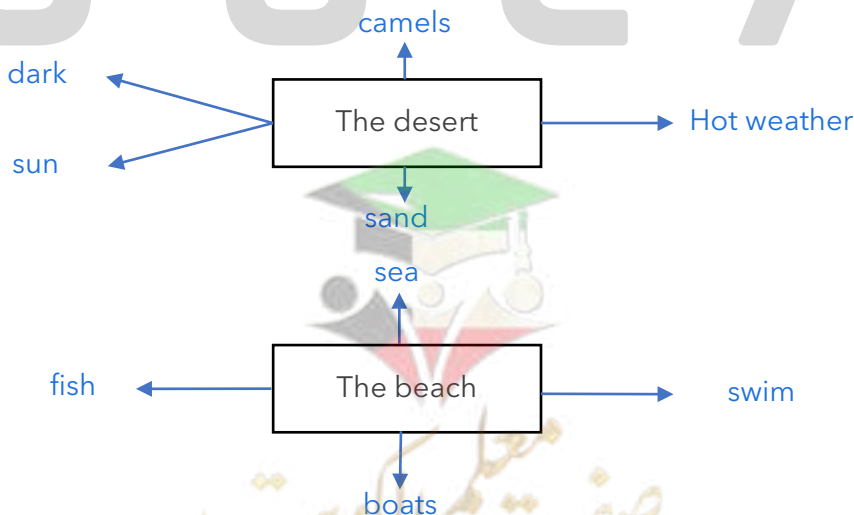
Is located on the east bank of the Nile River in southern Egypt. Luxor has been described as the world's greatest open-air museum. It contains about a third of the most valuable monuments, temples, tombs and antiquities in the whole world. Luxor is one of the most important ancient sites. It was the capital of Egypt when the pharaohs ruled from the 16th 11th centuries BC.

### Souq Al-Mubarakiya

Is one of the oldest markets in Kuwait. It has been around for more than 200 years. Visitors can spend hours in this market strolling around and doing some bargain hunting. From Safat Square, a local landmark, to the new SoMo (south Mubarakiya) area, visitors can enjoy the traditional souq atmosphere. It's a great place for shopping, eating or for sightseeing.

## Read about the three places and decide if the following sentences are true (T) or false (F).

- Both the Sea of Stars and Luxor are in Asia. ( F ) Egypt - Africa
- The Sea of Stars glows because of some living things. ( T )
- In Souq Al-Mubarakiya, visitors can buy items at low prices. ( T )
- Luxor has new monuments, temples and tombs. ( F ) old
- Write as many words as possible related to the following:





Q Do you know any museums?

Yes, I do. No, I don't



Q Why do countries build museums?

To show their traditions and teach people about its history and antiquities

Q What items can be displayed in museums?

Traditional items, historical items and antiquities.

Q What benefits do we get from museums?

Teaching tourists about the history of the country and improving economy

### Read the text and answer the questions:

Tareq Rajab Museum of Islamic Calligraphy is the largest Islamic calligraphy museum in Kuwait. The museum has a collection of over thirty thousand items. It first opened to the public in 1980 and it includes beautiful manuscripts of the Qur'an from around the Islamic world. There are also metal and glass objects and a collection of silver jewellery. There are also early gold pieces that were found in the Muslim World. The museum is a source of pleasure and information for its visitors.



The Louvre Museum is the world's largest museum. It is a historic place in Paris, France and one of the city's biggest tourist attractions. It is on the right side of the Seine River. It houses the most impressive art collection in the world with ancient Egyptian, Greek and Roman antiquities. It has sculptures from the Middle Ages. It also has furniture, objects and paintings.

Smithsonian Institution is the world's largest museum, education and research complex. It has 19 museums and the National Zoo. The SI is building the future by preserving heritage, discovering new knowledge and sharing resources with the world. It was founded in 1846 to share knowledge. It is located in Washington DC and contains many exhibits. There are over 137 million items in the Smithsonian.

Q How is the Tareq Rajab Museum a source of information?

It contains many items from all over the world.



Q What's the aim of the Smithsonian Institution?

Its aim is to share and discover knowledge and preserve heritage.

Q Discuss the differences between the three museums.

- Tareq Rajab Museum: contains Islamic calligraphy and Qur'an Manuscripts.
- The Louvre Museum: contains ancient Egyptian, Greek and Roman antiquities.
- Smithsonian Institution: contains 19 museum and a zoo

Q What do you think the words 'collection' and 'houses' mean? Why?

Collection means "a group of". Houses means "contains"

Q What does the word 'heritage' make you think of?

It makes me think of the traditions of the people.

## Grammar



### Comparatives and Superlatives:

Q Comparatives:

The tree on the left is bigger than the tree on the right.  
The tree on the right is smaller than the tree on the left.  
Ahmad is taller than Khalid.  
Ahmad is older than Khalid.  
Khalid is shorter than Ahmad.  
Khalid is younger than Ahmad.  
The villa is fancier than the house.  
The villa is more spacious than the house.  
The villa is more luxurious than the house.  
The villa is more beautiful than the house.

صفة قصيرة: adj+er  
صفة طويلة: more ... adj ... than



Q Superlatives:

The first tree is the biggest.  
The second tree is the smallest.  
Ahmad is the shortest.  
Adel is the tallest.  
Saif is the happiest.  
Ahmad is the youngest.  
The mansion is the fanciest.  
The mansion is the most spacious.  
The mansion is the most luxurious.  
The mansion is the most beautiful.

صفة قصيرة: adj+est  
صفة طويلة: the most ... adj



Adjective	Comparative	Superlative
good	Better than My computer is better than yours	The best My computer is the best.
bad	worse than My computer is worse than yours	The worst My computer is the worst.



### As ... as:

Q I am clever. My sister is clever.

I am as clever as my sister is.

Q My book is interesting. Your book is interesting.

My book is as interesting as your book.

Q My teacher is creative. The other teachers are creative.

My teacher is as creative as the other teachers are.

Q My laptop is expensive. My teacher's laptop is expensive.

My laptop is as expensive as my teacher's laptop.

Q Physics is easy. English is easy.

Physics is as easy as English.

Q Playstation 4 is amazing. Playstation 4 is amazing too.

Playstation 4 is as amazing as Playstation 4.

Q Samsung phones are complicated. Apple phone are complicated too.

Samsung phones are as complicated as Apple phone.

Q Watching a movie is boring. Watching documentaries is boring too.

Watching a movie is as boring as watching documentaries.

### Not as ... as:

Q A soda drink is not healthy. Juice is healthy.

A soda drink is not as healthy as Juice.

Q I am not clever. My sister is clever.

I am not as clever as my sister is.

Q My book is not interesting. Your book is interesting.

My book is not as interesting as your book.

Q My teacher is not creative. The other teachers are creative.

My teacher is not as creative as the other teachers are.



❑ My laptop is not expensive. My teacher's laptop is expensive.

My laptop is not as expensive as my teacher's laptop.



❑ Physics is not easy. English is easy.

Physics is not as easy as English.

❑ Playstation 4 is not amazing. Playstation 4 is amazing.

Playstation 4 is not as amazing as Playstation 4.

❑ Samsung phones are not complicated. Apple phone are complicated.

Samsung phones are not as complicated as Apple phone.

❑ Watching a movie is not boring. Watching documentaries is boring.

Watching a movie is not as boring as watching documentaries.

**Complete the following sentences with as...as/ not as ... as:**

❑ English is not as difficult as Maths. (not/ difficult).

❑ This exercise is as easy as the other one (easy).

❑ Today is not as windy as yesterday (not/ windy).

❑ The tomato soup was as delicious as the mushroom soup (delicious).



**Compare the pictures using as ... as / not as ... as:**



❑ I don't like the old car because it is not as fast as the new car.



❑ This suitcase is as big as the box.

صفوة معلمة الكويت



Q Counting with fingers is not as easy as using a calculator.

Q The left tower is not as tall as the right tower



### Practice

Smart Quizzes

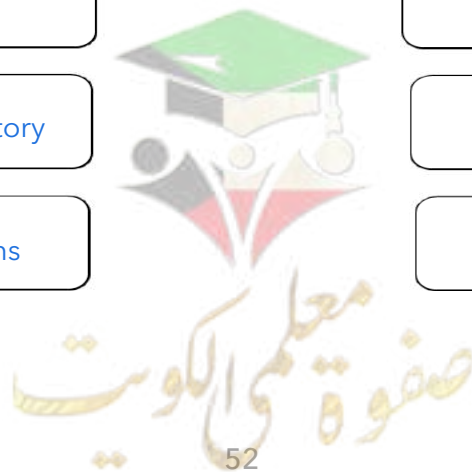
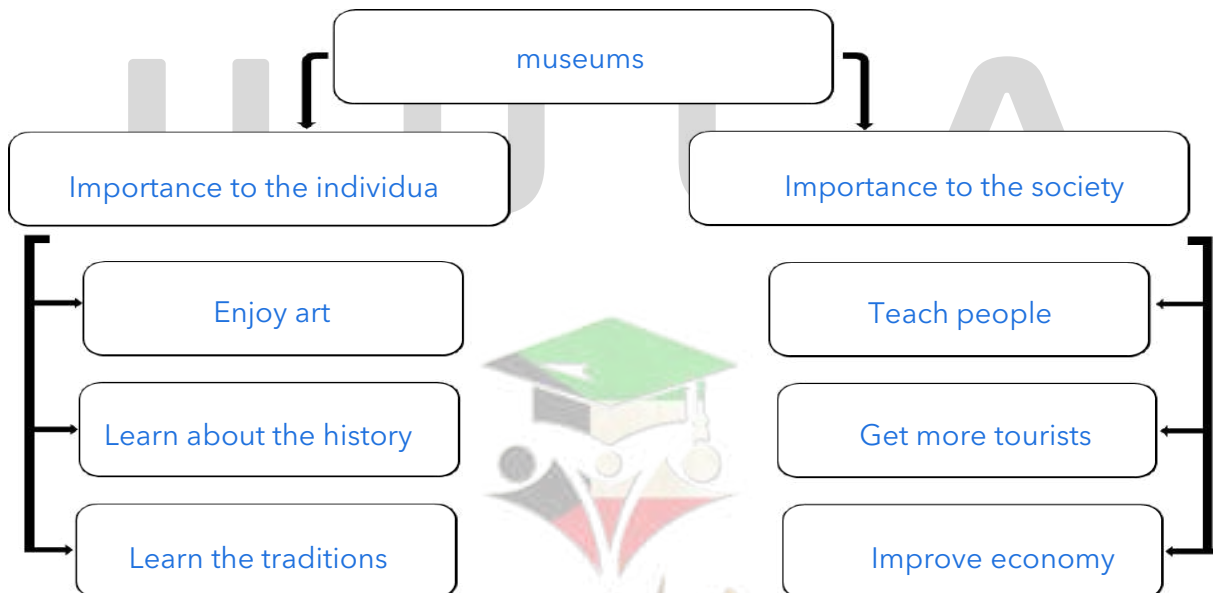


## Writing

Q Write a report of two paragraphs about the importance of museums to the individual and the society.



### PLAN:



museums serve a great role nowadays. They also have a great importance on the individuals. First, people can go to the museums to enjoy art. Second, they can learn new information about the history of the country. Third, they can learn traditions of the people.

In addition, museums have a great importance to the society. First, museums will teach people about the history of the country. Second, museums can attract more tourists. Third, museums can improve the economy of the country if more tourists come to visit it. In conclusion, I think museums are very important.



U U L A



# Surprising Records



## VOCABULARY

Word	Meaning	Word	Meaning
Fictional	خيالي	Oval	بيضاوي
Thrilled	متشوق - سعيد	Countless	لا يعد - كثير
Schedule	جدول	Royal	ملكي
Actually	في الواقع	Pure	نقي
Conduct	يدير - يجري - ينفذ	Marble	رخام
Spoil	يفسد	Import	يستورد
Luxury	رفاهية - فخامة	Chandelier	ثريا
Spectacular	رائع	Carpet	سجادة
Donate	يتبرع		
Return	عودة		

### Practice

Smart Quizzes



## Reading

- 🔴 Describe the news you see in the following pictures.

A big house was on fire and the firefighters managed to put the fire out.

A strong storm hit the city and resulted in breaking the bridge on the river.



## Read the text and answer the questions:

### Breaking News:



Our news reporter, Dana Ali, went to the National Library of Kuwait to meet one of the experts in Kuwait history, Mr. John Ramzi. Dana contacted him to talk about Kuwait records.

**Dana:** Hello Mr. Ramzi. We are thrilled you found time in your busy schedule to meet with us to talk about your latest book "Kuwait Records 2018". You worked on this book for two years, didn't you?

**John:** Well, actually it took more than two years because, as you know, records are broken every year.

**Dana:** Can you share with us some of your favourite records that haven't been broken yet?

**John:** Look around, you are conducting this interview in one of Kuwait's oldest records, 'the National Library of Kuwait'. It is the oldest public library in Kuwait. You knew about that, didn't you?

**Dana:** Yes, I did. I read your book and I loved it. We don't want to spoil it for other people who would love to read it, but can you tell us about other favourites of yours?

**John:** Sure, one of my favourites is the biggest island in Kuwait and the second biggest island in the Arabian Gulf, Bubiyan Island. What's unique about this island is that its sand is saltier than the water in the gulf. Currently, there is no one living on the island except for birds. Did you visit it?

**Dana:** No, I didn't, but our cameraman did. He said it's interesting. What about Al-Hamra Tower? Is it a Kuwaiti record as well?

**John:** Yes, it is, and a great skyscraper if I may add. It is the tallest building in Kuwait and the 23rd tallest in the world. It's more than 400 meters high and it took six years to build. It was included in the list of the best inventions of 2011 by TIME magazine which is published in New York. Don't forget the exciting luxury shops you'll find there, the variety of dining options and the eight-screen grand cinema.

**Dana:** Wow! That's quite impressive. Thank you, Mr. Ramzy for this interview, it makes me feel proud to be a Kuwaiti. We hope to speak again soon about your next book.

**John:** Thank you Dana the pleasure was mine.



Q What is the connection between the book and the interview's location?

It is one of Kuwait's oldest records. "The National Library of Kuwait" is the oldest public library in Kuwait.

Q Why is Bubiyan Island mentioned in the book?

Because it is one of John's favourite records; the biggest island in Kuwait.

Q Which Kuwaiti record does Mr. Ramzi think is the most fascinating and why?

Al-Hamra Tower because it is a great skyscraper, the tallest building in Kuwait, the 23<sup>rd</sup> tallest in the world, it has the best luxury shops, a variety of dining options and it was included in the list of the best inventions of 2011 by TIME magazine.

### Read the text and answer the questions:

(  3 ) In 2011, Jyoti Kisanji Amge from India entered the Guinness Book of World Records as the shortest living woman in the world. She is 62.8 cm tall.

(  2 ) In 2012, Kuwait set off 77,282 fireworks and entered the Guinness Book of World Records for the biggest and most spectacular fireworks show in history.

(  1 ) in 2017 a company in Singapore created the world's Most Expensive Coffee Pod and donated the proceeds to charity. It's made of coffee and gold dust.

Q Match the following pictures with the previous paragraphs.



## Read the text and answer the questions:

In 2011, one trillion dollars' worth of jewellery and countless silk sacks filled with diamonds and gold were found in India. They were underground in a temple. These items were given to the temple over thousands of years by the royal families who ruled that area.



The tomb of the young king Tutankhamen was discovered in 1922. The tomb was filled with many treasures, including necklaces and other jewellery, all made of gold. The mask of the king weighs almost 18 kilograms and it is made of pure gold.

The Omar Ali Saifuddien Mosque is a spectacular piece of art, located in Brunei. Brunei is located on the north coast of the island of Borneo in Southeast Asia. The mosque has marble minarets and several golden domes. The most amazing thing is that the main dome is covered in pure gold. Everything in the mosque was imported. The marble is from Italy, the granite from Shanghai, the crystal chandeliers from England and the carpets from Saudi Arabia.

Write a suitable title for each paragraph:

Paragraph 1: *The Underground Treasure*

Paragraph 2: *The gold in the tomb*

Paragraph 3: *The Spectacular Mosque*

What is the writer's purpose for writing paragraphs 2 and 3?

- a. to talk about the owners of the treasures.
- b. to explain the importance of finding treasures.
- c. to provide accurate descriptions of the treasures.**
- d. to give information about Islamic places in the world.

Which word in the text means "brought from another country"?

- a. ruled
- b. made
- c. covered
- d. imported**



# GRAMMAR: QUESTION TAG (Past Simple):



Helping Verbs:

was / were

- Q Ahmad was late, wasn't he ?
- Q The keys were missing, weren't they ?
- Q You weren't at school on Friday, were you ?
- Q Our teacher wasn't at school yesterday, was he ?
- Q There was a picture of Al-Khawarizmi on television, wasn't there ?
- Q The exam wasn't hard, was it ?
- Q The movies weren't fun, were they ?
- Q They weren't serious, were they ?

No Helping Verbs:

You worked on this book for two years, didn't you?  
You didn't visit the island, did you?

- Q You knew about that, didn't you ?
- Q They spoke to the teacher about the project, didn't they ?
- Q Amani ate (eat) all the candy, did she?
- Q It was (be) cold yesterday, wasn't it?
- Q They were busy when you called, weren't they ?
- Q You found (find) the keys, didn't you?
- Q The boys were (be) late for school, weren't they?
- Q Mona wrote (write) the letter, didn't she?
- Q They packed (pack) their bags early, didn't they?
- Q Abdullah went shopping, didn't he ?



## Order of Adjectives:



<b>Opinion</b>	Nice, beautiful, amazing, pretty, strange, awaked, ugly
<b>Size</b>	Big, small, huge, tiny, little, wide, narrow
<b>Age</b>	Old, young, new, up-to-date
<b>Shape</b>	Round, triangular, square, thin, fat, tall, short, long
<b>Colour</b>	Red, blue, green, yellow, black, white, transparent
<b>Origin</b>	Kuwaiti, Saudi, American, British, Chinese, Scottish
<b>Material</b>	Wooden, cotton, metal, plastic, silk

I loved your **new** , **red** , **cotton** shirt.

Let's buy **beautiful** , **Chinese** , **wooden** tables.

She had a **strange** , **little** , **old** camera.

### Practice

Smart Quizzes



U U L A

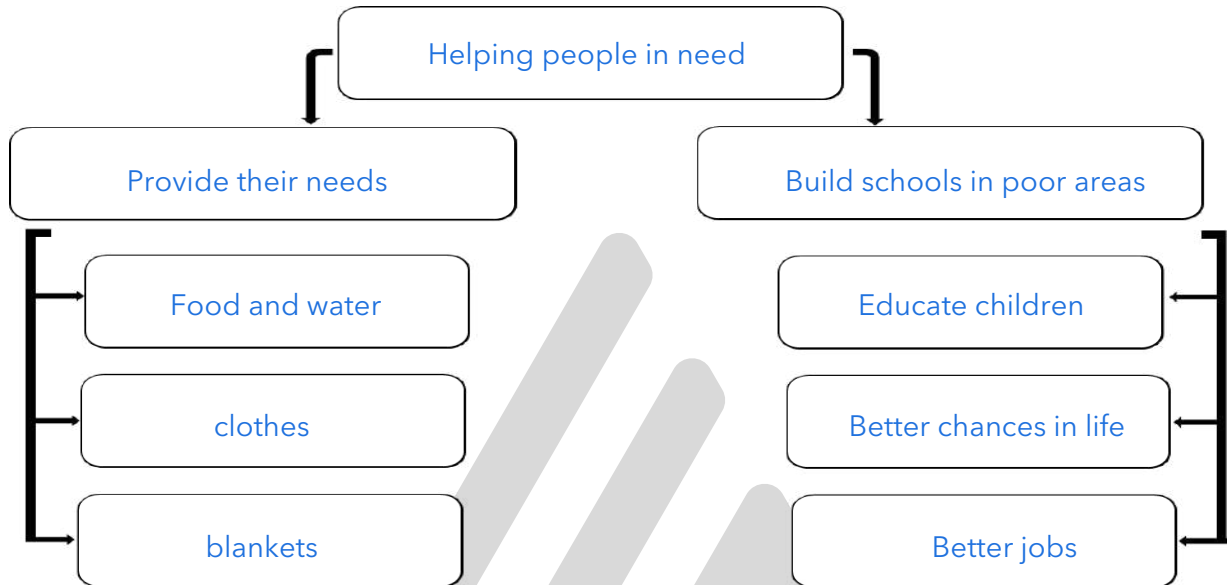


# Writing



Write a report of two paragraphs explaining how you would help the people in need if you happened to find a treasure.

## PLAN:



If I happen to find a treasure, I will use it to help the people in need. First, I will help them by providing them with those needs. Some families need food and water that I can help them to get. I will also give them clothes for winter and summer. If they don't have blankets to keep them warm at night, I will provide them with some blankets.

Second, I will build schools in the poor areas. This will help in educating children in poor areas. So, those children will grow up to have better chances in life. In addition, they will be able to find better jobs in the future. I believe that everyone should help the poor people and those in need if they get the chance.



# IRREGULAR VERBS - تصاريف الأفعال

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يكون	Is / am / are	Was / were	been
يصبح	Become	Became	Become
يبدأ	Begin	Began	Begun
يضرب	Beat	Beat	beaten
ينحني	Bend	Bent	Bent
يعض	Bite	Bit	Bitten
ينفخ	Blow	Blew	blown
ينزف	Bleed	Bled	bled
يكسر	Break	Broke	Broken
يحضر	Bring	Brought	Brought
يذيع	Broadcast	Broadcast	Broadcast
يشترى	Buy	Bought	Bought
يبنى	Build	Built	Built
يحرق	Burn	Burnt	Burnt
يصطاد	Catch	Caught	Caught
يختار	Choose	Chose	Chosen
يأتي	Come	Came	Come
يكلف	Cost	Cost	Cost
يقطع	Cut	Cut	Cut
يفعل	Do	Did	Done
يملك	Have	Had	Had
يرسم	Draw	Drew	Drawn
يحلم	Dream	Dreamt	Dreamt
يشرب	Drink	Drank	Drunk
يقود	Drive	Drove	Driven
يحفر	Dig	Dug	dug
يموت	Die	Died	Died
يأكل	Eat	Ate	Eaten
يسقط	Fall	Fell	Fallen
يشعر	Feel	Felt	Felt
يهرب	Flee	Fled	fled

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يطعم	Feed	Fed	fed
يحفر	Dig	Dug	dug
يتشاجر	Fight	Fought	Fought
يجد	Find	Found	Found
يؤسس	Found	Founded	Founded
يطير	Fly	Flew	Flown
ينسى	Forget	Forgot	Forgotten
يحصل على	Get	Got	Got
يسامح	Forgive	Forgave	Forgiven
يجمد	Freeze	Froze	Frozen
يذهب	Go	Went	Gone
يعطي	Give	Gave	Given
ينمو \ يزرع	Grow	Grew	Grown
يعلق	Hang	Hung	Hung
يسمع	Hear	Heard	Heard
يختبئ	Hide	Hid	Hidden
يضرب	Hit	Hit	Hit
يمسك	Hold	Held	Held
يؤلم	Hurt	Hurt	hurt
يبقي	Keep	Kept	Kept
يعرف	Know	Knew	Known
يتعلم	Learn	Learnt	Learnt
يرحل \ يترك	Leave	Left	Left
يعير	Lend	Lent	lent
يسمح	Let	Let	let
يضع جانباً	Lay	Laid	Laid
يستلقي	Lie	Lay	Lain
يكذب	Lie	Lied	Lied
يضيء	Light	Lit	lit
يضيع	Lose	Lost	Lost
يجعل \ يصنع	Make	Made	Made
يعني	Mean	Meant	Meant
يلتقي	Meet	Met	Met
يدفع	Pay	Paid	Paid

المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يضع	Put	Put	Put
يثبت	Prove	Proved	Proved/proven
ينسحب	Quit	Quit	Quit
يقرأ	Read	Read	Read
يركب	Ride	Rode	Ridden
يرن	Ring	Rang	Rung
يصعد \ يرتقي	Rise	Rose	Risen
يركض	Run	Ran	Run
يقول	Say	Said	Said
يرى	See	Saw	Seen
يبيع	Sell	Sold	Seen
يرسل	Send	Sent	Sent
يجهز	Set	Set	set
يخيط	Sew	Sewed	Sewn
يهز	Shake	Shook	Shaken
يتساقط (الشعر او أوراق الشجر)	Shed	Shed	Shed
يلمع	Shine	Shone	Shone
يظهر	Show	Showed	Shown
يغلق	Shut	Shut	shut
يغني	Sing	Sang	Sung
يغرق	Sink	Sank	Sunk
يجلس	Sit	Sat	Sat
ينام	Sleep	Slept	Slept
يتحدث	Speak	Spoke	Spoken
يقضي	Spend	Spent	Spent
يهجأ (يقرأ حرف حرف)	Spell	Spelt	Spelt
يسكب	Spill	Spilt	Spilt
يدور	Spin	Spun	spun
ينتشر	Spread	Spread	spread
يقف	Stand	Stood	Stood
يفهم	Understand	Understood	Understood
يسرق	Steal	Stole	Stolen
يلتصق	Stick	Stuck	Stuck



المعنى	V(1)	V(2)	V(3) / p.p
يقرص \ يلسع	Sting	Stung	Stung
تفوح منه رائحة كريهة	Stink	Stank	Stunk
يصعق	Strike	Struck	Struck
يسبح	Swim	Swam	Swum
يتورم	Swell	Swelled	Swollen
يتأرجح	Swing	Swung	swung
يشم	Smell	Smelt/smelled	Smelt/smelled
يأخذ	Take	Took	Taken
يُعلم	Teach	Taught	Taught
يخبر	Tell	Told	Told
يمزق	Tear	Tore	Torn
يفكر	Think	Thought	Thought
يرمي	Throw	Threw	Thrown
يخضع لـ	Undergo	Underwent	undergone
يستيقظ	Wake up	Woke up	Woken up
يرتدي	Wear	Wore	Worn
يكتب	Write	Wrote	Written
يفوز	Win	Won	Won

U U L A

