



# المفردات Vocabulary

heritage	تراث	weaving	ينسج
pride	فخر	factory	مصنع
study	يدرس	ancient	قديم
university	جامعة	pot	قدر
carry	يحمل	machine	آلة
electricity	كهرباء	hospitality	كرم
paraffin lamp	مصباح الزيت	amazed	مندهش
light	ينير	co-operative	متعاون
touristic	سياحي	obey	يطيع
centre	مرکز	respect	يحترم
artistic	فني	kindly	بلطف
mainly	بشكل رئيسي		

# القواعد Grammar

يتعلم الطالب استخدام بعض الأفعال (can / could / would) لطلب شيء من شخص اخر بطريقة مهذبة:

- = **Can** you carry the box, please?
  - Yes, I can. No, I can't.
- = **Could** you stay with us?
  - Yes, I could. No, I couldn't.
- = Would you like to come to my house?
  - Yes, I would.

– No, I <mark>wouldn't</mark>.

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	تصريفات الأفعال Verb Conjugations				
		Verb 1	Verb 2	Verb 3	
		Present simple	Past Simple		
		المضارع البسيط	الماضي البسيط		
	يزور	visit	visit <mark>ed</mark>	visit <mark>ed</mark>	
	يأمر	order	order <mark>ed</mark>	order <mark>ed</mark>	
افعال منتظمة	يسافر	travel	travell <mark>ed</mark>	travell <mark>ed</mark>	
Regular	يبين	show	show <mark>ed</mark>	show <mark>ed</mark>	
Verbs	يوفر	save	saved	saved	
	يمنح	provide	provided	provide <mark>d</mark>	
	يقيم	stay	stay <mark>ed</mark>	stay <mark>ed</mark>	
	يطيع	obey	obey <mark>ed</mark>	obey <mark>ed</mark>	
	يدرس	study	studi <mark>ed</mark>	studi <mark>ed</mark>	
	يحمل	carry	carried	carried	
	يكون	(be) am / is / are	was / were	been	
	يملك	have / has	had	had	
	يجد	find	found	found	
الفعال غبر منطولة	ينام	sleep	slept	slept	
افعال غیر منتظمة Irregular	يرى	see	saw	seen	
Verbs	يشتري	buy	bought	bought	
4 61 03	يأكل	eat	ate	eaten	
	يأخذ	take	took	taken	
	يبني 😡	build	built	built	
L	يكتب	write	wrote	written	

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# Present Simple المضارع البسيط

للحديث عن الروتين اليومي و العادات نستخدم زمن يسمى المضارع البسيط و الذي يتكون من التصريف الأول:

Ι			
you	nlow		الضمائر
We	play		I – you – we – they يأتي معهم الفعل بدون اضافة
They		football.	
He (Ali)			مع(s/es)يضاف للفعل
She (Nora)	plays		He / She / It
It (Cat)			أو اسم مفرد

• نضيف للفعل (s) اذا جاء بعد (he – she – it) او أي اسم مفرد:

- Ahmed usually prays in the mosque.
- Laila always helps her mum.
- This shop sells necklaces.

يأتى المضارع البسيط مع كلمات مثل:



لنفي زمن المضارع البسيط نضع (do not / does not) قبل الفعل:



#### Choose the correct verb:

- 1. Mona sometimes (play played plays) tennis.
- 2. I (eat ate eats) meat every day.
- 3. She (live lives living) in Kuwait City.
- 4. We (read reading reads) English at school.
- 5. My mother always (washed washes wash) dishes.
- 6. I (went -go goes) to school at 7 o'clock.
- 7. They (played plays play) football at the club every Friday.
- 8. I (love loved loves) my teacher.
- 9. Hani sometimes (play plays played) tennis.
- 10. She (don't doesn't isn't) live in Kuwait City.



#### Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Yesterday, Salma (visit visited visits) Nora.
- 2- We (buys buy bought) a new villa last week.
- 3- Salem (swim swam is swimming) in the sea yesterday.
- 4- Mum (made makes make) a cake last night.
- 5-I (went -go goes) to the zoo last Friday.

#### Correct the verb between brackets:

6– My father (come) home early yesterday.

7– My uncle (sell) his old car and bought a new one.

.....

8- Last summer, my family (travel) to Brazil.

.....

9- I (pray). Then, I went to school.

.....

10- Yesterday, Ali (is) happy.

.....

# المضارع التام Present Perfect

يعبر الماضي التام عن حدث تم في الماضي و انتهى ، و لكن له أثر في الحاضر و يتكون من:

I / You / We / They	have = 've	تصريف ثالث= verb 3		
(اسم مفرد)He / She / It	has ='s			

اثبات	نفي	عند النفي نضع
I have visited Failaka Island.	I have <b>not</b> visited Failaka Island.	not
Ali has found an ancient coin.	Ali <b>has not</b> found an ancient coin.	have / has بعد

# يكون السؤال في المضارع التام كالآتي:

Have you ever been to Failaka Island?

- Yes, I have. / Yes, I've been to Failaka Island.
- No, I haven't. / No, I haven't been to Failaka Island.

Has your brother found an ancient coin?

- Yes, he has. / Yes, he has found an ancient coin.
- No, he hasn't. / Yes, he hasn't found an ancient coin.



	تدريبات Exercises				
	I– Reading				
	A-Voc	abulary			
Choose the correct	ct answer from a, b,	c and d:			
1- Young generation	on should be proud of I	Kuwait's past			
a- factory	b- university	c- electricity	d- heritage		
2- Students should	hard t	o reach their hope			
a- obey	b- respect	c– study	d– carry		
3- People used para	ffin lamps because the	e was no			
a- electricity	b- hospitality	c– factory	d- heritage		
4– It's our	to have Kuwait	Towers.			
a- centre	b- pride	c– factory	d- pot		
5- We were	when we me	et our famous artist	t in the mall.		
a- ancient	b– artistic	c- kind	d– amazed		
6- We used to respe	ect and	. our parents.			
a- obey	b- weave	c– study	d– carry		
7– My mum someti	mes n	ice clothes.			
a- lights	b- respects	c- obeys	d- weaves		
8- Kuwait depends	on oil	l.			
a- kindly	b- mainly	c- anciently	d- touristic		
9- A good Muslim	must be kind and	with c	others.		
a– touristic	b- co-operative	c- amazed	d– artistic		
10- It's important to	o bear	nd co-operative.			
a- touristic	b- ancient	c- amazed	d- kind		
		S an	0		
له في جميع اموركم	طلبوا التوفيق من <mark>الله و استعينوا ب</mark>	م الدراسي بجد و نشاط و ا	احبتي ابدأوا عامكم		
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#### **B-** Reading Comprehension

**Read the following passage and answer the questions:** 

Abdurrahman Al-Sumait is a Muslim Kuwaiti doctor. He studied at the university of Baghdad. When he was young, Al-Sumait saw some poor workers waiting for the bus to take them home. He and his friends **saved** up money and bought a car to drive these workers for free. That was the start. At the age of 35, Al-Sumait moved to Africa and gave 29 years of his life to help millions of poor Africans. He built schools, mosques and universities for **them**. Over 11 million Africans became Muslims. Al-Sumait died in 2013, but no one will ever forget him.

#### A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- The best title for the passage is:

- a) Baghdad University b) African People
- c) Poor Workers d) A Great Man
- 2- The word "them " in line (6) refers to:
  - a) Africans b) universities
  - c) schools d) mosques

3- The opposite of the underlined word "saved" in line (3) is:

- a) kept b) gave
- c) wasted d) helped
- 4- In this paragraph the writer wants to:
  - a) tell us about Muslims in Africa.

b) tell us about Al-Sumait's life.

c) travel to Africa.

......

d) study in universities in Africa

# **B**) Answer the following questions:

5- How old was Al-Sumait when he went to Africa?

6- How can we help poor countries?

# **II–** Writing

#### A) Grammar

# Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1- I alwaysmy grandparents on holidays.			
a- visits	b- visit	c- visited	d- visiting
2- Yesterday, we	in t	he swimming poo	1.
a- swims	b- swam	c- swimming	d- swim
3- Yasmeen	Sara's au	int.	
a– am	b- is	c– are	d- was
4- Mona	go to the g	ym last week.	
a- doesn't	b- don't	c- didn't	d– isn't
5– My mother	like	e swimming. She l	ikes walking.
a- doesn't	b- don't	c- didn't	d- isn't
6- Nasser has	to Failak	ka Island.	
a- go	b- goes	c- went	d- gone
7– Have you ever b	een to Canada? =	No, I	
a- have	b- haven't	c- has	d– hasn't
8- Could you	me do	my homework, p	lease?
a- help	b- helped	c– helps	d- helping
9–	your father bough	nt you the school o	clothes?
a- Have	b– Has	c– Did	d- Do
10- My father	like sv	vimming. He like	s walking.
a- doesn't	b- don't	c- didn't	d– isn't
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# **B–**Writing

Write a short paragraph of (5 sentences) with the help of pictures and

# guide words about (An Interesting Place)

Who went with you		How you went
	Where you went	
Why you went there		What you bought
Al Mubarakiya Mar	ket – family – car – shoppi	ng – clothes – food.

# Write the missing letters:



# المفردات Vocabulary

interesting	شيق	cooperative society	جمعية تعاونية
especially	خصوصا	public	عامة
excited	متحمس	store	محل
decide	یقر ر	cultural	ثقافي
experience	خبرة	complexes	مجمعات
sparking	متلألئ	natural	طبيعي
pair of	زوج من	robot	انسان آلي
joyfully	بفرح	robotic	آلي
suggest	يقترح	fantastic	رائع
amazingly	بدهشة	relax	يسترخي
parking lot	موقف سيارا ت		

# القواعد Grammar

ابنائي... عليكم التفريق بين هاتين الكلمتين:

شيء ما Something	أي شيء Anything
تستخدم مع الجمل المثبتة	تستخدم مع النفي والسؤال
There is <b>something</b> in the box.	We don't have <b>anything</b> to eat.
	Do you want <b>anything</b> from the bakery?

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# **Fill in the spaces using (something/anything)**:

- 1- Sara bought ..... for Aunt Yasmeen.
- 2- Mona didn't buy ..... for dinner.
- 3- Has Salma got ..... to play with?
- 4- Why don't you think of ..... to spend your free time?

## على الطالب التفريق بين ما يلي:

الصفة adjective	الحال adverb
الصفة هي كلمة تصف الاسم	الحال هو كلمة تصف الفعل ويأتي بإضافة (ly) إلى الصفة
nice – kind – joyful – beautiful	nicely – kindly – joyfully – beautifully
-Eman is <b>joyful</b> .	-She celebrated her birthday <b>joyfully</b> .
-Dr. Ahmed is <b>kind</b> .	- He treats the sick <b>kindly</b> .

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1-Manal is very (nice nicely).
- 2-Salah speaks (proud proudly) about his family.
- 3-She has (beautiful beautifully) eyes.

# و أيضا يجب أن تفرق بين هذه الروابط كما يلي:



# المستقبل (Future (going to

أحبابي

یجب أن تتعرفوا على هذه الصيغة للتعبير عن الخطط المستقبلية و التي تتكون من:

Ι	am	
(اسم مفرد) He / She / It	is	الفعل بدون اضافة + going to +
You / we/ They	are	

يعبر هذا الزمن عن التخطيط لعمل شيء بالمستقبل

I am **going to** play football next Friday.

He is **going to** watch a film tonight.

We are **going to** visit London in the future.



# Choose:

- 1. I am (go will go going) to go to the club tomorrow.
- 2. Amal is (go going goes) to travel to Bahrain next month.
- 3. The boys **are going** to go shopping (yesterday tonight now).
- 4. Ali (is going go goes) to meet his uncle tomorrow.
- 5. My mother is going to (make makes making) a cake tonight.

#### Choose the correct answer:

Every day, I (pray – prays – prayed) at the mosque. I (go – went – am going) to the mosque late yesterday. I am (going – go – will go) to be there on time next time.

#### تدريبات Exercises **I-Reading** Vocabulary А-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: 1. I was.....to visit Dickson House last week. a- fantastic b- excited c- natural d- robotic 2. The film was .....but we couldn't stay up late. a- co-operative b- public c- excited d- interesting 3. I asked my mum to go out, but she .....to stay at home. a- decided b- relaxed c- carried d- lighted 4. My family buy everything at the cooperative ..... b- robot d- factory a- centre c- society 5. .....I saw a thief stealing my friend's money in the bus. b– Amazingly c– Joyfully a – Especially d- Mainly 6. I like going to Al Khiran to swim and ..... a- decide b- weave c- study d- relax 7. I bought a beautiful .....of shoes from the shopping mall. b- experience c- pair a- public d- store 8. Kuwait has a lot of shopping centres and ..... b- complexes c- pride a- machines d- electricity 9. This ......gold watch is a present from my mother. b- sparkling c– amazed d- artistic a- touristic 10. It's important to know that .....technology can help people. b– natural a- robotic c- excited d- kind

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#### **B–** Reading Comprehension

**Read the following passage and answer the questions**:

Dear Nada,

I want to write to you about the book I bought at the book fair. It's about birds. I wanted to know more information about different kinds of birds. My book was about "The Bee Hummingbird". The bee hummingbird is the smallest bird in the world. This bird comes from Cuba. It is an island near America. All hummingbirds are small, but this one is **tiny**. It is as long as your little finger. It is called a bee hummingbird because it is not much bigger than a bee. Hummingbirds are different from other birds in the way they fly. They move their wings so fast that you can't see them. The hummingbird can stay in one place in the air. **It** is really an amazing bird.

Looking forward to your next email.

Yours, Rana

A) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d: 1– The best title for the email is:

- a. Amazing Birds b. Kinds of Bees
- c. Small Birds d. Birds in Cuba

2- The underlined word "tiny" in line (5) means:

- a. very high b. so tall
- c. very small d. so fast

3- The underlined pronoun "It" in line (9) refers to:

- a. the air b. the hummingbird
- c. one place d. the way

4- Hummingbirds are different from other birds in:

- a. the way they fly b. the way they move
- c. the place they come from d. the way they stay in the air

**B**) Answer the following questions:

5- How did Rana get information about bee hummingbirds?

6- Why is the bee hummingbird called in that name?

#### **II–Writing**

#### A) Grammar

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Mona suggested to eat (anything – something – any). All the family were busy. They didn't like to eat (something – some – anything). Mona watched a nice film (and – but – or) ate all the sandwiches.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Ahmed is my best friend. He always speaks (cheerful – cheerfully – quick) with people. He likes meeting people, (and – but – so) he doesn't have enough time. I think he is going to (have – had – has) a party to meet all his friends.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Tomorrow is Friday. I (go – am going – goes) to buy some clothes at the market. My brother is going to (swim – swam – swimming) in the sea. My mother is (cook – going to cook – will cook) us a delicious lunch.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Laila is in grade 5. She dreams of being a famous doctor (and - or - but) her sister likes to be a teacher. Laila (builds - is going to build - built) a big hospital. She is (kind - kindly - beautifully) with her parents and friends.



	B- Writing	
Write a short paragraph	of (5 sentences) with th	e help of pictures and
guide words about (Shop	ping):	
What your hobby is		What you buy
	When you go	
Who goes with you		What your favourite mall
		is
shopping – holi	idays – family – clothes – :	food – The Gate
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		••••••

# Write the missing letters:



# المفردات Vocabulary

climate	مناخ	breathe	يتنفس
forecast	توقعات	emergency service	خدمة الطوارئ
snowstorm	عاصفة ثلجية	paramedic	مسعف
truck	شاحنة	dust storm	عاصفة ترابية
clear	يزيل	put on	يرتدي
icy	ثلجي	turn on	يشغل
heavily	بغزارة	department	قسم
hero	بطل	mass media	وسائل اعلام
imaginary	خيالي	predict	يتنبأ
power	قوة	system	نظام
suddenly	فجأة	atmosphere	الغلاف الجوي
faint	يغمى عليه	agency	وكالة



#### القواعد Grammar

# على الطالب التفريق بين:

أو or	لذلك so
تستخدم للتخيير بين شيئين	يأتي بعدها نتيجة
Soha will phone me. I'll ring her.	Sami studies well. He can get good
Sona wiii phone me. I ii mig ner.	marks.
Salma will phone me or I'll ring her	Sami studies well, <mark>so</mark> He can get good
Salma will phone me <b>or</b> I'll ring her.	marks.

#### Fill in the spaces using (or/so):

- 1- I don't like eating fish..... meat.
- 2- Study hard ....., you will get bad marks.
- 3- Ali was ill, ..... he went to the doctor.
- 4– It was very cold, ..... he put on heavy clothes.

# على الطالب التفريق بين:

لا يجب X shouldn't يجب should	مکن might
تستخدم لتقديم نصيحة	تفيد بأن هناك احتمالية حدوث شيء في المستقبل
– You should sleep early.	– It might be cold tomorrow.
– You <mark>shouldn't</mark> smoke.	– She might come late. She is ill.

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1- You (should shouldn't might) respect your parents.
- 2- It's cloudy. It (should shouldn't might) rain.
- 3- You (should shouldn't might) play in the street.

# تدريبات Exercises

# <u>I- Reading</u> A- Vocabulary

<u>A- Vocabulary</u>				
Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:				
1– It snows	in Canada i	n winter.		
a– joyfully	b- especially	c- kindly	d– heavily	
2- A truck	the snow o	out of the road.		
a- predicts	b- breathes	c- clears	d– faints	
3– The	drives an ambi	ulance and helps s	ick people.	
a- power	b- paramedic	c- robot	d– system	
4– My mother	and co	uldn't breathe in	the dust storm.	
a- fainted	b- predicted	c- suggested	d- decided	
5- You can call 112 f	or emergency			
a- forecast	b- media	c- climate	d- service	
6- Dust storms blow.	in	summer.		
a- amazingly	b- kindly	c- suddenly	d- especially	
7– Kuwait Weather F	Forecast	was built i	n 1953.	
a- Department	b- Experience	c- Atmosphere	d– Store	
8- The real	is the perso	on who can help p	people.	
a- hero	b– truck	c- paramedic	d– media.	
9- It's dark here. Can	you	on the light,	please?	
a- breathe	b- weave	c– put	d– turn	
10– I like having juices when it's on hot days.				
a- robotic	b- icy	c- imaginary	d– ancient	
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#### **B-** Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage and answer the questions:

Nasser and Majid are brothers. They are from Kuwait. Nasser is eleven years old. He likes playing football. Majid is ten years old. Majid likes reading. They have got two sisters, Sara and Haya. They are younger than Nasser and Majid. They live in a big house with their parents. Sara and Haya like <u>painting</u>. They like going to Sheikh Abdullah Al-Salem Cultural Centre. It's one of the largest complexes in Kuwait.

Their father is a policeman. He works in a police station. Their mother is a teacher. **She** works in a girl school. They are a happy family.

A) Choose the	e correct answe	r from a, b, c an	d d:		
1– The underlin	1- The underlined pronoun ( <b>she</b> ) in line ( <b>8</b> ) refers to:				
a– father	b- Sara	c- mother	d– Sara		
2- The best title	e for this passage	is:			
a- Kuwait	b- Reading	c- Football	d– Nasser and Majid's Family		
3- Nasser and N	Majid are:				
a- brothers	b- friends	c- parents	d- sisters		
4- The underlin	ned word (painti	ng) in line (4) mea	ans:		
a- writing	b- reading	c- drawing	d- washing		
<b>B</b> ) Answer the	following que	stions:			
5- Where do Sara and Haya like going?					
6- What's their mother's job?					
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#### A) Grammar

## Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Last month, Tamer (want – wants – wanted) to meet his friends outside. His mother suggested having a party, (so – but – or) Tamer invited all his friends. They played and (eat – ate – eating) delicious cakes.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Mrs. Eman (buy – buys – bought) a new car yesterday. She drove (careful – carefully – care) to the cooperative society. She's not going to go out tonight. It (should – shouldn't – might) rain.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

I like obeying my parent's orders. My father always says, "You (should – shouldn't – might) study your lessons well". My mother says, "You (might – should – shouldn't) sit with bad boys". I like saying, "Yes". My parents are always right, (so – or – but) I am sometimes wrong.



# **B-**Writing Write a short paragraph of (5 sentences) with the help of pictures and guide words about (Dust Storms) What you do in a dust Where dust storms happen..... storm..... When it happens Why is a dust storm dangerous..... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . dust storm - dangerous - notes - mouth desert - cloth - summer

# Write the missing letters:





# المفردات Vocabulary

الرجاء دراسة المفردات و مراجعتها باستمرار و استخدامها مع اقرانكم في المواقف المختلفة.

book fair	معرض الكتاب	cover	غلاف
dictionary	قاموس	page	صفحة
spell	يهجئ	honour	احترام
scary	مرعب	publish	ينشر
show	يعرض	humanitarian leader	قائد الانسانية
delightedly	بتمتع	chapter	فصل من کتاب
eagerly	بلهفة	index	فهرس
warmly	بحرارة	biography	سيرة شخصية
deeply	بعمق	generous	كريم
kind	نوع / لطيف	generosity	كرم
borrow	يستعير	wisdom	حكمة

احبتي..... املأوا حياتكم بالعلم النافع و انشروا ما تعلمتم. لنحب بعضنا و لنتعاون و لنتسامح فيما بيننا، فما أجمل حياة المتسامحين. و اياكم و التشاجر و الخلاف فإنه يفسد الحياة و يغضب الإله.

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#### القواعد Grammar

#### على الطالب التفريق بين:

جدا too	کاف enough	
تأتي قبل الصفة لتصف الكثرة التي لا يمكن تحملها	تأتي قبل الاسم أو قبل الصفة	
too + adjective	adjective + enough	
-The story is <b>too</b> scary. I can't read it.	-My father gives me <b>enough</b> money.	
-The jacket is <b>too</b> big. Can I try	-He is tall <b>enough</b> to reach the high	
another size?	shelf.	

#### Fill in the spaces using (too/enough):

- 1- This book is .....easy for you. you aren't young.
- 2- The book isn't difficult .....to read it.
- 3- Ali is .....short to play basketball.
- 4- He should be tall.....to play this sport.

على الطالب ان يتعلم التعبير عن كيفية تفضيل شي أو عدم تفضيله وسبب ذلك باستخدام:

would like ='d like	would not like = wouldn't like
تأتي بمعنى (ارغب في)	تأتي بمعنى (لا أرغب في)
- I would like to buy this book. It's	- I wouldn't like reading this story
very exciting.	book. It is too scary.

#### Choose the correct word:

- 1- I (would wouldn't won't) like to visit my friend. she is too ill.
- 2- That book is exciting enough. I (would wouldn't) like to read it.
- 3– What would you like to be? I (would wouldn't) like to be a doctor.

یتعرف الطالب على الكلمات الدالة على ترتيب الاحداث في الماضى:

1	أولاً First,	First, I washed and prayed.
2	<b>Next</b> , بعد ذلك ح	<mark>Next</mark> , I had my breakfast.
3	تم Then, تر	<b>Then</b> , I went to school.
4	After that, بعد ذلك	After that, we studied useful things.
5	أخيراً ,Finally	<b>Finally</b> , we went back home happily.

#### Complete the following paragraph with sequence words:

....., I broke the eggs. ...., I heated the butter in the pan. ....., I added the eggs. ...., I ate omelette with toast.



# تدريبات Exercises

# I– Reading

A– Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:			
1- There are many kinds of books in the			
a- dictionary	b- book fair	c- cover	d- wisdom
2- Children shouldn'	t read	books at night	
a- kind	b- generous	c- scary	d- ancient
3- His Highness Shei	kh Sobah is a	Leader	
a- icy	b– natural	c- robotic	d– Humanitarian
4- All people like my	grandfather's	and w	isdom.
a- generosity	b- chapter	c- cover	d- dictionary
5- I finished reading	the first	of the story l	book.
a- honour	b- media	c- climate	d- chapter
6– My mother always	s looks at me	when I	do well.
a- delightedly	b- heavily	c- suddenly	d- especially
7– His t	ells everything al	bout his life's histo	ory.
a- department	b- biography	c– atmosphere	d– store
8- The dictionary helps us to words.			
a– spell	b- borrow	c- show	d– publish
9- Can I your pen, please?			
a- breathe	b- weave	c- put	d- borrow
10- Look at theto know what the book talks about.			
a- wisdom	b- index	c- public	d– robot
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#### **B-** Reading Comprehension

#### **Read the following passage and answer the questions:**

Uncle Osama was a great football player. He used to play football in one of the biggest sports clubs in Kuwait. He stopped playing five years ago. Now he owns a shop near the mosque that sells sportsmen's clothes. Uncle Osama always talks to his three sons Ali, Nasser and Ahmed about one match which **he** thinks is the dearest to his heart. "The match started at four o'clock," He says" and five minutes later I scored a goal". Then he adds with pleasure, "It was the first and the last goal in the match, and it earned us the cup". Uncle Osama keeps all the medals he has received in the different matches at home. He feels proud when he looks at them.

#### A) Underline the correct answers from a, b, c or d:

- 1– The best title for the passage is:
  - a- The best team b-A great player
  - c– Football Match d– Good sons
- 2- The underlined word **he** in line (4) refers to:
  - a- Ali b-Nassir c-Uncle Osama d-Ahmed
- 3- Uncle Osama keeps his medals at:
  - a- Sports club b-home c-shop d-mosque
- 4- All the following sentences are not true except:
  - a- Uncle Osama used to play tennis.
  - b-Uncle Osama keeps all his medals in the shop.
  - c- Uncle Osama sells sportsmen's clothes
  - d- Uncle Osama feels proud when he looks at his sons.

# **B**) Answer the following questions:

- 5- How many sons does Uncle Osama have?
- 6- Why was that goal the dearest to Uncle Osama's heart?

#### **II-Writing**

#### A) Grammar

Choose the correct answer between brackets:

Yesterday (**is – was – are**) a happy day. My uncle bought me a book about sports. I thanked him. He is kind (**too – enough – very**) to love him. I (**would – wouldn't – doesn't**) like to buy an interesting book to my younger sister.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

My friend Mrs. Manal (**am – is – are**) an English teacher. Once, she got up (**too – enough**) early. She decided to go to school to teach her pupils. When she went to her school. She was happy (**too – enough – very**) to meet her pupils who love her very much.

#### Choose the correct answer between brackets:

I buy many books from the book fair. Books (**give – gives – giving**) us a lot of information about life. My mother asks me not to buy (**too – enough – very**) difficult books. My father helps me buy interesting books. We have (**too – very – enough**) books at home about many subjects.



# **B–**Writing

# Write a short paragraph of (5 sentences) with the help of pictures and

# guide words about (A Visit to the Book Fair)

Why you go to the		What your favourite									
book fair		book is									
What you see there		Who goes with you									
		there									
buy books – story books – interesting – dictionaries – kinds – my family											

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# Write the missing letters:

