اللغة الانجليزية

الصف الحادي عشر

مراجعة الاختبار القصير

الفصل الدراسي الأول

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المذكرة خدمة تطوعية لمن يحتاجها وليست للبيع

صفوف معلم الكويت

إعداد:

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UNIT ONE

Festivals and Occasions

المهرجانات والمناسبات

VOCABULARY

Lesson: 1+2

1-	canopy (n)	مظلة-غطاء	7-	multitude (n)	عدد كبير-حشد
2-	dazzling (adj)	ساطع-باهر	8-	nurture (v)	يرعى-يهتم ب
3-	discipline (n)	مجال دراسي-تخصص	9-	patriotic (adj)	وطني
4-	extravaganza (n)	روعة-جمالية-حدث مبهر	10-	stream (n)	تدفق-جدول-سيل
5-	gather (v)	يتجمع	11-	unrivalled (adj)	لا مثيل له-متميز
6-	launch (v)	يبدأ-يطلق-ينطلق			

Lesson: 4+5

12-	bagpipes (n)	مزمار القربة (آلة موسيقية)	16-	festivity (n)	احتفال-مهرجان
13-	carnival (n)	كرنفال-حفل كبير	17-	hire (v)	يستأجر-يؤجر-يوظف
14-	celebratory (adj)	احتفالي (مرتبط بالاحتفال)	18-	preoccupied (adj)	مشغول البال-شارد الذهن
15-	display (n)	عرض-استعراض	19-	take part in (v)	يشارك ب

Lesson: 7+8

20-	bubbly (adj)	حيوي-نشيط	25-	fanciful (adj)	خيالي
21-	chain (n)	سلسلة	26-	intricate (adj)	معقد- صعب
22-	commemorate (v)	يحيي ذكرى-يحتفل ب	27-	unison (n)	انسجام
23-	embark (v)	يصعد-يركب	28-	weaving (n)	حياكة-نسيج
24-	exuberant (adj)	مفعم بالحيوية-مليء بالحماس			

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أفكار وجمل مساعدة لكتابة التعبير

1-Description of the preparations for festivals:
وصف الاستعدادات للاحتفالات

-People prepare many things for festivals.
الناس يجهزون العديد من الأشياء للاحتفالات

1-They light up the streets with colourful lights.	**1**-يضيئون الشوارع بأنوار ملونة
2-They decorate their houses with national flags.	**2**-يزينون البيوت بأعلام وطنية
3-They make special clothes.	**3**-يجهزون ملابس خاصة
4-They decorate their cars with national symbols.	**4**-يزينون سياراتهم برموز وطنية
5-The shops offer cheap goods.	**5**-المحلات تقدم بضائع رخيصة

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2-Description of the activities during festivals:
وصف الأنشطة أثناء المهرجانات

-People do many activities during festivals.
الناس يقومون بالعديد من الأنشطة اثناء المهرجانات

1-They dance and sing patriotic songs.	**1**-يرقصون ويغنون أغاني وطنية
2-There are exciting fireworks.	**2**-ألعاب نارية مثيرة
3-People take part in competitive contests.	**3**-المشاركة بمسابقات تنافسية
4- There are special offers and wonderful goods	**4**-عروض خاصة وبضائع رائعة
5-People wear national flags and colourful clothes.	**5**-الناس يلبسون أعلام وطنية وملابس ملونة

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3-Description of feelings during festivals:

وصف المشاعر أثناء المهرجانات

-During festivals people have wonderful feelings.
أثناء المهرجانات، تكون المشاعر رائعة

1-People share patriotic feelings.	**1**-الناس يتشاركون بمشاعر وطنية
2-People feel happy and excited.	**2**-يشعرون بالسعادة والإثارة
3-People feel proud of their country.	**3**-يشعرون بالفخر ببلدهم
4-People feel joyful.	**4**-يشعرون بالبهجة
5-People feel that festivals are great and interesting.	**5**-يشعرون أن المهرجانات عظيمة وممتعة

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REMEDIAL EXERCISES

VOCABULARY

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(canopy / dazzling / discipline / extravaganza / gather)

1- People …….... in the town square to celebrate special events and occasions.

2- The trees formed a thick …….... above us, protecting us from the hot sunlight.

3- The …….... fireworks filled the sky with bright colors, creating an exciting view.

4- Choosing the right …….... can help students build a successful career.

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(launch / multitude / stream / patriotic / nurture)

1- Many citizens feel …….... when they hear their national anthem.

2- The organization hopes to …….... a project that will benefit the local community.

3- Teachers …….... students' talents by encouraging them to develop new skills.

4- The internet provides students with a /an …….... of resources for their studies.

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(unrivalled / bagpipes / carnival / celebratory / display)

1- The museum has a /an …….... collection of historical artifacts.

2- The annual …….... has become one of the most popular events in the city.

3- The festival included a beautiful …….... of colorful fireworks that lit up the sky.

4- The loud sound of the …….... could be heard from a long distance.

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Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(festivity / hire / preoccupied / take part in / bubbly)

1-My family plans to …….. a house near the beach for the summer holiday.

2- Many students …….. different activities and events to develop their skills.

3- The university organized a large …….. to celebrate the students' graduation.

4- The professor seemed …….. during the lecture, thinking about something.

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(chain / commemorate / embark / exuberant / fanciful)

1- The book is full of …….. characters and exciting imaginary adventures.

.**2-** Students organized a presentation to …….. an important historical event

3- The company has a large …….. of stores across the country.

4- The crowd became …….. when their team scored the winning goal.

Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(intricate / unison / weaving / dazzling / preoccupied)

1- She learned the art of …….. from her grandmother when she was young.

2- The …….. patterns in the artwork showed the creativity and skill of the artist.

3- He was …….. with his thoughts and didn't hear me.

4- The team members worked in …….. to finish the project.

صفوة معلمي الكويت

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GRAMMAR

Modal Verbs (Abilities)

(Can-could-be able to-managed to)
أفعال القدرة

1-أفعال القدرة العامة

1-	can يستطيع	can't لا يستطيع	للحديث عن القدرة العامة في الحاضر	-I can speak English well. -I can't visit you because I am busy.
2-	could استطاع	couldn't لم يستطع	للحديث عن القدرة العامة في الماضي	-I could swim when I was 10 years old. -I couldn't attend the last meeting.

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2-أفعال القدرة عند وجود صعوبة

عند الحديث عن أشياء استطعنا القيام بها **رغم صعوبتها** فيجب استخدام أحد الأفعال التالية:

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1-	**managed to**	تستخدم بدون فعل الكون	The door was locked, but we managed to get out by breaking a window.
2-	**able to**	يجب استخدام فعل كون قبلها مباشرةً **was-were**	Although the exam was difficult, I was able to pass it with flying colours.

ملاحظة:
1-الفعل بعد أفعال القدرة يجب أن يأتي دائما بالمصدر

كلمات تدل على الصعوبة في الجملة

(but-yet-although-difficult-difficulty-great efforts-many attempts)

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From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1-If you can't do your homework, I ……. **(Complete)**

a- If you can't do your homework, I could help you.
b- If you can't do your homework, I managed to help you.
c- If you can't do your homework, I can help you.

2-I (**can**) play the piano when I was 12 years old. **(Correct the verb)**

a- I can't play the piano when I was 12 years old.
b- I could play the piano when I was 12 years old.
c- I can play the piano when I was 12 years old.

3-I (**can**) go shopping with you because I have to study. **(Correct the verb)**

a- I can't go shopping with you because I have to study.
b- I can go shopping with you because I have to study.
c- I could go shopping with you because I have to study.

4-I was so worried last night, therefore, I ……... **(Complete the sentence)**

a- I was so worried last night, therefore, I able to sleep well.
b- I was so worried last night, therefore, I couldn't sleep well.
c- I was so worried last night, therefore, I couldn't sleep well.

5-It was raining heavily, yet they ……... **(Complete the sentence)**

a- It was raining heavily, yet they able to cover the distance in ten minutes.
b- It was raining heavily, yet they managed to cover the distance in ten minutes.
c- It was raining heavily, yet they can cover the distance in ten minutes.

6-Although the streets were very crowded, we ……... **(Complete the sentence)**

a- Although the streets were very crowded, we were able to reach on time.
b- Although the streets were very crowded, we can reach on time.
c- Although the streets were very crowded, we couldn't reach on time.

7- After great efforts and many attempts, he …… **(Complete the sentence)**

a-After great efforts and many attempts, he**,** couldn't climb the mountain.
b- After great efforts and many attempts, he, can climb the mountain.
c- After great efforts and many attempts, he, was able to climb the mountain.

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Intensifiers
ظروف التأكيد

quite-really-very-a little-pretty-brand-fairly-extremely-absolutely

-تستخدم هذه الكلمات قبل الصفة وقبل وبعض الظروف للتأكيد على معناها وإظهار شدّة الصفة أو الظرف

Examples:

1-The film was quite good.

2-You did that pretty well.

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- My car is large, but I need a larger one. **(Use: fairly)**

a-My car is large fairly, but I need a larger one.
b-My car is fairly large, but I need a larger one.
c-My car fairly is large, but I need a larger one.

2- He was surprised by his friend's arrival. **(Use: extremely)**

a- He was extremely surprised by his friend's arrival.
b- He was surprised extremely by his friend's arrival.
c- He was surprised by his friend's arrival extremely.

3- He was tired after playing football with his friends. **(Use: very)**

a- He was tired very after playing football with his friends.
b- He very was tired after playing football with his friends.
c- He was very tired after playing football with his friends.

4- The book was interesting, so I finished it quickly. **(Use: quite)**

a- The book quite was interesting, so I finished it quickly.
b- The book was quite interesting, so I finished it quickly.
c- The book was interesting quite, so I finished it quickly.

5- The food was delicious, and everyone enjoyed it. **(Use: absolutely)**

a- The food was absolutely delicious, and everyone enjoyed it.
b- The food absolutely was delicious, and everyone enjoyed it.
c- The food was delicious absolutely, and everyone enjoyed it.

6- The students were excited by the teacher's announcement. **(Use: really)**

a- The students really were excited by the teacher's announcement.
b- The students were really excited by the teacher's announcement.
c- The students were excited really by the teacher's announcement.

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Phrasal Verbs with "go"
الأفعال المركّبة

1-	go up	يزداد-يرتفع	7-	go into	يدخل
2-	go down	ينزل-ينخفض	8-	go against	يعارض
3-	go off	يرن	9-	go away	يغادر
4-	go on	يستمر-يتابع	10-	go without	يستغني عن
5-	go out	ينطفئ	11-	go under	يغرق
6-	go through	يمر ب			

From a, b, and c, choose the correct answer as required:

1- The price of food has …… significantly this year. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The price of food has gone on significantly this year.
b-The price of food has gone up significantly this year.
c- The price of food has gone into significantly this year.

2- The temperature usually …… at night. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The temperature usually goes off at night.
b- The temperature usually goes out at night.
c- The temperature usually goes down at night.

3- My alarm clock …… at 6:30 every morning. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- My alarm clock goes off at 6:30 every morning.
b- My alarm clock goes on at 6:30 every morning.
c- My alarm clock goes into at 6:30 every morning.

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4- The lights …… suddenly during the storm. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The lights went against suddenly during the storm.
b- The lights went out suddenly during the storm.
c- The lights went without suddenly during the storm.

5- She is …… a difficult time because of her exams. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- She is going through a difficult time because of her exams.
b- She is going away a difficult time because of her exams.
c- She is going up a difficult time because of her exams.

6- His decision …… the advice of his parents. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- His decision went down the advice of his parents.
b- His decision went without the advice of his parents.
c- His decision went against the advice of his parents.

7- We had to …… electricity for several hours. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- We had to go without electricity for several hours.
b- We had to go away electricity for several hours.
c- We had to go down electricity for several hours.

8- The manager told the workers to …… working despite the problem. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The manager told the employees to go up working despite the problem.
b- The manager told the employees to go on working despite the problem.
c- The manager told the employees to go off working despite the problem.

9- The school bell ……... just before the students left the classroom. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The school bell went away just before the students left the classroom.
b- The school bell went up just before the students left the classroom.
c- The school bell went off just before the students left the classroom.

10- The children ……... for a holiday with their parents. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The children went down for a holiday with their parents.
b- The children went away for a holiday with their parents.
c- The children went without for a holiday with their parents.

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WRITING

Write on the following topic:

"Festivals remind us that life is meant to be celebrated and shared."

Plan and write a paragraph of **(6)** sentences **describing** the preparations people make before festivals.

Outline

I- Introductory sentence:

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II-Supporting details:

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III-Concluding sentence:

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Write your paragraph here

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WRITING

Write on the following topic:

"Festivals create joyful memories that last a lifetime."

Plan and write a paragraph of **(6)** sentences **describing** the activities people enjoy doing during festivals.

Outline

I- Introductory sentence:

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II-Supporting details:

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III-Concluding sentence:

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Write your paragraph here

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نموذج اختبار قصير (1)

First Period Quiz (15 Marks)

I- VOCABULARY (4 Marks)

A-Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:(4x1=4 marks)

(gather / canopy / hire/ chain / commemorate)

1- The shop belongs to a famous ……of supermarkets that has stores in several cities.

2- People began to ……outside the stadium several hours before the concert started.

3- Our school held a special ceremony to ……the achievements of its students.

4- We sat under the large ……in the garden to protect ourselves from the hot sun.

II - GRAMMAR (3 Marks)

B- From a, b and c choose the right answer as required: (3x1=3)

5-Although they got lost in the city, …… **(Complete the sentence)**

a- Although they got lost in the city, they can find their way to the hotel.
b- Although they got lost in the city, they managed to find their way to the hotel.
c- Although they got lost in the city, they able to find their way to the hotel.

6- The electricity ……. in the middle of the night, and everyone woke up. **(Use a phrasal verb)**

a- The electricity went out in the middle of the night, and everyone woke up.
b- The electricity went up in the middle of the night, and everyone woke up.
c- The electricity went down in the middle of the night, and everyone woke up.

7- He was nervous before the interview. **(Use: extremely)**

a- He was nervous extremely before the interview.
b- He extremely was nervous before the interview.
c- He was extremely nervous before the interview.

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III- WRITING

Write on the following topic:

"Hala February brings happiness and excitement to Kuwait."

Plan and write a paragraph of **(6)** sentences **describing** how people celebrate Hala February Festival.

Outline

I- Introductory sentence:

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II-Supporting details:

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III-Concluding sentence:

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Write your paragraph here

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نموذج اختبار قصير (2)

First Period Quiz (15 Marks)

I- VOCABULARY (4 Marks)

A-Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:(4x1=4 marks)

(dazzling / carnival / patriotic/ unison / bubbly)

1- The musicians played their instruments in ……, creating wonderful music.

2- The children were ……and excited as they watched the colorful fireworks.

3- The annual ……attracts thousands of people who come to enjoy the activities.

4- People sing ……songs during festivals to show their love for their country.

II - GRAMMAR (3 Marks)

B- From a, b and c choose the right answer as required: (3x1=3)

5- Although the road was very crowded, …… **(Complete the sentence)**
a- Although the road was very crowded, we can reach on time.
b- Although the road was very crowded, we can't to reach on time.
c- Although the road was very crowded, we were able to reach on time.

6- The price of food was very high last month, but it …… this month. **(Use a phrasal verb)**
a- The price of food was very high last month, but it went off this month.
b- The price of food was very high last month, but it went down this month.
c- The price of food was very high last month, but it out this month.

7- The exam was easy for most students. **(Use: fairly)**
a- The exam was fairly easy for most students.
b- The exam fairly was easy for most students.
c- The exam was easy fairly for most students.

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III- WRITING

Write on the following topic:

"Hajj is a journey of faith, patience, and devotion to Allah."

Plan and write a paragraph of **(6)** sentences **describing** how people celebrate when a family member returns from Al-Hajj.

Outline

I- Introductory sentence:

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II-Supporting details:

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III-Concluding sentence:

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Write your paragraph here

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